(b) towards contingencies, supplies and services, and

(c) towards other expenses connected with its work including the travelling allowances of the Members of the Commission, the Secretary, the Assistant Secretary and other members of its staff.

(2) The Commission may also expend such further sums, for expenses connected with its work, as may be voted by the Madras Legislative Council on a demand duly made for the purpose by the Local Government.

PART III—MATTERS IN RESPECT OF WHICH IT SHALL NOT BE NECESSARY FOR THE COMMISSION TO BE CONSULTED.

14. It shall not be necessary for the Commission to be consulted—

(a) as respects any of the matters mentioned in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of sub-section (3) of section 7 of the Act in the case of the posts specified in the annexure;

(b) in regard to the suitability of candidates for promotion or transfer from one subordinate service to another; and

(c) in regard to the making of any appointment, the terms of which are to be governed by contract

15. Where it is necessary in the public interest to fill immediately a vacancy in a post borne on the cadre of a service to which appointments have to be made after consulting the Commission, and there would be undue delay in making the appointment after such consultation, it shall not be necessary to consult the Commission for appointing a person temporarily to the said post for a period not exceeding three months on such occasion.

16. It shall not be necessary for the Commission to be consulted on any disciplinary matter affecting a person in any provincial, specialist or subordinate service, except—

(a) where the Local Government propose to pass an order on appeal or revision; or

(b) where the Local Government propose to pass an original order imposing any of the following penalties, namely:—

(i) reduction to a lower post or time-scale, or to a lower stage in a time-scale;

(ii) recovery from pay of the whole or part of any pecuniary loss caused to Government by negligence or breach of orders;

(iii) removal from service; or

(iv) dismissal.

Nothing contained in this regulation shall be deemed to make it necessary for the Local Government to consult the Commission in any case—

(a) relating to the termination of probation of any person,

(b) relating to the discharge or reversion of an officer otherwise than as a penalty,

(c) relating to the termination of the employment of any person in accordance with the terms of his contract of employment,

(d) relating to the imposition of any penalty laid down in any rule or order for failure to pass any test or examination within a specified time, or

(e) in which the Commission has, at any previous stage, given advice in regard to the order to be passed and no fresh question has thereafter arisen for determination.

17. It shall not be necessary for the Commission to be consulted on any memorial or petition relating to any disciplinary matter affecting a person in any provincial, specialist or subordinate service, where the Local Government propose to pass orders rejecting such memorial or petition.

PART IV—EXAMINATIONS EXCLUDED FROM THE PURVIEW OF THE COMMISSION.

18. The Commission shall not exercise any functions under section 9 of the Act in respect of the following examinations, namely :—

(1) Police Training School Final Examination for probationary Sub-Inspectors;

(2) Departmental test for Part Officers and subordinates on Rs. 70—100 and above;

(3) Equitation test for Deputy Collectors; and

(4) Survey Training and examination for Revenue subordinates.

PART V—PROCEDURE.

19. Where any competitive examination is to be conducted by the Commission for the purpose of recruitment to a provincial specialist or subordinate service, the Commission shall—

(i) announce—

(a) the qualifications required of the candidates for the examination,

(b) the conditions of admission to the examination,

(c) the syllabus of the examination, and

(d) the number of vacancies to be filled from among the candidates for the examination;

(ii) make all arrangements for the actual conduct of the examination,

(iii) arrange the candidates in order of merit on the results of the examination; and

(iv) forward a list of the candidates so arranged to the appointing authority

20. (1) Subject to the provisions of Part III of these regulations, where recruitment to a provincial or specialist service is to be made by transfer from a subordinate service from which such recruitment is normally made, the Commission shall—

(i) consider the claims of as many candidates, eligible in its opinion for such transfer as it considers necessary, together with any recommendations made by the head of the department, and

(ii) submit to the appointing authority a list consisting of such number, as such authority may fix of the candidates whom the Commission considers most suitable for appointment.

Provided that where recruitment as aforesaid is to be made to the Madras Police Service, or the Madras Jail Service, or the Madras Excise Service from the corresponding subordinate service, the Commission shall—

(i) consider the claims of the candidates nominated by the head of the department concerned, and

(ii) thereafter advise the appointing authority in respect of each candidate nominated whether his qualifications are sufficient and whether his record proves him to have the requisite character and ability for the service to which it is proposed to appoint him.

(2) When considering the claims of candidates, under this regulation the Commission shall invite the head of the department concerned to be present, or to appoint a representative to be present, and the head of the department or his representative so present may take part in the deliberations of the Commission but shall not be entitled to vote.

21. (1) Subject to the provisions of Part III of these regulations, where recruitment to any provincial, specialist or subordinate service is to be made otherwise than under regulation 19 or regulation 20, the Commission shall—

(i) announce the qualifications required of candidates and the number of vacancies to be filled;

(ii) invite applications, consider all applications received and interview such candidates as it considers most suitable for appointment; and

(iii) submit to the appointing authority a list consisting of such number, as such authority may fix of the candidates whom the Commission considers most suitable for appointment.

(2) The Commission shall invite the head of the department concerned to be present or to appoint a representative to be present at the interview referred to in clause (1), and the head of the department or his representative so present may take part in the deliberations of the Commission but shall not be entitled to vote.

22. Every question at a meeting of the Commission shall be determined by a majority of the votes of the Members present and voting on the question, and in case of an equal division of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

23. If the Chairman is unable to be present at a meeting of the Commission, he shall appoint one of

the other Members to act for him, and the Member so appointed shall have all the powers of the Chairman at that meeting.

Provided that, unless the Chairman otherwise directs, no action shall be taken upon any decision arrived at in a meeting at which he was not present, until he has been informed of such decision, and, upon being so informed, he may direct that any such decision shall be reconsidered at a meeting at which he is present.

24. The quorum for a meeting of the Commission shall be two, but the Chairman may adjourn any business at a meeting if he is of opinion that it cannot conveniently be transacted owing to the non-attendance of any Member.

25. All decisions of the Commission shall be recorded in such manner as the Commission may direct. It shall be open to any Member who dissents from a decision to record his dissent and, if he thinks fit, his reasons for dissenting.

26. Whenever the Commission is required to give advice or to submit proposals to, or to be consulted by, any authority, the decision of the Commission shall be communicated in a letter signed by the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary and, in a case where the decision is not unanimous neither the fact of, nor the grounds for, dissent shall be communicated unless the Chairman so directs.

27. The Commission may refer any matter to an individual Member or to a Committee, consisting of Members and such other persons, if any, as the Commission may appoint, for consideration and report to the Commission.

28. The Chairman, or, in his absence, any other Member designated by him in that behalf may deal with any urgent matter appearing to him to require immediate action. Such action shall, if taken by the Chairman, be reported to the Commission at its next meeting, and, if taken by any other Member, be reported to the Chairman and by him to the Commission at its next meeting.

29. In matters for which no provision is made by these regulations, the Commission may regulate its proceedings in such manner as it thinks fit.

ANNEXURE.

(See Regulation 10)

Posts in respect of which it shall not be necessary for the Commission to be consulted in the matter of recruitment, appointment, promotion and transfer.

A. PROVINCIAL SERVICE.

(1) Administrator-General and Official Trustee.
(2) Assistant Engineer for Marine Works at Ports other than Vizagapatam and Cocanada.
(3) Assistant Surgeons in the Men's section of the Madras Medical Service (General Branch) which recruited by Medical Service (General Branch) which recruited by transfer from the Madras Medical Service (Special Branch).
(4) Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, and Puisne Judge of the Court of Small Causes not included in the cadre of the Chief Judge.
(5) Chief Presidency Magistrate.
(6) Salaried posts in the High Court.
(7) Harbour Master and Assistant Harbour Masters, Cochin.
(8) Judges of the City Civil Court.
(9) Law Officers in the city and mofussil and Official Referees.
(10) Law Reporters.
(11) Personal Assistant to the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards when retained by transfer from the Madras Civil Service (Executive Branch).
(12) Port officers including the Personal Assistant to the President Port Officer and Agent for Government Observatories.
(13) Principal, School of Indian Medicine.
(14) Secretary and Assistant Secretary to the Madras Legislative Council.
(15) Secretary to Government, Legal Department, and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.
(16) Sheriff of Madras.
(17) Sub-Judges including the Puisne Judge of the Court of Small Causes and District Munsifs including the Registrar of the Court of Small Causes.
(18) Assistant to His Excellency the Governor
(19) Under Secretary to Government, Legal Department.

B. SUBORDINATE SERVICE.

(1) The following posts in the Madras Municipal Service:—
(i) Municipal posts in the offices of the Private Secretary and Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor.
(ii) Clerks in the Laccadive and Amindivi Islands.
(iii) Shipping clerks in the Marine Department.
(iv) Oriya Translator and Assistant Oriya Translator.
(v) Manager and clerks in the Special Branch of the Criminal Investigation Department.
(vi) Readers.
(vii) Copyists.
(viii) Any post of which the pay is—
(a) lower than Rs. 30-0 a month, if on a fixed rate of pay, or
(b) lower than the scale of Rs. 30—1/2—45—1/2—75, if on a time-scale of pay.
(2) Posts in the chief subordinate service, except the following posts:—
(a) Personal Professors and Assistant Lecturers (Men), Personal Lecturers (Women), Educational Subordinate Assistant Inspectors (Women), in the Madras Educational Subordinate Service.
(3) Deputy Tahsildars in the Madras Revenue Subordinate Service.
(4) Forest Apprentices in the Madras Forest Subordinate Service.
(5) Inspectors in the Madras Local Fund Audit Subordinate Service.
(6) Librarians, Research Assistants, Laboratory Assistants, and sub-inspectors in the Madras Veterinary Subordinate Service.
(7) Posts included in the Madras Secretariat Service.
(8) Senior Sub-Registrars in the Madras Registration Subordinate Service.
(9) Secondary Law, Branch Officers and Health Inspectors in the Madras Public Health Subordinate Service.
(10) Sub-Assistant Surgeons in the Madras Medical Subordinate Service (General Branch).
(11) Sub-Deputy Registrars and Sub-Inspectors in the Madras Co-operative Subordinate Service.
(12) Superintendents in the Madras Engineering Subordinate Service.
(13) Superintendents in the Madras Industries Subordinate Service.
(14) Upper Subordinates in the Madras Agricultural Subordinate Service.
(15) Veterinary Assistant Surgeons in the Madras Veterinary Subordinate Service.

C. F. BRACKENBURY,
Chief Secretary.

(Services.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, March 24, 1934.
[G. O. No. 312, Public (Services).]

[Typewriting qualification for clerks in Government offices.]

No. 98.—

The attention of prospective candidates for employment as clerical posts under the Government of Madras is drawn to the fact that under the Statutory Rules governing recruitment to such posts no person will be eligible to be considered for appointment as clerk after the 1st January 1935 unless he has passed the Government special test in typewriting by the higher grade, or by the lower grade at an examination held after the 1st January 1933.

In 1934 the Madras Services Commission will not include in its lists of selected candidates candidates who have not passed the typewriting examination unless it is impossible to select an adequate number of candidates who have passed it. Candidates who have not qualified in typewriting will not be included in the Commission's list of approved candidates unless they so qualify before the end of 1934, and these candidates will get no chance of appointment, even if they acquire the typewriting qualification, until after those who have qualified themselves before appearing for the Commission's examination.

Persons who wish to take up clerical appointments under the Government of Madras should, therefore, acquire the typewriting qualification without delay. Examinations in typewriting are held quarterly in January, April, July and October. Further particulars regarding these examinations may be obtained from the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations, Madras.

G. T. BOAG,
Additional Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1934.
[G. O. No. 343, Public (Services).]

No. 434.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government are hereby pleased to make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of the Madras Secretariat Service in the Home Department shall be increased temporarily by the posts specified below for the period commencing on the 1st May 1934 and ending on the 31st October 1936:—

	Posts.
Category I	One Superintendent.
Category II	One upper division clerk.

2. The general and the special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall respectively apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Fort St. George, April 23, 1936
[G.O. No. No. 763, Public (Services)].

No. 435.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government are hereby pleased to make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of the Madras Fisheries subordinate service shall be increased temporarily by the posts specified in the first column of the table below for the period specified in the corresponding entry in the second column thereof:—

TABLE.

Post. (1)	Period. (2)
(a) Executive Staff.	
Class I—	
One Inspector of Fisheries (Pearl and Chank).	One year commencing on the 2nd April 1935.
Two Inspectors of Fisheries (Fish Curing Yards).	Two years commencing on the 1st April 1935.
One Inspector of Fisheries on Rs. 65 a month (Salt Transport).	Eight months during the year 1935-36.
Class II—	
Three Sub-Inspectors (West Coast).	Two years commencing on the 1st April 1935.
Do. (East Coast).	Do.
One Sub-Inspector on Rs. 30 a month (Salt Transport).	Six months during the year 1935-36.
Class XIII—	
One Labourers' Attendant on Rs. 19 a month for working under the Assistant Inspector.	Three years commencing on the 1st April 1935.
Class XI—	
One Petty Yard Officer on Rs. 19 a month, Pamban.	Ten years commencing on the 1st April 1935.
One Petty Yard Officer on Rs. 19 a month, Mandapam.	
One Petty Yard Officer on Rs. 19 a month, Tuticorin.	Eight months during each of the years 1936-36 and 1936-37.
One Petty Yard Officer on Rs. 19 a month, Pudu Thonti.	
Two Petty Yard Officers on Rs. 19 a month, Madras.	Four months during each of the years 1935-36 and 1936-37.
Two Petty Yard Officers on Rs. 19 a month, Salt Transport.	Six months during the year 1935-36.
One Petty Yard Officer on Rs. 19 a month, Pallikonda-puram.	Two years commencing on the 1st April 1935.
One Petty Yard Officer, on Rs. 19 a month, N. Attic.	
One Petty Yard Officer, on Rs. 19 a month, Beckan daily.	Do.
One Petty Yard Officer, on Rs. 19 a month, Uraikudi.	Do.
One Petty Yard Officer, Monthly	One year commencing on the 1st September 1935 or later date.
(b) Crew of Fisheries Vessels.	
Class XVI—	
One Engine-man on Rs. 30 a month, "Pearl" (Pearl and Chank Fisheries).	One year commencing on the 1st April 1935.
Class XIX—	
One Lascar on Rs. 19 a month, "Cumberland" (Fisheries Training Institute).	One year commencing on the 1st April 1935.
One Lascar Lascar on Rs. 17 a month, Kesavadi station.	Two years commencing on the 1st April 1935.
(c) Staff of Fisheries Schools.	
Class XXV—	
One Secondary grade teacher for the school at Madagadi.	One year commencing on the 1st April 1935.
One Secondary grade teacher for the school at Sothi Kuppam.	Ten months commencing on the 1st June 1935.
One Secondary grade teacher for the school at Kalpakkam.	Do.
Three Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Injambakkam.	One year commencing on the 1st April 1935.
Two Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Kattumannarkoil.	Do.
Three Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Nayanda.	Do.
Three Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Kadi.	Do.
Two Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Kanja.	Do.
One Higher Elementary grade teacher for the school at Kayar.	Do.
One Higher Elementary grade teacher for the school at Alakarai.	Do.
One Higher Elementary grade teacher for the school at Kottipuli.	Do.
Do.	Ten months commencing on the 1st June 1935.
Four Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Cuddalore.	One year commencing on the 1st April 1935.
One Higher Elementary grade teacher for the school at Kanakkanchavadi.	Do.
One Higher Elementary grade teacher for the school at Kottaimedu.	Do.
One Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Mallimedu.	Do.

Post. (1)	Period. (2)
(c) Staff of Fisheries Schools—cont.	
Class XXV—cont.	
Three Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Pudupattanam.	One year commencing on the 1st April 1935.
Three Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Kalavasal.	Do.
Two Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Vilangudi.	Do.
One Higher Elementary grade teacher for the school at Vellangudi.	For the period from 6th December 1935 to 1st April 1936.
Three Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Pitchavaram.	One year commencing on 1st April 1935.
One Higher Elementary grade teacher for the school at Pitchavaram.	Ten months commencing on the 1st June 1935.
Two Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Mandapam.	One year commencing on the 1st April 1935.
One Higher Elementary grade teacher for the school at Pethumalaipuram.	Do.
Two Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Hasgadi.	Do.
One Higher Elementary grade teacher for the school at Nattika.	Do.
Three Higher Elementary Grade teachers for the school at Pallipuram.	Ten months commencing on the 1st June 1935.
Three Higher Elementary grade teachers for the school at Velkpura.	Do.
One Higher Elementary grade teacher for the school at Pallipu.	Commencing on the 21st November 1935 and ending on the 31st May 1936.
One Lower Elementary grade teacher for the school at Pudupattanam.	Commencing on 21 st 1st June 1935 and ending on 1st 21st November 1935.
Two Lower Elementary grade teachers for the school at Kayal.	One year commencing on the 1st April 1935.
One Lower Elementary grade teacher for the school at Chellapuram.	Do.
One Lower Elementary grade teacher for the school at Kalavasal.	Do.
Two Lower Elementary grade teachers for the school at Pitchavaram.	Do.
One Lower Elementary grade teacher for the school at Mandapamkuppam.	Do.
One Lower Elementary grade teacher for the school at South Pattikka.	Do.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall respectively apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

3. Nothing contained in these rules shall affect the operation of the rules published with Public (Services) Department Notification, dated the 13th April 1933 at pages 1 to 57 of the Supplement to Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 18th April 1933, as subsequently amended.

Fort St. George, April 23, 1936
[G.O. No. No. 764, Public (Services)].

No. 436.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government are hereby pleased to make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of clerks, lower division, of the Madras Ministerial Service employed in the Fisheries Department shall be increased temporarily by the number of posts specified in the first column of the table below for the period specified in the corresponding entry in the second column thereof:—

TABLE.

Number of posts. (1)	Period. (2)
One clerk, lower division (Pearl and Chank Fisheries).	One year commencing on the 1st April 1935.
One clerk, lower division, on Rs. 30 a month (for working under the Assistant at Mallipatnam).	Three years commencing on the 1st April 1935.
Eight clerks, lower division (Fish-curing Yards).	Two years commencing on the 1st April 1935.
One clerk, lower division, on Rs. 30 a month (Salt Transport).	Eight months during the year 1935-36.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

3. Nothing contained in these rules shall affect the operation of the rules published with Public (Services) Department notification, dated the 13th April 1937, at pages 1 to 37 of the Supplement to Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 18th April 1937, as subsequently amended.

Fort St. George, April 24, 1936
[G.O. No. 774, Public (Services)].

No. 437.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby makes the following amendments to the special rules to regulate the method of recruitment, the conditions of service and the pay and allowances of the Madras Ministerial Service published with Public (Services) Department Notification No. 701 dated the 13th June 1932, at pages 883 to 893 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 14th July 1931, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENTS.

I

In rule 8 of the said rules, after sub-rule (*j*), the following sub rule shall be added, namely :—

"(*k*) No person shall be eligible for appointment to the service as Manager of the Quinine Branch of the Penitentiary at Madras, unless he has passed—

(i) the Jail Test ;

(ii) the Account test for Subordinate Officers, Part I ; and

(iii) the Government Technical Examination in Book keeping by the higher grade."

II

In annexure C to the said rules, under the heading "J Jail Department," after the entry relating to clerks other than those on Rs. 35—60, the following entry shall be added, namely :—

"Manager of the Quinine Branch of the Penitentiary at Madras.	Jail Test; Account Test for Subordinate Officers, Part I ; and Book-keeping, Higher grade."	

Fort St. George, April 24, 1936
[G.O. No. 775, Public (Services)].

No. 438.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 38 to 41 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following amendment to the special rules to regulate the method of recruitment, the conditions of service and the pay and allowances of the Madras Agricultural Service published with Public (Services) Department Notification No. 103, dated the 29th July 1934, at pages 1541 to 1546 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* dated the 4th September 1934, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT

In rule 8 of the said rules—

(1) in the table in sub-rule (*a*), for the expression "Category 6 or 9" occurring in column (3) against "Category 4 (excluding Deputy Director for Livestock)," the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"Category 8.

Category 8 (Superintendents, Central Farm, Coimbatore or Superintendent, Agricultural Research Station, Anakapalle)"

(2) in sub rule (*b*) for clause (ii), the following clause shall be substituted, namely —

"(*a*) he has served in the lower category for a period of not less than three years."

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936
[G.O. Ms. No. 780, Public (Services)].

No. 439.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 38 to 41 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, and in supersession of the rules published with Public (Services) Department Notification No. 240 dated the 10th October 1931 at pages 1382–1388 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 20th October 1931, as subsequently amended in so far as they relate to the post of Senior Assistant to the Government Analyst, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of the Madras Medical Service (General Branch) shall be increased temporarily by the post of Senior Assistant to the Government Analyst for the period commencing on the date of appointment of the officer enlisting on the 31st March 1937.

2. Appointment to the said temporary post may be made by direct recruitment or by transfer.

3. No person shall be eligible for appointment to the said temporary post unless he—

(i) holds the degree of B.A. (Hons.) or B.Sc. (Hons.) in Chemistry of a University mentioned in the annexure to this rule and has had not less than three years' practical laboratory experience ; or

(ii) holds the degree of M.A. or M.Sc. in Chemistry of a University recognised in the said annexure and has had not less than two years' practical laboratory experience.

4. A person appointed to the said temporary post shall be on probation if appointed—

(i) by direct recruitment for a total period of two years on duty ;

(ii) by transfer, either for a continuous period of two years on duty or for a total period of three years on duty and of a continuous period of four years.

5. There shall be paid to the holder of the said temporary post a pay calculated in the scale of Rs. 270—20/2—400 a month ;

Provided that nothing contained in this rule shall affect the operation of the rules published with Public (Services) Department notification, dated the 13th April 1933, at pages 1–37 of the Supplement to Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 18th April 1933, as subsequently amended.

ANNEXURE.

(Referred to in Rule 3.)

The University of Allahabad, Bombay, Calcutta, Dacca, Delhi, Lucknow, Madras, Nagpur, Patna, the Punjab and Rangoon.
The Aligarh Muslim University.
The Andhra University.
The Annamalai University.
The Benares Hindu University.
The Mysore University.
The Osmania University.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936
[G.O. Ms. No. 782, Public (Services)].

No. 440.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of the Madras Ministerial Service in the Medical Department shall be increased temporarily by one post of lower division clerk and by one post of stenotypist for the period commencing on the date of appointment of the staff and ending on the 31st March 1937 for the performance of work under the Government Analyst in the King Institute, Guindy.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall respectively apply to the holders of the said temporary posts, subject to the following modification, namely :—

that the holder of the said temporary post of stenotypist shall, if he has passed the special test in shorthand by the Higher grade, be paid a special pay calculated at the rate of Rs. 25 a month, subject to the conditions relating to the grant of the special pay prescribed by the Local Government.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936
[G.O Ms. No. 782, Public (Services)].

No. 441.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of the classes of the Madras Medical Subordinate Service specified in column (1) of the table below shall be increased temporarily by the posts specified in column (2) thereof for the period commencing in each case on the date of appointment and ending on the 31st March 1937 for the performance of work under the Government Analyst.

TABLE.

Class. (1)	Posts. (2)
IX	Four Senior Assistants.
XIV	Two Laboratory Attendants.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Fort St. George, April 21, 1936
[G.O. No. 703, Public (Services)].

No. 442.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of the classes of posts specified in the first column of the table below may be increased temporarily by the authorities and subject to the conditions specified in the corresponding entries in the second and third columns thereof :—

TABLE.

Classes of posts.	Authority.	Conditions.
(1)	(2)	(3)
Attendants and bills in Mental hospitals.	Superintendent (General Hospital, Madras.	(i) No temporary post shall be sanctioned for a period exceeding one year.
		(ii) The pay of no temporary post shall exceed the pay fixed for the lowest grade of those of the corresponding permanent posts.
		(iii) The cost of the temporary establishment shall have been specially provided for in the Budget for the year.
		(a) (i) In the case of the Mental Hospital at Vellore the proportion of attendants to inmates in the hospital shall not exceed 1 to 7, an additional attendant may be sanctioned when the number of inmates exceeds any multiple of seven by three or more.
		(2) In the case of the Mental Hospital at Calicut the proportion of attendants to inmates in the hospital shall not exceed 1 to 9. In working out this proportion eight patients accompanied with the staff of attendants shall be excluded.
		(3) In the case of the Mental Hospital at Madras, the proportion of attendants to inmates in the hospital shall not exceed 1 to 9. In working out this proportion eight patients accompanied with the staff of attendants shall be excluded.
		(4) In the case of any mental hospital, the proportion of not more than the inmates in the hospital shall not exceed 1 to 30, an additional bill may be sanctioned when the number of inmates exceeds any multiple of twenty by ten or more.
		(5) In making but the proportions specified in conditions (a) and (b) the proportion of such inmates and women inmates shall be separately taken into account.
		(b) A temporary post shall be sanctioned only in a case of urgent necessity and in order to provide for attendance on special cases.
		(c) There shall be paid to the holder of any such temporary post a pay not exceed at a rate not exceeding Rs. 15 per mensem.
		(d) The number of temporary posts sanctioned at any time shall not exceed six.
		(e) No temporary post shall be sanctioned for a period exceeding one month.
Nurses Orderlies.	Superintendent, Government General Hospital, Madras.	

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall respectively apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Fort St. George, April 23, 1936
[G.O. No. 704, Public (Services)].

No. 443.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of the services and posts specified in the first column of the table below may be increased temporarily by the authority and subject to the conditions specified in the corresponding entries in the second and third columns thereof :—

TABLE.

Services and posts.	Authority.	Conditions.
(1)	(2)	(3)
1. Coroners, Readers and Interpreters in the Judicial Department.	District and Sessions Judges, Judge, City Civil Court and the Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madras.	Temporary posts may be sanctioned in case of emergency.

2a

Services and posts.	Authority.	Conditions.
(1)	(2)	(3)
2. Madras Ministerial Service—Circle, Lower Division, for the preparation of criminal statistics.	District Magistrates.	Not more than two temporary posts may be sanctioned by a District Magistrate for a period of two months every year.
3. Madras Jail Subordinate Service—		
(1) Warders.	Inspector-General of Prisons.	(1) Not more than four warders, one in the first grade and the other three in the second grade, may be sanctioned for guarding prisoners employed in connection with certain jail or any new cultivation occurring in that jail.
		(2) Not more than four warders, one in the first grade and the other three in the second grade, may be sanctioned in special cases for guarding a prisoner under sentence of death, when there is no safe jail more than one such prisoner, and if one warder in the first grade may be sanctioned at the rate of three per mensem, but no such local warder in the first grade shall be maintained.
		(3) In special cases such number of warders in the ordinary grade as may be considered to be necessary only be sanctioned for guarding any Hindus, Civil or Criminal or other Sepoys who are to be kept under special observation or are to be specially guarded.
		(4) Not more than three warders in the second grade male or female, may be sanctioned for any of the special jails at Vellore, Rajahmundry and Cuddalore in any of the following circumstances, namely—
		(i) The presence of civil or criminal females or of prisoners who need to be specially guarded or kept under observation; and
		(ii) Any emergency such as a serious increase in the population of the Jail or a temporary impossibility in the means of confining prisoners.
		The definition specified in Rules (1), (2), (3) and (4) (a) (i) to (4) the following conditions namely :—
		(a) No female warder shall be employed in any jail there is a female jail that jail. under
		(b) The pay of no per sanctioned under the provisions shall exceed the pay of the corresponding grade in the ordinary scale on the pay of the permanent time on special duty.
		(c) The temporary posts sanctioned any year shall not the increase in the number of the budget posts for that year.
		and posts warder may be made-
	District Magistrates.	Assam in case where a lunatic is and be a sub-jail for of surrender or detention.
	District Magistrate.	Not more than three male warders in the second grade may be sanctioned in the sub-jail at Pamban in the special circumstances mentioned in rule 50-A in Part III of the Madras Subsidiary Jail Manual.
	District Magistrates generally.	Not more than three warders in the second grade may be sanctioned in the sub-jail at Kodaikanal in the special circumstances mentioned in rule 50-A in Part III of the Madras Subsidiary Jail Manual.
(2) Female warders for sub-jails.	District Magistrates.	(a) A female warder shall be employed in a sub-jail where there is a female prisoner.
		(b) The pay of the warder shall not exceed
		(i) the minimum of the rate of pay admissible to warders in the second grade borne on the permanent cadre if the period of temporary employment is one month or more, or

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Services and Posts.	Authority	Conditions
(1)	(2)	(3)
8 Medical and Sanitary Services —contd.	Director of Medical Services.	(f) (i) at a rate not exceeding Rs. 75 a month in the case of a Medical Officer who has served for not less than 3 years in the Madras Presidency and Rs. 100 a month in the case of a Medical Officer who has served for not less than 5 years in the Madras Presidency; and
(ii) Female ward staff for sanitation —contd.		(ii) at a rate not exceeding the rate admissible to the permanent staff.
		(g) The expenditure on account of the temporary posts sanctioned in any year shall not involve an increase in the appropriation of the budget estimate for that year.
10(i) Staff for the Manufacture of Department of India.	Inspector-General of Printing.	(1) any period (or not exceeding Rs. 75 a month) may be sanctioned for a period not exceeding one year.
		(2) The expenditure on account of the temporary posts sanctioned in any year shall not involve an increase in the appropriation in the budget estimate for that year.

2. Save as otherwise provided in rule 1, the general rules and the special rules, if any, applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the cadre concerned shall respectively apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

C. F. BRACKENBURY,
Chief Secretary.

(Special.)

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, April 29, 1936.

No. 133.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur M. V. Velladi Avargal, Acting Collector and District Magistrate of the Tanjore district, leave on average pay without medical certificate for four months with effect from the 1st June 1939 or date of relief.

No. 134.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. M. S. Siva Raman, I.C.S., subject to eligibility, leave on average pay for fourteen days with effect from the 17th April 1936, or date of relief.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, April 25, 1936.

No. 135.—M.R.Ry. V. V. Subba Rao Garu, Suberdinate Judge and acting District and Sessions Judge-Second Grade, to be District and Sessions Judge, Second Grade, with effect from the 6th October 1935, in the vacancy caused by the retirement of M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur T. N. Krishnamurti Vijayapuryar Avargal.

No. 136.—M.R.Ry. K. Gopalakrishna Rao Garu, Subordinate Judge and acting District and Sessions Judge, Second Grade, to be District and Sessions Judge, Second Grade, with effect from the 29th December 1935, in the vacancy caused by the retirement of M.R.Ry. M. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal.

No. 137.—M.R.Ry. T. Ananta Acharya Avargal, Subordinate Judge and acting District and Sessions Judge Second Grade, to be District and Sessions Judge, Second Grade, with effect from the 16th January 1936, in the vacancy caused by the retirement of M.R.Ry. P. Kandu Panikkar Avargal.

Fort St. George, April 29, 1936.

No. 138.—Khan Bahadur Muhammad Zindah Sahib Mahasin Bahadur, Headquarters Sub-Collector and Additional District Magistrate, Malabar on relief to act as Collector and District Magistrate of the Tanjore district, in relief of M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur M. V. Velladi Avargal granted leave.

No. 139.—Mr. N. S. Arunachalam I.C.S., Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Karur division of the Trichinopoly district, on relief, to be Headquarters Sub Collector and Additional District Magistrate, Malabar, in relief of Khan Bahadur Muhammad Zindah Sahib Mahasin Bahadur.

POSTING.

No. 140.—Mr. M. S. Siva Raman, I.C.S., on return from leave, to be Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Gudur division of the Nellore district.

CANCELLATION OF POSTING.

Fort St. George, May 1, 1936.

No. 141.—Public (Special) Department Notification No. 127, dated the 20th April 1936, published on page 690 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 28th April 1936, is hereby cancelled.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Steamhouse Hill, May 4, 1936.

No. 142.—Leave having been granted to His Excellency the Lord Erskine, Knight Grand Commander of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, Governor in the Presidency of Fort St. George, for a period not exceeding four months from 15th June 1936, His Majesty has been pleased to approve the appointment of the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Sir Kurma Venkata Reddi Nayudu, K.C.S.I. to be acting Governor in the place of the said Lord Erskine.

Fort St. George, April 30, 1936.

No. 143.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

New Delhi, the 22nd April 1936.

No. F. 109-XVI/35 C & G (1).—The Governor-General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. E. F. Thomas, C.S.I., C.I.E., of his office of Member of the Council of State.

C. F. BRACKENBURY,
Chief Secretary.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, May 5, 1936.

No. 38.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished:—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

New Delhi, the 8th April 1936.

No. F. 11 (22)-R. II/35.—The following resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 96-B of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of a majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India held this third day of March 1936, hereby makes the following amendment to the Civil Service Regulations, namely:—

After rule 1 under Article 486 the following shall be inserted as rule 2:—

"2. In the case of an officer with a substantive appointment who officiates in another appointment or holds a temporary appointment, "Emoluments" means

(a) the emoluments which would be taken into account under this Article in respect of the appointment in which he officiates or of the temporary appointment, as the case may be, or

(b) the emoluments which would have been taken into account under this Article had he remained in his substantive appointment,

whichever are more favourable to him."

No. F. 22 (9)-R. II/35.—The following Resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 96-B of the Government of India Act and in supersession, save as otherwise provided, of the existing rules regulating the General Provident Fund in their application to persons eligible to join the Fund under the following rules, the Secretary of State with the concurrence of the majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India held this 24th day of March 1936, hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

Short Title and Definitions.

1. (a) These rules may be called the General Provident Fund (Superior Civil Services) Rules.

(b) They shall come into force on the 1st April 1936.

2 (1) In these rules—

(a) *Account Officer* means such officer as may be appointed in this behalf by the Auditor General in India.

(b) Except where otherwise expressly provided *emoluments* means pay, leave salary or subsistence

grant as defined in the Fundamental Rules, and includes sterling overseas pay converted at such rate of exchange as the Secretary of State in Council may prescribe in this behalf and pay remuneration of the nature of pay received in respect of foreign service.

(c) *Family* means—

(i) in the case of a male subscriber, the wife or wives and children of a subscriber, and the widow, or widows, and children of a deceased son of the subscriber: Provided that if a subscriber proves that his wife has been judicially separated from him or has ceased under the customary law of the community to which she belongs to be entitled to maintenance she shall thereforth be deemed to be no longer a member of the subscriber's family in matters to which these rules relate, unless the subscriber subsequently indicates by express notification in writing to the Account Officer that she shall continue to be so regarded;

(ii) in the case of a female subscriber, the husband and children of a subscriber, and the widow or widows and children of a deceased son of a subscriber;

Provided that if a subscriber by notification in writing to the Account Officer expresses her desire to exclude her husband from her family, the husband shall thereforth be deemed to be no longer a member of the subscriber's family in matters to which these rules relate, unless the subscriber subsequently cancels formally an earlier notification excluding him.

Note 1.—"Children" means legitimate children.

Note 2.—An adopted child shall be considered to be a child when the Account Officer, or if any doubt arises in the mind of the Account Officer, the Solicitor to the Government of India or the Legal Remembrancer or Government Advocate to the Provincial Government as the case may be, is satisfied that under the personal law of the subscriber adoption is legally recognised as conferring the status of a natural child, but in this case only.

(d) *Fund* means the General Provident Fund.

(e) *Leave* means any variety of leave recognised by the Fundamental Rules or the Civil Service Regulations.

(f) *Year* means a financial year.

(2) Any other expression used in these Rules which is defined either in the Provident Funds Act (XIX of 1925) or in the Fundamental Rules is used in the sense therein defined.

(3) Nothing in these rules shall be deemed to have the effect of terminating the existence of the General Provident Fund as heretofore existing or of constituting any new Fund.

Constitution of the Fund.

3. The Fund shall be administered by the Government of India in the Finance Department and shall be maintained in India in rupees.

4. The following officers shall be eligible to join the Fund :—

(1) Members of the Services and Departments named below :—

(a) Indian Police,
(b) Indian Agricultural Service,
(c) Indian Educational Service,
(d) Indian Forest Service,
(e) Indian Forest Engineering Service,
(f) Indian Service of Engineers,
(g) Indian Veterinary Service,
(h) Indian General Service,
(i) Indian Political Department except—
(1) officers belonging to the Indian Civil Service if not included in sub-rule (2), and
(2) officers holding the King's Commission in the Army.

(2) Non-European Members of the Indian Civil Service recruited before August 1924 who have not elected to subscribe under the Indian Civil Service Family Pension Rules.

(3) Persons, other than members of the Indian Civil Service, who hold in a substantive capacity posts borne on the cadre of that Service.

(4) Members of the Superior Railway Services borne on the pensionable establishment of State Railways who are appointed by the Secretary of State in Council and who do not subscribe to the State Railway Provident Fund.

5. Compulsory subscribers to the Civil Engineers' Provident Fund and the Provident Funds of the Police, Forest and Civil Veterinary Departments on the 1st August 1929 have the option of joining this Fund at any time as compulsory subscribers, and optional subscribers to these funds as optional subscribers. When the option is exercised, the subscriber's credit in, and liabilities to, any of the funds named above shall be transferred to the Fund, and his option once exercised is irrevocable.

6. (1) All eligible Europeans and Anglo-Indians* in permanent civil employ who entered the service of Government on or after the 1st August 1930 shall join the Fund.

(2) All other eligible Government servants may elect to join the Fund.

7. (1) A Government servant who exercises the option allowed by Rule 6 (2) may discontinue subscribing to the Fund at any time, but his right of renewing subscription shall lapse if he discontinues subscribing, except when on leave, more than three times.

(2) If a Government servant's right to resume subscription lapses under sub-rule (1) of this rule he shall nevertheless retain his other rights and liabilities as a subscriber to the Fund; and no final withdrawal of his deposits shall be allowed except on the happening of one or other of the contingencies provided for in Rules 29, 30 and 31.

Nominations.

8. (1) The Account Officer shall, as soon as may be after a subscriber joins the Fund, require him to make a nomination conferring the right to receive the amount that may stand to his credit in the Fund in the event of his death before the amount standing to his credit has become payable, or where the amount has become payable, before payment has been made,

(2) A subscriber who, at the time of joining the Fund, has a family shall send to the Account Officer a nomination in the Form set forth in the First Schedule in favour of one or more members of his family.

(3) A subscriber who has no family shall similarly nominate a person or persons in the Form set forth in the Second Schedule:

Provided that a nomination made under this sub-rule shall be deemed to have been duly made in accordance with these rules only for so long as the subscriber has no family.

(4) If a subscriber at any time acquires a family he shall send to the Account Officer a nomination as provided in sub-rule (2) and, if he has under sub-rule (3) nominated any person other than a member of his family, he shall formally cancel the previous nomination.

(5) A subscriber may in his nomination distribute the amount that may stand to his credit in the Fund amongst his nominees at his own discretion.

(6) A nomination may be cancelled by a subscriber and replaced by any nomination which is permitted to be made under this rule.

(7) A nomination shall take effect to the extent that it is valid on the date on which it is received by the Account Officer.

(8) Nothing in this rule shall be deemed to invalidate, or to require the replacement by a nomination thereunder of, a nomination made before these rules came into force under the corresponding rule heretofore in force.

Subscribers' Accounts.

9. An account shall be prepared in the name of each subscriber and shall show the amount of his subscriptions with interest thereon calculated as prescribed in sub-rule (3) of Rule 14.

Conditions and Rates of Subscriptions.

10. (1) Except as provided in Rule 7, a subscriber shall subscribe monthly to the Fund except during a period of suspension.

Provided that a subscriber may, at his option, elect not to subscribe during leave.

Provided further that a subscriber on reinstatement after a period passed under suspension shall be allowed the option of paying in one sum, or in instalments, any sum not exceeding the maximum amount of arrear subscriptions permissible for that period.

* This term means a person whose father or any of whose other male progenitors in the male line is or was of European descent but who is a native of India as defined by section 6 of the Government of India Act, 1935.

(2) The subscriber shall intimate his election not to subscribe during leave in the following manner:—

(a) if he is an officer who draws his own pay bills, by making an deduction on account of subscription in his first pay bill drawn after proceeding on leave;

(b) if he is not an officer who draws his own pay bills, by written communication to the head of his office before he proceeds on leave. Failure to make due and timely intimation shall be deemed to constitute an election to subscribe.

The option of a subscriber intimated under this sub-rule shall be final.

11. (1) The amount of subscriptions shall be fixed by the subscriber himself, subject to the following conditions:—

(a) It shall be expressed in whole rupees.

(b) It may be any sum, so expressed, not less than 6¼ per cent. of his emoluments (i.e., one anna in the rupee) and not more than 18¾ per cent. (i.e., 3 annas in the rupee), except that in the case of non-European Members of the Indian Civil Service referred to in sub-rule (2) of rule 4 the percentage shall not exceed 25 per cent of his emoluments.

(2) For the purposes of sub-rule (1) the emoluments of a subscriber shall be—

(a) in the case of a subscriber who was in Government service on the 31st March of the preceding year, the emoluments to which he was entitled on that date, provided as follows:—

(i) if the subscriber was on leave on the said date and elected not to subscribe during such leave or was under suspension on the said date, his emoluments shall be the emoluments to which he was entitled on the first day after his return to duty;

(ii) if the subscriber was on deputation out of India on the said date or was on leave on the said date and continues to be on leave and has elected to subscribe during such leave, his emoluments shall be the emoluments to which he would have been entitled had he been on duty in India;

(iii) if the subscriber joined the Fund for the first time under the operation of Rule 6 on a day subsequent to the said date, his emoluments shall be the emoluments to which he was entitled on such subsequent date.

(b) In the case of a subscriber who was not in Government service on the 31st March of the preceding year, the emoluments to which he was entitled on the first day of his service or, if he joined the Fund for the first time under the operation of Rule 6 on a date subsequent to the first day of his service, the emoluments to which he was entitled on such subsequent date.

(3) The subscriber shall intimate the fraction of the amount of his monthly subscription in each year in the following manner:—

(a) if he was on duty on the 31st March of the preceding year, by the deduction which he makes in this behalf from his pay bill for that month;

(b) if he was on leave on the 31st March of the preceding year and elected not to subscribe during such leave or was under suspension on that date, by the deduction which he makes in this behalf from his first pay bill after his return to duty;

(c) if he joins the Fund for the first time during the year, by the deduction which he makes in this behalf from his pay bill for the month during which he joins the Fund;

(d) if he was on leave on the 31st March of the preceding year, and continues to be on leave and has elected to subscribe during such leave by the deduction which he causes to be made in this behalf from his salary bill for that month;

(e) if he was on foreign service on the 31st March of the preceding year, by the amount credited by him into the treasury on account of subscription for the month of April in the current year.

(4) The amount of subscription so fixed shall remain unchanged throughout the year:

Provided that if a subscriber is on duty for a part of a month and on leave for the remainder of that month and if he has elected not to subscribe during leave, the amount of the subscription payable shall be proportionate to the number of days spent on duty in the month.

12. When a subscriber is transferred to foreign service or sent on deputation out of India, he shall remain subject to the rules of the Fund in the same manner as if he were not so transferred or sent on deputation.

Reduction of subscriptions.

13. (1) When emoluments are drawn from a Government treasury in India or from the Home or a Colonial treasury, recovery of subscriptions on account of those emoluments and of the principal and interest of advances shall be made from the emoluments themselves except, that, when emoluments such as those drawn overseas pay are so drawn in India, deduction in respect of sterling overseas pay when admissible, shall be made in India.

(2) When emoluments are drawn from any other source the subscriber shall forward his dues monthly to the Account Officer.

Interest.

14. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (5) below, Government shall pay to the credit of the account of a subscriber interest at such rate as may be determined for each year according to the method of calculation prescribed from time to time by the Government of India.

Provided that if the rate of interest determined for a year is less than 4 per cent, all existing subscribers to the Fund in the year preceding that for which the rate has for the first time been fixed at less than 4 per cent, shall be allowed interest at 4 per cent.

(2) Interest shall be credited with effect from the last day in each year in the following manner:—

(i) on the amount at the credit of a subscriber on the last day of the preceding year, less any sums withdrawn during the current year—interest for twelve months;

(ii) on sums withdrawn during the current year—interest from the beginning of the current year up to the last day of the month preceding the month of withdrawal;

(iii) on all sums credited to the subscriber's account after the last day of the preceding year—interest from the date of deposit up to the end of the current year;

(iv) the total amount of interest shall be rounded to the nearest whole rupee (eight annas counting as the next higher rupee);

Provided that when the amount standing at the credit of a subscriber has become payable, interest shall thereupon be credited under this sub-rule in respect only of the period from the beginning of the current year or from the date of deposit, as the case may be, up to the date on which the amount standing at the credit of the subscriber became payable.

(3) In this rule, the date of deposit shall, in the case of a recovery from emoluments, be deemed to be the first day of the month in which it is recovered, and in the case of an amount forwarded by the subscriber, shall be deemed to be the first day of the month of receipt, if it is received by the Account Officer before the fifth day of that month, but if it is received on or after the fifth day of that month, the first day of the next succeeding month.

(4) In addition to any amount to be paid under rules 29, 30 or 31, interest thereon up to the end of the month preceding that in which the payment is made, or up to the end of the sixth month after the month in which such amount became payable, whichever of these periods be less, shall be payable to the person to whom such amount is to be paid;

Provided that where the Account Officer has intimated to that person (or his agent) a date on which he is prepared to make payment in cash, or has posted a cheque in payment to that person, interest shall be payable only up to the end of the month preceding the date so intimated, or the date of posting the cheque, as the case may be.

(5) Interest shall not be credited to the account of a Muhammadan subscriber if he informs the Account Officer that he does not wish to receive it; but if he subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it.

(6) The interest on amounts which under sub-rule (5) of rule 16, sub-rule (3) of rule 19, sub-rule (4) of rule 21, sub-rule 1 of rule 23 sub-rule (1) or (2) of rule 24, rule 29 or rule 30 are replaced at the credit of the subscriber in the Fund, shall be calculated at such rates as may be successively prescribed under sub-rule (1) of this rule and so far as may be in the manner described in this rule.

Advances from the Fund.

15. (1) A temporary advance may be granted to a subscriber from the amount standing to his credit

to the Fund at the discretion of the authority specified in sub-rule (3), subject to the following conditions:—

(a) the subscriber must satisfy that authority of the necessity for the advance;

(b) that authority shall record in writing its reason for granting the advance;

(c) no advance shall not except for special reasons to be recorded in writing by that authority:—

(i) exceed three months' pay, or

(ii) be granted until at least twelve months after the final repayment of all previous advances together with interest thereon:

Provided that if the reason is of a confidential nature, it may be communicated to the Account Officer personally and/or confidentially.

(2) In fixing the amount of an advance the sanctioning authority shall pay due regard to the amount at the credit of the subscriber in the Fund.

(3) The authority competent to grant an advance shall be one of those specified in Appendix II to these Rules which may be varied or added to from time to time by order of the Governor-General in Council.

10. (1) An advance shall be recovered from the subscriber in such number of equal monthly instalments as the sanctioning authority may direct; but such number shall not be less than twelve unless the subscriber so elects, or in any case more than twenty-four. A subscriber may, at his option, repay more than one instalment in a month. Each instalment shall be a number of whole rupees, the amount of the advance being raised or reduced, if necessary, to admit of the fixation of such instalments.

(2) Recovery shall be made in the manner prescribed in rule 13 for the realisation of subscriptions, and shall commence on the first occasion after the advance is made on which the subscriber draws pay, or remuneration on foreign service, for a full month. Recovery shall not be suspended, except with the subscriber's consent, while he is on leave or in receipt of subsistence grant and may be postponed, on the subscriber's written request, by the sanctioning authority during the recovery of an advance of pay granted to the subscriber.

NOTE.—The expression "advance of pay" includes any ordinary advance of pay granted under the relevant rules such as Article 138 (a), (b) and (h) of the Civil Account Code, Volume I but does not include advances for the building or repair of a House, for the purchase of a conveyance or for the payment of passage expenses which are of a different nature.

(3) If more than one advance has been made to a subscriber, each advance shall be treated separately for the purpose of recovery.

(4) (a) After the principal of the advance has been fully repaid, interest shall be paid thereon at the rate of one-fifth per cent of the principal for each month or broken portion of a month during the period between the drawal and complete repayment of the principal:

Provided that Muhammadan subscribers whose deposits in the Fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay into the Fund any additional instalments on account of interest on advances granted to them from the Fund.

(b) Interest shall ordinarily be recovered in one instalment in the month after complete repayment of the principal; but, if the period referred to in clause (a) exceeds twenty months, interest may, if the subscriber so desires, be recovered in two equal monthly instalments. The method of recovery shall be that prescribed in sub-rule (2). Payments shall be rounded to the nearest rupee in the manner prescribed in clause (iv) of sub-rule (2) of rule 14.

(5) If no advance has been granted to a subscriber and drawn by him and the advance is subsequently disallowed before repayment is completed, the whole or balance of the amount withdrawn, shall, with interest at the rate provided in rule 14, forthwith be repaid by the subscriber to the Fund, or in default, be ordered by the Account Officer to be recovered by deduction from the instalments of the subscriber by instalments or otherwise, as may be directed by one of the authorities competent to grant an advance under sub-rule (3) of rule 15.

Provided that Muhammadan subscribers whose deposits in the Fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest.

*See Appendix A.

(6) Recoveries made under this rule shall be credited as they are made to the subscriber's account in the Fund.

Payments towards Insurance Policies and Family Pension Funds.

17. Subject to the conditions hereinafter contained in rules 18 to 21:—

(a) (i) subscriptions to a family pension fund approved* in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council; or

(ii) payments towards a policy of life insurance may, at the option of a subscriber, be substituted in whole or part for subscriptions due to the Fund;

(b) the amount of subscriptions with interest thereon standing to the credit of a subscriber in the Fund may be withdrawn to meet—

(i) payment towards a policy of life insurance,

(ii) the purchase of a single payment assurance policy;

(iii) the payment of a single premium or subscriptions to a family pension fund approved* in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council:

Provided that no amount shall be withdrawn (1) before the details of the proposed policy have been submitted to the Accounts Officer and accepted by him as suitable, or (2) to meet any payment or purchase made or effected more than twelve months before the withdrawal, or (3) in excess of the amount required to meet a premium or subscription actually due for payment within six months of the date of withdrawal.

Provided further that payments towards an educational endowment policy may not be substituted for subscriptions to the Fund and that no amounts may be withdrawn to meet any payment or purchase in respect of such a policy if that policy is due for payment in whole or part before the subscriber's age of normal superannuation.

Provided further that amounts withdrawn shall be rounded to the nearest whole rupee.

18. (1) If the total amount of any subscriptions or payments substituted under clause (a) of Rule 17 is less than the amount of the minimum subscription payable to the Fund under rule 11 (1), the difference shall be remitted to the nearest rupee in the manner provided in clause (iv) of sub-rule (2) of rule 14, and paid by the subscriber as a subscription to the Fund.

(2) If the subscriber withdraws any amount standing to his credit in the Fund for any of the purposes specified in clause (b) of Rule 17, he shall, subject to his option under clause (a) of that rule, continue to pay to the Fund the subscription payable under rule 11.

19. (1) A subscriber who desires to substitute a subscription or payment under clause (a) of Rule 17, may reduce his subscription to the Fund accordingly:—

Provided that the subscriber shall—

(a) intimate to the Account Officer on his pay bill or by letter the fact of, and reason for, the reduction;

(b) send to the Account Officer, within such period as the Account Officer may require, receipts or certified copies of receipts in order to satisfy the Account Officer that the amount by which the subscription has been reduced was duly applied for the purposes specified in clause (a) of rule 17.

(2) A subscriber who desires to withdraw any amount under clause (b) of rule 17 shall—

(a) intimate the reason for the withdrawal to the Account Officer by letter;

(b) make arrangements with the Account Officer for the withdrawal;

(c) send to the Account Officer, within such period as the Account Officer may require, receipts or certified copies of receipts in order to satisfy the Account Officer that the amount withdrawn was duly applied for the purposes specified in clause (b) of rule 17.

(3) The Account Officer shall order the recovery of any amount by which subscriptions have

*The following funds have been approved by the Governor General in Council:—

1. Superior Services (India) Family Pension Fund.
2. Royal Horse Artillery Family Pension Fund.
3. Bombay Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund.
4. Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund.
5. General Family Pension Fund.
6. Public Family Annuity Fund.
7. Bengal Christian Family Pension Fund.

been reduced, or of any amount withdrawn, in respect of which he has not been notified in the manner required by clause (b) of sub-rule (1) and clause (c) of sub-rule (2), until interest thereon at the rate provided for in rule 14 from the emoluments of the subscriber and place it to the credit of the subscriber in the Fund.

20. (1) Government shall not make any payments on behalf of subscribers to Insurance Companies nor take steps to keep a policy alive.

(2) A policy to be acceptable under these rules shall be one effected by the subscriber himself on his own life, and shall include it in a policy effected by a male subscriber which is expressed on the face of it to be for the benefit of his wife, or of his wife and children, or any of them) he shall or may be legally assigned by the subscriber to the Secretary of State in Council.

Explanation I.—A policy on the joint lives of the subscriber and the subscriber's wife or husband shall be deemed to be a policy on the life of the subscriber for the purpose of this sub-rule

Explanation II.—A policy which has been assigned to the subscriber's wife shall not be accepted unless either the policy is first re-assigned to the subscriber or the subscriber and his wife both join in an appropriate assignment

(3) The policy may not be effected for the benefit of any beneficiary other than the wife or husband of the subscriber or the wife or husband and children of the subscriber or any of them:

Provided that subscribers who took out policies under Note I of Rule 21 * (a) or under clause (b) or (c) of Rule * 23A of the Rules previously in force, shall remain subject to the provisions of these rules in so far as policies so taken out are concerned.

21. (1) The Policy within three months after the first withholding of a subscription or withdrawal from the Fund in respect of the policy; or in the case of an assurance company whose headquarters are outside India, within such further period as the Account Officer, if he is satisfied by the production of the completion certificate (interim receipt), may fix, shall—

(a) (unless it is a policy effected by a male subscriber which is expressed on the face of it to be for the benefit of the wife of the subscriber or of his wife and children, or any of them, be assigned to the Secretary of State in Council, as security for the payment of any sum which may become payable to the Fund under rule 23 and delivered to the Account Officer, the assignment being made by endorsement on the policy in Form (1) or Form (2) or Form (3) of the Forms in the Third Schedule according as the policy is on the life of the subscriber or on the joint lives of the subscriber and the subscriber's wife or husband or the policy has previously been assigned to the subscriber's wife

(b) if it is a policy effected by a male subscriber which is expressed on the face of it to be for the benefit of the wife of the subscriber, or of his wife and children or any of them, be delivered to the Account Officer

(2) The Account Officer shall satisfy himself by reference to the Insurance Company where possible, that no prior assignment of the policy exists.

(3) Once a policy has been accepted by an Accounts Officer for the purpose of being financed from the Fund, the terms of the Policy shall not be altered nor shall the Policy be exchanged for another policy without the prior consent of the Accounts Officer to whom details of the alteration or of the new policy shall be furnished.

(4) If the policy is not assigned and delivered or delivered within the said period of three months or such further period as the Account Officer may, under sub-rule (1) have fixed, any amount withheld or withdrawn from the Fund in respect of the policy shall, with interest thereon at the rate provided in rule 14, forthwith be paid or repaid as the case may be, by the subscriber to the Fund, or, in default be ordered by the Account Officer to be recovered by deduction from the emoluments of the subscriber, by instalments or otherwise, as may be directed by one of the authorities competent to grant an advance under sub-rule (3) of rule 15.

(5) Notice of assignment of the policy shall be given by the subscriber to the Insurance Company, and the acknowledgment of the notice by the Insurance Company shall be sent to the Account Officer within three months of the date of assignment

NOTE I.—Subscribers are advised to send notice of the assignment to the Insurance Company in duplicate, accompanied by a stamp on which the notice has to be sent to a policy in force in British India or Ireland, by a remittance of one rupee, which is the fee for the acknowledgment authorised by the Policies of Assurance Act, 1867

NOTE 2.—Subscribers who proceed on leave in Great Britain or Ireland on quitting the service are advised that under the English Stamp Law assignments or re-assignments are required to be stamped within 30 days of their first arrival in those countries, otherwise penalty will be incurred under the Stamp Act, and difficulty may arise when the policy matures for payment.

22 The subscriber shall not during the currency of the policy draw any bonus the drawal of which during such currency is optional under the terms of the policy and the amount of any bonus which under the terms of the policy the subscriber has an option to refrain from drawing during its currency shall be paid forthwith into the fund by the subscriber or as default recovered by deduction from his emoluments by instalments or otherwise as may be directed by one of the authorities competent to grant an advance under sub-rule (3) of rule 15

23. (1) Save as provided by Rule 27 when the subscriber—

(a) quits the service or

(b) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement and applies to the Account Officer for re-assignment or return of the policy, or

(c) while on leave has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent medical authority to be unfit for further service and applies to the Account Officer for re-assignment or return of the policy; or

(d) pays or begins to pay to the Fund the whole of any amount withheld or withdrawn from the Fund for any of the purposes mentioned in sub-clause (ii) of clause (a) of rule 17 and sub-clauses (i) and (ii) of clause (c) of rule 17 with interest thereon at the rate provided in rule 14.

The Account Officer shall—

(i) if the policy has been assigned to the Secretary of State in Council under rule 21, or under the corresponding rule heretofore in force, reassign the policy in the form set forth in the Fourth Schedule to the subscriber, or to the subscriber and the joint assured, as the case may be, and make it over to the subscriber together with a signed notice of the reassignment addressed to the Insurance Company;

(ii) if the policy has been delivered to him under clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 21, make over the policy to the subscriber;

Provided that, if the subscriber, after proceeding on leave preparatory to retirement, or after being while on leave, permitted to retire or declared by a competent medical authority to be unfit for further service, returns to duty, any policy so reassigned or made over shall, if it has not matured or been assigned or charged or encumbered in any way, be again assigned to the Secretary of State in Council and delivered to the Account Officer, or again be delivered to the Account Officer, as the case may be, in the manner provided in rule 21, and thereupon the provisions of these rules shall, so far as may be, upon apply in respect of the policy.

Provided further that, if the policy has matured or been assigned or charged or encumbered in any way the provisions of sub-rule (4) of rule 21 applicable to a failure to assign and deliver a policy shall apply.

(2) Save as provided by rule 27, when the subscriber dies before quiting the service, the Account Officer shall—

(i) if the policy has been assigned to the Secretary of State in Council under rule 21, or under the corresponding rule heretofore in force, reassign the policy in the second Form set forth in the Fourth Schedule to such person as may be legally entitled to receive it, and shall make over the policy to such person together with a signed notice of the reassignment addressed to the Insurance Company;

(ii) if the policy has been delivered to him under clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 21, make over the policy to the beneficiary, if any, or, if there is no beneficiary, to such person as may be legally entitled to receive it.

24 (1) If a policy assigned to the Secretary of State in Council under rule 21, or under the corresponding rule heretofore in force, matures before the subscriber quits the service or if a policy on the joint lives of a subscriber and the subscriber's wife or husband, assigned under the said rule, or under

* See Appendix B.

the corresponding rule heretofore in force, falls due for payment by reason of the death of the subscriber's wife or husband, the Account Officer shall, save as provided by rule 27, proceed as follows:—

(a) if the amount assured together with the amount of any accrued bonuses is greater than the whole of the amount withheld or withdrawn from the Fund in respect of the policy with interest thereon at the rate provided in rule 14, the Account Officer shall reassign the policy in the Form set forth in the Fifth Schedule to the subscriber or to the subscriber and the joint assured as the case may be, and make it over to the subscriber, who shall immediately on receipt of the policy remove from the Insurance Company pay or repay to the Fund the whole of any amount withheld or withdrawn with interest, and in default, the provisions of sub-rule (4) of rule 21 applicable to a failure to assign and deliver a policy shall apply;

(b) if the amount assured together with the amount of any accrued bonuses is less than the whole of the amount withheld or withdrawn with interest, the Account Officer shall realise the amount assured together with any accrued bonuses and shall place the amounts so realised to the credit of the subscriber in the Fund.

(2) Save as provided by rule 27, if a policy delivered to the Account Officer under clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 21 matures before the subscriber quits the service the Account Officer, shall make over the policy to the subscriber:

Provided that, if the interest in the policy of the wife of the subscriber, or of his wife and children, or any of them as expressed on the face of the policy, expires when the policy matures, the subscriber, if the policy monies are paid to him by the Insurance Company, shall immediately on receipt thereof pay or repay to the Fund either—

(i) the whole of any amount withheld or withdrawn from the fund in respect of the policy with interest thereon at the rate provided in rule 14,

or

(ii) an amount equal to the amount assured together with any accrued bonuses,

whichever is less, and, in default, the provisions of sub-rule (4) of rule 21 applicable to a failure to assign and deliver a policy shall apply.

25 If the interest of the subscriber in the family pension fund ceases, in whole or part from any cause whatsoever, the provident fund account of the subscriber shall forthwith be reimbursed by the amount of the refund secured by the subscriber from the family pension fund, which amount shall, in default of reimbursement, be deducted from the subscriber's emoluments by instalments or otherwise, as may be directed by one of the authorities competent to grant an advance under sub-rule (3) of rule 15.

26. If the policy lapses, or is assigned, otherwise than to the Secretary of State in Council under rule 21, charged or encumbered, the provisions of sub-rule (4) of rule 21 applicable to a failure to assign and deliver a policy shall apply.

27. If the Account Officer receives notice of—

(a) an assignment (otherwise than an assignment to the Secretary of State in Council under rule 21), or

(b) a charge or encumbrance on, or

(c) an order of a Court restraining dealings with the policy or any amount realised thereon, the Account Officer shall not—

(i) reassign or make over the policy as provided in rule 23, or

(ii) realise the amount assured by the policy or reassign or make over the policy, as provided in rule 24,

but shall forthwith refer the matter to Government

28 Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, if the sanctioning authority is satisfied that money drawn as an advance from the Fund under clause (a) of rule 15 or withheld or withdrawn from the Fund under clause (a) or clause (b) of rule 17 has been utilised for a purpose other than that for which sanction was given to the drawal, withholding or withdrawal of the money, the amount in question, shall, with interest at the rate provided in rule 14, forthwith be repaid or paid, as the case may be, by the subscriber to the Fund, or in default, be ordered to be recovered by deduction in one sum from the emoluments of the subscriber, even if he be on leave. If the total amount to be repaid or paid, as the case may be, is more than half the subscriber's emoluments recovery shall be made in monthly instalments of moieties of his emoluments till the entire amount recoverable be repaid or paid, as the case may be, by him.

Note.—The term "emoluments" as used in this rule does not include subsistence grant.

Final withdrawal of Accumulations in the Fund

29 When a subscriber quits the service, the amount standing to his credit in the Fund shall become payable to him:

Provided that a subscriber who has been dismissed from the service and is subsequently reinstated in the service shall, if required to do so by Government repay, any amount paid to him from the Fund in pursuance of this rule, with interest thereon at the rate provided in rule 14, in the manner provided in the proviso to rule 30 The amount so repaid shall be credited to his account in the Fund.

30. When a subscriber—

(a) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or if he is employed in a secretariat department on leave preparatory to retirement combined with vacation, or

(b) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or been declared by a competent medical authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount standing to his credit in the Fund shall, upon application made by him or that behalf to the Account Officer, become payable to the subscriber

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by Government, repay to the Fund, for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the Fund in pursuance of this rule with interest thereon at the rate provided in rule 14, in cash or securities, or partly in cash and partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his emoluments or otherwise, as may be directed by one of the authorities competent to grant an advance under sub-rule (3) of rule 15.

31. On the death of a subscriber before the amount standing to his credit has become payable, or where the amount has become payable before payment has been made

(a) when the subscriber leaves a family—

(i) if a nomination made by the subscriber in accordance with the provisions of rule 8 or of the corresponding rule heretofore in force in favour of a member or members of his family subsists, the amount standing to his credit in the Fund or the part thereof to which the nomination relates shall become payable to his nominee or nominees in the proportion specified in the nomination;

(ii) if no such nomination in favour of a member or members of the family of the subscriber subsists, or if such nomination relates only to a part of the amount standing to his credit in the Fund, the whole amount or the part thereof to which the nomination does not relate, as the case may be, shall, notwithstanding any nomination purporting to be in favour of any person or persons other than a member or members of his family, become payable to the members of his family in equal shares:

Provided that no share shall be payable to—

(1) sons who have attained legal majority;

(2) sons of a deceased son who have attained legal majority,

(3) married daughters whose husbands are alive;

(4) married daughters of a deceased son whose husbands are alive,

if there is any member of the family other than those specified in clauses (1), (2) (3) and (4);

Provided further that the widow or widows and the child or children of a deceased son shall receive between them in equal parts only the share which that son would have received if he had survived the subscriber and had been exempted from the provisions of clause (1) of the first proviso;

(iii) when the subscriber leaves no family, if a nomination made by him in accordance with the provisions of rule 8 or of the corresponding rule heretofore in force, in favour of any person or persons subsists, the amount standing to his credit in the fund or the part thereof to which the nomination relates, shall become payable to his nominee or nominees in the proportion specified in the nomination

32. (1) When the amount standing to the credit of a subscriber in the Fund becomes payable, it

* See also Appendix C. *

shall be the duty of the Account Officer to make payment, as provided in section 4 of the Provident Funds Act, 1897.

(2) If the person to whom, under these rules, any amount of policy is to be paid, assigned, re-assigned or delivered, is a lunatic for whose estate a manager has been appointed in that behalf under the Indian Lunacy Act, 1912, the payment or re-assignment or delivery will be made to such manager and not to the lunatic.

(3) Any person who desires to claim payment under the rule shall send a written application in that behalf to the Account Officer. Payment of amounts withdrawn shall be made in India only. The persons to whom the amounts are payable shall make their own arrangements to receive payment in India.

NOTE.—When the amount standing to the credit of a subscriber has become payable under Rule 29, 30 or 31 the Account Officer shall intimate prompt payment of the portion of the amount standing to the credit of a minor heir in regard to which there is no dispute or doubt, the balance being adjusted as soon after as may be.

32. If a Government servant who is a subscriber to any other Government provident fund, which is a non-contributory provident fund, is permanently transferred to pensionable service under the rule making control of the Secretary of State in Council, the amount of subscriptions, together with interest thereon, standing to his credit in such other fund at the date of transfer shall, with the consent of the other Government concerned, be transferred to his credit in the Fund.

Procedure Rules.

34. All sums paid into the Fund under these rules shall be credited in the books of Government to an account named "The General Provident Fund", sums of which payment has not been taken within six months after they become payable under these rules shall be transferred to "Deposits" at the end of the year and treated under the ordinary rules relating to deposits.

35. When paying a subscription to India, either by deduction from emoluments or in cash, a subscriber shall quote the number of his account in the Fund, which shall be communicated to him by the Account Officer. Any change in the number shall similarly be communicated to the subscriber by the Account Officer.

36. (1) As soon as possible after the close of each year, the Account Officer shall send to each subscriber a statement of his account in the Fund showing the opening balance as on the 1st April of the year, the total amount credited or debited during the year, the total amount of interest credited as on the 31st March of the year and the closing balance on that date. The Account Officer shall attach to the statement an enquiry whether the subscriber—

(a) desires to make any alteration in any nomination made under rule 8, or under the corresponding rule heretofore in force,

(b) has acquired a family in cases where the subscriber has made no nomination in favour of a member of his family under sub-rule (2) of rule 8.

(2) Subscribers should satisfy themselves as to the correctness of the annual statement, and errors should be brought to the notice of the Account Officer within six months from the date of receipt of the statement.

(3) The Account Officer shall, if required by a subscriber, once, but not more than once in a year inform the subscriber of the total amount standing to his credit in the Fund at the end of the last month for which his account has been written up.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

[Rule 8 (2).]

Form of nomination when subscriber has a family.

I hereby certify that the amount at my credit in the General Provident Fund at the time of my death shall be distributed among the members of my family mentioned below in the manner shown against their names:—

Name and address of the person in favour of whom made. (1)	His relationship with the subscriber. (2)	Age of the nominee. (3)	Amount or share of accumulations. (4)

Station
Date

Signature of subscriber.

Two witnesses to signature.

NOTE.—Column (3) shall be filled in so as to show the whole number of years.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

[Rule 8 (3).]

Form of nomination when subscriber has no family.

I hereby declare that I have no family and direct that the amount at my credit in the General Provident Fund at the time of my death shall be disposed of in the event of my coming to form [1] the class hereinafter mentioned in the manner shown against their names:—

Name and address of the person in favour of whom made. (1)	His relationship with the subscriber. (2)	Age of the nominee. (3)	Amount or share of accumulations. (4)

Station
Date

Signature of subscriber.

Two witnesses to signature.

NOTE.—Column (4) shall be filled in so as to show the whole number of years.

[1] As defined in Rule 8 (2) (a) of the General Provident Fund (Subordinate Civil Services) Rules.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

[Rule 21 (1) (a).]

Forms of assignment.

(1)

"I, A. B., of hereby assign unto the Secretary of State for India in Council all my policy of insurance to permit the payment of all sums which under rule 20 of the General Provident Fund (Subordinate Civil Services) Rules I may hereafter become liable to pay to that Fund.

I hereby certify that no prior assignment of the within policy exists."

Date

Signature of subscriber.

Station.

One witness to signature.

(2)

We, A. B. (the subscriber) of and C. D. (the joint assignee) of in consideration of the Secretary of State for India in Council agreeing at our request to accept payment towards the within policy of assurance in substitution for the subscriptions payable by me the said A. B. to the General Provident Fund (or, as the case may be, to accept the withdrawal of the sum of Rs. from the sum in the credit of me the said A. B. in the General Provident Fund (Central Service) for payment of the premiums of the within policy of assurance) hereby jointly and severally assign unto the said Secretary of State for India the policy of assurance as security for payment of all sums which under rule 21 of the General Provident Fund (Subordinate Civil Services) Rules the said A. B. may hereafter become liable to pay to that Fund.

We hereby certify that no prior assignment of the within policy exists.

Date

Signature of subscriber and the Joint Assignee.

Station.

One witness to signatures.

(3)

I, C. D., wife of A. B., and the assignee of the within policy, having, at the request of A. B., the holder, agreed to release my interest in the policy in favour of A. B., in order that A. B. may assign the same to the Secretary of State for India in Council, who has agreed to accept payments towards the within policy of assurance in substitution for the sums (if any) payable by A. B. to the General Provident Fund hereby do at the request and for the benefit of A. B. and I the said A. B. hereby confirm unto the Secretary of State the within policy of assurance, as security for payment of all sums which under rule 21 of the rules of the said Fund the said A. B. may hereafter become liable to pay to the Fund.

We hereby certify that no prior assignment of the within policy exists.

Date

Signature of the assignee and the Subscriber.

Station

One witness to signatures.

NOTE.—The assignment may be executed on the policy itself either in the subscriber's handwriting or in type, or alternatively a deed of printed slip containing the assignment may be pasted on the back upon a revenue stamp for the purpose on the policy. A typed or printed endorsement must be duly signed and if pasted on the policy it must be initialled across all four margins.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

[Rule 23.]

Forms of Reassignment by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

(1)

All sums which have become payable by the above-named A. B. under rule 20 of the General Provident Fund (Subordinate Civil Services) Rules having been paid and all liability for payment by him of any sum of money in the future having ceased the undersigned Secretary of State for India in Council doth hereby reassign the within policy of assurance to the said A. B.

Dated A. B. and C. D.

(2)

The above-named A. B., having died on the day of 19 , the Secretary for State of India in Council doth hereby reassign the within policy of assurance to C. D. .

All the particulars of person legally entitled to receive the policy.

FIFTH SCHEDULE.

[Rule 24.]

Form of Recommendation by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

The Secretary of State for India in Council doth hereby recommend the within policy to the wife of A. B., A. B. and C. D.

Dated 19 .

APPENDIX A.

Exemption Instructions.

The following are declared to be penal and sufficient reasons for the grant of exemption, provided the man having authority is satisfied that the applicant's or others' circumstances justify an allowance and that the exemption sanctioned will be expended on the object for which it is given :—

(a) to pay expenses incurred in connection with the last illness and funeral of a subscriber or any person actually dependent on him;

(b) to pay for the clothes or passage for return of health or alteration of a subscriber or any person actually dependent on him;

(c) to pay obligatory expenses on a male appointee in the subscriber's service in connection with marriages, [besides such ceremonies which by the rules on this subject are forbidden to him by Standing Authorities] provided always that a sum not to exceed Rs. 50 may be advanced to a subscriber for the purpose of defraying any object specified in this clause, notwithstanding that the event to which it relates has not occurred.

Advances are not ordinarily sanctioned for the objects mentioned in clauses (a) to (c) above, but may be made solely for reasons to be recorded. An advance shall be granted for the purchase of a house or land or for the erection of the former by a subscriber or to repay the expenses of the same, or to repay ordinary debts, or to furnish or settle deposits or to purchase jewelry, cars or other means of conveyance, or to meet the marriage expenses of a European, Anglo-Indian or Indian-Christian subscriber or any person actually dependent on him.

List of authorities competent to grant advances under Rule 24 (3).

A Department of the Government of India.
A Department of a Provincial Government.
A Major Local Government.
Heads of the services whose names appear in Appendix No. 10 to the Supplementary Rules, not including any authority which a Chief Commissioner may declare to be a head of an Department.

Heads of departments of a Financial Commissioner under a Provincial Government or the Local Government may authorise in this behalf Group Heads up to Rs. .

APPENDIX B.

Extracts from the Rules regulating the General Provident Fund as corrected up to the end of May 1933.

* * * *

21. (1) An insurance policy shall be on the subscriber's own life, in which case it is immaterial what form the policy takes, i.e., it may be of the ordinary, endowment, double endowment, policy, but it shall be such as is legally assignable to Government.

NOTE.—1. A guarantee policy which ensures the payment of the sum assured in the event of the policy-holder being retired by the Medical Board shall be accepted for the purposes of this rule.

A contingent annuity which, in the event of his death, secures a certain income to the insurer's heirs, children, or both, shall also be accepted for the purposes of this rule.

NOTE.—2. If a policy of insurance is effected by a subscriber on his own life for the benefit of his wife, children or any specified person therein, a formal endorsement by both the insured and the sole beneficiary shall be permissible. An endowment or a policy effected by a male subscriber on his own life for the benefit of more than one female may whether existing or not at the date of the policy and not, in view of the attendant legal difficulties, be permissible under this rule.

* * * *

22-A (1) A married subscriber to the Fund may substitute, by subscriptions to the General Provident Fund payments towards either (i) a policy of insurance effected on his own life, if his policy, except in so far as it is for the benefit of his wife or of his children or of any or all of them, provided that, if such policy matures on his death but after a period of years, the date of maturity shall not be earlier than the earliest date on which he may, by the rules of his service, retire on full pension, [either on (ii) any policy of insurance effected on his own life which is for the time assigned to Government by deed of settlement for the benefit of his wife or of his children or of any or all of them.

(2) A married subscriber to the Fund may substitute, by subscriptions to the General Provident Fund payments towards a policy of insurance on his own life which he may, by the rules of his service, retire on full pension, [either on (i) any policy of insurance effected on his own life and] which is for the time assigned to Government by deed of settlement for the benefit of his wife or of his children or of any or all of them, and provided that he has not before, from any other source, contributed towards the Fund payment towards such policy of insurance, [then such assignment, cancellation or conversion and assignment shall be effected before or within three months after the assignment.

NOTE.—3. If, upon the conversion of an existing policy, any portion of the surrender value of such policy should be refunded to the subscriber, such refund shall be credited to the Fund and placed to the credit of the subscriber thereon.

* * * *

APPENDIX C.

1. Any sum paid to or for the benefit of a member of the family of a deceased or retired officer under sub-section (2) of section 8 of the Provident Funds Act, 1925.

2. Where a member has a dependant of the nature referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 8 of the Provident Funds Act, 1925, the amount credited to an account under sub-section (2) of section 8 of the Act.

3. Where the subscriber leaves no family and no nomination made by him in accordance with the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 16, or if such nomination relates only to part of the amount at credit to his credit in the Fund, the principal provisions in clause (b) and of sub-clause (ii) of clause (i) of sub-rule (1) of section 8 of the Provident Fund Act, 1925, are applicable to the whole amount or the part thereof to which the nomination does not relate.

INDIAN AUDIT DEPARTMENT.

New Delhi, the 8th April 1936.

No. 1001-G.E.E./35-36.—Mr. P. K. Wattal, an officer of the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, has been posted as Assistant Accountant-General, Madras, with effect from the 25th March 1936.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

New Delhi, the 30th March 1936.

No. 827-G. E. E./[43-36.—Mr. N. S. Janakirama Aiyar, a Senior Accountant in the Office of the Accountant General, Madras, has been appointed to officiate as an Assistant Accounts Officer in that office, with effect from the 31th March 1936.

C. E. JONES,
Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 250, Finance).

No. 30.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby direct that the following amendment be made in subsidiary rule 3 under rule 96 of Fundamental Rules :—

AMENDMENT

The sub-paragraph under the rule relating to the Assistant Superintendent of Stationery and Stamps shall be deleted.

C. K. VIJAYARAGHAVAN,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, April 25, 1936.

No. 71.—M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur G. Rangaswami Ayyangar Avargal, Assistant Commissioner of Police, Law and Order, Northern subdivisions, Madras City, leave on average pay for seven days from 10th April 1936.

Fort St. George, April 25, 1936.

No. 72.—M.R.Ry. V. Venkata Narain Avargal, Acting Subordinate Judge and Additional Subordinate Judge, Sub Court Rajahmundry, leave on average pay, without medical certificate, for four days from the 14th to the 17th April 1936 (both days inclusive) under rules 81 and 82 of the Fundamental Rules. He is permitted to prefix to the leave the Easter holidays and Sundays from the 10th to the 13th and 19th April 1936 and the summer vacation of the Sub-Court, Rajahmundry, is notified the condition prescribed by the Local Government in this respect under Fundamental Rule 68 are satisfied.

* *

Fort St. George, April 30, 1936.

No. 73.—M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib T. Devendra Mudaliyar Avargal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, leave on average pay for one month and twelve days from or after the 5th May 1936.

APPOINTMENT.

Fort St. George, May 2, 1936.

No. 74.—Under the provisions of section 7 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (Act XV of 1872), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. T. V. Anjaneyam, B.A., Teacher, Wardlaw High School, Bellary, as Marriage Registrar for the district of Bellary vice Mr. J. P. Colclough, deceased.

ERRATA.

Fort St. George, April 29, 1936.

To the Public (Police) Department Notifications Nos. 54 and 55, dated 23rd March 1936, published at pages 278–283 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 31st March 1936—

I

In column 4 of the schedule at page 279—
(i) *For* 'Medak,' *read* 'Nalgonda.'
(ii) *For* 'Jawahala, *read* 'Jawahala.'
(iii) *For* 'Kadamana, *read* 'Kadavakkh.'

II

In statement I at page 280, in the column 'Stations and outposts'—
(i) *Delete* the brackets and figure 31 occurring against Srungavarapukota and
(ii) *Insert* the figure 31 within brackets against Salur.

III

In column 4 of statement 31 at page 281, under the entry 'Tuni'—
(i) *For* 'Elamanchi,' *read* 'Elamanchi.'
(ii) *For* 'Kimpapatti,' *read* 'Kimpapatti,' and
(iii) *For* 'M.U.T. Act,' *read* 'M.V.T. Act.'

IV

In column 4 of statement 31 at page 282, under the entry 'Proposed'—
(i) *For* 'Bimlipatti,' *read* 'Bimlipatti,' and
(ii) *For* 'M.U.T. Act,' *read* 'M.V.T. Act.'

Fort St. George, May 1, 1936.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition (Amendment) Act XXXVIII of 1923, published at page 282 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 25th February 1936, in respect of the lands to be acquired for the extension of the Armed Reserve Lines, in Manjakuppam village, Cuddalore taluk, South Arcot district—

Add to T.S. No. 310 1, *for* 'mortgagees Ramanna Reddi and the Hindu Nadar Sahara N. Dt. Limited, Cuddalore' *read* 'mortgagee Hindu Nadhan Sahara N. Dt. Limited, Cuddalore.'

WITHDRAWAL OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, April 26, 1936.

No. 75.—Under the provisions of section 41 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council withdraws the powers of special magistrates for the areas comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at the places specified against their names conferred on the undermentioned gentlemen:—

M.R.Ry. Anandam Pillai Somasundaram Pillai Avargal (who has resigned his appointment)—Tiruppattur in the district of Ramnad.

Fort St. George, April 29, 1936.

M.R.Ry. Watrap Velayudha Nadar Subbiah Nadar Avargal (who has resigned his appointment)—Watrap in the district of Ramnad.

Ebrul Kalathil Abdul Khadir Saith Bahadur (who has resigned his appointment)—Cananore in the district of Malabar.

Fort St. George April 30, 1936.

M.R.Ry. Sathiamurthy Chettiyar Sevasakaram Chettiyar Avargal (who has resigned his appointment)—Arumpukottai in the district of Ramnad.

M.R.Ry. Sethilapudi Ramaswami Raja Narayana Raja (who has resigned his appointment)—Rampalayam in the district of Ramnad.

INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, April 25, 1936.

No. 76.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned persons to be Special Magistrates for the areas comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at the places specified against their names with the powers and subject to the terms and conditions specified in Notification No. 737, Home (Judicial), dated the 13th August 1919, published at pages 1040 and 1041 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, of the 26th idem as amended by subsequent notifications:—

Dr. John Samadhanam Victor—Tiruppattur in the district of Ramnad.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

M.R.Ry. Nadimilla Purushothama Nayudu Garu—Conjeevaram in the district of Chingleput.

M.R.Ry. Arabat Sankunni Menon Avargal—Ottapalem in the district of Malabar.

M.R.Ry. Sullathumbi Gnanamuthu Avargal—Tindivanam in the district of Trichinopoly.

M.R.Ry. Sirtamundi Venkatasubbiah—Tirupati in the district of Chittoor.

M.R.Ry. Sankara Subbarayalu Nayudu Muniswami Nayudu Garu—Coimbatore in the district of Coimbatore.

M.R.Ry. Annamalai Ayyanru Nayakkar Rangarama Nayakkar Avargal—Pollachi in the district of Coimbatore.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.

M.R.Ry. Mannargudi Venkata Rao Seshagiri Rao Avargal—Conjeeveram in the district of Chingleput.

M.R.Ry. The 5 Rajagopal Bhupathi Avargal—Conjeeveram in the district of Chingleput.

M.R.Ry. Punnamma Mudaliar Dharmalinga Mudaliar Annappa Mudaliar Avargal—Conjeeveram in the district of Chingleput.

M.R.Ry. Subramanya Chettiar Arunachala Chettiar Perumal Chettiar Avargal—Conjeeveram in the district of Chingleput.

Fort St. George, April 29, 1936.

M.R.Ry. Kochi Uva Nava Rangappa Kalakka Thola Udayar Avargal alias K. Kandasami Udayar Avargal—Srungavarapukota in the district of Vizagapatam.

M.R.Ry. Nallamuthu Pillai Thiriyam Pillai—Trichinopoly in the district of Trichinopoly.

M.R.Ry. Sadappayyar Rajamani Ayyar Avargal—Tiruvarur in the district of Tanjore.

Mrs. Annapoorniah Devangayam—Salem in the district of Salem.

Ubial Nadurnane Sheedhibba Sahib Bahadur—Mangalore in the district of South Kanara.

M.R.Ry. Pachamuthu Mudaliyar Narayanaswami Mudaliyar Avargal—Tiruchengode in the district of Salem.

Fort St. George, April 30, 1936.

Subedar Major Mylapore Latchmana Nayudu Chinnaswami Nayudu Garu—Sullurpet in the district of Chingleput.

M.R.Ry. Lalgudi Draiswami Ayyar Ramachandra Ayyar Avargal—Lalgudi in the district of Trichinopoly.

M.R.Ry. Karkurchi Appanna Subbayya Ayyar Avargal—Aruppukkottai in the district of Ramnad.

M.R.Ry. Sethilapudi Ramaswami Raja Sri Ranga Raja Avargal—Rampalayam in the district of Ramnad.

Fort St. George, May 1, 1936.

M.R.Ry. Bhatta Gnana Kotayya Garu—Masulipatam in the district of Kistna.

Fort St. George, May 2, 1936.

Mr. Santiago Israel Thomas Pakiam—Melakanal in the district of Madura.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

No. 77.—The Governor in Council is pleased to empower the undermentioned Special First class Magistrates in the district of Vizagapatam to take cognizance under clauses (a) and (b) of sub-s. 1(1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898, of all the offences mentioned in sub-s. 260 of the Code, arising within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Vizagapatam:—

Mr. R. S. Thorpe.

M.R.Ry. Rachuru Gurunath Nayudu Garu.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.

No. 78.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned persons in the districts specified against their names are appointed to be Magistrates of the third class, and under section 37 they are invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on Magistrates of that class :—

M.R.Ry. S. Savarimuthu Chetti, Head clerk, Revenue Divisional office, Kollegal—Coimbatore.
M.R.Ry. M. Govinda Achari, Clerk, Collector's office, Mangalore—South Kanara.
M.R.Ry. Julian Arunachi, Head clerk, Taluk office, Karkal—South Kanara.
M.R.Ry. A. Bellimalla Pai, Accountant, Collector's office, Mangalore—South Kanara.
M.R.Ry. G. Krishnamurthi Ayyar, Clerk, Collector's office, South Arcot—South Arcot.
M.R.Ry. S. Rangaswami Ayyangar, Clerk, Collector's office, South Arcot—South Arcot.
M.R.Ry. P. Govindarajulu Naicker, Clerk, Revenue Divisional office, Chidambaram—South Arcot.
M.R.Ry. D. Rajaratnam Clerk, Revenue Divisional Office, Tirukkoyilur—South Arcot.

Fort St. George, April 29, 1936.

M.R.Ry. N. Venkataramana, Second clerk, Revenue Divisional office, Jammalamadugu—Cuddapah.
Abdul Khadir Sahib, Clerk, Collector's office, Cuddapah—Cuddapah.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.

No. 79.—Under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officers in the districts specified against their names are authorized to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand in the English language :—

Mr. Clarence Oswald Cearey, I.C.S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate—Madura.
Mr. T. S. Ramachandran, I.C.S., Sessions Judge—Kistna.
M.R.Ry. V. V. Subba Rao Garu, Sessions Judge—North Arcot.
Mr. O. Pulla Reddi, I.C.S., Joint Magistrate—Ramnad.

Fort St. George, April 29, 1936.

M.R.Ry. S. Raghava Ayyangar Avargal, Deputy Collector and First-class Magistrate—Trichinopoly.

Fort St. George, April 30, 1936.

M.R.Ry. S. Narasimharao Pantulu Garu, Deputy Collector and First-class Magistrate—North Arcot.
M.R.Ry. K. Kodandapani Pillai Avargal, Deputy Collector and First-class Magistrate—South Arcot.

No. 80.—The Governor in Council is pleased to empower M.R.Ry. Karkuruthi Appanna Sahibayya Ayyar Avargal, Special Magistrate in the district of Ramnad to take cognizance under clauses (a) and (b) of section 190 (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, of the offences specified in items (1) to (5) of rule 1 of the rules in Notification No. 737, Home (Judicial), dated the 13th August 1919, published at pages 1040 and 1041 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 26th idem, as amended by subsequent notifications arising within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Aruppukkottai.

Fort St. George, April 31, 1936.

No. 81.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, Mr. Clarence Oswald Cearey, I.C.S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate in the district of Madura, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the first class, and under section 37 he is invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a Magistrate of that class except the powers to try cases summarily under section 260 and to hear appeals from the sentences of second and third-class magistrates.

No. 82.—Under section 4 of the Madras Children Act, 1920, the Local Government specially authorize Mr. Clarence Oswald Cearey, I.C.S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate, in the district of Madura, to exercise all the powers conferred on courts by the Act.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

No. 83.—Under the provisions of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon M.R.Ry. Thottikkal Manmadha Ayyanthal, Sub-Registrar of Pandalgudi, Aruppukottai taluk in the district of Ramnad, for the term of his appointment as Sub-Registrar of Pandalgudi, such of the ordinary and additional powers of a Magistrate of the third class as are specified hereunder in respect to offences to be committed in Sections 3 to 5, both inclusive, of the Madras Towns Nuisances Act, 1889, and under sections 3, 9 and 12 of the Madras Gaming Act, 1930, which may be committed within the limits of the Panchayat Board of Pandalgudi, Aruppukottai taluk in the district of Ramnad :—

I.—Ordinary powers.—Schedule III of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, section I—Items 1 to 9, 14, 15 and 17 to 20.

II.—Additional powers.—Schedule IV of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898—Items 4 and 5 of the powers conferrable by the Local Government on a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 84.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officers in the districts specified against their names are appointed to be Magistrates of the second class, and under section 37 they are invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a Magistrate of that class except the powers to record statements or confessions under section 164, to authorize the detention of the accused persons in the custody of the police under section 167 and to pass orders as to first offenders under section 562 (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure :—

Muhammad K. Ghulam Dastagir Sahib, Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Chingleput.
M.R.Ry. Sesa M. Furushothama Achari, Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Chingleput.

Fort St. George, April 30, 1936.

M.R.Ry. Penumarajn Ramakrishna Rao, Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Kistna.

Fort St. George, May 1, 1936

No. 85.—The Governor in Council is pleased to empower M.R.Ry. Gopalacharyulu Ayyangar Gopalaramanuja Charlu Avargal, Special First class Magistrate in the district of Tinnevelly to take cognizance under clauses (a) and (b) of section 190 (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, of the offences specified in items (1) to (5) of rule 1 of the rules in Notification No. 737, Home (Judicial), dated the 13th August 1919, published at page 1040 and 1041 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 26th idem, as amended by subsequent notifications arising within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Ambasamudram.

No. 86.—The Governor in Council is pleased to empower M.R.Ry. Tenkasi Seenia Pillai Kuttalingara Pillai Avargal, Special Particular Magistrate in the district of Tinnevelly, to take cognizance under clauses (a) and (b) of section 190 (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, of the offences specified in items (1) to (5) of rule 1 of the rules in Notification No. 737, Home (Judicial), dated the 13th August 1919, published at pages 1040 and 1041 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 26th idem, as amended by subsequent notifications arising within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Tenkasi.

Fort St. George, May 2, 1936.

No. 87.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, M.R.Ry. S. Mahalinga Ayyar, Sub-Magistrate in the district of South Arcot, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the second class, and under section 37 he is invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a Magistrate of that class except the powers to record statements and confessions under section 164 and to authorize the detention of the accused persons in the custody of the police under section 167 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Fort St. George, April 29, 1936.

No. 88.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, M.R.Ry. Swaminatha Pillai Ganesa Pillai, Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate in the district of Tanjore, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the second class, and under section 37 he is invested with all

the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a Magistrate of that class except the powers to record statements and confessions and remand to jail, to authorise the detention of the accused persons in the custody of the police under section 167, and to pass sentence on first offenders under section 562 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

MARRIAGE LICENCES.

Fort St. George, April 24, 1936.

No. 85.—Under section 6 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 the Government sanction the issue of licences to the undermentioned gentlemen to grant certificates of marriage between Indian Christians in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, within the areas now under the administration of the Government of Madras:—

Mr. Russell Paul of the American Baptist Telugu Mission residing at Satchur in the taluk of Narasaraopet in the district of Guntur.

Mr. Dosam Zakkaraya of the American Baptist Telugu Mission residing at Bimpet in the taluk of Palnad in the district of Guntur.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

Mr. Erumilla Daved as of the American Baptist Telugu Mission residing at Arnadur in the taluk of Arnadur in the district of Nellore.

Reverend Nagalingam Perumal Daniel of the Madura Church Council of the South India United Church, residing at Tiruppuvanam in the taluk of Sivaganga in the district of Ramnad.

No. 86.—Under section 6 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 the Government sanction the issue of a licence to the undermentioned gentleman to solemnize marriages within the territories under the administration of the Government of Madras, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act:—

Reverend Nagalingam Perumal Daniel of the Madura Church Council of the South India United Church, residing at Tiruppuvanam in the taluk of Sivaganga in the district of Ramnad.

No. 91.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872), the Governor in Council is hereby pleased, with effect on and from the 28th May 1936, to revoke the licence granted to Mr Kodiyanti Ramaiah of the American Baptist Telugu Mission in the district of Nellore under the said section on the 10th day of February 1926.

No. 92.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872), the Governor in Council is hereby pleased to revoke the licence granted to the Reverend Nagalingam Perumal Daniel of the Madura Church Council of the South India United Church in the district of Madura under the said sections on the ninth day of March 1926.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 93.—Under section 57 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920 (V of 1920), the Local Government are pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib A. Dayaraja Mudaliyar Avargal, to be Official Receiver within the limits of the local jurisdiction of the District Court of Chittoor for one year with effect from the 9th May 1936.

No. 94.—Under sub-section 1 of section 57 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920 (V of 1920) the Local Government are pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib R. Krishna Ayyar Avargal to be Official Receiver within the limits of the local jurisdiction of the District Court, Ramnad, for a period of one year from the 6th May 1936.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.
(G.O. Ms. No. 306, Home).

No. 95.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 39 to 41 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government are hereby pleased to make the following special rules:—

RULES.

The cadre of the Madras Civil Service (Judicial Branch) shall be increased temporarily by the posts specified in the first column of the table below for the period specified in the corresponding entry in the second column thereof:—

TABLE.

Post. (1)	*Period.* (2)
Category II— Additional District Munsif, Coimbatore / Additional District Munsif, Amalapur	From the commencement of the summer recess in 1936 to the commencement of the Christmas holidays in 1936.
Additional District Munsif, Kalahasthi	From the commencement of the summer recess in 1936 up to the commencement of the summer recess in 1937.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 326, Home)

No. 96.—The following notification of the Government of Bengal is republished:—

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

(PRESS BRANCH.)

The 6th April 1936.

No. 2227-Pub.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 19 of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931 (XXIII of 1931), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare all copies, wherever found, of a booklet in English entitled "Comrade Muzaffar Ahmed" by Satyendra Nath Tagore, printed by Provat Sen at the Ruby Press at 21-A, Baidon Street Calcutta, and published by the same from Ganabani Office at 20, Cornwallis Street Calcutta, to be forfeited to His Majesty, on the ground that it appears to the Governor in Council that the said booklet contains words of the nature described in clause (*b*) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the said Act.

Fort St George, April 30, 1936
(G.O. Ms No. 370, Home).

No. 97.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

The cadre of the Madras Police Subordinate Service shall be increased temporarily by the posts of one Sergeant (III grade), one head constable (III grade) and two constables for the performance of work connected with the watching of passenger traffic, checking of passports and prevention of smuggling of arms and ammunition at the Port of Cochin in the Malabar district, for the period commencing on the date of appointment and ending on the 31st of March 1937 or on the date on which a regular Harbour Police force is formed for the purpose, whichever is earlier.

The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall respectively apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Fort St George, April 29, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 371, Home).

No. 98.—Notification No. 363, published at page 462 of Part I of *Fort St George Gazette*, dated the 7th April 1936, is cancelled in so far as it relates to Messrs. M. Ananthanarayanan, I.C.S., and M. S. Sivaraman, I.C.S.

Fort St. George, April 30, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 370, Home).

No. 99.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadres of the undermentioned services shall be increased temporarily by the number of posts and for the period noted against them for the performance of work connected with the management of the Criminal

Tribes Settlement at Ammangar, Kottur, Bitangargutta-Siddhapuram and Bitragunta.

Service.	Number of posts temporarily increased.	Period of temporary increase.
(1) Class I (Superior) of the Madras Police Subordinate Service.	Five (third grade) for performance of the duties of the Managers of the five settlements.	One Year from 16th April 1936.
(2) The Madras Ministerial Service—		
(a) Upper division clerks.	One for Criminal Tribes Settlement at Bitragunta.	
(b) Lower division clerks.	Three for Criminal Tribes Settlement at Ammangar.	
	One for Criminal Tribes Settlement at Kottur.	
	Two for Criminal Tribes Settlement at Siddhapuram.	
	One for Criminal Tribes Settlement at Siddhapuram.	
	Two for Criminal Tribes Settlement at Bitragunta.	

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadres shall respectively apply to the holders of the said temporary posts subject to the following modifications, namely that there shall be paid to the Inspector who is holding the temporary post of Manager, Criminal Tribes Settlement, Ammangar, in addition to his pay, a special pay calculated at the rate Rs. 40 a month :

Provided that nothing contained in this rule shall affect the operation of the rules published with Public (Services) Department Notification No. 67, dated the 16th June 1933, published at pages 1160–1163 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 1st August 1933, as subsequently amended.

3. The District Magistrate concerned shall be the appointing authority in respect of the said temporary posts of clerks.

Fort St. George, May 1, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 302, Home).

No. 100.—Under section 16 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1924 (VI of 1924), the Governor in Council is pleased to place in the Bitragunta Reformatory Settlement, Nellore district, Vallapu Nagadu, C T M. No. K.U.D.W./304, belonging to the Criminal Tribe of Donga Maidans, in respect of whom a notification has been published under section 11 of the Act.

No. 101.—

Whereas there is reason to believe that the undermentioned Boyas residing in the villages named below, viz. Alur, Adoni, Hospet, Kudligi and Siruguppa taluks of Bellary district, are addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences, the Governor in Council in exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 3 of the Criminal Tribes Act VI of 1924, hereby declares that the said persons form a criminal tribe for the purpose of the said Act :—

Name.	Village.	Taluk.
Boya Muslim alias Mag Gharadu.	Alur	Alur.
Boya Lenkanda	Agasi	Do.
Boya Narayana	Chippegiri	Do.
Boya Gandi	Denkikal	Do.
Anamanda alias Mongadi	Devinagidem ..	Do.
Gollu Hanumanthu ..	Hemlatham	Do.
Jakka Kanna	Do	Do.
Dukkada alias Savalingadi	Do	Do.
Boya Kunti Kona	Do	Do.
Boya Mallanagadu alias Gopiti—gadu.	Kanakavadu ..	Adoni.
Boya Pydoh Bangalanada alias Peddu Pedo Balesangu.	Gudekal	Do.
Manchala Pampa alias Gudisadu.	Nandanavanam ..	Do.
Jogi Chinna Hanumakka- du.	Kaddidoddi	Do.
Boya Lenna	Peddu Thumbalam	Do.
Boya Bangala Somappa ..	Hirehal	Hospet.
Boya Lakkanna Thippa ..	Chikkahalakihi ..	Do.
Boya Thamana Kona ..	Doddyanahalal ..	Do.
Boya Tallari Hanumakka	Anaji-ayar-guddi ..	Kudligi.
Boya Nagalakshmi Siruvu.	Chavalgatta	Do.
Boya Kari Bimdi	Do.	Do.
Ullagi Bharma	Do.	Do.
Gunti Moosa alias Rangdi.	Do.	Do.
Boya Lakkana	Kudligi	Do.
Gadi	Kallakota	Siruguppa.
Boya Maleeva	Mota Nagiri ..	Do.
Boya Kare Pona	Sugnam	Do.

No. 102.—

Under section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Act the Governor in Council further directs that every registered member of the said criminal tribe of Boyas shall report himself at such intervals as may be prescribed by the District Magistrate, Bellary, and shall also notify his place of residence and any change or intended change of residence and any absence or intended absence from his residence.

R. M. HOOD,
Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, April 30, 1936.

No. 204.—M.R.Ry. M. A. Kuttalingam Pillai Avargal, Deputy Collector, leave on average pay without medical certificate for one month and twelve days from the date of his relief.

Fort St. George, May 1, 1936.

No. 205.—M.R.Ry. C. Innayya Reddi Garu, Deputy Collector, leave on average pay without medical certificate for one month and twelve days with effect from the date of his relief.

APPOINTMENT AND POSTING.

Steamboat Hill, April 30, 1936.

No. 206.—M.R.Ry. T. N. Nellaiyappa Pillai Avargal, Sub Registrar, Selection Grade, on return from leave, to act as Registrar of Assurances and is posted to Kurnool, vice M.R.Ry. V. Venkatramana Ayyar Avargal who will revert to his permanent appointment.

POSTINGS.

Steamboat Hill, April 28, 1936.

No. 207.—M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur V. Venkatarattnayya Nayudu Garu, on relief by M.R.Ry. K. Kodandapani Pillai Avargal, deputed to undergo training in treasury work for a period of 3 to 3½ months in the Anantapur treasury and is posted as Additional Treasury Deputy Collector in the districts of Anantapur, Bellary and Chittoor. He will, at the close of his training, hold charge successively of the District Treasuries of those districts and relieve the permanent Treasury Deputy Collectors who will conduct the annual inspection of the sub-treasuries in their respective districts.

No. 208.—The following postings of deputy collectors are ordered :—

M.R.Ry. S. Narasimha Rao Pantulu Garu, on relief of his duties as Personal Assistant to the ex-officio President of the Tirupattur Municipal District Board, to general duty, North Arcot.

(1) M.R.Ry. C. Sugaraeelu Mudaliyar Avargal, from special duty as Land Acquisition Officer, Cauvery-Mettur Project, Tanjore, to special duty as Special Officer for the preparation of the record of rights, Cauvery-Mettur Project, Tanjore, vice M.R.Ry. M. A. Kuttalingam Pillai Avargal.

(This cancels the orders in the notification, dated 6th April 1936 deputing M.R.Ry C. Sugaravelu Mudaliyar Avargal, for training in treasury work at the Bellary treasury.)

(2) M.R.Rv. K. Kodandapani Pillai Avargal, from General duty, North Arcot, to general duty, South Arcot, in relief of M.R.Ry Rao Bahadur V. Venkatarattnayya Nayudu Garu.

Steamboat Hill, April 29, 1936.

M.R.Ry C. Doraiswami Kavirajar Avargal, on return from leave, to general duty, Visagapatam, for charge of the Narsapatam division.

Steamboat Hill, May 2, 1936.

Syed Abdul Qadir Sahib Bahadur, on return from leave, to general duty, Kistna.

M.R.Ry P. V. Subba Rao Pantulu Garu, from general duty, Kistna, to special duty, Vizagapatam, for conducting the preliminary enquiry into the Central Urban Bank Fraud Case, Vizianagram.

NOTIFICATIONS

Fort St. George, April 23, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 904, Revenue.)

No. 209.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of Lower division clerks in the Madras Ministerial Service employed in the Revenue Department in the Virudhunagar district shall be increased temporarily by two posts in the Revenue Divisional Office, Paramakudi, for a period of two years commencing on 1st March 1936, for the performance of work connected with the Kurukkusalai estate.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Fort St. George, April 23, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 913, Revenue.)

No. 210.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of lower division clerks in the Madras Ministerial Service employed in the Revenue Department in the Virudhunagar district shall be increased temporarily by two posts for a period of one year commencing on the date of appointment of the clerks in the Collector's office, Virudhunagar for the performance of work connected with the Vilunjaram estate.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Fort St. George, April 24, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 916, Revenue).

No. 211.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) rules the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of the lower division clerks in the Madras Ministerial Service in the Salem district shall be increased temporarily by one post in the Revenue Divisional Office, Namakkal, for a period of one year commencing on 3rd May 1936, for the performance of work connected with the administration of the Madras Estates Land Act.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post.

Fort St. George, April 24, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 924, Revenue).

No. 212.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules in supersession of the special rules published with the notifications specified in the margin:—

Notification No. 378, dated 11th February 1936, at page 163 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* dated 18th February 1936.

RULES.

1. The cadre of Deputy Tahsildars in the Madras Revenue Subordinate Service shall be increased temporarily by one post in each of the taluks of Tekkalkot and Pattadakal in the old Gangam district for a period commencing in each case from the date of appointment and ending on the 31st March 1936 for the performance of loans work in the two taluks.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

No. 213.—

(i) Notification No. 171, dated 5th February 1936, at page 135 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* dated 11th February 1936.

(ii) Notification No. 180, dated 12th March 1936 at page 448 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 7th April 1936.

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules in supersession of the special rules published with the notifications specified in the margin:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of clerks, lower division, employed in the Revenue Department in the old Ganjam district shall be increased temporarily by four posts in the Tekkali taluk and one post in the Parlakimedi taluk for the period commencing in each case on the date of the appointment and ending on 31st March 1936 for the performance of loans work in these taluks.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

No. 214.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of Deputy Tahsildars in the Madras Revenue Subordinate Service shall be increased temporarily by one post in each of the taluks of Tekkali and Palapattanam in the Vizagapatam district for a period of two months commencing in each case from 1st April 1936 for the performance of loans work in these taluks.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

No. 215.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of clerks, lower division, in the Madras Ministerial Service employed in the Revenue Department in the Vizagapatam district shall be increased temporarily by seven posts in the Tekkali taluk and by four posts in the Palapattanam taluk for a period of two months commencing in each case from 1st April 1936 for the performance of loans work in these taluks.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Fort St. George, April 23, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 930, Revenue).

No. 216.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following rules:—

RULES

1. The cadre of category 3 (draughtsman) of the Madras Land Records Subordinate Service shall be increased temporarily by one post in the West Godavari district for a period of three months from the date of appointment of a draughtsman for the performance of work connected with the acquisition of lands for the Lenari and Venuleluvu projects.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post.

Fort St. George, April 25, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 931, Revenue)

No. 217.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of lower division clerks in the Madras Ministerial Service employed in the Revenue Department in the Tirunelveli district shall be increased temporarily by one post in the Estate Collector's office, Kovilpatti, for a period of two years commencing on 1st January 1936 for the performance of work connected with the Kadalkudy estate.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 947, Revenue).

No. 218.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of the lower division clerks in the Madras Ministerial Service employed in the Collector's office,

Virazapatnam, shall be increased temporarily by two posts for a period of one month with effect from the date of appointment for the performance of work connected with the verification and sorting of the records relating to the portion of the old Canjam district now included in the Virazapatnam district.

2. The general and special rules applicable to the holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.

[G.O. Ms. No. 949, Revenue].

No. 219.—Under the provisions of section 6 (1) of the Indian Registration Act XVI of 1908, the Governor-in-Council is pleased to direct that from and after the 16th July 1936 the village Leechalfarm mentioned in column (2) which now forms part of the registration sub-district named against it in column (4) be transferred to and form part of the registration sub-district named against it in column (5) in the registration district of Trichinopoly. The limits of the village shall be the limits which shall from time to time be determined for purposes of revenue administration :—

Serial number.	Survey number.	Name of village.	Transferred.	
			From sub-district.	To sub-district.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
		LALGUDI TALUK.		
		(Government.)		
1	67	Tinaiyam ..	Pullambadi.	Lalgudi.

Fort St. George, April 30, 1936.

(G.O. Ms. No. 969, Revenue).

No. 220.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of the lower division clerks in the Madras Ministerial Service employed in the Revenue department in the South Arcot district shall be increased temporarily by one post for a period of six months commencing from the date of appointment of the clerk for work connected with the acquisition of lands for field channels for the developments of irrigation in the Tuludur Project of the South Arcot district.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary post.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Fort St. George, April 30, 1936.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·65 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for tank bund Thottakulam ; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Kodpatti, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Kodpatti, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tinnevelly district, Kodpatti taluk.
Ottapidaram village.

	Acre.
Government dry, S. No. 442-2 patnadari (1) 239 K. Arimuthaiyan, (2) K. Subbayya, (3) Muthan alias Muthiah and (4) Lakshmanan, occupiers patnadari Sun. (1) Co 14 and (5) Pachamuthan Lakshmanan, mortgagee Pichu Janaki Ammal, Patnadari Ammal, Wife Muthuraya Pillai, 2 nanjanilaiyan Pillai and A. Arunai Ayyasami, bounded on the north by S. No. 441 road by E. No. 36; south by S. No. 443; west by S. No. 112-1	0·65

Fort St. George, April 25, 1936.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the lands specified below and measuring 0·72 of an acre, be the same a little more or less are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of loop and road diversion at Viravanadi Railway Station ; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Sub-Collector, Tindivanam, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act, and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said lands. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Tindivanam, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

South Arcot district, Villupuram taluk,
Viravanadi village.

	Acre.
Government dry, R.S. No. 676-2 P. belonging to Pallavaya Reddi son of Muthukumarappa Reddi bounded on the North by R.S. No. 676-2 A ; east by R.S. No. 677 ; south by R.S. No. 676-1 ; west by R.S. No. 676-1	0·15
Government dry, R.S. No. 772-1 P. belonging to T. N. Venkatapathi Reddi son of Thathayyaramu Reddi bounded on the north by R.S. Nos. 771 and 772-1 ; east by R.S. No. 772-1 C & D ; south and west by R.S. No. 772-1 A	0·43
Government dry, R.S. No. 772-1 D. belonging to T. N. Venkatapathi Reddi son of Thathayyaramu Reddi bounded on the north by R.S. No. 771 ; east by R.S. Nos. 771 and 772-2 ; south by R.S. Nos. 772-2 and 772-1 C ; west by R.S. No. 772-1 A, B & C	0·14
Total ..	0·72

H. R. UZIELLI,
Secretary to Government.

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, April 29, 1936.

No. 102.—M.R.Ry. C. V. Sesha Acharya Avargal, Assistant Director of Agriculture, Madura, leave on average pay for two months with effect from the 1st May 1936 or date of relief.

Fort St. George, May 1, 1936.

No. 103.—M.R.Ry. T. S. Alagappa Pillai Avargal, District Veterinary Officer, Nellore, leave on average pay for four months from or after 1st May 1936.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 104.—M.R.Ry. T. Vinayaka Mudaliyar Avargal, Veterinary Assistant Surgeon, Selection Grade, to act as District Veterinary Officer, Nellore, vice M.R.Ry. T. S. Alagappa Pillai Avargal, granted leave.

C. J. PAUL,
Secretary to Government.

No. 105.—M.R.Ry. C. R. Srinivasa Ayyangar Avargal, Superintendent, Agricultural Research Station, Pattambi, to officiate as Paddy Specialist, Coimbatore, with effect from the date of taking charge.

No. 106.—M.R.Ry. C. M. John Avargal, Assistant, Oil Seeds Section, to officiate as Oil Seeds Specialist, Coimbatore, with effect from 4th May 1936 or date of taking charge, vice Dr. J. S. Patel.

No. 107.—M.R.Ry. C. Ramaswami Kayuda Garu, Assistant Director of Agriculture, Cuddalore, on leave, is appointed to a post in Category 4, Class I of the Madras Agricultural Service and to officiate as Deputy Director of Agriculture, II Circle, Guntur, with effect from 17th April 1936 or date of relief of M.R.Ry. T. Sudhavidhaya Rao Kayuda Garu as Deputy Director, II Circle, without prejudice to his leave.

No. 108.—M.R.Ry. R. N. K. Sundaram Avargal, Assistant Director of Agriculture, Cuddalore, is appointed to a post in Category 4, Class I of the Madras Agricultural Service and to officiate as Deputy Director of Agriculture, II Circle, Guntur, vice No. 1 on leave with effect from date of taking charge.

R. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

ERRATUM.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, published at page 97 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* dated 21st January 1936, in respect of land required for provision of house sites for Adi-Andhras in Nagarampalem, hamlet of Rachavaripalem, Ongole taluk—

For patnadars Cherukuri Ramayya, Cherukuri Narasayya, Cherukuri Subbayya, Cherukuri Sesayya, Cherukuri Kondayya, Cherukuri Appalaswamy, Kari Uppaya Sanjanna Sathanna, Kakarla Jerusa, Kakarla Rajalakshmi and Kakarla Nagalakshmi,

read [illegible] Chenkara Ramaiah, Chenkuri Subbaiya, Chenkara Ramaiah, Cherukuri Kamaiah, Mad. Lingaya, Kakati Subbiah, Kakarla Ramayya, Kakarla Narasimha, Kakarla Subbaiah, Kakarla Lakshmanarao, Chenkuri Subbamma, Chenkuri Bullayya, Chenkuri Narasimham, Chenkuri Chinna, Chenkuri Narayana and Kuri Venkatramudu, being minor, by Kakati and guardian Subbiah.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, March 30, 1926
(*G.O. No. 873, Development*).

No. 199 —

In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 28, 30, 32, 33, 36, 41, 43, 45, 47, 48, 55, &c., 59 (6) and 79 of the Factories Act, 1934 (XXV of 1934), and in supersession of Development Department Notification No. 246, dated the 24th August 1925, published at pages 992–1007 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 15th September 1925, as subsequently amended, the Governor in Council is hereby pleased to make the following rules, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of section 84 of the said Act, namely :—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. These rules may be called the Madras Factories Rules, 1926.

2. In these rules unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) "the Act" means the Factories Act, 1934 ;

(b) "artificial humidification" means the introduction of moisture into a room by any artificial means whatsoever, except (i) the use of gas or oil for lighting purposes and (ii) the unavoidable escape of steam or water vapour into the atmosphere directly due to the treatment of any article or substance by water or steam in the course of any manufacturing process ; provided that the introduction of air from outside through minimized inlets or screens placed outside open windows and ventilators openings at times when the temperature of the room is 90 degrees or more shall not be deemed to be artificial humidification ;

(c) "belt hanger" means a perch or guard fixed near the side and upper edge of a pulley on which the belt can rest if it runs off, or is removed from, the pulley ;

(d) "Chief Inspector" means the person appointed as the Chief Inspector under sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Act ;

(e) "cooling power" means the cooling power of the air in millicalories per square centimeter per second as measured by the kata-thermometer ;

(f) "degree" of temperature means a degree on the Fahrenheit scale ;

(g) "Form" means a form annexed to these rules ;

(h) "Health Officer" in relation to a factory means—

(i) if the factory is situated in a municipality having a separate Health Officer, the Municipal Health Officer ;

(ii) if the factory is situated in a local fund area, the District Health Officer ;

(iii) if the factory is situated elsewhere, such officer or person as may be appointed by the Local Government in that behalf ; and

(iv) if the factory is situated in a municipality having a separate Health Officer or in a local fund area but the Local Government considers it convenient and suitable to appoint some other person, such officer or person as may be appointed by the Local Government in that behalf ;

(i) "hygrometer" means an accurate wet and dry bulb thermometer conforming to the directions prescribed in rules 39 to 43 ;

(j) "Inspector" means the person appointed as Inspector under sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Act ;

Provided that—

(1) when in any area the Local Government has, by notification in the local Official Gazette under sub-section (3) of section 10 of the Act, declared that the District Magistrate or an Additional Inspector shall exercise all the powers of an Inspector under the Act, the word "Inspector" shall be held to include such District Magistrate or Additional Inspector ; and

(2) when in any area the Local Government has declared, as aforesaid, that a District Magistrate or Additional Inspector shall exercise certain powers of an Inspector the word "Inspector" shall be held to include such District Magistrate or Additional Inspector, only in respect of such provisions of the Act as are specified in the notification and of the rules framed thereunder ;

(k) "kata-thermometer" means the instrument invented by Professor Leonard Hill, M.B., F.R.S., and manufactured by John Hicks & Co., Hatton Gardens, London, for measuring the cooling power of the air ;

(l) "within reach" means within six feet of any spot on which any person may have to stand, or which any person may have to pass, in the course of his employment ; and

(m) words and expressions defined in the Act shall be deemed to have the same meaning as in the Act.

CHAPTER II.

RULES FRAMED UNDER CLAUSE (a) OF SECTION 35 OF THE ACT.

Rules under section 35 of the Act.

3. (1) In every factory all the inside walls of the rooms and all the ceilings of such rooms (whether such walls or ceilings be plastered or not) and all the passages and stair cases shall be lime-washed or colour washed at intervals of not more than twelve months dating from the time when they were last lime-washed or colour-washed and shall be maintained in a cleanly state.

(2) All beams, rafters, doors, window-frames and other woodwork with the exception of floors shall be either lime-washed or colour-washed at intervals of not more than twelve months dating from the time when they were last lime-washed or colour washed or shall be painted or varnished at intervals of not more than seven years dating from the time when they were last painted or varnished and shall be maintained in a clean state.

4. Rule 3 shall not apply to the following :—

(i) rooms used only for the storage of articles ;

(ii) walls or ceilings of rooms which are made of galvanized iron, flat tiles, glazed bricks, glass, slate, bamboo, thatch, cement plaster or polished stones ;

(iii) rooms in which manufacture is carried on in any gas works, forage presses, electrical works or cement factories ;

(iv) engineering workshops or foundries in which 2,000 cubic feet of air space is provided for each person employed ;

(v) walls in tea factories ;

(vi) walls of oil mills below a height of five feet from the ground ;

(vii) brick and tile works in which glazed bricks or tiles are made ;

(viii) walls of railway running sheds ;

(ix) works in which soap manufacture is carried on ;

(x) rooms in sugar factories in which sugar is stored or is in process of manufacture ;

(xi) rooms in tanneries in which soiling, tanning and dressing of hides and skins are carried on ;

(xii) ceilings of rooms in which the lowest part is at least 20 feet from the floor ;

(xiii) ceilings of rooms in which bleaching and dyeing are carried on ; and

(xiv) any other factory or part thereof in which lime-washing, colour-washing, painting or varnishing is, in the opinion of the Commissioner of Labour unnecessary to satisfy the requirements of section 13 of the Act in regard to cleanliness.

6. (a) Rubbish, filth or debris shall not be allowed to accumulate or to remain on any part of the premises in a factory for more than 24 hours, and shall be disposed of in a manner approved by the Health Officer. All filth and other decomposing matter shall be kept in covered receptacles.

(b) Wastes and effluents resulting from factory or industrial processes and which may be of the nature of injurious or obnoxious substances, shall not be disposed of without being suitably treated to render them unobjectionable, to the satisfaction of the Health Officer and of the Inspector of Factories. If any objection is raised by the occupier or the manager of the factory or if any difference of opinion arises between the Health Officer and the Inspector, with regard to the treatment of wastes and other effluents under this rule, the matter shall be referred to the Commissioner of Labour whose decision thereon shall be final.

7. All drains carrying waste of sullage water or sewage shall be constructed of masonry or other impermeable material and shall be regularly flushed at least twice daily and, where possible, connected with some recognised drainage line.

7. The factory and the compound surrounding it shall be maintained in a strictly sanitary and clean condition. The floors shall be swept or otherwise cleaned at least once daily, and the ceilings shall be dusted at least once a month.

8. The manager of every factory shall enforce the proper use of latrines and urinals and prevent pollution by excreta or urine of the surface of the ground in the vicinity of the latrine or urinal and in the compound of the factory. The manager of every factory shall make suitable arrangements for the regular cleaning and conserving of the latrines and urinals to the satisfaction of the Health Officer.

9. The area around the place where drinking water is distributed to the workers shall be kept clean and properly drained.

RULE UNDER SUB-SECTION (1) OF SECTION 14 OF THE ACT.

10. (1) In every room of a factory ventilating openings shall be provided in the proportion of five square feet for each worker employed in such room, and the openings shall be such as to admit of a continuous supply of fresh air:

Provided that, subject to the control of the Chief Inspector, the Inspector may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, relax the conditions of this sub-rule where, in his opinion, this may be done with due regard to the health of the workers employed in any room.

(2) In every room in a jute mill where opening of bales, batching, machine hackling, carding, preparing or any other process is carried on in which dust is generated to an extent likely to cause injury to the health of the workers, efficient exhaust and inlet ventilators shall be provided to secure that the dust is drawn away from the workers at, or as near as is reasonably possible to, the point at which it is generated.

(3) In every room in a cotton mill where slasher-sizing is carried on, an efficient arrangement for the removal of the steam given off in the process of drying the yarn shall be fitted. Slasher-sizing shall not be carried on in any room where any other process of manufacture is being performed:

Provided that in any cotton mill in which weaving sheds, sizing and winding departments were operating and a separate room for slasher-sizing had never been provided on or before the 1st January 1935 if a separate room for slasher-sizing cannot be provided without an expense deemed unreasonable in the circumstances, the Chief Inspector may, subject to such conditions as he may consider necessary, permit slasher-sizing to be carried on in a room in which another process of manufacture is being performed.

RULE UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE ACT.

11. In addition to space occupied by machinery, fixtures and materials kept in any room of a factory there shall be provided for each of the workers employed at any one time in the room—

(i) at least 36 square feet of floor space,

(ii) where mechanical or electrical power is not used, a breathing space of at least 500 cubic feet; and

(iii) where mechanical or electrical power is used, a breathing space of at least 750 cubic feet:

Provided that, subject to the control of the Chief Inspector, the Inspector may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, relax the provisions of the rule to such extent as he may consider necessary, where, in his opinion, such relaxation can be made having regard to the health of the persons employed in any room.

RULES UNDER SUB-SECTION (2) OF SECTION 18 OF THE ACT.

12. Drinking water shall be supplied to the workers free of cost.

13. (1) Where drinking water is not supplied from taps connected with a public water supply, it shall be taken from wells, bores or reservoirs so situated and constructed as to prevent pollution or contamination with organic matter or other impurity. If any such source of drinking water-supply is condemned by the Health Officer, the occupier of the factory shall be bound to provide a fresh source of drinking water supply approved by the Health Officer.

(2) During the prevalence of water-borne epidemics the water supply shall be chlorinated or otherwise treated as under it free from contamination to the satisfaction of the Health Officer and in the manner approved by him.

(3) Where water is stored for the use of the factory workers in pots or other receptacles the occupier of the factory shall be held responsible for seeing that they are kept in a clean state or adequately protected from contamination and that when necessary the water is chlorinated.

(4) Any source of drinking water-supply shall be capable of yielding at least as many gallons a day as there are workers in the factory.

RULE UNDER SUB-SECTION (3) OF SECTION 18 OF THE ACT.

14. In every factory in which any process involving contact by the workers with injurious or obnoxious substances is carried on, water suitable for washing and facilities for its use shall be provided free of cost for such workers according to the following standards:—

(1) Water shall be provided, preferably through taps, from a source approved by the Health Officer; such source shall be capable of yielding a supply at the rate of five gallons a day for each worker, or at such lower rates as may be approved by the Chief Inspector in consideration of the nature of the work.

(2) Suitable washing places with impervious floors and masonry drains shall be provided, and if the workers include women, separate washing places for women shall be provided and arranged in as to ensure their complete privacy. Such places shall be marked in conspicuous letters in the vernacular "For women only" and indicated so pictorially.

(3) Where, in the opinion of the Chief Inspector, the nature of the work requires that cubicles instead of ordinary washing places should be provided, separate cubicles shall be provided for men and for women at the rate of one cubicle for every twelve workers or for such larger number of workers as the Chief Inspector may approve. There shall be provided in each cubicle in addition to water—

(i) (a) such or a suitable vessel (such as a tumbler or a chemba) for washing,

(b) a nail brush; and

(c) an adequate supply of soap and when alkaline soap is used for removing grease or oil, suitable ointment or oil for anointing the skin, or

(ii) such of the articles mentioned in clause (i) as the Chief Inspector may specify having regard to the circumstances of each case.

Every worker using such cubicle shall be provided, free of charge, with a suitable towel for use in the cubicle, and the manager shall make suitable provision for the custody and maintenance of the towel in a clean condition.

RULES UNDER SECTION 20 OF THE ACT.

15. The occupier of every factory shall provide latrines within the precincts of the factory in an accessible place detached from the other factory buildings. If women are employed, separate latrines screened from those intended for men and marked in conspicuous letters in the vernacular "For women only" and indicated so pictorially shall be provided. Those for men shall be similarly marked "For men only" and also indicated so pictorially. Accommodation for both men and women shall be on such scale as may be laid down by the municipality concerned, if the factory is situated in a municipal area and, in other areas, by the other public authority concerned, provided that it shall not, in any case, fall short of the following scale:—

I.—Flush-out system of latrines.

A.—Men.

If separate urinals are provided—	*Seats.*
Where the number of male workers does not exceed 100.	One for every 25 or fraction thereof.
Where the number of male workers exceeds 100.	*Plus* for the first 100 and one for every 50 or larger number in excess of that.
	Seats.
If separate urinals are not provided ...	One for every 25 or lesser number.

B.—Women.

	Seats.
Whether separate urinals are provided or not.	One for every 25 or lesser number.

II.—Non-flush-out system of latrines of the ordinary type.

A.—Men.

When latrine accommodation is provided or not—	Seats.
Where the number of male workers does not exceed 10	One.
Where the number of male workers exceeds 10 but does not exceed 25	Two.
Where the number of male workers exceeds 25 but does not exceed 50	Three.
Where the number of male workers exceeds 50	Three for the first 50 and one for every 50 or less number in excess of 50.

B.—Women.

[Same scale as for men.]

Explanation I.—"Non-flush-out latrines" includes all types of latrines which are not connected with a water borne sewage system.

Explanation 2.—Separate urinals shall not be deemed to have been provided within the meaning of this rule unless—

(i) where the urinal is an open enclosure, a minimum of 20 square feet of floor space is provided for every 100 workers or lesser number, and

(ii) where the urinal is divided into compartments—

(a) one urinal is provided for every 50 workers or lesser number, and

(b) the urinals are in accordance with the Sanitary Engineer's Type Design San. No. 137/1918, as may, from time to time, be modified by the Sanitary Engineer:

Provided that in any factory in which only partial urinal accommodation has been provided, the Chief Inspector may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, reduce the number of latrine seats required to be provided by this rule.

III.—Non flush-out system of latrines of other types.

Such number of seats as may be prescribed by the Health Officer provided that such number shall not be less than the number laid down in Scale I or greater than that laid down in Scale II.

Exception.—This rule shall not apply to any factory which was in existence on the 31st October 1930. The Inspector may however require the occupier of any such factory to provide latrine accommodation on the scale laid down in this rule, if, in his opinion, the accommodation available in the factory is insufficient or if the latrines or the seats therein are out of date or in a dilapidated condition, or otherwise unsatisfactory.

13. (1) The latrines shall be of a design approved by the Health Officer.

(2) An appeal from any order passed by the Health Officer regarding the design of latrines shall be preferred within 30 days of the service of the order to the Commissioner of Labour, whose decision shall be final. The Commissioner shall consult the Director of Public Health, before disposing of such appeal.

17. The walls of latrines, unless constructed of polished stones, polished marble, polished stone, cement plaster, slate, porcelain slabs or glazed tiles, shall be either tarred or otherwise painted completely inside and out, or tarred or otherwise painted up to a height of three feet inside and out, and lime-washed or colour washed above that height at intervals of not more than six months dating from the time when they were last tarred or painted, or tarred, painted and lime-washed or colour-washed, as the case may be.

18. All latrines, except water-flushed latrines connected with a water-borne sewage system, septic tank latrines, bore-hole latrines and trench latrines, shall be provided with receptacles on the dry earth system. Where the Health Officer concerned, is satisfied that it is not possible to provide receptacles on the dry earth system he may permit the use of receptacles on any other system. All latrines shall be cleaned daily and kept in a strictly sanitary condition. The contents of all receptacles shall be buried in suitable trenches or where possible burnt in proper incinerators or disposed of in such other manner as the Health Officer concerned may require or approve. The receptacles shall be tarred inside and out as often as is necessary and at intervals of not more than three months dating from the time when they were last tarred.

19. If, in the opinion of the Chief Inspector, in the case of a factory situated in a place detached from other buildings and from which access to the open country on at least two sides of it is obtainable, such latrine accommodation is unnecessary to ensure the health of the operatives, he may exempt such factory from the provisions of rules 15 and 18, by an order in writing. But in such cases the occupier shall provide for the workers suitable earth trenches which shall be filled in every three days, and fresh ones dug.

RULES UNDER SECTION 22 OF THE ACT.

20. The manager of every factory shall adopt such precautions against danger by fire to the life of persons employed therein as are considered adequate by the Inspector.

21. No building forming part of a factory in which machinery or power is installed or which is used for storage of inflammable material shall have a roof or wall made of thatch, bamboo or other easily inflammable material:

Provided that the Inspector may exempt from the provisions of this rule any building having a roof or wall made of thatch, bamboo or other easily inflammable material which was in existence before the coming into force of these rules, if such building is detached from the main building and in the opinion of the Inspector is not likely to cause serious danger if it catches fire.

22. The manager of every factory shall cause to be displayed in English and in the principal vernacular of the district, in which the factory is situated, a notice in Form 'A' at all places in the vicinity of which there is inflammable material or in such places as the Inspector may direct and shall cause the contents of the notice to be explained to each worker in the vernacular understood by him.

Exception.—This rule shall not apply to places where a naked light may be used in the course of a manufacturing process in accordance with the provisions contained in the exception to section 60 of the Act.

23. In cotton ginning and pressing factories, the engine, coal gas producer and boiler rooms shall be permanently and completely separated from the machinery rooms to prevent the risk of fire.

Exception.—The provisions of this rule shall not apply to any factory in existence on 1st January 1933, if the compliance with the provisions of this rule will either involve an amount of expense or cause inconvenience, deemed unreasonable by the Chief Inspector.

24 In match factories—

(i) the residue of the head composition shall not in any way be mixed with the residue of the friction composition;

(ii) the rooms comprising the two mixing departments, namely, (a) head composition and (b) friction composition, shall be entirely separated from each other and the drums from these two departments shall be kept entirely separate;

(iii) rubbish containing the residues of the head composition and friction composition shall be kept and burnt separately;

(iv) departments in which completed matches (matches with heads only) are stored shall be separated from all other departments by means of fire-proof walls and doors providing adequate means of escape in case of fire, provided that the Chief Inspector may, subject to such conditions as he may deem necessary, exempt any factory in existence on 1st January 1933 from the provisions of this clause;

(v) no splints and no materials used for manufacturing matches shall be stored in the buildings used for the purpose of manufacture in excess of the quantity required for the manufacture in two days and no manufactured material shall be stored anywhere in the factory compound for more than five days after the manufacture, except in the storage godowns;

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to splints and veneers in cases stored in peeling and box making departments; and

(vi) store rooms for matches shall be entirely separated by fire-proof walls from the buildings used for manufacture.

RULES UNDER SECTION 36 OF THE ACT.

26. Notice of accidents—

(1) which cause death, or

(2) which cause such bodily injury as is likely to prevent the person injured from resuming his work in the factory during the 48 hours after the occurrence of the accident, or

(3) which are caused by—

(a) the bursting of a boiler or steam vessel, wheel, spur wheel or grindstone moved by mechanical power;

(b) the collapse of any building or part of any building in the factory;

(c) the breaking of a rope, chain or other appliance used in raising or lowering persons or goods with the aid of mechanical power; or

(d) fire affecting any room in which persons are employed which is likely to cause complete suspension of ordinary work therein for not less than 24 hours,

shall be sent within four hours of the occurrence of the accident—

(1) to the Inspector; and

(2) to the Commissioner of Police if the accident occurred within the City of Madras, and to the District Magistrate concerned if the accident occurred elsewhere or, if the District Magistrate by general order so directs, to the Subdivisional Magistrate concerned.

In the case of an accident which causes death, or which is caused by the bursting of a boiler or collapse of any building or part of a building, such notice shall be sent by telegram, telephone or special messenger.

27. In the case of any accident which causes death, notice shall also be sent within the same time and by similar agency to the officer in charge of the police station for the area in which the factory is situated.

28. If the notice is sent in writing it shall be in Form E, and if it is sent by telegram or telephone, it shall be confirmed by a written report in that Form.

29. Notice of accidents which at first appear to be of a minor character but which actually either prevent the injured person from resuming his work in the factory during the 48 hours after the occurrence of the accident or, in the case of fire, which cause complete suspension of ordinary work in a room for not less than 24 hours after its occurrence shall be given in Form E to the authorities specified in rule 26 within 24 hours after the expiry of—

(1) 48 hours after the occurrence of the accident, or

(2) 24 hours after the occurrence of the fire.

30. Where an accident occurs and the nature of the injury or the result thereof subsequently proves to be different from the description contained in the original notice of the accident in Form E, a supplemental notice making the necessary additions or corrections shall be sent as soon as possible and within three months from the date of the occurrence of the accident to the authorities mentioned in rule 26 and, if the accident causes death, immediately to the authority mentioned in rule 28.

CHAPTER IX.

RULES UNDER SUB-SECTION (1) OF SECTION 15 AND CLAUSE (g) OF SECTION 32 OF THE ACT.

31. Rules 31 to 46 apply to the artificial humidification of cotton mills.

32. The introduction of artificial humidity into any room in a cotton mill shall cause whenever the wet bulb reading of the hygrometer provided in the room is higher than that specified in the Schedule to this Chapter for the wet bulb reading corresponding to the dry bulb reading of the same hygrometer at the same time.

Where the dry bulb reading is intermediate between two consecutive dry bulb readings as indicated in the Schedule, the lower of the two dry bulb readings shall be deemed to be the dry bulb reading of the hygrometer for the purpose of this rule.

Explanation.—Where there is more than one hygrometer in the room, the average readings of all the hygrometers shall be taken for the purposes of this rule.

33. Rule 31 shall not apply when—

(a) the difference between the wet bulb reading as indicated by the hygrometer in the room concerned and the wet bulb reading taken with a hygrometer outside in the shade is less than 3·3 degrees; or

(b) the cooling power of the air in the room as measured by the wet reading of a kata thermometer at a height of 5 feet in all usual working places is greater than 11 millicalories per square centimeter per second.

33. In any room in which steam is used for the purpose of artificial humidification, the introduction shall cease when the dry bulb temperature of the room exceeds 95 degrees.

34. In all rooms in which artificial humidification is used, hygrometers on the scale laid down below shall be provided and maintained :—

(a) *Weaving departments.*—Two hygrometers for each room with less than 500 looms, and one additional hygrometer for every 500 or part of 500 looms in excess of 500.

(b) *Other departments.*—One hygrometer for each room of a capacity of 300,000 cubic feet or less, and one additional hygrometer for each 200,000 cubic feet, or part thereof, in excess of 300,000 cubic feet.

(c) One hygrometer shall be provided and maintained for taking shade temperatures. This shall be fixed in a position approved by the Inspector.

35. The pipes used for the introduction of steam into the atmosphere in any department of a cotton mill shall, so far as they are within the department, be as small, both in diameter and length, as is reasonably practicable and shall be covered with non-conducting material to the satisfaction of the Inspector, so as to minimize the amount of heat thrown off by them into the department.

36. If it is proved to the satisfaction of the Chief Inspector that in every room in a department, not being a weaving department of a cotton mill, the limits of humidity allowed in the Schedule to this Chapter are not ordinarily exceeded, the Chief Inspector may, by an order in writing, exempt that department from the provisions of rules 31 and 34. The manager of the factory shall have a copy of such order pasted in the inspection book maintained under rule 168.

37. A copy of the Schedule to this Chapter shall be affixed near each hygrometer and be maintained in a legible state.

38. (1) The correct wet and dry bulb readings shall be recorded at each hygrometer by competent persons appointed by the manager of the factory and approved by the Inspector at the following times on every working day :—

(a) Once between 7 a.m. and 9 a.m.

(b) Once between 11 a.m. and 2 p.m.

(c) Once between 4 p.m. and 6-30 p.m.

(2) These temperatures shall be recorded at the time of reading in a pocket note-book in Form C and entered in a special Humidity Register in Form D. The pocket note-book and the register shall be maintained in a clean and legible state. At the end of each week the person making the readings shall sign the register and certify that the readings are accurate and that such hygrometer has been maintained in accordance with these rules. The register and the pocket note-book shall at all times be available for inspection by the Inspector and copies of the entries made therein shall be sent to him whenever he so requires.

NOTE.—Copies of the forms can be had on payment from the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras.

(3) The entries made in the register shall be considered as *prima facie* evidence of the temperature and humidity of any department but an Inspector may at any time check the correctness of the readings by personal observations.

(4) Every hygrometer maintained in each department of a cotton mill under these rules shall be given a serial number in the Humidity Register and such numbers shall be marked on the respective hygrometers and referred to in the pocket note-book.

39. Every hygrometer shall be constructed and maintained in the manner mentioned below :—

(a) It shall comprise two mercurial or alcohol thermometers, similar in construction and equal in dimensions, scale, and divisions of scale. Each hygrometer shall be mounted on a wooden or metal frame and have a suitable receptacle containing water.

(b) The wet bulb shall be closely covered with a single layer of fine muslin, kept wet by means of a cotton or woollen wick attached to it and dipping into the water of a reservoir. The muslin covering the wet bulb and the wick shall be suitable for the purpose and clean. Previous to use, all size and grease shall be effectively removed by boiling the muslin in water.

(c) The length of the wick between the wet bulb and the pot of which it dips into the water reservoir shall not exceed three inches. The wick shall be attached to the wet bulb by means of a clip and the wick which shall not be less than 2 inches from the reservoir.

40. (1) Each thermometer shall have the following characteristics, namely :—

(a) the bulb shall be spherical, and of suitable dimensions ;

(b) the bore of the stem shall be such that the top of the fluxion or alcohol column may be clearly defined, and correct readings made at a distance of 2 feet ;

(c) shall be graduated so that accurate readings may be made up to 120 degrees ;

(d) every degree from 50 degrees up to 120 degrees shall be clearly marked by horizontal lines on the glass stem of the thermometer itself, each fifth and tenth degrees shall be marked by longer marks than intermediate degrees, and the number marked opposite each tenth degree, i.e., 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110 and 120 ;

(e) the markings shall be accurate to within ±2 degrees in all readings between 50 and 120 degrees ;

(f) the accuracy of each shall be certified by the National Physical Laboratory, London, or the Meteorological, Madras, and such certificate shall be kept attached to the Humidity Register.

(2) If an Inspector gives notice in writing that a thermometer is inaccurate, it shall be replaced by another of certified accuracy within two months :

Provided that if after examination by the certifying authority referred to in sub-rule (1) a fresh certificate of accuracy is obtained within the period of two months, such certificate shall be attached to the Humidity Register and it shall not be necessary to replace the thermometer.

41. Every hygrometer shall be so mounted that :

(a) the accuracy of the dry bulb temperature shall not be affected by the proximity of water in the reservoir ; and

(b) the bulb of such thermometer shall be freely exposed on all sides to the air of the room.

42. Every hygrometer shall be maintained at all times during the period of employment in efficient working order so as to give accurate readings. For every hygrometer the following conditions shall be observed, namely :—

(a) The muslin covering and wick of the wet bulb shall be renewed once a week ;

(b) The water in the reservoir shall be renewed as frequently as is necessary to keep the receptacle at least half full of water.

(c) The water used shall be distilled, boiled or pure rain water.

43. No readings of the hygrometer shall be taken within fifteen minutes of the renewal of the water in the reservoir.

44. No hygrometer shall be affixed to a wall, pillar or other surface unless suitably protected from it by a non-conducting material.

45. No hygrometer shall be suspended at a height of more than 5 feet from the floor of a room or in the direct draught from a fan, window or ventilating opening.

46. (1) The positions of hygrometers shall be such as to give an accurate indication of the temperature of the room in which they are hung. The positions and construction of the hygrometers shall be approved by the Inspector subject to confirmation by the Chief Inspector.

(2) The hygrometer provided for taking shade temperatures under clause (a) of rule 34 shall be placed in such a position as to be protected at all times from the direct rays of the sun as far from rain, and capable at all times of giving true shade temperatures.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule for purposes of rules 32, 36 and 37 showing maximum wet bulb readings permitted at different dry bulb readings in various mills.

Dry bulb.		Wet bulb	Dry bulb.		Wet bulb	Dry bulb.		Wet bulb.
60·0	..	56·0	80·0	..	73·0	100·0	..	91·0
61·0	..	56·8	81·0	..	73·8	101·0	..	91·8
62·0	..	57·6	82·0	..	74·6	102·0	..	92·6
63·0	..	58·3	83·0	..	75·3	103·0	..	93·3
64·0	..	59·0	84·0	..	76·0	104·0	..	94·0
65·0	..	59·8	85·0	..	76·8	105·0	..	94·8
66·0	..	60·5	86·0	..	77·5	106·0	..	95·5
67·0	..	61·3	87·0	..	78·3	107·0	..	96·3
68·0	..	62·0	88·0	..	79·0	108·0	..	97·0
69·0	..	62·8	89·0	..	79·8	109·0	..	97·8
70·0	..	63·5	90·0	..	80·5	110·0	..	98·5
71·0	..	64·3	91·0	..	81·3	111·0	..	99·3
72·0	..	65·0	92·0	..	82·0	112·0	..	100·0
73·0	..	65·8	93·0	..	82·8	113·0	..	100·8
74·0	..	66·5	94·0	..	83·5	114·0	..	101·5
75·0	..	67·3	95·0	..	84·3	115·0	..	102·3
76·0	..	68·0	96·0	..	85·0	116·0	..	103·0
77·0	..	68·8	97·0	..	85·8	117·0	..	103·8
78·0	..	69·5	98·0	..	86·5	118·0	..	104·5
79·0	..	70·3	99·0	..	87·3	119·0	..	105·3
						120·0	..	106·0

CHAPTER IV.

RULES UNDER CLAUSE (a) OF SECTION 23 READ WITH CLAUSE (c) OF SUB-SECTION (1) AND SUB-SECTION (4) OF SECTION 24 OF THE ACT.

General rules.

47. Any guard specified in the rules in this Chapter for the protection of workers from danger shall be deemed to be forming required by section 24 of the Act.

48. The following parts of machinery shall if in motion and within reach be securely fenced or protected :—

All shafts, whether vertical or horizontal, wheels (including balancing and momentum wheels) and the parts mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of sect on 24 of the Act, drums or pulleys (including fast and loose pulleys), couplings, cutters, clutches, toothed wheels, straps, whether horizontal, inclined or vertical, bands, belts, chains, ropes and wires, or other devices by which any machinery or appliance receives its motion, also all projecting set screws, keys, nuts or bolts on revolving parts of machinery and the underside of all heavy overhead mass driving belts or ropes if there is any possibility of any person having to pass under them.

Explanation.—The fencing and other devices for protection shall be so constructed and designed as to render it impossible for any person to pass between them and a moving part and also in such a manner as to give protection to a person oiling, cleaning or otherwise attending to machinery and to all persons who may be in the neighbourhood of moving part whether in or outside.

Exemption.—Where in any case any of the parts mentioned in this rule are not, in the opinion of the Inspector, a source of danger to any person employed in the factory, he shall at the request of the occupier or manager of the factory give such occupier or manager a certificate in writing clearly specifying the parts which are not a source of danger. This rule shall not apply in respect of any parts specified in such certificate. The Chief Inspector may revise or cancel such certificates.

49. The following parts of machine tools shall be properly fenced :—

The back gears and change wheels of lathes ; the back gears and bevel gearing of drilling machines ; and the gear wheels of planing, shaping, slotting and rolling machines which are within reach.

50. In printing works every platen machine shall be fitted with an efficient finger guard and every guillotine machine, with an efficient knife guard.

51. All emery wheels shall be provided with strong guards and the tool rests shall be kept close to the wheels. The guard shall be made of wrought iron not less than ⅛ inch thick or of steel plate not less than ¼ inch thick.

52. All hoist gates shall be self locking and incapable of being opened unless the cage is opposite the door.

Special Rules for fencing in Textile Factories.

53. In textile factories—

(1) In respect of blowing room machinery—

(a) Beater covers and the door immediately above the dirt grid of every opener, multiunit opener and scutcher, scutcher lap machine, hard waste breaker and similar machine shall be fitted with an automatic locking arrangement which shall render it impossible to open the cover or the grid doors while the beater is still running, or to restart the machinery until the doors have been closed.

(b) The nip between the edge wheels and calender wheels shall be efficiently protected on all machines, preferably by 'spectacle' guards, extending round the outer edge of both wheels.

(c) In the case of scutchers efficient plating shall be provided for the slow motion and fan pulleys and the beater shaft ends shall be suitably recessed in metal sleeves.

(d) All lap rollers shall be provided with lap protectors.

(e) Cotton openers, combined openers and scutchers, scutchers and lap machines, hard waste breakers and similar machines shall be driven from countershafts provided with fast and loose pulleys and efficient belt shifters.

(2) In respect of carding machines—

(a) All feed roller wheels, doffer and barrow wheels, side shaft wheels, calender wheels and roller wheels shall be efficiently fenced.

(b) Except in cases where it is unnecessary to open cylinder doors for the purpose of stripping the cylinder, every cylinder door shall be fitted with a safety automatic locking motion to prevent the door from being opened

until the cylinder has ceased to revolve and to render it impossible to restart the machine until the door has been closed.

(iii) In respect of drawing frames the roller gearing shall be sufficiently covered.

(iv) In respect of speed frames—

(a) Headstocks shall be fitted with automatic lock-ing arrangements which shall prevent the doors being opened while the machinery is in motion, and shall render it impossible to restart the machine until the doors have been closed.

(b) Bobbin skew gear wheels shall be covered over the top and the cross shaft be extended both in front and behind, round the edge of the wheels, except in those cases where the spindles are not cleaned whilst the machinery is in motion.

(c) Spindle skew gear wheels shall be effectively covered.

(d) Lifter rack wheels shall be securely fenced, and the guard shall be such that it will effectively protect the slip both when the rail rests and when it falls.

(v) In respect of self-acting mules—

(a) Quarter bar middle back shaft spindle shall be fitted with flanges to prevent the catch of the bands and the side of the small. The guards for the middle draw hand carrier pulleys shall be either fixed to the bottom creel board, or be so fastened otherwise that they cannot readily be knocked aside. The side pieces of the guard shall be extended far enough inwards completely to guard the nip between the band and the scroll.

(b) All headstocks shall be provided with strong sheet iron guards high enough to cover the rim pulley and so adapted as to prevent any moving portion of the machinery being reached from the back when the guard is in position.

(c) The guards for the end draw hand pulleys shall extend at least half an inch beyond the end of the pulley.

(d) All quadrant pinions shall be securely fenced.

(e) No person shall be allowed to be between the fixed and traversing parts unless the mule is stopped on the outward run.

(f) All front and back carriage wheels shall be guarded by efficient toe guards.

(g) All up-acting mules shall be driven from counter-shafts which shall be provided with fast and loose pulleys and efficient belt shifters.

(vi) In respect of ring and throstle and doubling frames—

(a) The outer ends of the fallers shall be fitted with metal plates.

(b) Where both the top rollers revolve upwards guards made of strong rigid iron plate so that the vertical gap between them is not more than 7 inches shall be permanently and securely fixed along the whole length of each ring frame and such guards shall not be removable without the use of tools.

(vii) In respect of a calendering machine an efficient 'nip' guard along the whole length on the intake side of each pair of bowls shall be provided and shall be so fitted and maintained while the machine is in use as to prevent the access of any person's fingers to the point of contact of the rollers or bowls.

Special rules for Ginning Factories

54. In ginning factories—

(a) The line shaft or second motion shall be completely enclosed by a continuous wall or unclimbable fencing with only so many openings as are necessary for access to the shaft for removing cotton seed, cleaning and oiling; and such openings shall be provided with gates or doors which shall be kept closed and locked.

(b) The feed mouth of the opener shall be fitted with a traverse or a grid guard extending 4 feet over the lattice conveyor so as to render it impossible for the operatives to be within reach of the beaters when feeding on to the lattice:

Provided that in the case of openers of local manufacture the feed and discharge ends shall be guarded so as to prevent the operatives from inadvertently coming within reach of the beaters.

(c) The spur gearing at the side of the opener shall be completely covered by a strong metal guard.

(d) The crank shaft pulleys and roller pulleys of all gins shall be securely guarded by strong box guards and hinged top covers.

(e) The spur wheels, oscillating levers and rollers of gins shall be provided with guards.

(f) All ginning machines and openers shall be provided with fast and loose pulleys and efficient belt shifters.

Special Rules for Wood-working Machinery.

55. Every wood working machine operated by power shall be provided with an efficient stopping and starting appliance, and the control of the supply of power in such a position as to be readily and conveniently operated by the person in charge of the machine.

56. A suitable push stick shall be kept available for use at the bench at every wood working machine like one has a circular saw or vertical spindle moulding which is fed by hand to enable the work to be carried on without unnecessary risk.

57. Every fixed circular saw shall be provided with a strong metal guard. Behind and in a direct line with the saw, there shall be a riving knife, which shall have a smooth surface, shall be strong, rigid and easily adjustable and shall also perform to the following conditions, namely:—

(i) The edge of the knife nearest the saw shall form an arc of a circle having a radius not exceeding the radius of the largest saw used on the bench.

(ii) The knife shall be maintained as close as practicable to the saw, having regard to the nature of the work being done at the time, and at the level of the bench table the distance between the front edge of the knife and teeth of the saw shall not exceed half an inch.

(iii) For a saw of a diameter of less than 24 inches, the knife shall extend upwards from the bench table to within one inch of the top of the saw, and for a saw of a diameter of 24 inches or over shall extend upwards from the bench table to a height at least 12 inches.

(iv) The part of the saw below the bench table shall be protected on that side, from which the saw dust is removed, by a plate of metal or other suitable material which shall extend from the axis of the saw to a distance of not less than 2 inches beyond the teeth of the saw. Metal plate, if not beaded shall be of a thickness at least 1/10 inch, or if beaded, be of a thickness at least 1/20 inch. If the saw dust has to be removed from a pit of which the bottom is less than 8 feet below the bottom edge of the saw, similar plates shall be fixed on both the sides of the saw unless the saw is entirely separated from the pit by an iron or wooden grid in which the bars are not more than 3 inches apart.

58. Every plain band saw shall be guarded as follows:—

(i) Both sides of the bottom pulley shall be completely enclosed by sheet metal or other suitable material.

(ii) The front of the top pulley shall be covered with sheet metal or other suitable material.

(iii) All portions of the blade shall be enclosed or otherwise securely guarded, except the portion of the blade between the bench table and the top guide.

59. (a) After the 1st January 1933, no planing machine, which is not exclusively fed, shall be used for overhand planing unless it is fitted with a cylindrical cutter block.

(b) Every planing machine used for overhand planing shall be provided with a blade guard capable of covering the full length and breadth of the cutting slot in the bench, and so constructed as to be easily adjusted both in a vertical and horizontal direction.

(c) The feed roller of every planing machine used for thicknessing, except the combined machine for overhand planing and thicknessing, shall be provided with an efficient guard.

60. (a) The cutter of every vertical spindle moulding machine shall when practicable be provided with the most efficient guard practicable having regard to the nature of the work which is being performed.

(b) For such work as cannot be performed with a cutter protected by a guard, the wood being moulded at a vertical spindle moulding machine, shall, if practicable, be held in a jig or holder of such construction as to reduce as far as possible the risk of accident to the worker.

61. The chain of every chain mortising machine shall be provided with a guard which shall enclose the cutters as far as practicable.

62. Rules 57, 58, 59 (b) and 59 (c) shall not apply to any wood working machine in respect of which it can be shown that other safeguards are provided and maintained which render the machine as safe as it would be if guarded in the manner prescribed by these rules.

Special Rules for Jute Mills.

63. In jute mills—

(a) the feed table of every softener machine shall, as far as practicable, be not less than 9 feet in length;

(b) the feed table of such softener machine shall be provided with an automatic stopping off device which shall stop the machine in case the worker's hand is drawn in and prevent the hand from reaching the spiked rollers; and

(c) the automatic device mentioned in clause (b) shall be maintained in an efficient state and be kept in position wherever the machinery is working.

Special Rule for Tea Factories.

64. In tea factories, the roll table shall be fenced to the satisfaction of the Inspector and brushes shall be provided to the workers for the purpose of sweeping the roll table.

Special Rule for Brick and Tile Works.

65. In brick and tile works, a finger guard shall be fitted at the feed and to the full length of the mouth of every revolving press.

Special Rule for Decorticating Factories.

66. In decorticating factories the beater arms and the feed mouth of the decorticator shall, as far as practicable, be guarded as follows:—

A grating of 2 inch diameter wrought iron rods spaced 2½ inches apart and supported by iron stanchions 2 inches × ½ inch thick shall be fixed at a height of 6 inches above the tip of the beater arms. A strong wooden plank 1½ inches thick and iron plated on the underside shall be clamped with bolts and nuts over the grating leaving a space 6 inches wide for the feeding of groundnuts. A grating of one inch diameter wrought iron rods spaced 1½ inches apart shall be fixed at a height of 6 inches just above the feed mouth and another wooden plank 3 inches wide shall be fixed over the full length of the decorticator platform.

Special Rule relating to Electrical Fittings.

67. (1) All electrical conductors shall either be covered with adequate insulating material and otherwise effectively protected to prevent danger or be so placed and guarded as effectively to prevent danger.

(2) All electrical apparatus, machines and fittings shall be—

(a) so placed or effectively guarded as to prevent danger, and

(b) provided with efficient handles or other means of working insulated from the electrical system and so arranged that the worker cannot accidentally touch live metal.

(3) The fencing of motors and other electrical apparatus shall, as far as practicable, be so arranged that the switches and other controlling appliances can be operated from outside the fencing.

(4) Only specially trained and experienced persons shall be allowed to operate, adjust or repair any electrical apparatus.

(5) Instructions, both in English and in the vernacular of the district, for the restoration of persons suffering from electric shock shall be affixed in a conspicuous place in every factory using electrical energy for lighting or power purposes.

NOTE.—Copies of these instructions in Tamil, Telugu and Malayalam can be obtained from the Superintendent, Government Press, at eight annas each.

General Rules for the Protection of Workers attending to Machinery

68. The floor surrounding every machine shall be level and shall be maintained in good repair and free from chips, grease, oil or other material that may make it slippery.

69. As far as practicable all important pulleys shall be provided with belt hangers. When the main belts of any machinery have to be adjusted the machinery shall be stopped and shall not be set in motion again until such belts have been completely adjusted.

70. Suitable shipping gear shall be provided and used to move driving straps on all fast and loose pulleys.

71. Lubrication of bearing or gear wheels or replacing or adjusting of belts shall be done only by an experienced and specially trained person.

72. Service platforms or gangways shall be provided for overhead shafting where the shafting is over machinery, or where it is impracticable to fit a ladder with hooks on to the shaft, and if so required by the Inspector, shall be securely fenced with guard rails and toe boards.

73. No machinery in motion shall be cleaned with cotton waste, rags or similar material held in the hand.

74. Every shafting ladder shall be fitted either with hooks or with some effective anti-slip device.

75. No person engaged in oiling or adjusting belts or in any work whatsoever will in front of unfenced machinery shall be allowed to wear loosely fitted clothing or a loose head dress or to have his head uncovered if his hair is long.

76. Safe and convenient access shall be provided to all bolts, bearings of shafts and other parts of machinery in a factory which may require attention while the machinery is in motion.

77. All water gauge glasses of boilers of which the maximum pressure exceeds 100 lb per square inch shall be securely guarded.

78. No additional weight shall be placed on the safety valve of any boiler except under the written authority of the Boiler Inspector appointed under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923.

79. All steam cylinders, hirers, digesters or steam jacketed pans or other vessels worked under pressure shall be fitted with safety valves and pressure gauges:

Provided that the Inspector, subject to the control of the Chief Inspector, may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, waive the provisions of this rule if he is satisfied that the safety of workers working near such vessels will not be endangered thereby.

80. (a) Notices in Form E both in English and in the vernacular of the district for the prevention of accidents in factories shall be displayed at conspicuous places in every room of the factory in which machinery is in use.

(b) The manager of every factory shall cause the contents of the notices in Form E to be explained to each worker in the vernacular understood by him on his first engagement and as often as there is a change in the work performed by him.

Miscellaneous.

81. If any question arises as to whether any measure taken or required to be taken in accordance with the rules in this Chapter is efficient, effective or practicable, the question shall be referred to the Chief Inspector whose decision shall be final.

CHAPTER V.

RULES UNDER SUB-SECTION (1) OF SECTION 26 OF THE ACT.

82. No child who cannot be lawfully employed in a factory shall be admitted to any part thereof in which any operation which is declared to be hazardous by rules made under sub-section (4) of section 23 of the Act is carried on.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (b) OF SECTION 32 OF THE ACT.

83. In every factory in which the total number of persons ordinarily employed at any time is 250 or more, in every engineering work in which more than 50 persons are ordinarily employed and in every other factory in which the Inspector considers that the machinery used or the nature of the processes carried on is such as to involve danger to workers, there shall be maintained, in readily accessible positions, first aid appliances, including an adequate quantity of sterilised dressings and sterilised cotton wool. The appliances shall be kept in good order and shall be placed in the charge of responsible persons who shall be readily available during working hours.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (c) OF SECTION 32 OF THE ACT.

84. In every factory in which mechanical means of transport (other than Railways subject to the Indian Railways Act, 1890) are used, such means of transport shall be designed, maintained and operated in such a manner as to satisfy the Inspector that the danger arising from their use is minimised.

NOTE.—"Mechanical means of transport" includes electrical means of transport.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (d) OF SECTION 32 OF THE ACT.

85. The despatch by registered post of any notice, order or extract of an Inspector's report, sent under the Act or under these rules, shall be deemed a sufficient service on the occupier or manager of the factory of such notice or order or of any directions contained in such extract.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (e) OF SECTION 32 OF THE ACT.

86. An appeal presented under section 31 of the Act shall be in the form of a memorandum setting forth concisely the grounds of objection to the order appealed against and bearing a court-fee stamp in accordance with article 11 of Schedule II to the Court Fees Act, 1870, as amended from time to time, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the order, duly stamped under the same Act.

87. On receipt of the Memorandum of Appeal the appellate authority shall, if it thinks fit, or if the appellant has requested that the appeal be heard with the aid of assessors call upon the body, if any, specified in rule 99 as the body representing the industry concerned, to appoint an assessor within a period of 14 days. If an assessor is appointed by such body, the appellate authority shall appoint a second assessor itself. The appellate authority shall then fix a date for the hearing of the appeal and shall give due notice of such date to the appellant and to the Inspector whose order is appealed against, and shall call upon the two assessors to appear upon such date to assist in the hearing of the appeal.

88. Each of the following bodies shall represent all factory industries for purposes of appointment of assessors in connexion with an appeal preferred under section 34 of the Act by a member of such body :—

(1) The Madras Chamber of Commerce,
(2) The Southern India Chamber of Commerce,
(3) The Cocanada Chamber of Commerce,
(4) The Tuticorin Chamber of Commerce,
(5) The Cochin Chamber of Commerce,
(6) The Calicut Chamber of Commerce,
(7) The Coimbatore Chamber of Commerce,
(8) The Andhra Chamber of Commerce,
(9) The United Planters' Association of Southern India,
(10) The Adoni Factory Owners' Association,
(11) The South Indian Textile Association.

If the appellant is not a member of any of the bodies mentioned above, the Southern India Chamber of Commerce in the case of an Indian appellant and the Madras Chamber of Commerce in other cases, shall be the body representing all industries.

89. An assessor appointed in accordance with the provisions of rule 87 shall receive for the hearing of the appeal, a fee to be fixed by the appellate authority subject to a maximum of Rs 50. The fee shall be paid by Government, but where assessors have been appointed at the request of the appellant and the appeal has been decided wholly or partly against him, the appellate authority may direct that the fees of the assessors shall be paid in whole or in part by the appellant

RULES UNDER SECTION 11 AND UNDER CLAUSE (f) OF SECTION 52 OF THE ACT

90. The Inspector shall be primarily responsible for the administration of the Act within the local limits for which he is appointed. He shall inspect every factory other than a seasonal factory within his direct charge once in each half-year, and every seasonal factory at least once during each season of work. He shall also make such further inspections as may appear to him or to the authority to whom he is subordinate, to be necessary for the due observance of the provisions of the Act and of these rules.

91. (a) In addition to and without prejudice to any other powers or duties which the Inspector may exercise or perform under the Act or the rules made thereunder, he shall fill up the prescribed report in the case of the first inspection of a factory in Form F and in the case of a subsequent inspection of a factory in Form G and in either case carefully himself—

(1) that the provisions made in the Act and in the rules made thereunder to secure the health and safety of the operatives are observed ;

(2) that the children and adolescents employed in the factory have been duly certified and that no one are employed who are obviously unfit ;

(3) that the registers of adult workers and of child workers are correctly maintained in the prescribed forms ;

(4) that the periodical stoppages of work and the holidays provided by the Act and by the rules made thereunder are granted and that the limits of hours of work laid down therein are not exceeded ;

(5) that the provisions of section 47 of the Act are duly observed in factories exempted from the provisions of sections 34 and 35 of the Act ; and

(6) that the notices of periods of work required by sub-section (1) of section 31 and sub-section (1) of section 35 of the Act, the electrical shock and danger not on the instructions required under rules 67 (2) and 80 and the notice containing the abstracts of the Act and of the rules made thereunder required to be displayed under sub-section (1) of section 51 of the Act are properly maintained and exhibited

(b) (1) He shall further enquire into the causes of all accidents which have occurred since the last inspection.

(2) If the Inspector has reason to believe that a fatal or serious accident has occurred in any factory, whether he has received a notice under section 20 of the Act or not, he shall as soon as possible make an investigation either by himself or in co-operation with any officer deputed by the District Magistrate or by the Police authorities or by both, in order to determine the cause of the accident and the person responsible for such accident. If he finds that death or serious injury has resulted from neglect on the part of the occupier or manager of the factory or other person to observe any provision of the Act or of the rules or orders made thereunder and if he considers that a prosecution should be instituted under the Act, he shall take necessary action in the matter. If the Inspector considers that action should be taken under the Indian Penal Code he shall record his opinion and send it to the Commissioner of Police, Madras, if the factory is situated in the City of Madras, or to the District Magistrate concerned if the factory is situated elsewhere, for such action as the Commissioner of Police or the District Magistrate may consider necessary,

(c) Finally, he shall note how far the defects pointed out at the previous inspection have been removed and how far orders previously issued have been complied with. Any defect or illegality which have come to light at the present inspection as well as any orders passed by him under the Act shall then be recorded An extract from this record containing the orders of the Inspector and such remarks or defects found to exist as he may wish to bring to the manager's notice shall be sent to the manager in Form M, and a copy of the extract in so far as it related to sections 34, 35 36, 37, 39, 41, 42, 45, 51, 54, 55 and 56 of the Act shall be sent to the Commissioner of Police, Madras, if the factory is situated in the City of Madras, or to the District Magistrate concerned if the factory is situated elsewhere,

92. District Magistrates and the Commissioner of Police, Madras, shall not ordinarily deal with technical matters mentioned in sections 14, 15, 16, 18, 23, 24, 25 and 26 of the Act but may see that the previous orders passed by the Inspector in respect of these matters are duly observed. In other cases they may take such action under the Act as may be found necessary, communicating copies of the correspondence to the Inspector.

93. When in any case an inspection is made by an additional Inspector, he shall follow the procedure laid down in rule 91 in so far as it relates to the sections of the Act mentioned in the notification appointing him as an additional Inspector fill in the report in Form I or Form J as the case may be and shall, within five days of the inspection, send it to the Inspector for action, In no case shall an additional Inspector communicate a copy of his inspection notes to the occupier or manager direct.

94. The Inspector shall keep a file of the records of his inspection and, on the tenth day of each month shall submit in Form K a diary showing the work done in the preceding month to the authority to whom he is subordinate for the purposes of the Act. A copy of this diary shall be retained by the Inspector.

95. In the case of any factory, if it appears to the Inspector that there has been a disregard of the provisions of any municipal or other local law relating to sanitary arrangements, removal of rubbish, cleaning and fencing of water tanks or like matters, he shall, without prejudice to any action which he is empowered to take under the Act and the rules made thereunder, draw the attention of the administrative head of the municipal or other public authority concerned, to the breach of such provisions.

96. The Inspector shall maintain a register of all factories under his direct charge in Form L. He shall place a factory on such register—

(a) on receipt of a notice under sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Act, unless it appears to him that the premises do not constitute a factory within the definition of factory in clause (j) of section 2 of the Act, or

(b) after satisfying himself on inspection that the premises fall within the definition of factory as aforesaid.

97. When the Inspector considers that any premises situated within the local limits for which he is appointed and not already borne on the register referred to in rule 96 should be declared a factory under sub-section (1) of sect on 9 of the Act, or that a seasonal factory should be declared not to be a seasonal factory under the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Act, he shall send to the occupier of the premises or the seasonal factory as the case may be, a notice intimating his intention to move the Local Government to make such a declaration,

98. Any person served with a notice under rule 97 may, within fourteen days of the receipt of such notice, forward to the Inspector a statement setting forth his objections to the proposal to declare the premises to be a factory or, to declare a seasonal factory not to be a seasonal factory, as the case may be. If after making such enquiry as he may deem necessary, the Inspector considers that the premises should be declared to be a factory or that the seasonal factory should be declared not to be a seasonal factory, he shall report the matter to the Chief Inspector, for the publication of a notification by the Local Government under sub-section (1) of section 5 or the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Act, as the case may be, he shall make the necessary entries in the register of factories.

99. When any premises cease to be occupied as a factory the occupier may give notice of such fact to the Inspector who shall, if he is satisfied that the Act is no longer applicable to such premises, remove the same from his register of factories. The Inspector may, at any time, without such notice and of his own motion remove any factory from his register if he is satisfied that it is no longer used as such.

100. A seasonal factory shall not be removed from the register if there is a probability of its starting work again within a reasonable time.

RULES UNDER SECTION 35 (*f*) READ WITH SECTION 25 OF THE ACT.

101. The drawings specifications, information about the results of the tests of strength or quality of any specified parts, and other particulars which the Inspector may require to be furnished under the powers vested in him by section 25 of the Act, shall be prepared by one of the following categories of persons, namely :—

(i) a recognised professional architect ; or

(ii) a member or Associate Member of the Institute of Civil Engineers ; or

(iii) a Member of the Institute of Structural Engineers ; or

(iv) a gazetted officer or a retired gazetted officer of the Public Works Department ; or

(v) a District Board Engineer or a Municipal Engineer whether in service or retired :

Provided that in rural areas where the Inspector is satisfied that the services of a person in any of the categories named above are not readily available and that the drawings, specifications and information required are such as can be furnished by a person with lower qualifications he may permit them to be prepared by such person.

RULES UNDER CLAUSE (*g*) OF SECTION 32 OF THE ACT.

102. The dates on which lime-washing, colour-washing tarring, painting or varnishing is carried out in a factory in accordance with the provisions of these rules shall be entered in Form M.

103. Particulars of each room in which workers are employed shall be entered in Form N.

104. (a) All doors of exit shall be not less than six feet high and four feet wide.

(b) All workrooms in factories in which more than twenty workers are employed shall have, at least, two exits as far apart as possible :

Provided that the Chief Inspector may, in the case of factories in existence on the 1st January 1935, for reasons to be recorded in writing, relax the provisions of this rule.

105. Every building having more than one storey shall be provided with at least two sets of stairs or steps permanently fixed either inside or outside the buildings and so affixed direct and unimpeded access from every part of the factory to the ground level and such stairs shall be provided with suitable and sufficient handrails : Provided that in the case of an upper storey in which not more than twenty workers are employed it shall be sufficient to provide one set of stairs made of non-combustible material.

106. In every factory more than one storey high all windows and doors giving access to an external staircase shall be so arranged as to open immediately from the inside.

107. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 105 every cotton ginning or pressing factory shall be provided with at least two flights of stairs made of brickwork or other fire-resisting material.

108. The manager of every factory shall maintain a bound inspector on book and shall produce it whenever required by an Inspector, additional Inspector or Certifying Surgeon. In such inspection book shall be pasted—

(i) the exemption granted to the factory in Form O ;

(ii) the particulars of lime-washing, colour washing, painting, tarring or varnishing in Form M ;

(iii) the particulars of rooms in the factory in Form N ; and

(iv) the inspection notes served by the Inspector pertaining to the two years immediately preceding in Form H.

109. Whenever there is a change of occupier in a factory, the bound inspector book and the registers kept in pursuance of the Act and the rules made thereunder shall be duly handed over to the new occupier or the manager.

RULES UNDER SUB-SECTIONS (1) AND (2) OF SECTION 33 OF THE ACT.

110. The occupier of every factory wherein more than 150 workers are ordinarily employed, and which may be specified hereafter by the Local Government by a notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette* shall provide free of cost a suitable room or rooms for the use of workers during periods of rest. Such room or rooms shall be adequately lighted and properly ventilated, so as to admit fresh air at all times. Such room or rooms shall not be less than 10 feet high and the floor space of them shall not be less than 6 square feet for every worker to be accommodated. Such room or rooms shall be constructed in accordance with a plan to be approved by the Chief Inspector.

Explanation.—The workers who live close to the factory and who go to their homes for meals during the rest periods may be excluded in calculating the number of workers to be accommodated under this rule.

111. (1) The occupier of every factory wherein more than 50 women workers are ordinarily employed, and which may be specified hereafter by the Local Government by a notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette* shall provide a suitable room or rooms for the use of children under the age of six years belonging to such women.

(2) Such room or rooms shall be adequately lighted and properly ventilated so as to admit fresh air at all times and shall be provided with sufficient washing and latrine facilities in accordance with a plan to be approved by the Chief Inspector in consultation with the Health Officer concerned. Such room or rooms shall not be less than ten feet high and the floor space shall not be less than 10 square feet for each child. As far as possible such room or rooms shall be away from the work rooms and close to the main entrance to the factory.

(3) For every thirty children to be accommodated in the creche, a properly trained nurse or ayah shall be appointed for the purpose of looking after the children and the occupier shall provide suitable equipment and facilities for the purpose.

RULE UNDER SUB-SECTION (3) OF SECTION 33 OF THE ACT.

112. Work on a manufacturing process carried on with the aid of power shall not be begun in any building or part of any building erected or taken into use as a factory falling under one of the categories mentioned in the Schedule below after these rules come into force in any part of the Presidency until a certificate of stability in respect of the building in the Form below signed by any of the persons mentioned in rule 101 has been sent by the occupier or manager of the factory to the Inspector.

SCHEDULE.

Classes of factories.

1 Rice and atta mills.
2 Cotton ginning and pressing.
3 Decorticating factories.
4 Cotton spinning and weaving mills.
5 Sizing factories.
6 Oil mills and mineral works.
7 Engineering work-shops and foundries.
8 Tea and coffee factories.
9 Cement works.
10 Any class of factory in which machinery or plant is installed on a floor other than the ground floor and not included in the above categories.

Form of the certificate of stability.

1 Village, town or district in which factory is situated.
2 Full postal address of factory.
3 Occupier of the factory.
4 Nature of the manufacturing process to be carried on in the factory.
5 Number of floors on which workers will be employed.

I hereby certify that I have inspected the building and examined the structural stability of the various parts including the foundations as shown in the accompanying plans with special reference to the machinery, plant, etc., that have been installed. I am of opinion that the building is structurally sound and that its stability will not be endangered by the working thereof, for the manufacture of ..... for which the Machinery, plant, etc., installed are intended.

Station (Signature)
Date (Designation and full Address)

CHAPTER VI.

RULE UNDER SUB-SECTION (1) OF SECTION 42 OF THE ACT.

113. The following persons shall be deemed to hold positions of supervision or management, or to be employed in a confidential position:—

(a) Managers;
(b) Assistant Managers;
(c) Departmental Heads and Assistants;
(d) Engineers and Certified Assistants;
(e) Foremen;
(f) Chargemen or Head Mistris in Engineering Workshops;
(g) Weaving Masters, Spinning Masters and Head Jobbers in Textile Mills;
(h) Head Electricians; and
(i) Tea makers.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (a) OF SUB-SECTION (2) OF SECTION 42 OF THE ACT.

114. (1) Adult workers engaged on urgent repairs in a factory shall be exempt from the provisions of the sections of the Act specified in column (1) of the Schedule below subject to the conditions specified in column (2) thereof:—

SCHEDULE.

Provisions of sections of the Act from which exemption is granted. (1)	Conditions. (2)
36, 35, 36, 37 and 38	(1) No worker shall be employed on such repairs for more than 10 hours on any one day, 56 hours during any three consecutive days or 72 hours during each period of seven consecutive days commencing from the date of the commencement of such repairs. (2) Within 24 hours of the commencement of the work, notice shall be sent to the Inspector describing the nature of the urgent repairs and the period probably required for their completion.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-rule the following shall be considered to be urgent repairs:—

(a) breakdown repairs to motive power, transmission or other essential plant in a factory which have to be carried out in order that the many manufacturing process may be continued without interruption or delay during the ordinary working day;
(b) breakdown repairs to the motive power, transmission or other essential plant in other factories, collieries, railways, dockyards, harbours, tramways, motor transport, gas, electrical generating and transmission, pumping or similar essential or public utility services carried out in general engineering works and foundries and which are necessary to enable such concerns to maintain their usual manufacturing processes, production or service during normal working hours;
(c) repairs to dry-docks ships and repairs to commercial air-craft done in a factory which are essential to enable such ships or air-craft to leave port at proper time or continue their normal operations in a sea or air worthy condition, as the case may be.

(2) No change shall be made in the notice of periods for work for adults in respect of such urgent repairs.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (b) OF SUB-SECTION (2) OF SECTION 42 OF THE ACT.

115. Adult workers engaged in work of any kind specified in column (1) of the Schedule below shall be exempt from the provisions of the sections of the Act specified in column (2) subject to the conditions specified in column (3)

Serial number and kind of work. (1)	Provisions of sections of the Act from which exemption is granted. (2)	Conditions. (3)
(1) Work in the repair of machinery, the continuation of the laundry or in connexion with the mill gearing, the electric driving or lighting apparatus, the mechanical or electrical working of the hoists or water pipes or pumps of a factory. (2) Work of examining circumstances necessary on other part of the plant which is necessary for carrying on the work in a factory. *Explanation.*—Periodical cleanings not included in the term "examining" or "repairing". (3) Work in boiler houses and engine rooms such as lighting fires, in order to raise steam or generate gas in preparation for the commencement of regular work in the factory.	34, 36 and 38.	(1) The exemption shall be permitted only in respect of a limited number of persons to be fixed by the Commissioner of Labour. The manager or occupier of a factory wishing to avail himself of the exemption shall apply to the Commissioner of Labour through the Inspector concerned. (2) The period of work shall be one agreed to between the manager and the Inspector. (3) The period of work along with intervals for rest shall, in no case, spread over more than 15 hours in any one day.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (c) OF SUB-SECTION (2) OF SECTION 42 OF THE ACT.

116. (1) Adult workers engaged in work of any kind specified in column (1) of the Schedule below shall be exempt from the provisions of the sections of the Act specified in column (2) subject to the conditions specified in the corresponding entry in column (3)

(2) In the case of exemption from section 37, the provisions of section 39 will not apply to the extent that rest periods need not be specified in the notice of periods of work.

SCHEDULE.

Serial number and name of work. (1)	Sections of the Act from which exemption is granted. (2)	Conditions of exemption. (3)
1 (a) Work of persons of the male sex in and in connexion with ground operations at all installations.	34, 36 and 38.	(1) The period of work shall in no case exceed eleven hours in any one day. (2) The period of work along with intervals of rest shall in no case spread over more than fifteen hours in any one day.
(b) Work of persons of the male sex employed in pumping operations at all installations in connexion with pumping oil out of or into ships' tanks.	37.	(1) The exemption shall be permitted only in respect of a limited number of persons to be fixed by the Commissioner of Labour. The manager or occupier of a factory wishing to avail himself of this exemption shall apply to the Commissioner of Labour through the Inspector concerned. (2) Sufficient time (French and B.W.I. Creole) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.
2 Work of persons of the male sex engaged in (1) oiling or cleaning or (2) lifting of such carry and (3) cleaning of rails, sidings or other portions of factory buildings, tanks, wells, boundary or other similar apparatus, to reach any of the above from shafts alleys or galleries in glazing factories.	34, 36 and 38.	(1) The exemption shall be permitted only in respect of a limited number of persons to be fixed by the Commissioner of Labour. The manager or occupier of a factory wishing to avail himself of this exemption shall apply to the Commissioner of Labour through the Inspector concerned. (2) The machinery shall not be in the work in run while the work is carried out. (3) The period of work shall in no case exceed eleven hours in any one day. (4) The period of work along with intervals of rest shall, in no case spread over more than fifteen hours in any one day.
3 (a) Work of persons doing running jobs to or railway locomotives.	34, 36 and 37.	(1) The exemption shall be permitted only in respect of a limited number of persons to be fixed by the Commissioner of Labour. The manager or occupier of a factory wishing to avail himself of this exemption shall apply to the Commissioner of Labour through the Inspector concerned. (2) Sufficient time (French and B.W.I. Creole) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals. (3) The period of work shall in no case exceed eleven hours in any one day.

Serial number and name of work.	Sections of the Act from which exemption is granted.	Conditions of exemption.
(1)	(2)	(3)
(5) Work of fitters, turners, filers and erectors in railway workshops which are declared to be engaged in the repair of railway plant.	34 and 35.	The period of work shall in no case exceed eleven hours in any one day.
6 Work of persons employed in connection with the preparation of raw materials of food making material.	34, 35, 37 and 54.	(1) The period of work shall in no case exceed seven hours in any one day, or if the factory is a seasonal one fifteen hours in any one day. (2) The period of work along with intervals of rest shall, in no case, extend over more than 12 hours in any one day. (3) Sanctioned time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.
7 Work of lace stitchers in rice mills employed for making and sewing bags or rice for delivery to customers.	34, 35, 37, 39 and 54.	(1) The period of work shall in no case exceed eight hours in any one day. (2) Sufficient time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (d) OF SUB-SECTION (2) OF SECTION 43 OF THE ACT.

117. (1) Adult workmen in any class of factory specified in column (1) of the Schedule below engaged in work of the kind specified in column (2) shall be exempt from the provisions of the Act specified in column (3) subject to the conditions specified in column (4)

SCHEDULE.

Class of factories.	Kind of work.	Provisions of the Act from which exemption is granted.	Conditions.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1 Sugar factories —	Feeding of cane, crushing of cane, boiling of juice, filtration and crystallization.	Sections 35, 37 and 54.	(a) In the case of exemption from section 35 no person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 15 days without a holiday for a whole day (which shall include a period from midnight to midnight for day shift workers and from midday to midday for night shift workers) or for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector shall consider equivalent to a whole day's rest. (b) In the case of exemption from section 37, sufficient time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.
2 Chemical — factories including — certain factories.	(1) Acid manufacture, recovery of acetone, production of steam in aid of a chemical process, soap making, manufacture of nitro glycerine, cordite and cartridges.	34, 35 and 37.	(a) In the case of exemption from section 34 no person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 12 days without a holiday for a whole day (which shall include a period from midnight to midnight for day shift workers and from midday to midday for night shift workers) of for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector shall consider equivalent to a whole day's rest. (b) In the case of exemption from section 35, the total hours of work shall not exceed 11 per day. (c) In the case of exemption from section 37, sufficient time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.
	(2) Work of persons actually engaged in the manufacture of opium salts and green oxychloride.	Sections 35 (1) (b) and 37	No conditions in regard of exemption from section 35 (1). In the case of exemption from section 37, sufficient time (though not a fixed period) (to the satisfaction of the Inspector) shall be allowed for meals.
3 Factories — distilling spirit.	Work on certain processes from preparation of wash up to delivery of spirit to storage vats.	Sections 35 and 37.	(a) In the case of exemption from section 35 no person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 12 days without a holiday for a whole day (which shall include a period from midnight to midnight for day shift workers and from midday to midday for night shift workers) or for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector shall consider equivalent to a whole day's rest. (b) In the case of exemption from section 37, sufficient time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.
4 Factories distilling sandalwood and other essential oils.	Work in still and condensing house —	Section 35.	No person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 12 days without a holiday for a whole day (which shall include a period from midnight to midnight for day shift workers and from midday to midday for night shift workers) or for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector shall consider equivalent to a whole day's rest.
5 Factories manufacturing chemical.	All work	Sections 35, 37 and 54.	(a) In the case of exemption from section 35 no person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 12 days without a holiday for a whole day (which shall include a period from midnight to midnight for day shift workers and from midday to midday for night shift workers) or for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector shall consider equivalent to a whole day's rest. (b) In the case of exemption from section 37, sufficient time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals. (c) The exemption from sections 37 and 54 shall apply only to persons on shift-hour work, the mechanical shaft in the factories not stopping.

Class of factories.	Kind of work.	Provisions of the Act from which exemption is granted.	Conditions.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
6 Glass factories ..	Continuous processes from the mixing of the raw materials to the removal of the manufactured glass from the annealing chambers or arches.	Sections 34 and 35.	In the case of exemption from section 34 no person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 13 days without a holiday for a whole day (which shall include a period from midnight to midnight for day shift workers and from midday to midday for night shift workers) or for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector may consider equivalent to a whole day's rest.
7 Municipal and public water pumping stations.	Work of engine drivers, engine cleaners, boiler stokers, engineers (fitters) in all PUMPING rooms and filter bed cooles.	Sections 34 and 35	(a) In the case of exemption from section 35 no person shall be employed to work consecutively for more than 13 days without a holiday for a whole day (which shall include a period from midnight to midnight for day shift workers and from midday to midday for night shift workers) or for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector shall consider equivalent to a whole day's rest. (b) In the case of exemption from section 37, sufficient time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.
8 Electrical generating stations.	Work of stokers, ash coolers, coaling drivers and greasers, switch board attendants and pumpmen.	Sections 34, 37 and 38.	(a) In the case of exemption from section 34 no person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 13 days without a holiday for a whole day (which shall include a period from midnight to midnight for day shift workers and from midday to midday for night shift workers) or for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector shall consider equivalent to a whole day's rest. (b) In the case of exemption from section 38, the total hours of work shall not exceed 51 per week. (c) In the case of exemption from section 37, sufficient time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.
9 Breweries ..	Work of kiln drink and examining casks of beer.	Section 34 ..	No person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 13 days without a holiday for a whole day (which shall include a period from midnight to midnight for day shift workers and from midday to midday for night shift workers) or for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector shall consider equivalent to a whole day's rest.
10 Tanneries	Cleaning and chemical-treating all processes from the receiving of skins to the completion of the tanning process, finishing processes being excepted.	Sections 34, 35 and 37.	(a) In the case of exemption from sections 34 and 35, the total hours of work shall not exceed 60 per week and 11 per day respectively. (b) In the case of exemption from section 35, no person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 13 days without a holiday for a whole day (which shall include a period from midnight to midnight for day shift workers and from midday to midday for night shift workers) or for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector shall consider equivalent to a whole day's rest. (c) In the case of exemption from section 37, sufficient time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.
11 Factories engaged in the manufacture of bricks, tiles and pottery.	(a) Work in kiln burners .. .. —	Section 35 and 37.	(a) In the case of exemption from section 35, no person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 13 days without a holiday for a whole day (which shall include a period from midnight to midnight for day shift workers and from midday to midday for night shift workers) or for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector shall consider equivalent to a whole days' rest. (b) In the case of exemption from section 37, sufficient time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.
	(b) Work of firing the producer, feeding and unloading of trucks, and drying the clutch, preparing the trucks in the continuous kiln section of pottery only.		
12 Coffee curing factories.	Continuous process of drying coffee in a mechanical dryer.	Section 37 ..	(a) This exemption shall apply to persons on eight-hour shifts. (b) Sufficient time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.
13 Electrical battery charging works.	....	Section 37 ..	Sufficient time (though not a fixed period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.

(2) In cases where exemption from section 37 is granted the provisions of section 39 in so far as they relate to the specification of the periods of rest in the notice of periods for work shall not apply.

(3) Where any shift worker in the continuous processes mentioned in the Schedule appended to sub-rule (1) has to work in a subsequent or a previous relay as a substitute for any worker who fails to report for duty, such exemption shall be deemed to have been granted in such worker from sections 34, 36, 37 and 38 of the Act subject to the following conditions:—

(a) In the case of exemptions from sections 33 and 38, the same worker may be employed on two consecutive eight-hour shifts but this shall not occur more than once in any period of fourteen days.

(b) In the case of exemption from section 34 the total weekly hours ordinarily provided for such worker in the course of periods for work shall not be exceeded by more than eight hours due to the employment on the emergency.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (c) OF SUB-SECTION (2) OF SECTION 43 OF THE ACT.

118. Adult workers employed in the factories and halleries shall be exempt from the provisions of section 35 of the Act subject to the condition that no person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 13 days without a holiday for a whole day.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (f) OF SUB-SECTION (2) OF SECTION 43 OF THE ACT.

119. Adult workers engaged in any manufacturing process specified in the Schedule below shall be exempted from the provisions of section 35 of the Act subject to the condition that no person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 13 days without a holiday for a whole day.

SCHEDULE.

1 Preparing cardamoms.
2 [illegible] No. 8 mesh.
3 [illegible] No. 10 [illegible]
4 [illegible] No. 60 meshes.
5 [illegible] turmeric.
6 Coffee curing.
7 Sub-curing and fish curing.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (a) OF SUB-SECTION (2) OF SECTION 45 OF THE ACT

129. (1) Adult workers engaged in work of any kind specified in the first column of the Schedule below shall be exempt from the provisions of the section of the Act specified in the corresponding entry in the second column, subject to the conditions specified in the corresponding entry in the third column.

SCHEDULE.

Kind of work.	Provisions from which exemption is granted.	Conditions of exemption.
(1)	(2)	(3)
1. Work of persons employed in any branch of a factory which is a seasonal factory as defined for the purpose of this provision	30 and 37.	In the case of exemption from section 30, no person shall be allowed to work effectively for more than 14 days without a holiday for a whole day which shall include a period from midnight to midnight but day shall work in the from midday to midnight for a whole day in addition for such period not less than 24 hours as the Chief Inspector shall consider equivalent to a whole day's rest.
2. Work of persons employed in drying, ironing and mixing paddy in rice mills.		In the case of exemption from section 37, sufficient time (including one a meal period) to the satisfaction of the Inspector shall be allowed for meals.

(2) In the case of workers specified in Item 1 of the Schedule to sub-rule (1), the provisions of sub section (1) of section 39 and section 40 of the Act shall not apply.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (b) OF SUB-SECTION (2) OF SECTION 45 OF THE ACT.

130. Adult workers other than women engaged in curing rooms or boiler-houses shall be exempt from the provisions of section 38 of the Act subject to the following conditions:—

(1) The exemption shall be permitted only in respect of a limited number of persons to be fixed by the Collector of Labour in each case on application made by the Manager or occupier of the factory concerned.

(2) The machinery shall not be allowed to run while the work is carried on.

(3) No person shall be allowed to work consecutively for more than 13 days without a holiday for a whole day.

RULES UNDER SUB-SECTIONS (2) AND (6) OF SECTION 45 OF THE ACT.

132. Except in the case of persons exempted under clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 45 of the Act, no adult worker exempted from the provisions of section 36 of the Act shall work for more than 60 hours in any week.

133. The periods shown in the notice required by sub-section (1) of sect on 39 of the Act shall not contravene the provisions of sections 36, 35, 36, 37 and 38 of the Act as modified by the rules framed under sub-section (2) of sect on 45 of the Act.

RULE UNDER SUB SECTION (2) OF SECTION 45 OF THE ACT,

134. Women working in fish-curing and fish-curing factories shall be exempt from the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 45 of the Act, subject to the following conditions:—

(1) No woman shall be employed before 6 a.m. or after 7 p.m. for more than three days in any one week. The number of days on which a woman may be so employed shall not exceed 50 in a year.

(2) No woman shall be employed after 12 p.m.

(3) A period of uninterrupted rest of at least 9 hours shall intervene between the cessation of a period of work after 7 p.m. on any day and the beginning of a fresh period of work on the following day.

RULE UNDER SECTION 48 OF THE ACT.

135. An adult worker may be employed in more than one factory on the same day, subject to the following conditions:—

(1) He shall not be employed for more than 10 hours in all on any one day.

(2) He shall receive a weekly holiday in accordance with the provisions of section 38 of the Act.

CHAPTER VII.

RULES UNDER CLAUSES (c), (c) AND (d) OF SECTION 50 OF THE ACT.

136. (a) The duties of a Certifying Surgeon and of a person authorised under sub-section (2) of section 12 of the Act in exercising any of his powers under the Act shall comprise the examination of children or adolescents desirous of being employed and the re-examination of children or adolescents in respect of whom a notice under section 68 of the Act has been served upon the Manager and who desire to be re-employed. Certificates of age and fitness shall be given to such children or adolescents as are found qualified to receive them. No fee shall be charged for such examination or for the grant of a certificate in pursuance thereof.

(b) The Certifying Surgeon or person authorised as aforesaid shall fix such place and such times, as may be convenient for the attendance of persons seeking to obtain certificates of age and physical fitness. Notice of the place and the times thus fixed shall be given to the Managers of factories within the local limits for which the Certifying Surgeon is appointed.

137. (1) Every Certifying Surgeon shall keep a bound book containing certificates in Form P in foil and counterfoil. The forms shall be numbered consecutively and shall be printed on Lanesbure Ledger or Titus Ledger paper.

(2) Every certificate granted under sub-section (2) of section 52 of the Act to a person desirous of being employed in a factory shall be prepared by filling up the foil and counterfoil, on which shall also be impressed the left thumb mark of the person in whose name the certificate is granted.

(3) The Certifying Surgeon shall, if he is satisfied as to the correctness of the entries made therein, sign the foil and initial the counterfoil, and shall deliver the foil to the person in whose name the certificate is granted. The foil so delivered shall be the certificate granted under sub-section (2) of section 52 of the Act.

(4) A Certifying Surgeon revoking a certificate under sub-section (3) of section 52 of the Act shall cause the word "revoked" to be stamped in red ink on the foil and counterfoil.

(5) If the Certifying Surgeon refuses to grant to any person a certificate under this rule, no fresh application for a certificate shall be made on behalf of such person until a period of three months has elapsed unless the Certifying Surgeon who he refuses to grant the certificate gives permission in writing for an application to be made at an earlier date.

138. Every person authorised under sub-section (2) of section 12 of the Act shall grant certificates in the manner provided in rule 137. The word "Provisional" shall be printed or stamped in red ink at the top of each foil and counterfoil.

139. (1) When a person to whom a certificate under sub-section (2) of section 52 of the Act has been granted loses such certificate, he may apply to the Certifying Surgeon for a copy of the certificate, and the Certifying Surgeon, after making such inquiry from his employer (or if he is unemployed from his last employer) and from such other sources as he deems fit, may grant a duplicate thereof. The word "Duplicate" shall be clearly written in red ink across such certificate and initialled by the Certifying Surgeon. The counterfoil in the bound book of forms shall be similarly marked "Duplicate" and initialled.

(2) For every copy of a certificate granted under sub-rule (1), a fee of 4 annas which shall be credited to Government shall be charged. The Certifying Surgeon shall maintain a register in Form Q of all fees paid for the issue of copies of certificates, and shall initial each entry made therein.

(3) No duplicate of a certificate granted under section 52 of the Act shall be granted to any person otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this rule.

129. (1) The Certifying Surgeon shall ordinarily visit every factory within the local limits for which he is appointed, in which children or adolescents are known to be employed, at least once in six months and shall give previous notice of his visits. At each of these visits the Manager shall produce before the Certifying Surgeon at such time as he may fix all children or adolescents employed in the factory whether actually at work or not.

(2) The Certifying Surgeon shall personally examine every child or adolescent who is in possession of a "Provisional" certificate granted under sub-section (2) of section 12 of the Act, and shall, if he is satisfied that a certificate should be granted, destroy the provisional certificate and issue his own certificate in place of it.

(3) If, on such examination, the Certifying Surgeon is of opinion that the person in possession of a "Provisional" certificate, granted under sub-section (2) of section 12 of the Act, is under the age of twelve years or is not fit for employment as a factory, he shall impound the certificate and write on it the word "Cancelled" over his signature. He shall then forward the certificate with such remarks as he considers necessary to the Inspector for information, and shall also inform the parent who issued it that it has been cancelled.

131. The Certifying Surgeon at his periodical visits shall satisfy himself as to the fitness of the children and adolescents employed in the factory and shall mention the certificate of any child or adolescent whom he considers unfit.

132. The Certifying Surgeon shall enter in the inspection book a note detailing the results of each visit to the factory and shall forward a copy of this note to the Inspector.

RULES UNDER CLAUSE (b) OF SECTION 59 OF THE ACT.

133. No child or adolescent shall be certified as fit to work in a factory unless such child or adolescent—

(i) is free from organic disease,

(ii) has a good physique,

(iii) is capable of enduring work of the kind that has to be performed in the factory,

(iv) is mentally sound, and

(v) is protected against small pox by vaccination.

RULE UNDER CLAUSE (d) OF SECTION 59 OF THE ACT.

134. Where a child or an adolescent at work carries a token giving a reference to the certificate granted to him under section 59 of the Act in accordance with the provisions of section 61 of the Act, the token shall be worn round the neck of the worker and shall be stamped with the number of the worker in the Register of Child Workers or Adult Workers, as the case may be.

CHAPTER VIII.

REGISTERS AND NOTICES.

Rules under sections 39 (3) and 55 (4), 61 (3) and 63 (2), and 67 (4) and 73 (1) of the Act.

135. The notice of periods of work for adults required by section 39 of the Act and the notice of periods of work for children required by section 63 of the Act shall be in Form R, and shall be exhibited in English and in the principal vernacular of the district in which the factory is situated.

136. The manager of every factory shall keep a correct and up-to-date register of adult workers and of child workers employed therein, separately for men, women, boys and girls in Parts I to IV respectively of Form S or in such form as may be approved by the Inspector under the proviso to section 61 (1) of the Act. The register shall show the notional day's work specifying the hours within which each worker is to be employed and shall be written afresh from 1st January in each year. A note shall be made in the remarks column of the Register against the balance of all adult workers (permanent) to work in more than one factory under rule 126. The register shall be readily available for inspection during working hours.

NOTE.—In Form S days of the week may be indicated as follows — Monday by M., Tuesday by T., Wednesday by W., Thursday by Th., Friday by F., Saturday by S., Sunday by Su. The daily hours will be shown in all cases of permanent exemption from section 54. Where the hours of work for any worker are not the same for every day in the week only one set of columns (a) to (h) in parts I and II and (a) to (i) in parts III and IV will be required. However, the insurance is to be paid on different days of the week (either in half or whole shares) be used. More than one set of columns will be required. For example, if the hours are the same in all days from Monday to Friday and different on Saturday, columns (a) to (h) or parts I and II and columns (a) to (i) of parts III and IV would be required. If (a) to (f) and columns (h) to (k) of parts I and II and columns (g) and (h) of parts III and IV would be used if S. There are only two periods of work. No entries in respect of the third period will be entered. Where shifts interchange the group of workers on shift should be numbered in the same part of the register and their working hours entered as in those of the shift to which they are originally allotted. For example, if there are three shifts A, B and C, A, B or C in the case may be shift be entered in column (1) and in the remarks column will be stated for the whole group in what order shifts A, B and C changes over and the day fixed for change over. Where exempted from any of the provisions of the Act regarding hours of work or spread over a note to that effect should be made in the remarks column.

137. The Register prescribed in rule 136 shall be preserved for a period of two years following the year to which the Register relates.

138. In every factory in which all or any class of adult workers are exempted from all or any of the provisions of sections 34 and 36 of the Act, a muster roll shall be maintained for all such workers in Form T. This roll shall show the time of beginning and ending of each period of work during the day or night or both and shall be entered up at the commencement of each period. The number entered in the first column shall be the number given in the Register of Adult Workers:

Provided that where in the opinion of the Inspector a muster roll or register kept in a factory gives the particulars required under this rule, he may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, direct that such muster roll or register be kept in the place of the muster roll prescribed under this rule and such muster roll or register shall, thereupon for the purposes of this rule, be deemed to be the muster roll so prescribed.

139. All registers and returns and notices required to be maintained under the Act or the rules framed thereunder shall unless otherwise provided for in the Act or the rules framed thereunder, be maintained in English or in the principal vernacular of the district in which the factory is situated.

140. Every notice displayed in accordance with the provisions of sub section (1) of sec. 78 of the Act shall contain the abstracts of the Act and of the rules made thereunder specified in Form U.

RULE UNDER THE EXCEPTION TO SECTION 68 OF THE ACT.

141. No inflammable material shall be used in the vicinity of places where the use of naked lights is necessary in the course of a manufacturing process.

FORM A (see rule 77).

NOTICE AS TO PROHIBITION OF FIRE.

Do not smoke.—Do not use a naked light, here.

Your attention is drawn to section 66 of the Factories Act, 1934, which reads as follows:—

"Whoever smokes or uses a naked light or causes or permits any such light to be used in the vicinity of any inflammable material in a factory shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees."

FORM B (see Rules 27, 28 and 29)

REPORT OF ACCIDENT.

Not to be filled up by the management. District
Date of receipt
Act, Sec., &c.
(Class—Fatality, I.C., fatal, serious or minor)

Date of enquiry
Result of enquiry
1 Name of certifier
2 Name of factory and its situation
3 Nature of industry
4 Branch of department in which accident occurred
5 Injured person's name
Address
Sex Age Caste
6 Usual occupation of injured person
7 Date and hour of accident
8 Hour at which he started work on the day of accident
9 Cause of accident (a)
(The detailed circumstances under which the accident occurred should be stated.)
If caused by machinery give—
(b) Name of machine and part causing accident
(c) State whether it was moved by mechanical power of the time
(d) State exactly what the injured person was doing at the time
10 Describe fully the nature and extent of injuries sustained, e.g., fatal, loss of fingers, etc.

11. If accident not fatal state whether the injured person was disabled for complete 48 hours immediately after the accident
12. Has duplicate copy of this report been sent
13. Under whose treatment is the injured person
No.
Date

Signature of occupier; if the occupier is absent Manager or Agent.

FORM C [see sub-rules (2) and (3) of Rule 30].

FORM FOR RECORDING DAILY READINGS OF THE HYGROMETER.

Name of factory
Name of room
Number of operatives employed in it
Number of the hygrometer

Year, month and date.	Readings									Remarks.
	Between 7 a.m. and 9 a.m.			Between 11 a.m. and 2 p.m.			Between 4 p.m. and 6—30 p.m.			
	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Per cent humidity.	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Per cent humidity	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Per cent humidity	
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
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29										
30										
31										

FORM D [see sub-rule (2) and (3) of Rule 33].

HUMIDITY READINGS.

Name of factory
Place

Name of Manager
For the week ending

Year.	Time taken.	Department.	Number of persons employed in room.	Department.	Number of persons employed in room.	Department.	Number of persons employed in room.	Remarks (if the outside humidity exceeds 90% please state).
		Hygrometer. No. 1.	Hygrometer. No. 2.	Hygrometer. No. 3.	Hygrometer. No. 1.	Hygrometer. No. 2.	Hygrometer. No. 3.	Hygrometer. No. 1.	Hygrometer. No. 2.	Hygrometer. No. 3.	
Month. Date.		Dry bulb. Wet bulb. Per cent humidity.	Dry bulb. Wet bulb. Per cent humidity.	Dry bulb. Wet bulb. Per cent humidity.	Dry bulb. Wet bulb. Per cent humidity.	Dry bulb. Wet bulb. Per cent humidity.	Dry bulb. Wet bulb. Per cent humidity.	Dry bulb. Wet bulb. Per cent humidity.	Dry bulb. Wet bulb. Per cent humidity.	Dry bulb. Wet bulb. Per cent humidity.	
	7 a.m. and 9 a.m.										
	11 a.m. and 1 p.m.										
	4 p.m. and 6-30 p.m.										
	Average										
	7 a.m. and 9 a.m.										
	11 a.m. and 1 p.m.										
	4 p.m. and 6-30 p.m.										
	Average										

Certificate—

Manager.

FORM E [see Rule 33].

NOTICE FOR THE INFORMATION OF EMPLOYEES

1 Keep safety guard in position. They are for your protection.
2 Do not suspect your helper to be as good a mechanic as you are.
3 Stop machinery before oiling, adjusting or repairing and do not try to operate a machine you do not understand.
4 Do not run machine with guard removed.
5 Report to your employer unsafe places and machinery.
6 Do not attempt to repair electrical equipment but call an electrician.
7 Remember there is always danger in removing belts while machine is running.
8 Never try to shift a moving belt by hand.
9 Stop the machinery to replace heavy belts.
10 Never wear loose, torn or improperly fitted clothing where machinery is working. Loose sleeves around machinery are invited on the broken arms.
11 Goggles should be worn while working at grinders, chippers, welders, metal pouring and chipping. Always use a screen when chipping.
12 Mushroom heads on tools are dangerous.
13 Never strike tempered steel with a hammer or other metal object.
14 Cultivate a habit of cautious; carelessness often leads to loss of life.
15 See that wrenches fit properly.
16 Do not let sharp tools lie around carelessly.
17 Never stand or walk under crane loads.
18 Walk with care on wet floors.
19 Before using ladders see that they are equipped with safety spikes or hooks and that rungs are sound. Never use a weak or defective ladder.
20 Remember all portholes and ladders are not safe.
21 Running, horse-play or scuffle in a factory is dangerous.
22 Do not wear rings on your fingers. Machinery may rip them off and the fingers with them.
23 Do not think you cannot have an accident because you never had one.
24 Do not work machinery connected to another man in his absence.
25 Do not be talking to your neighbour while at work on machinery. The talk leads to distraction and your hands may get caught in the machinery.
26 Do not go to the hot water tank in the factory for a bath. If not dailed a bath go home and have it.

FORM F [see Rule 91 (a)].

FACTORY INSPECTION—FIRST REPORT.

To the Inspector
Taluk
Village
Postal address

Date of last inspection
Number and date of previous visit
Date and time of present inspection

1 Name, number and name of factory.

2 (a) Class (textile or non-textile) and type of factory.

N.B.—All industries carried on or likely to be carried on should be entered.

(b) If seasonal factory declared non-seasonal, give number and date of Government notification.

3 Name of occupier

4 Name of manager.

5 Factory working—not working.

N.B.—If the factory is working the industry that is being carried on at the time of inspection should be noted.

6 Factory notified/registered.

Adults.		Adolescents.	Children.
Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.

7 Number of employees on the day of inspection.

Have more than 9 or 19 persons been employed on any day of the preceding 12 months? If so, the date or dates should be given.

8 (a) Nature and amount of motive power.

(b) Details of machinery installed in the factory.

Health and Sanitation.

9 (a) In which, Block or ward is the factory? [Rule 5 (a).]

(b) Are covered receptacles provided for filth and other decomposing matter? [Rule 5 (a).]

(c) Are waste and refuse being disposed of without being suitably trapped to render them inoffensive? [Rule 5 (b).]

(d) Are the drains properly constructed and repairs thereof at least twice daily? [Rule 5.]

(e) Are drains connected with some recognised drainage line? [Rule 6.]

(f) Is the compound surrounding the factory sanitary and clean? [Rule 7.]

(g) Has the Conservancy of the factory building been done. [Rule 8.]

(h) Is the woodwork in the factory painted, varnished or lime-washed? [Rule 8.]

10 (a) Are the latrines and urinal accommodation sufficient and suitable or in the factory exempt? (Section 20 and rules 25, 26 and 28.)

N.B.—Number and date of exemption order to be given.

(b) (i) Are the latrines and urinals properly used by the work-people? [Rule 9.]

(ii) Are arrangements made for regular cleansing and conservancy of latrines, etc.? [Rule 9.]

(c) Have the lime-washing and tarring of latrine walls been done? [Rule 27.]

11 (a) Is there a sufficient and suitable supply of water (i) for drinking? [Sections 23 (1) and (2) and rule 12.]

(b) Is the water supplied free of cost? [Rule 12.]

(c) Is the area around the places where drinking water is distributed properly drained and cleaned? [Rule 9.]

(d) (i) Are grievances involving content by the workers with injurious or dangerous substances carried on?

(ii) If so, are suitable washing facilities provided? [Rule 24.]

12 (a) Are the ventilating openings sufficient and properly maintained? [Rule 15 (1).]

(b) Is ventilation sufficient to render pure, vapour, dust, etc., generated in the factory harmless to operatives? [Section 14 (2).]

(c) Is any other injurious effect to any injurious gases, if so, is there a mechanical or other device to abate the nuisance? [Section 14 (3) (Order to specify time).]

(d) Is ventilation in jute mills sufficient? [Rule 19 (2).]

(e) (i) Are mechanical means provided for the removal of steam in washer, sizing rooms in cotton mills constructed after the 1st January 1935? [Rule 19 (3).]

(ii) Is any cooler passed carried on in such other sizing rooms? [Rule 19 (3).]

(Number and date of exemption granted by the Chief Inspector of Factories, if any, to be noted here.)

13 In cotton mills:—

(a) Is artificial humidification carried on? [Section 18 (1).]

(b) Is drinking or purified water used for humidifying? [Section 18 (3).]

(c) Is the number of hygrometers sufficient? [Rule 34 (a) to (c)] or is any department exempt under Rule 35.

(d) Are the hygrometers installed in the factory maintained accurately and in an efficient state? (Rules 35 to 44.)

14 Are the cooling properties of air inside the factory sufficient, if not, what measures would you suggest as the Chief Inspector for adoption? (Section 16)

15 Are the floor and building space sufficient or are the workrooms overcrowded? [Section 17 and Rule 11.]

16 Is the lighting in the factory sufficient? (Order to specify time.) [Section 18 (2).]

SAFETY OF WORKERS.

FENCING OF MACHINERY.

1. *General.*

37 (a) Are the exposed moving parts of a prime mover and flywheel directly connected to it fenced? [Section 24 (1) (a).]

(b) Are the belts, ropes or gearing and every trap door or similar opening near which any person may have to work or pass sufficiently fenced? [Section 24 (1) (b).]

(c) Are the belts, ropes and fast and loose pulleys of being secured when the gear is opposite the floor? [Rule 5....]

38 Are all parts of transmission machinery securely fenced? [Rule 41.]

39 Are all parts of machine tools securely fenced? [Rule 40.]

40 Are every wheel provided with strong guards of wrought-iron or not less than ¼ inch thick or of steel gauge of not less than 1/10 inch thick and the tool rests properly fixed? [Rule 51.]

41 Is there any other part of machinery that requires to be fenced? (Enter be specify time.) [Section 24 (1).]

42 Are all fences and guards securely fixed and maintained in an efficient state when machinery is working? [Section 24 (3).]

2. *Printing Works.*

43 Is every platen machine fitted with an efficient finger guard and every guillotine machine with an efficient knife guard? [Rule 58.]

3. *Textile Factories.*

44 Are fencing and guarding efficient. [Rule 59.]

In (1) blowing room machinery

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)

(2) Carding machines
(a)
(b)

(3) Drawing frames

(4) Speed frames
(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)

(5) Self-acting mules
(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
(f)
(g)

(6) Ring and throstle and doubling frames
(a)
(b)

(7) Calendering machines ?

4. *Cleaning Factories.*

45 (a) Is the flywheel to second motion completely fenced? [Rule 64 (a).]

(b) Is the feed mouth of the opener fitted with a hopper or a grid guard extending 4 feet over the mixing conveyor or the feeders of openers covered sufficiently? [Rule 64 (b).]

(c) Is the spur gearing at the side of openers completely guarded? [Rule 64 (c).]

(d) Are the crankshaft pulleys and roller pulleys of all pipe coils guarded? [Rule 64 (d).]

(e) Are the spur wheels, oscillating levers and rollers of gins provided with guards? [Rule 64 (e).]

(f) Are fast and loose pulleys and efficient belt shifters provided to all gins and openers? [Rule 64 (f).]

5. *Woodworking Factories.*

46 (a) Is an efficient stopping and starting appliance provided for each machine? (Rule 66.)

(b) Are suitable push sticks kept available for use at the bench of every machine which is fed by hand? [Rule 66.]

(c) Is every circular saw provided with a strong metal guard and a riving knife? [Rule 67.]

(d) Is the plain band-saw guarded? [Rule 68.]

(e) (1) Is a cylindrical cutter block provided for every surfacing planing machine and a bridge-guard to cover the slot in the bench? [Rule 69(a) and (b).]

(2) Is an efficient guard provided to feed roller of every planing machine used for thicknessing? [Rule 69 (c).]

(f) Is a suitable guard provided for the cutter of every vertical spindle moulding machine or a ring or holder provided? [Rule 70.]

(g) Is a suitable guard provided for every chain mortising machine? [Rule 71].

6. *Jute Mills.*

47 (a) Is the feed table of a softener machine not less than 6 feet in length? [Rule 83 (a).]

(b) Is an efficient automatic lapping off device provided at the feed table and efficiently maintained? [Rule 85 (b) and (c).]

7. *Tea Factories.*

48 (a) Is the roll table suitably fenced? [Rule 94].

(b) Is the leaf removed only with the aid of a brush? [Rule 94.]

8. *Rope and Twine Works.*

49 Is an efficient finger guard provided at the feed end of the grooving pegs? [Rule 96.]

9. *Decorticating Factories.*

50 (a) Are the hoists and the feed mouth of the decorticators securely guarded as required by rule 10?

(b) Is the guard maintained properly? [Rule 98.]

10. *Safety of Buildings and Machinery.*

31 Is there any building or part of a building, steps, machinery or plant the use of which [involves inside heat should be in connection or safety ? [Section 30 (1). Order to specify time.]

32 Is there any building or part of a building, steps, machinery or plant the use of which, [involves inside heat should be in connection or safety ? [Section 30 (1). Order to specify time.]

33 (a) When were the buildings completed ?

(b) When were the machinery started for the first time ?

(c) When was the certificate of stability sent to the Inspector ? [Section 30 (2) and Rule 116.]

(d) Are any re-fixations of defective parts or tests of stability now required ? State action proposed. [Section 30 and Rule 116.]

[PROTECTION OF PERSONS EMPLOYED OR ENGAGED.

1. *General.*

34 Is the floor surrounding every machine kept, non-slippery and maintained in good repair ? [Rule 58.]

35 Are important pulleys provided with belt hangers ? [Rule 69]

36 Are striking gears provided and used to move driving shafts on all fast and loose pulleys? [Rule 70]

37 Are only experienced and specially trained men allowed to lubricate bearing or gear wheels or to replace or adjust belts ? [Rule 71.]

38 Are revolving plate-rims and pangrams provided for protected shafting not securely fenced where required ? [Rule 72.]

39 Is machinery in motion cleaned by cotton waste, rags or similar materials held in hand ? [Rule 73.]

40 Are starting holders provided with hooks or with a non-slip device ? [Rule 74.]

41 Is their clothing worn by mixers, maintainers and persons replacing belts ? [Rule 75.]

42 Fences and overhead screens provided to all mills, bearings and other parts of machinery to be shrouded in which it is dangerous ? [Rule 76.]

43 Are water service glasses or bulbs of not less than 100lb. pressure guarded ? [Rule 77.]

44 Are all internal re-fusible plugs on fire safety valve of the boiler otherwise than under the written authority of the Boiler Inspector ? [Rule 78.]

45 Are no dry valve and pressure gauge fitted to all higher cylinders, liners, digesters or steam jacketed pans or other vessels worked under pressure ? [Rule 79.]

46 Are the electrical and mechanical means of transport observed, maintained and operated so as to be safe for operation ? [Rule 80.]

2. *Electrical Fittings.*

47 (a) Are all electrical conductors protected ? [Rule 87 (1).]

(b) Are all electrical apparatus, machines and fittings guarded and provided with efficient handles? [Rule 87 (2).]

(c) Are the switches and other controlling appliances operated from outside the floor ? [Rule 87 (3).]

(d) Are only specially trained and experienced men allowed to operate electrical apparatus ? [Rule 87 (4).]

3. *Danger Notice.*

48 (a) (i) Are notices in Form K both in English and vernacular displayed in all the rooms where machinery is in use ? [Rule 89 (a)]

(ii) Have the contents of Form K been explained to each employee in the vernacular understood by him ? [Rule 89 (b).]

(b) Are instructions regarding resuscitation of persons suffering from electric shock affixed both in English and in the vernacular ? [Rule 87 (5).]

(c) (i) Is the notice required by rule 73 exhibited in English and in the vernacular ?

(ii) Has this notice been explained to each workman in his vernacular

4. *Special Provisions for Women and Children.*

49 (a) Are women and children prevented from cleaning or oiling machinery whilst in motion under power but from working between the fixed and moving parts of machinery ? [Section 37 (1).]

(b) In a cotton opening factory, are women and children prevented from working in a room in which the feed-end of a cotton opener is situated ? [Section 38.]

50 Are children who cannot be lawfully employed in the factory admitted to any part of it where any hazardous operation is carried on ? [Section 33 (1) and Rule 82.]

51 Is the presence of children who cannot be lawfully employed in the factory in any part of it dangerous to them or injurious to their health ? [Section 33 (2).]

5. *Precautions Against Fire.*

52 Are the doors of rooms in which more than 20 persons are employed made to slide or to open outwards or in the direction of the nearest exit when the door is between two rooms ? [Section 21.]

53 Has any part of the factory building a thatched roof or walls made of easily inflammable material ? [Rule 97.]

54 Are adequate precautions taken against danger by fire ? [Rule 99.]

55 (a) Are the provisions relating to smoking and the use of naked lights in the vicinity of any inflammable material observed ? [Section 36.]

(b) (i) Is the notice required by rule 98 exhibited in English and in the vernacular ?

(ii) Has this notice been explained to each workman in his vernacular ?

56 Where the use of naked lights is necessary in the course of the manufacturing process, are inflammable materials stored in the vicinity of such places ? [Rule 101.]

57 In the cotton ginning factories—

(a) Are the engine and gas producer and boiler rooms permanently and completely separated from the machine rooms ? [Rule 93].

(b) If factory constructed before 1st January 1935, has this rule been relaxed by the Chief Inspector ?

58 In Match Factories, are the special rules 94 (i) to (vi) duly observed ?

59 (a) Are the means of escape in case of fire sufficient ? [Section 21. Order to specify time.]

(b) Are fire escapes locked or obstructed during working hours ? [Section 21 and 23.]

60 Are doors of exit not less than 6 feet high and 4 feet wide ? [Rule 104 (a).]

61 (a) Are two exits provided in each room where more than 20 people are employed ? [Rule 104 (b).]

(b) In any factory wall built before 1st January 1935, has any relaxation been allowed by the Chief Inspector ?

62 In every building more than one storey high provided with two sets of stairs or steps permanently fixed, [Rule 105.]

63 Do the windows and doors of stair cases open outwards ? [Rule 106.]

64 Including (or pens) in factories, are two flights of non-inflammable stairs provided ? [Rule 107.]

HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT, HOLIDAYS, ETC.

1. Restrictions on Working Hours of Adults.

65. (a) Is any adult worker employed for more than 54 hours in any week or for more than 9½ hours in a seasonal factory ? [Section 36.]

(b) If exemptions have been granted, is extra pay for overtime paid ? [Section 41.]

66 (a) If any person was employed on a Sunday, was a suitable holiday given? [Section 35 (1) (a).]

(b) Was a notice of Sunday work delivered in the office of the Inspector in time ? [Section 35 (1) (b) (i).]

(c) Was the required notice displayed in the factory ? [Section 35 (1) (b) (ii).]

67 (a) Is any male adult worker allowed to work for more than 15 hours in a day or in a seasonal factory for more than 14 hours in any day ? [Section 34.]

(b) Does any woman work between 7 p.m. and 5 a.m.? [Section 45 (1) (b).]

68 Is any interval (not rest allowed under section 37 (a) or (b) ?

69 Does the spread over for an adult worker exceed 13 hours in any day ? [Section 38.]

70 Is there any adult worker employed otherwise than in accordance with the notice prescribed under section 39 (1) and the entries against his name made in the register of workers maintained under section 40 ? [Section 40.]

71 Has the factory been exempted by the Government from the provisions of, sections 34, 35, 36, 37 and 38 ? State previous exemption.

72 Has any exemption been granted by the Commissioner of Labour in respect of the employment of any specified class of workers under rules 116 to 118 ?

73 Are the conditions attaching to the exemptions availed of, duly observed ?

74 (a) If any person employed in this factory allowed to be employed in any other factory on the same day ? [Section 41]

(b) Are the conditions laid down in rule 114 satisfied ?

2. Restrictions on the employment of Adolescents and Children.

75 Are there any children below 12 years of age employed in the factory ? [Section 26.]

76 (a) Is the medical certificate of each child or adolescent in the custody of the factory Manager ? [Section 51 (a).]

(b) Is every child or adolescent in possession of a token ? [Section 51 (b).]

(c) Are provisional certificates more than three months old ? [Section 52 (2) and rule 120 (3).]

77 (a) Does any child or adolescent not certified as an adult, work for more than five hours in any day ? [Section 24 (1)]

(b) Is the spread over in the case of such persons more than seven and a half hours in any day ? [Section 24 (2)]

(c) Does any child or adolescent not certified as an adult work between 7 p.m. and 6 a.m.? [Section 24 (3)]

(d) Is there any child or adolescent not certified as an adult working in the factory who has already been working in another factory on this day ? [Section 24 (4)]

78 Is there any child or adolescent who, in the opinion of the Inspector, is no longer fit for employment? [Section 28.]

79 Has any child or adolescent used or attempted to use any certificate granted to another child or adolescent as allowing been granted to himself ? [Section 27.]

80 Is any child working employed otherwise than in accordance with the notice prescribed under section 26 (2) and the entries against his name made in the register of child workers maintained under section 27 ?

NOTICES, REGISTERS AND RETURNS.

81 (a) Has the notice under section 9 (1) been received ? [Manager (occupier) to send notice before each season.]

(b) Has the change of Manager been notified within the due date ? [Section 9 (2).]

82 Are the abstracts of the Act and the rules and other notices displayed at the main entrance ? [Section 76 (1) and rule 140.]

83 (a) Are the notices of periods for work displayed in the prescribed form and correctly maintained ? [Sections 59 (1), 65 (1), 71 (2) and rule 132.]

(b) Have the copies of the notice been sent in triplicate to the Inspector ? [Section 65 (1) and 64 (2).]

(c) Are the changes in the notice duly notified to the Inspector ?

Were any changes in the notice made within one week of the previous change without the sanction of the Inspector ? [Section 65 (2).]

84 (a) Have the notices of accidents been sent to the Inspector as required by the rules ? [Section 80 and rules 28 and 29.]

(b) Has a supplemental report of accidents been sent when necessary ? [Rule 29.]

85 Is the register of adult workers and child workers maintained separately and in the prescribed form ? [Section 40 and 58 and rule 126.]

86 Is a register for the exempted persons maintained in the prescribed form? [Section 42 (4) and rule 106.]

87 Has the holiday return been submitted regularly ? [Government Notification No. , dated .]

88 In the cotton mills are the hydrometer readings taken recorded at the specified times and are the note-books and registers properly kept ? [Rule 78.]

89 (a) Is a bound inspection book maintained and are the forms O, M, N and H opened and maintained up to ? [Rule 106.]

(b) Is the list of persons to which provisions of section 43 (1), and rule 131 are applicable, entered in Form O 2 [Rule 106.]

(c) Are the dates of lime-washing, building, white, painting, varnishing or line-washing of woodwork and lime-washing and tarring of latrines entered in Form M ? [Rule 102.]

(d) Are the particulars of the different workrooms properly entered in Form N ? [Rule 103.]

Welfare.

90 (a) If the factory employs 250 persons or more or 50 persons or more in the case of registering women, are first aid appliances kept readily available ?

(b) If the factory is not covered by the above are first aid appliances necessary, in your opinion, on account of dangerous machinery used or processes carried on ?

91 If more than 150 persons are ordinarily employed, are separate rooms for rest provided as required by rule 110 ?

92 If more than 30 women workers are ordinarily employed, are suitable cradles provided as required by rule 111 ?

93 If the factory was in existence on 1st January 1935, have the provisions of rules 110 and 111 been relaxed by the Chief Inspector and to what extent ?

Orders served during last inspection :—
(Here enter items of previous orders and against each note whether complied with or not).

Remarks :—

Miscellaneous for Administration Report.

Housing accommodation:
Dispensary:
Schools:
Firms:
Epidemics:
Increase or decrease in wages:
Strikes:
Welfare work:

Inspector of Factories *Circle.*

FORM "G" [see rule 91 (2)].

FACTORY INSPECTION REPORT FOR FIRSTS AND SUBSEQUENT INSPECTIONS BY FACTORY INSPECTOR.

District
Taluk
Village
Postal address

Date of last inspection.
Number and date of previous order.
Date and time of present inspection.

1 Serial number and name of factory.

2 (a) Class (perennial or non-seasonal) and kind of factory.

N.B.—All industries carried on or likely to be carried on should be entered.

(b) If seasonal factory declared non-seasonal, give number and date of the necessary notification.

3 Name of occupier or occupiers.

4 Name of manager.

5 Factory working/not working.

N.B.—If the factory is working the industry that is being carried on at the time of inspection should be noted.

6 Factory notified/registered.

7 Number of employees on the day of inspection.

Adults.	Adolescent adults.	Adolescent children.	Children.
Men		Boys	
Women		Girls	

Have more than 9 or 19 persons been employed on any day of the preceding 12 months? If so, give the date or dates.

8 Details of additional machinery (if any installed in the factory since the last inspection).

Health and sanitation

9 Cleanliness, periodical sanitary treatment of walls, floors, latrines, water-supply, ventilation, lighting, cooling arrangements, etc. Roof and breathing space, etc.

(Leave one page.)

Safety

10 Fencing of prime-movers, cranes, various machines, machinery, tools, maintenance of fencing in proper order, provisions for special classes of factories. Safety of buildings and machinery, precautions against fire, precautions in operating the machinery, electrical fittings, danger notices, precautions against fire, special provisions for women and children.

(Leave one page.)

11 Hours of employment—Holidays, etc. Restrictions on working hours of adults—Conditions attaching to exemptions—Restrictions on the employment of adolescents and children—Certification of adolescents and children.

(Leave half a page.)

12 Notices—Registers and returns—Exhibition of abstracts—Notice of periods for work—Notices of accidents—Maintenance of register of adults and child workers—Register of exempted persons—Health provisions in cotton mills—Maintenance of the Annual Inspection Book.

(Leave half a page.)

13 Welfare—First-aid appliances—Canteens for rest—Crèches for children.

14 Remarks of Inspector—Previous orders mentioned in item 8 (c)—

(1) Numbers of items complied with.

(2) Numbers of items not complied with.

(3) Reasons of items partly done—Action proposed.

15 Special features, if any, for administration report—Housing accommodation—Dispensaries—Schools—Firms, epidemics, etc.

16 General remarks, if any.

Inspector of Factories, *Circle.*

FORM H [see rules 91 (3) and 108].

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF FACTORIES, CIRCLE.

I.R. No.———19 . ———————19 .

THE FACTORIES ACT, 1934—THE MADRAS FACTORIES RULES, 1950, AND THE GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION DATED THEREON.

Sir,

Upon a recent inspection of your factory an it was found, to the extent indicated below, that certain provisions of the Act and rules were not being carried out. It is, therefore, requested that necessary steps, to the extent indicated below, be taken at once to comply with the law.

2. Please note that you may, within 30 days of the service of these orders, appeal to the Chief Inspector of Factories, Madras, against the orders marked 'A'; any such appeal must be accompanied by court-fee stamps of the value of Rs. 5 and a true copy of the orders marked 'A'; any such appeal must be accompanied by court-fee stamps of the value of Rs. 5 and a true copy of the orders against which appeal is filed. In case the appeal is not admitted, the court-fee stamps will be forfeited to Government. If the appeal is admitted, the court-fee stamps will be returned to the appellant. The copy of the orders, further, should be stamped under the Court Fees Act with stamps of the value of 8 annas for every 340 words or fraction thereof.

3. The orders below are issued or repeated from previous orders, without prejudice to any action that this office may take for non-compliance with the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder.

Yours faithfully,

Inspector of Factories, *Circle.*

FORM I [see rule 91].

INSPECTION REPORT FOR THE USE OF THE OFFICERS OF THE HEALTH AND MEDICAL DEPARTMENTS.

District

Taluk

Village

Postal address

Date of last inspection.

Date and time of present inspection.

1 Name of factory

2 Name of occupier

3 Name of manager

4 Class of factory—

(a) Seasonal/Non-seasonal.

(b) Seasonal declared as non-seasonal.

5 Factory working/not working

6 Static inspection carried on.

7 Number of persons found employed.

Adults.	Adolescents and Mts.	Adolescent girls.	Children.
Men.		Boys	
Women		Girls	

Health and Sanitation.

8 (a) Is rubbish, filth or debris allowed to accumulate in the factory ? [Rule 5 (1).]

(b) Are covered receptacles provided for filth and other decomposing matter ? [Rule 5 (a).]

(c) Are wastes and effluents being disposed of without being suitably treated to render them unobjectionable ? [Rule 5 (d).]

(d) Are the drains properly constructed and regularly flushed at least twice daily ? [Rule 6.]

(e) Are drains connected with some recognised drainage line ? [Rule 6.]

(f) Is the compound surroundings of the factory sanitary and clean ? [Rule 7.]

(g) Have the limewashing and colour washing of the factory building walls been done ? [Rule 8.]

(h) Is the woodwork in the factory painted, varnished, limewashed or colour washed ? [Rule 8.]

9 (a) Are the latrines and urinals (separate accommodation sufficient and suitable or in the factory mises ? [Section 20 and Rules 10, 12 and 13.]

N.B.—Number and date of exemption order to be given.

(b) (i) Are the latrines and urinals properly used by the work-people. [Rule 9.]

(ii) Are the arrangements made for regular cleaning and disinfection of latrines, etc.? [Rule 9.]

(c) Have the limewashing and tarring of latrine walls been done ? [Rule 17.]

10 (a) Is there a sufficient and suitable supply of water fit for drinking ? [Sections 16 (1) and (2) and Rule 13.]

(b) Is the water supplied free of cost ? [Rule 13.]

(c) Is the area around the place where drinking water is distributed properly drained and cleaned [Rule 9.]

(d) (i) Are precautions for preventing contact by the workers with injurious or offensive substances carried on ?

(ii) If so, is water suitable for washing and facilities for the use provided ? [Rule 14.]

11 (a) Are the ventilating openings sufficient and properly maintained ? [Rule 25 (1).]

(b) Is ventilation sufficient to confine gases, vapour, dust, etc., generated in the factory premises to specific ? [Section 24 (1).]

(c) Is gas, dust or other impurity generated is an injurious nature, if so, is there a mechanical or other device to abate the nuisance ? [Section 11 (3).]

(d) Is ventilation in intervals sufficient ? [Rule 19 (2).]

Restrictions on the employment of adolescents and children.

12 Are there any children below 18 years of age employed in the factory ? [Section 66.]

13 (a) Is the medical certificate of each child or adolescent in the custody of the factory Manager? [Section 68 (a).]

(b) Is every child or adolescent in possession of a token ? [Section 34 (3).]

(c) Are provisional certificates more than 3 months old ? [Section 12 (2) and rule 130 (1).]

14 (a) Does any child or adolescent not certified as fit to work, work for more than 5 hours in any day ? [Section 34 (1).]

(b) Is the spread-over in the case of *each* persons more than 7½ hours in any day ? [Section 34 (3).]

(c) Does any child or adolescent not certified as fit to work between 7 p.m. and 6 a.m. [Section 34 (1).]

(d) Is there any child or adolescent not certified as fit to work working in the factory who has already been working in another factory on this day ? [Section 34 (2).]

15 Is there any child or adolescent who, in the opinion of the inspecting officer, is in danger of accidents ? [Section 34.]

16 In cotton mills, are the ingress-egress registers recorded at the specified times and are the note books and registers properly kept ? [Rule 38.]

NOTE.—This report is to be sent to the full-time inspector of Factories concerned within 5 days from the date of inspection for necessary execution action with reference to Rule 93 of the Madras Factories Rules, 1950.

FORM J (see rule 30).

(INSPECTION REPORT FORM FOR THE USE OF SUB-DIVISIONAL MAGISTRATE.

District

Taluk

Village

Postal address

Date of last inspection.

Date and time of present inspection.

1 Name of factory.

2 Name of occupier

3 Name of Manager

4 Class of factory—
(a) Seasonal, Non-seasonal.
(b) Seasonal declared as non-seasonal

5 Factory working/not working.

6 Main industries carried on.

7 Number of persons being employed.

Adults.		Adolescents.	Adolescent child-ren.	Children.
Men	Women	Boys	Girls	

8 Is any adult employed for more than 54 hours in any week or for more than 10 hours in any day in a seasonal factory ? [Section 36.]

9 If any period was employed on a Sunday was a substituted holiday given ? [Section 35 (1) (b).]

10 Was the notice of Sunday work delivered to the office of the Inspector in time ? [Section 35 (1) (c).]

11 Was the required notice displayed in the factory ? [Section 35 (1) (c) (i).]

12 Is any male adult worker allowed to work for more than 10 hours in a day or 54 a week? [where for more than 11 hours in any day ? [Section 36.]

13 Does any woman work between 7 p.m. and 6 a.m. ? [Section 45 (1) (a).]

14 Is the interval for rest allowed under section 37 (a) or 37 (d) ?

15 Does the spread-over of work for an adult worker exceed 12 hours in any day ? [Section 38.]

16 Is there any adult worker employed otherwise than in accordance with the notice prescribed under section 35 (1) and the entries against his name made in the register of workers maintained under section 41 ? [section 42.]

17 Is the medical certificate of each child or adolescent in the custody of the Factory Manager [Section 51 (a).]

18 Is every child or adolescent in possession of a token ? [Section 51 (b).]

19 Does any child or adolescent not certified as an adult, work for more than 5 hours in any day ? [Section 54 (1).]

20 Is the spread-over in the case of such persons more than 5½ hours in any day ? [Section 56 (2).]

21 Does any child or adolescent not certified as an adult, work between 7 p.m. and 6 a.m.? [Section 54 (3).]

22 Is there any child or adolescent not certified as an adult working in the factory who has already been working in another factory on that day ? [Section 54 (5).]

23 Is the register of adult workers and child workers maintained separately and in the prescribed form ? [Sections 41 and 44 and rule 125.]

REMARKS.

Name of Inspecting Officer and designation.

Signature.

NOTE.—This report should be sent to the Sub-Divisional Inspector of Factories concerned, within five days from the date of inspection for necessary executive action with reference to rule 98 of the Madras Factories Rules, 1950.

FORM K [see rule 94].

DIARY OF THE INSPECTOR OF FACTORIES, CIRCLE, MADRAS PRESIDENCY, FOR THE MONTH OF 19

Date.	Place.	Factories visited or other work done.	List of sections and rules under which orders are served.

FORM L [see rule 99].

REGISTER OF FACTORIES.

PART I—Non-seasonal.

PART II—Seasonal.

as on 19

Serial number.	District.	Name of factory.	Postal address.	Nature and amount of moving power.	Nature of work carried on.	Name of occupier.	Name of manager	Dates of inspections.	Remarks.

FORM M [see Rules 192 and 193].

DATES OF LIMEWASHING, POTASHING, PAINTING, VARNISHING OR VARNISHING.

Part of factory, or name of room.	Parts limewashed, colourwashed, tarred, painted or varnished, e.g., walls, ceilings, woodwork, etc.	Process—i.e. (whether limewashed, colourwashed, tarred, painted or varnished).	Date on which limewashing, colourwashing, tarring, painting or varnishing was carried out (according to the English calendar).			Signature of occupier or Manager	Remarks.
			Day.	Month.	Year.		

(Signature of Occupier.)

(Signature of Manager if the occupier is absent.)

FORM N [see Rules 194 and 195].

PARTICULARS OF ROOMS IN THE FACTORY.

Name of room in factory.	Dimensions of room in feet.			Total floor area in square feet.	Floor area occupied by machinery, fixtures and materials.	Breathing space (cubical contents in cubic feet).	Net floor area.	Number and total space in feet of Wash Basins.	Maximum number of persons who may be employed in the room.	Remarks.
	Length.	Breadth.	Height.							

(Signature of Occupier.)

(Signature of Manager if the Occupier is absent.)

FORM O [see Rule 196].

Section, or Rule from which exemption is given. (1)	Subject dealt with. (2)	Extent of and reasons for exemption. (3)	By whom given. (4)	Date and number of order. (5)

Date

Signature of Inspector.

FORM P [see Rule 197 (3)].

1 Serial No. 193

2 Name.....

3 Father's / Husband's name.....

4 Sex and caste or religion.....

5 Residence .....

6 Age certified .....

7 Physical Marks .....

8 Hours marks of successful vaccination.....

9 Distinctive marks .....

10 Reason for—*

(1) refusal of certificate .....

or

(2) certificate being revoked .....

Thumb-impression. Initials of Certifying Surgeon.

* Exact details of cause of physical disability should be clearly stated.

Serial No. .....

Dated..... 193

I hereby notify that I have personally examined [name] ..... son/daughter/wife of ..... [caste etc.] ..... residing at ..... who is declared below employed in a factory and that his/her age, as nearly as can be ascertained from my examination is ..... years and this he/she is fit for employment in factory as a child/an adult.

I further certify that he/she bears marks of successful vaccination. His/her descriptive marks are .....

Thumb impression

Certifying Surgeon.

FORM Q [see Rule 139 (3)]

REGISTER OF FEES PAID FOR THE ISSUE OF DUPLICATE CERTIFICATES UNDER SECTION 39 (3) OF THE FACTORIES ACT.

Date.	Serial number	Number(s) of specified certificate.	Name of person to whom issued.	Initial of Certifying Surgeon.

Paid into Treasury—

Date—

Signature of Certifying Surgeon

FORM R [see Rule 135.]

Name of factory

Notice prescribed under sections 59 (3) and 55 (4).

Place.

District

Hours of work.																					
Monday to Friday												Saturday.									
Men.			Women.			Children (including adolescents—if any)			Men.			Women.			Children. (including adolescents—if any)						
Period of work.	Number of shifts.	Number of relays.	First period.	Second period.	Third period.	First period.	Second period.	Third period.	First period.	Second period.	Third period.	First period.	Second period.	Third period.	First period.	Second period.	Third period.	First period.	Second period.	Third period.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)

Note.—(1) Columns (2) and (3) may be filled when there are two or more groups on the Case Rule 5a.
(2) If there are different hours of work for different days of the week, the notice should be amplified making provision for all the days of the week.
(3) In the case of rotating shifts a separate set of shifts covering all days of work as there are number of interchanging shifts and showing the changes over in the case of each shift and the weekly holiday or rest period given to each relay should also be shown in the notice.

FORM S [see Rule 136].

Register of Adult Workers including adolescents deemed to be adults under section 53 (1) of the Act.

Name of factory.

Place.

Part { I room / II women

District.

for the month of 193

Serial number.	Date of entry in service.	Name in full.	Caste or religion.	Nature of work.	Hours, if any, in Section 54 (1) (a) (ii) prohibited.	Whether register of adolescents (Children, Form No.) is to be maintained, and if so, the page on which adolescent is entered.	Hours of work.															
							Days of work.						Days of work.									
							First period.		Second period.		Third period.		First period.		Second period.		Third period.		Total weekly hours.	Remarks.
							From	To	From	To	From	To	From	To	From	To	From	To		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)

FORM 8 (see Rule 108)

Register of Child Workers including adolescents deemed to be children under section 33 (3) of the Act.

Name of Factory. Place. District.

Part II Hours of Work

for the month of 193 .

Serial number.	Name of child.	Father's name	Caste or religion.	Nature of work.	Hours, if any, which precede the daily period.	If the group works on a night shift, the night shift.	Hours of work: Days of week. First period. From	To	Second period. From	To	Days of week. From	To	Total weekly hours.	Previous Certificate. No.	Date.	Certifying Surgeon's certificate. No.	Date.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)

Voters Initials.

Inspector of Factories.

FORM T (see Rule 136).

REGISTER FOR EXEMPTED Workers.

Muster roll of Adult Workers and adolescents deemed to be adults under section 52 (1) to be kept under section 47 (4) of the Act, for the month of ..... 193 .

Name of factory Place, District.

Hours of Work, Days.

Serial number.	Name of worker.	Monday. First period.	Second period.	Third period.	Tuesday. First period.	Second period.	Third period.	Wednesday. First period.	Second period.	Third period.	Thursday. First period.	Second period.	Third period.	Friday. First period.	Second period.	Third period.	Saturday. First period.	Second period.	Third period.	Sunday. First period.	Second period.	Third period.	Total weekly hours.	Usual weekly hours.	Normal daily hours on which any person may be employed if he is to work on the said days in the Local Government under section 47 (2)	Overtime pay paid under section 47 (2)	Overtime pay paid under section 47 (3)	Total amount paid.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)

FORM U

(See rule 143.)

Abstracts of the Factories Act, 1934, and the rules made thereunder to be hung near the main entrance under the provisions of section 79 (2).

Definition of Factory.

1. "Factory" means any premises including the precincts thereof wherein twenty or more workers are working, or were working on any day of the preceding twelve months, and in any part of which a manufacturing process is being carried on with the aid of power, or is ordinarily so carried on.

Seasonal and Perennial Factories.

2. A factory which is exclusively engaged in one or more of the following six manufacturing processes, namely: cotton, ginning, cotton pressing, jute pressing, decortication of groundnuts, manufacture of coir, indigo, lac, rubber, sugar (including gur) or in any premises to which persons which is ancillary to or connected with any of the aforesaid processes, is a seasonal factory under the Act. A factory falling under this category may be declared by the Local Government to be a known seasonal factory if it ordinarily works for more than 180 days in the year. If mainly a factory which does not ordinarily work for more than 180 days and works only during particular seasons or at times dependent on the irregular action of natural forces may be declared to be a seasonal factory by the Local Government.

Limitations on Working Hours.

3. The working hours sections of the Act do not apply to persons holding posts of supervision and management or employed in the factory in a confidential capacity.

Adults (including adolescents certified as adults).

(Including adolescents certified as adults.)

(a) Unless exemption has been granted under the rules, no adult worker who is not employed in the manufacturing process or whose work is continuous shall be allowed to work in a factory for more than 54 hours in any week, or where the factory has seasonal use, for more than 60 hours in any week.

(b) An adult worker in a non-seasonal factory employed in work which for technical reasons must be continuous throughout the day may work for 56 hours in any week.

(c) No adult worker shall be employed in any factory on a Sunday or else be given a holiday for a whole day on any one of the three days immediately preceding or succeeding that Sunday.

NOTE.—"DAY" means a period of 24 hours beginning at midnight.

(d) No adult worker shall be allowed to work in a factory for more than nine hours in any day provided that a male adult worker in a seasonal factory may work for 11 hours in any day.

(c) The periods of work of adult workers in a factory (other than those employed in shifts) shall be fixed so that no worker shall work for more than six hours before he has had an interval of rest of at least one hour;

(d) so that no period shall exceed five hours and no adult worker shall work for more than five hours before he has had an interval of rest of at least half an hour, or for more than eight and a half hours before he has had an interval of rest of at least one hour.

(e) The periods of work of adult workers in a factory shall be so arranged that those periods fall within the limits fixed in section 37, they also in a special case more than 12 hours in any day, may with the permission of the Local Government and subject to such conditions as it may impose, either generally or in the case of any particular factory.

(f) No adult worker may be employed in more than one factory on the same day unless he is employed for the following conditions:—

(i) he shall not be employed for more than ten hours in all on any day;

(ii) he shall receive a weekly holiday in accordance with the provisions of section 35 of the Act.

Exemption.

In case the general regulations mentioned in rule 114 and under cover of the rules relating to textile and printed under section 43 (1) of the Act, the Local may in the case of certain forms of adults may be relieved by the extent indicated and subject to the conditions mentioned in those rules. The conditions are generally limited so that no working hours on any day shall not exceed 11, 9 hour over 15 hours, total hours in a week do, and not more than 12 consecutive days of work without a holiday for one whole day. Overtime wages have to be paid to workers as mentioned in rules and below :—

(i) whereas worker in any factory works for more than 60 hours in any week, or where a worker in a factory works more than a total of works for more than nine hours in any day, he shall be entitled in respect of every hour worked in pay at the rate of one and half times his ordinary rate of pay ;

(ii) when a worker in a factory other than a seasonal factory works for more hours in any six than 240 prescribed under section 34, he shall be entitled in respect of the overtime worked (including any overtime in respect of which he is entitled to extra pay under sub-section (1), to pay at the rate of one and a half times his ordinary rate of pay.

Women only

(1) No women shall be allowed to work in a factory for more than ten hours in any day or between 5 p.m. and 6 a.m. except which in the case of silk-saving and rice-manning factories which are exempted under section 5 (1).

Children (include adolescents not certified as adults).

(1) No child who has not completed his twelfth year shall be allowed to work in any factory.

(2) No child who has completed his twelfth year and no adolescent shall be allowed to work in any factory unless—

(i) A certificate of fitness granted to him under section 39 is in the custody of the manager of the factory, and

(ii) he carried while he is at work a token giving reference to such certificate.

(3) (i) An adolescent who has been granted a certificate of fitness to work in a factory as an adult under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 39, and who, while at work in a factory carried a token giving reference to the certificate, shall be deemed to be an adult for all the purposes Chapter IV of the Factories Act, 1934, regarding restrictions on the working hours of adults.

(ii) An adolescent who has not been granted a certificate of fitness to work in a factory as an adult, under sub-section (2) of section 39, shall, while working his age, be deemed to be a child for the purposes of this Act.

(4) (i) No child shall be allowed to work in a factory for more than five hours in any day.

(ii) The hours of work of a child shall be so arranged that they shall not spread over more than 6 hours in any day

(iii) No child shall be allowed to work in a factory except between 8 a.m. and 7 p.m.

(iv) No child shall be allowed to work in any factory on any day on which he has already been working in another factory

NOTE.—No exemption can be granted from the provision of weekly holiday in respect of any child.

(5) No child or adolescent shall use or attempt to use as his own a certificate granted to any other child or adolescent.

(6) When a child or adolescent goes to work in a new factory, he must send up his token to the manager of the factory in which he was previously employed, receive back his certificate and hand over this certificate to the manager of the new factory, who will furnish him with a new token.

(7) No child who has ceased to be lawfully employed therein shall be admitted to any part of a factory in which any hazardous operation is carried on while the morning of the rules, if any, made under sub-section (1) of section 87 of the Act.

Shelter for rest, and crèches for children.

4. The occupier of every factory wherein more than 150 workers are ordinarily employed has to provide free of cost a suitable room or rooms for the use of workers during periods of rest. For particulars, see rule 134.

The occupier of every factory wherein more than 50 women are employed has to provide a suitable room or rooms for the use of children under the age of six years belonging to such women. As far as possible such rooms shall be situated from the workplace and close to the main entrance to the factory. For particulars see Rule 135.

Sanitation.

5. Except in cases falling under rule 8 all walls and ceilings of factory buildings shall be limewashed once every year and all wood work shall be repainted every year or painted every seven years, thoroughly and painting to take effect from 1st of January and finishing. Dates on which a limewashing or painting is carried out shall be recorded in Form "G."

6. No rubbish shall be allowed to accumulate in the factory premises and the compound shall be kept clean.

7. Sufficient and suitable drinking water shall be provided for the employees free of cost.

8. In every factory in which any process involving contact by the workers with dirt is carried on, adequate accommodation is declared on water supplies for washing and clothes for its use shall be provided for such workers. For purposes of this rule it.

9. Latrines sparingly supplied every factory shall be provided with a sufficient and suitable latrine screen enough of a design approved by the Health Officer. If females are employed separate detached and specially marked latrines shall be provided for them.

Safety.

10. (a) *Fencing of machinery*—(i) Every exposed moving part of a prime mover (ordinarily an engine of horse that) and every flywheel directly connected to prime mover shall be kept adequately fenced.

(ii) Ordinarily all parts, whether vertical or horizontal, whose including between and transmission wheels, drums or pulleys including fast and loose pulleys, couplings, collars, spindles, revolving wheels, simple vertical horizontal, inclined or vertical, bands, belts, chains, ropes and rods or other gearing by which any machine or appliance receives its motion, all projecting set screws, keys, nuts or bolts on revolving part of machinery shall be fenced or guarded in such a manner and which reach. The standards of all heavy overhead main driving belts or ropes should be similarly guarded if persons have to pass under them.

(iii) Parts of machines, teeth pinion or back gears and change wheels of lathes back gear and metal gearing of drilling machines and the gear wheels of planing, shaping, slotting and milling machines shall be securely boxed if within reach.

(iv) Other provisions relating to the fencing and guarding of machinery prescribed by rules 68 to 73 shall be observed.

(v) Additional provisions prescribed specially for textile, ginning, wood-working, jute, tea, lac, bricks and tile and decorticating factories prescribed in rules 83 to 88 shall also be observed.

(b) *Protection of persons attending to machinery*—(i) All dentical fittings shall be effectively protected.

(ii) Every person who has to replace a belt or is oil fittings of whatever kind wears a tight cloth of tight trousers and shall not wear any loose clothing which is liable to be caught in the machinery.

(iii) Only experienced men and those specially trained for the work shall be allowed to replace belts.

(iv) All ladders used in replacing belts shall be specially made and reserved for that work and provided with hooks of other approved device.

(v) All important pulleys shall be provided with belt-keepers or perches.

(vi) When the main belts or any machinery have to be adjusted, the machinery shall be stopped and shall not be set in motion again until such belts have been completely adjusted.

(vii) Safe and convenient access by means of suitably fenced service platforms or gangways if necessary shall be provided to all belts and bearings of shafts and other parts of machinery in a factory which may require attention while the machinery is in motion.

(viii) No machinery in motion shall be cleaned with cotton waste, rags or similar material held in the hand.

(ix) Every shifting ladder shall be fitted either with hooks or with some effective anti-skid device.

(c) All water gauges glasses of boilers to which the maximum pressure exceeds 100 lb. per square inch shall be properly guarded.

(d) No original weight shall be placed on the safety valves of any boiler except under the written authority of the Boiler Inspector

(e) (i) All existing cylinders, iron digesters or steam-jacketed pans or other vessels whether boiler provided shall be fitted with safety valves and pressure gauges.

(ii) *Precautionary appliances*—(i) Except in special cases where the use of naked lights is necessary in the course of a manufacturing process, no person shall smoke or use a naked light or cause or permit any such light to be used in the immediate vicinity of any inflammable material in a factory. In such case adequate precautions against fire shall be taken, as may be required by the Inspector.

(ii) No permanent building forming part of a factory be used as a store room in connection therewith, shall have a thatched roof or thatched walls.

(iii) All work-rooms in factories shall be provided with sufficient means of escape in case of fire and such means shall not be kept closed or obstructed during working hours.

Notices.

11. Notice of all serious accidents occurring in a factory shall be sent within four hours of the occurrence to the Inspector of Factories and the District Magistrate or the Commissioner of Police in Madras ( ). In the case of accidents resulting in death notice shall also be sent to the officer in charge of the Police station for the area. Notice of other accidents which disable any worker for more than 48 hours after they occurred shall also be sent to the Inspector and the District Magistrate within 12 hours of the occurrence.

Inspections.

12. Inspectors of Factories have power to inspect factories day or night and may require the production of registers, certificates, etc., kept under the Act and rules.

Copies of the Act and rules and copies of this abstract can be obtained from the Superintendent, Government Press, Mount Road, Madras.

Fort St. George, April 24, 1936.
(G. O. Ms. No. 647, Development).

No. 200.—The following resolution of the Government of India is published :—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

TARIFF.

New Delhi, the 31st April 1936.

No. 221 T. (1)/36.—With reference to the resolution in this department No. 221 T. (1)/35, dated the 13th April 1935, the Governor-in-Council have decided to extend the application of the Tariff Board for a period of one year with effect from the 1st April 1936.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.
(G. O. Ms. No. 653, Development).

No. 201.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

The cadre of grade I of category 3 (Sub-Inspectors) of the Madras Excise Subordinate Service shall be increased temporarily by one post for the period commencing on the date of appointment of the subordinate and ending on the 31st March 1937 for the performance of work in the Vruna Match Factory at Tiruvathipur in connexion with the administration of the Matches (Excise Duty) Act, 1934.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.
(G. O. Ms. No. 663, Development).

No. 202.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 248 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), the Governor-in-Council is hereby pleased to make the following amendment to the regulations published with the Judicial Department Notification No. 512, dated the 6th June 1916, at page 732 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 4th July 1916, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

Regulation 20 of the said regulations shall be omitted.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.
(G. O. Ms. No. 664, Development).

No. 203.—In accordance with the provisions of section 3 (1) (a) of the Madras State Aid to Industries Act, 1922 (V of 1933), it is hereby notified that Mr. C. Elphinstone has been elected as a member of the Board of Industries by the Madras Chamber of Commerce, in place of Mr. D. M. Reid resigned.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.
(G. O. Ms. No. 671, Development).

No. 204.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of class XIII, Laboratory Attendant of the Madras Fisheries Subordinate Service shall be increased temporarily by one post for the period commencing on 1st July 1936 and ending on 30th June 1937 for the performance of work connected with the laboratory attached to the office of Inspector of Fisheries, Visagapatam.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post, subject to the following modification that there shall be paid to the holder of the said temporary post a pay calculated at the rate of Rs. 10 a month.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.

No. 205.—Under the provisions of section 1 of the Madras Cattle Disease Act, 1866, the Government, Ministry of Medical Administration and Public Works, hereby direct that the provisions of the said Act shall be put in force in the village of Pitor in the Vaniyambadi taluk, Chittoor district, for ten days from 23rd May to 1st June 1936 (both days inclusive).

ACQUISITION OF LAND.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a labour school, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorises the Revenue Divisional Officer, Vellore, the staff and a reserve, to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (1) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Vellore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

North Arcot district, Vellore taluk, Vettavanam village.

	Approximate area to be acquired.
	Acres.
Government wet, No. 285-1 A part, restricted to Her Twin Ebenezeri Primary Mathematical and Middle, as originally Acre 81.81, bounded on the north by No. 1st east by No. 1st, S. E. Channel by No. 1st-1 A E T D., west by Nos. 1st and 1st.	0·01
Government, wet, No. 287-2 A part, restricted holder Idhin, mentioned above in Rs. specified in the margin by No. 1st-1 A. 1st, by No. 1st-1 E., south by No. 1st, west by Nos. 1st and 1st	0·27
Total .	0·28

C. J. PAUL,
Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
(Electricity.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

No. 13.—An application has been made to Government by the Nagapatam Electric Supply Company, Limited, the licensee under the Nagapatam Electric Licence, 1933 for the grant to them of the powers of the telegraph authority for laying a high tension electric transmission line at 11,000 volts from the triple pole structure No. 5 of the Government duplicate feeder line crossing between the Government sub-station and the Road Rolling mills to Andimapet along the route shown in red on the Map No. E 46-14-2, dated 15th March 1930 submitted with their letter No. 511, dated 18th March 1930. It is proposed to confer upon the applicants the powers which the telegraph authority possesses under sections 10 to 16 and 19 A of the Indian Telegraphs Act, 1885, subject to the following conditions :—

(1) The line shall be run as far as possible as a straight line along the route marked in the map.

(2) The telegraph and telephone lines, if any, crossing the power line shall be efficiently guarded to the satisfaction of the telegraph authority and the Chief Engineer for Electricity and all such crossings shall be at right angles or as nearly at right angles as possible.

(3) In all cases where the telegraph and telephone lines are diverted or altered at the request of the licensee the cost of such diversion or alteration shall be borne by them.

(4) No distribution shall be effected from the transmission line.

2. It is understood that the exact alignment of the line on the field as indicated in the map referred to above is very near a parallel telephone line. The previous permission of the telephone authorities should be obtained before the proposed H.T. line is erected.

3. Every local authority, company or person desirous of making any representation in respect of the application may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to Government in Public Works Department, Fort St. George, Madras, within one month of the date of this notification in the Gazette. A map showing the route of the proposed line will be kept for public inspection in the Municipal Office and the East Tanjore District Board Office at Nagapatam and in the offices of the applicants at Madras and Nagapatam.

No. 15.—An application has been made to Government by the Trichinopoly-Srirangam Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, the licensee under the Trichinopoly-Srirangam Electric Licence for the grant to them of

the powers of the Telegraph Authority for laying a lash lama a electric transmission line at 11,000 volts to Pettavathalai along the route shown in red colour-wash in the map No. T.S.L. 2/9 a (reprint) with their letter No. M.A.V. 2419, dated 26th February 1936. It is to be passed on to cross up to the applicant's poles which the Telegraph Authority possesses under sections 10 to 10 and 10-A of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885, subject to the following conditions :—

(1) The line shall be run as far as possible in a straight line along the route marked in the map.

(2) The telegraph and telephone lines, if any, crossing the power line shall be effectively guarded to the satisfaction of the Telegraph Authority and the Chief Engineer for Electricity and all such crossings shall be at right angles or as nearly at right angles as possible.

(3) In all cases where the telegraph and telephone lines are diverted or altered at the request of the licensee the cost of such diversions or alterations shall be borne by them.

(4) No deviations shall be effected from the transmission line.

2. Every local authority, company or person desirous of making any representation in respect of the application may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, Fort St. George, Madras, within one month of the date of this notification in the Gazette. A map showing the route of the proposed line will be kept for public inspection in the manner pal officers at Trichur poly and Srirangam and in the Trichinopoly District Board offices at Trichinopoly and in the office of the applicants at Trichinopoly.

W. SCOTT BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

(General.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, April 20, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 961, P.W.D.)

No. 3.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Madras Rivers Conservancy Act, 1884 (Madras Act VI of 1884) and in supersession of Public Works Department Notification No. 563, dated 9th December 1930, published at page 1909 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 23rd December 1930 and at page 3 of the Supplement to the *Kistna District Gazette*, dated the 9th January 1931, and at page 20 of the Supplement to the *Guntur District Gazette*, for January 1931, the Governor in Council is hereby pleased to appoint the Executive Engineer, Kistna Western Division for the time being as the Conservator of the Kistna River. The jurisdiction of this officer will extend over the whole of the bed of the River within the boundaries and limits prescribed in the charts deposited in the office of the Collector of the Kistna district.

Fort St. George, April 24, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 981, P.W.D.).

No. 4.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

The rules of Class I (Supervisors) of the Madras Engineering Subordinate Service shall be increased temporarily by one post for a period of one month commencing on the date of deputation of Mr. K. Subrahmanyam, a permanent supervisor as General Foreman, Public Works Workshops, Madras, a permanent post of supervisor borne on the said cadre shall be kept unfilled for the said period.

The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post, subject to the following modification, namely :—

That there shall be paid to the holder of the said temporary post of a pay calculated in the scale of Rs. 60—10/2—100 a month, or if he possesses the B.E. degree of the University of Madras or the Diploma in Engineering (Civil or Mechanical) of the College of Engineering, Guindy, in the scale of Rs. 60—10/2—110—10/3—140 a month ;

Provided that nothing contained in this rule shall affect the operation of the rules published with Public (Services) Department Notification, dated 13th April 1933, at pages 1–53 of the Supplement to Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 28th April 1933, as subsequently amended.

Fort St. George, April 24, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 1000, Public Works (General)).

No. 5.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of Class I (Supervisors) of the Madras Engineering Subordinate Service shall be increased temporarily for the period of deputation of a permanent Supervisor, Public Works Department, as Assistant Engineer (Civil) in the Electricity Department for the performance of work connected with the Lamerangi Hydro Electric Scheme investigations. A permanent post of Supervisor borne on the said cadre shall be kept unfilled for the said period.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post, subject to the following modification, namely :—

That there shall be paid to the holder of the said temporary post a pay calculated in the scale of Rs. 60—10/2—100 a month or if he possesses the B.E. degree of the University of Madras or the Diploma in Engineering (Civil or Mechanical) of the College of Engineering, Guindy, in the scale of Rs. 60—10/2—110—10/3—140 a month ;

Provided that nothing contained in this rule shall affect the operation of the rules published with Public (Services) Department Notification, dated 13th April 1933, at pages 1–53 of the Supplement to Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 28th April 1933, as subsequently amended.

W. SCOTT BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

(Irrigation.)

ERRATA

Fort St. George, April 10, 1936.

In the notifications Nos. 601 and 602 published at pages 1035 and 1056 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th December 1935—

Notification No. 601—

For the words 'Singapatti Kalavai and the Chettiyari Kalavai Feeder' on the 'Section' side line appearing in the notification, read 'Singapatti Kalavai Feed on the Bharatamuka' river and the Chettiyari Kalavai Feed on the Condli canal.'

Notification No. 602—

For the words 'Condli canal,' appearing in this publication, read 'Condli canal.'

Fort St. George, April 17, 1936.

In the declaration under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, in respect of lands required for the excavation of field baths under pipe sheets No. 3 of No III Srikakulam channel and Nos. 2 and 4 of No I Mainpalli branch channel in Tolugurapalem village, Divi taluk, Kistna district, published at page 430 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 31st March 1936—

Item No. 17, under '3 S. No. 143 part, T.S. No. 34-A in the western boundary, add '7 S. No. 91-C ;'

Item No. 21, for '3 S. No. 136-4 part, T.S. No. 93-B,' read '3 S. No. 136-1 part, T.S. No. 93-B.'

In the errata to the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, in respect of lands required to be taken up for excavating the bodhi Nos. 12 to 17 in Puthumanru channel in Venkatapuram village of Kakkalur taluk, Kistna district, published at pages 122 to 124 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 4th February 1936 :—

For items Nos. 5 and 7 relating to parts of S.S. Nos. 19-2, 19-1 and 19-1 respectively, read—

'Ayyavari dry, S.S. No. 18-2 part, belonging to Gorti Venkata Subbanna, bounded on the north by S.S. No. 18-1 part, and by S.S. No. 19-2 part ... to the S.S. No. 111-1 part, west by Sabarpalayam village	...	... 107

STATE CENTRAL LIBRARY, TNPW, CHENNAI-25. FROM

Ryotwari, dry, R.S. No. 19-1 part, belonging to Gorti Venkiah, Ramaji Satyanarayana, and Kala Bhu- [illegible] Ramayellamma, and [illegible] Bhaskarapatrudu,

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, published at page 1439 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th December 1935, in respect of land required for the construction of a lock and regulator across the Cumbala rural bed at the head of Simalkota canal in Kadiam village, Rajahmundry taluk, East Godavari district—

Against S. No. 50/1, *for* 'Madam Lakshmanarayanam—Acre 0.13' *read* 'Mallidi Lakshmi Narayanam—Acre 0.13.'

Against S. No. 67/1, *for* '—agraharam Dhupeyya Peda Venkanna—Acre 0.07' *read* 'agraharam Dhupeyya Peda Venkanna—Acre 0.07.'

In the draft declaration under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, published at page 327 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th March 1936, relating to the acquisition of land for distributary channel No. 12 of the Kattalai High Level channel in Muradur village, Kulittalai taluk—

Against S. No. 454/1 A-4, *for* 'same as against S. No. 454/1 A-3, *read*' same as against S.No. 454/1 A-2.'

In the declaration under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act published at page 328 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th March 1936, relating to the acquisition of land for distributary channel No. 9 B of the Kattalai High Level channel in Muradur village, Kulittalai taluk—

Against S. No. 276/1 A *for* 'Ammani Sundaram Sambathu, Parthasarathy and Ranganand, guardian father No. 1' *read* 'Smt. Sundaram Sambathu, Parthasarathi and Ranganand guardian father No. 2.'

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, published at pages 174 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 11th February 1936, relating to the acquisition of lands required for the repairs and improvements to Veeranmanal Paravan and supply channel in Kaliyur village, Chingleput taluk, North Arcot district—

Against S. No. 89-6 A, *for* 'P. Kattai Kavandan,' *read* 'P. Kattan.'

Against S. No. 89-7 A, *for* 'P. Annaiya Kavandan, reliever P. Kuppa Kavandan' *read* '(1) P. Kuppa Kavandan, (2) minor Anjena Kavandan, with guardian brother P. Kuppa Kavandan.'

Against S. No. 90-1 A, *for* 'sum by 2 Nos. 90-2 A, *read* 'sum by 90-2 A.'

Against S. No. 90-3 A, *add* 'reliever M. Ramachandra, mortgagee' A. A. R. M. Chidambaram Chetty.'

Against S. No. 90-4 A *add* 'mortgagee K. Palaniswami Chetty.'

Against S. No. 90-5 A *add* 'mortgagee K. Palaniappa Chetty.'

Against S. No. 91-2 A, *for* 'S. Perumal Ayyangar, reliever Telagiri Viswanadha Nayakan,' *read* 'Telagiri Viswanadha Nayakan.'

Against S. No. 91-3 part, *for* 'S. Muniswami Mudali,' *read* 'S. Munisami Mudali.'

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, April 24, 1936

[*G. O. No. 1009, Public Works (Irrigation)*].

No. 5.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by rules 38 to 41 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of class II (Assistant Engineers) of the Madras Engineering Service shall be increased temporarily by one post in the Kistna Western division for a period of four years commencing on the date of appointment of an officer for the performance of work in connexion with the excavation of the Appapuram channel in the Kistna Western delta. The officer shall be employed only as necessity arises.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post.

No. 6.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules —

RULES.

1. The cadres of the classes of the Madras Engineering Subordinate Service specified in the first column of the table below shall be increased temporarily in each case in the Kistna Western division for a period of four years from the date of appointment of the officer by the posts specified in the corresponding entries in the second column, thereof for the performance of work in connexion with the excavation of the Appapuram channel in the Kistna Western delta.

TABLE.

Class.	Posts.
(1)	(2)
I	Five supervisors.
IV	One draughtsman, III grade.
VII	One mazdur.

The temporary staff shall be employed only as necessity arises.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadres shall respectively apply to the holders of the said temporary posts subject—

(1) in the case of the said temporary posts of draughtsman and tracer to the modifications specified in the said special rules in respect of temporary posts, and

(2) in the case of any of the said temporary posts of supervisors to the following modification, namely —

that there shall be paid to the holder of any of the said temporary posts of supervisors a pay calculated in the scale of Rs. 60—10/2—100 a month each or if they possess the B.E degree of the University of Madras or the diploma in Engineering, (Civil or Mechanical) of the College of Engineering, Guindy, in the scale of Rs. 90—10/2—110—10/2—140, a month.

3. Nothing contained in these rules shall affect the operation of the rules published with Public (Services) Department notification dated the 13th April 1933 at pages 1—57 of the supplement to Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 18th April 1933, as subsequently amended.

No. 7.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of clerks in the upper division, and in the lower division, in the Madras Ministerial Service employed in the Public Works Department shall be increased temporarily by one post and by two posts, respectively, in the Kistna Western division for a period of four years commencing from the date of employment of the clerks for the performance of work in connexion with the excavation of the Appapuram channel in the Kistna Western delta. The clerks shall be employed only as necessity arises.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts subject to the modifications specified in the said special rules in respect of the temporary establishments in the Public Works Department.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

No. 8.—Under section 48 (2) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the Governor in Council hereby withdraws from acquisition of the undermentioned lands in respect of which a notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act was published at page 1449 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 29th October 1935 as required for field bodies under No. 6, Chunnayadura branch channel.

Kistna district, Divi taluk, Pedayadura village.

Red No.	S. No.	Extent withdrawn.
1	455	0·03
2	456	0·06
4	454	0·04

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Fort St George, April 26, 1938.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Government in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 28.87 acres is the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for forming the West Main Branch of the Kistna West High Level channel; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Tenali, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Act, the Governor in Council further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Tenali, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Guntur district, Guntur taluk,
No. 70. Uppalapad village.

	Acs.
Enfranchised personal inam, dry, No. 837-2, patladar and enjoyer Haridasu Venkatarow, bounded on the north by No. 778 road by No. 847-2; south by No. 845-2, west by No. 837-1	1·13
Enfranchised personal inam, dry, No. 844 2, patladar and enjoyer Haridasu Venkatarow, bounded on the north by No. 847-2, east by Nos. 843-2 and 825-2, south by Nos. 825-2, west by No. 843-1	1·14
Enfranchised personal inam, dry, No. 825-2, patladar and enjoyer Haridasu Venkatarow bounded on the north and east by No. 825-1, north by No. 826-2, west by No. 844-2	0·17
Ryotwari dry, No. 843-2, patladar and enjoyer Abdul Kasim Saibi bounded on the north by Nos. 844-2 and 825-2, east by Nos. 842-2, south by No. 861-2; west by No. 844 1	1·15
Ryotwari, dry, No. 861-2, patladar Manikala Vira Reddi and Chennam Ramanayamma, patladar and enjoyer Surakatti Ramakrishnayya, enjoyer Chennam Ramayya, bounded on the south by No. 862 2, east by Nos. 854-2 and 853 2, south by No. 860-2, west by No. 844 1	1·18
Ryotwari dry, No. 862-2, patladar Chennam Subbarayya, Kasayya, Viranami, Ramayya, Lakshmiah and Pamayya enjoyer Chennam Ramanayamma, wife of Balaiah, bounded on the north and east by No. 862-1, south of No. 860-2, west by No. 844 2	0·07
Ryotwari, dry, No. 713-2, patladar Maddi Ramayya (died), enjoyer Maddi Mallakkamma, wife of Ramayya, bounded on the north by No. 860-2 east by No. 712-2, south by No. 712-1 west by No. 713-1	1·16
Ryotwari, dry, No. 712-2, patladar and enjoyer Chennam Kotayya, bounded on the north by No. 713-2 east by No. 711-2 south by No. 860-2, west by No. 713-1	1·10
Ry. twari, dry, No. 4n7-2, patladar Koti Viranna, enjoyer Chennam Kotayya, bounded on the north by No. 4n6n; east by No. 467-3; south by No. 480-2, west by No. 467 2	0·20
Ryotwari dry No 410 A-2, patladar and enjoyer Chennam Kotayya, bounded on the north by No. 409-2 and by No. 410 A-3, south by No. 410 B-2, west by No. 410 A-1	0·13
Ryotwari, dry, No. 414 B-2 patladar and enjoyer Pallepati Venkayya, bounded on the north by No. 410 A 2; east by Nos 410 B-3 & C-3, south by No. 408-2; west by No. 410 B 1	0·12
Ryotwari, dry, No. 410 C-2, patladar Madiyam Anchamma, enjoyer Pagidoti Kotamayya, bounded on the north and east by No. 410 C-1, south by No. 409-2; west by No. 410 B-3	0·10
Ryotwari, dry No. 409-2 patladar and enjoyers Kothapalli Nagaya, Korrapati Kotayya, Venkatapathi and Kotamma Apayya, bounded on the north by No. 410 B-3 & C-3 east by No. 409-3 & 4-3; south and west by No. 409-1 ..	1·00
Ryotwari, dry, No. 404 A-2, patladars Pola Venkata subbaiah and Chinnakunthi Ramanayya, enjoyer Tummiti Annayya, bounded on the north and east by No. 403 A-2 south by No. 399 C-3; west by Nos. 403 A-1 and 404-2	0·09
Ryotwari, dry, No. 403 C-2, patladars and enjoyers Pallepati Viranami, Nachchannamma and Subbayya, bounded on the north by No. 403 A 2; east by No. 403 C-3; south by No. 403-2 west by No. 403 C-1	0·04
Ryotwari, dry No. 403-2, patladar and enjoyer Potlapati Satyabhamma, bounded on the north by No. 403 C-2, east by Nos. 403-3 and 404-2, south and west by No. 403-1	0·12
Ryotwari, dry, No. 404-2, patladar Vemireddi Ramayamma, enjoyer Vemireddi Pitayya, bounded on the north and east by No. 404-3 south by No. 76-2, west by Nos. 404-1 and 405-2	0·05
Ryotwari dry, No. 405-2, patladars Tadiparti Venkatagudu, Anchayya, Virayya, Pullayyagari Peda Venkata and Pagidoti Ramayya, enjoyer Kanamma Ramayya, patladar and enjoyer Pallepati Sub-aiya, bounded on the north by No. 76-2 east by Nos. 62-3 and 63-21 south and west by No. 404-1	0·05
Enfranchised personal inam, dry, No. 35-2, patladars Avvari Subbayya, Dubbinaneni and Pallepati Subbayya, enjoyers Pallepati Thatayya, Lakkaya, Nagayya and Mohammad Ibrahimsa, bounded on the north and east by No. 35-3, south by No. 36-2, west by Nos. 35-1 and 37 2	1·05
Ryotwari, dry, No. 34-2, patladar and enjoyer Thoti Kanaya, bounded on the north by No. 35-2 east by No. 36-2, south by No. 37 A 2, west by No. 34-1	1·05
Ryotwari, dry, No. 37 A-2, patladar Pallepati Kotayya, enjoyer Pallepati Nagabhushanamma bounded on the north by No. 34-2 east by No. 37 A-3, south by No. 41 B-2, west by No. 37 A-1	0·14
Ryotwari, dry, No. 37 B-2, patladar and enjoyer Pallepati Nagabhushanamma, bounded on the north by No. 37 A-2 east by No. 37 B-3, south by No. 47 C-2; west by No. 37 B-1	0·10

Ryotwari dry No. 37 C-2, patladar Pallepati Venkatasubbamma, enjoyers Pallepati Kotayya and Ankaya, bounded on the north by No. 37 B-2 east by No. 37 C-3 south by No. 47 D-2 west by No. 37 C-1	0·13
Ryotwari dry, No. 37 D-2, patladars Pallepati Ramayya and Venkayya patladar and enjoyer Pallepati Nagayya, bounded on the north by No. 37 C-2, east by No. 37 D-3, south by No. 47 D-2, west by No. 37 D-1	0·16
Ryotwari dry, No. 37 E-2, patladar and enjoyer Pallepati Nagayya, bounded on the north by No. 37 D-2, east by No. 37 E-3, south by No. 47 E-2, west by No. 37 E-1	0·16
Ryotwari, dry, No. 46 B-2, patladar and enjoyer Kandukuri Kotayya, bounded on the north by No. 46 A-2, east by No. 46 B-3, south by No. 47 B-2, west by No. 46 B-1	0·16
Ryotwari dry, No. 47 B-2, patladar and enjoyer Gannamadi Rangayya, bounded on the north by No. 47 A-2, east by No. 47 B-3, south by No. 47 C-2, west by No. 47 B-1	0·16
Ryotwari dry, No. 47 C-2 patladar Gantreddi Subbamma, wife of Venkaiah, enjoyer Gannamadi Krishnaiah being major by nature and guardian Nagamma and Gannamadi Narayya bounded on the north by No. 47 B-2 & C-1, east by No. 47-3; south by No. 47 D-2 & E-2 west by No. 47 C-3	0·27
Ryotwari dry No. 47 D-2, patladar and enjoyer Gannamadi Narayya, bounded on the north by No. 47 C-2, east by No. 47-3, south by No. 47 D-1, west by No. 47 C-3	0·21
Ryotwari dry, No. 47 E-2, patladar and enjoyer Ala Hanuk Nayudu, bounded on the north by No. 47 D-2 east by No. 47 E-3, south by No. 47 E-1, west by No. 47-2	0·15
Ryotwari dry, No. 41 A-2, patladars and enjoyers Ala Ramayya and Puttapati Krishnayya, bounded on the north by No. 41 A 1, east by No. 39 D-2, south by Nos. 41 A-3 and 42 D-2 west by No. 41 B-2	0·24
Ryotwari dry, No. 42 D-2, patladar Gannamadi Sanyasi, wife of Venkayya, enjoyer Gannamadi Narayya, bounded on the north by No. 41 A 2, east by No. 39 C-2, south by No. 42 D-3, west by No. 42 D-1	0·12
Ryotwari dry, No. 39 C-2 patladar and enjoyer Jammula Ramayya, bounded on the north by No. 39 B-1 road by No. 38-2, south by Nos. 36 C-3 and 38-2, west by Nos. 41 A-2 and 42 D-2	0·17
Ryotwari dry, No. 38-2, patladars Nyla Lakshmiah, Tadikonda Ramanaiah, Vinjam, Jammula Ramayya, Mula Subbaiah, enjoyers Tadikonda Nukalakka, Dasi alias Anjaiah and Mula Pamayya, bounded on the north by No. 39-1 ; east by No. 37 A-2, south by No. 36-2 west by No. 36 C-2	0·26
Ryotwari, dry No 37 A-2 patladar Kanda Sowbhagyam, enjoyer Vinnieti Viraya, bounded on the north by No. 37 A 1 ; east by No. 37 B-2, south by Nos. 41 A-2 and 38 A 1 ; west by No. 36-1	0·21
Ryotwari, dry, No. 37 B-2, patladar Dandu Tatayya, enjoyers Vinnieti Bhaskayya and Vinnieti Ramanaiah, bounded on the north and east by No. 37 B 1, south by No. 38 B-2, west by No. 37 A-2	0·11
Ryotwari, dry No. 36 A-1, patladar Kanda Sowbhagyam, enjoyer Vinnieti Viraya, bounded on the north by No. 37 A 2 ; east by No. 36 B-1 south and west by No. 36 A-2	0·02
Ryotwari dry, No 36 B-2, patladar Kanda Viraya, son of Subbaiah, being minor by guardian and guardian Kanda Tatayya and Malakam Dedimma, enjoyers Pallepadi Pirswami, Vinnieti Bhaskayya and Ramanayya, bounded on the north by No. 37 B-2 and by No. 1 ; east by No. 36 C-2, south by Nos. 36 B-1, west by No. 36 A-2	0·23
Ryotwari dry No. 36 C-2, patladars and enjoyers Dandala Pullayya and Chinnakuti Ramanayya, bounded on the north by No. 36 C-3, west by No. 36 B-2 ..	0·22
Ryotwari dry No. 36 D-2, patladars Nirukonda Rathnam, Nirukonda Kameswari, Pandarupalli Venkaiah and Kottamma enjoyer Bhatrapati Ramanamma bounded on the north by No. 36 D-1; east by No. 35-2 ; south by No. 35 D-2 ; west by No. 36 C-2	0·26
Enfranchised karnam's service inam, dry, No. 35-2, patladars Jarugu Seshayya and Manchikalapati Pullayya, enjoyers Jarugu Appayya and Gannadi Appayya, bounded on the north and east by No. 35-3 ; south by Nos. 36-2 ; west by Nos. 36 B-2 and 35-1	0·35
Ryotwari dry, No. 29 A-2 patladars Tatavarti Lakshmaiah and Valluri Seshayya, patladar and enjoyer Kalavalli Kesayya, bounded on the north by No. 30-2 ; east by No. 29-3 ; south by No. 29 B-1, west by No. 29 A-1	0·14
Ryotwari dry No. 29 B-2, patladar and enjoyer Valluri Seshayya, bounded on the north by Nos. 29 A-2 and by No. 29-2, south by No. 29 B-1, west by No. 29 B-1	0·01
Ryotwari, dry, No. 29 A-1 patladar Cheruiveti Ankiah, enjoyer Cheruiveti Lakshmiya, bounded on the north by No. 29-2 east by No. 29 A-2, south by No. 29 B-1, west by No. 28 A-2	0·03
Ryotwari dry, No. 29 B-1, patladar Cheruiveti Kotayya, enjoyer Cheruiveti Nagabhushanam, bounded on the north by No. 29 A-1, east by No. 29 B-2, south by No. 29 C-1, west by No. 28 A-2	0·07
Ryotwari dry, No. 29-1 patladars and enjoyers Cheruiveti Ankiah, Cheruiveti Lakshmiah, enjoyer Cheruiveti Venkatasubbamma and Vallabhaneni Venkayya, bounded on the north by No. 29 B-1; east by Nos. 29-2 and 30-2, south by No. 30-1 west by No. 28 A-2	0·19
Ryotwari, dry, No. 29-2, patladar and enjoyer Cheruiveti Ankiah, bounded on the north by No. 29-3 east by No. 30-2, south by No. 29 A-1, West by No. 29 B-2	0·19
Ryotwari, dry, No. 29-3, patladar Kolluru Rama Krishna Kumarudu and Mallikharjuna Sastri, enjoyer Janakiah Sastriya, bounded on the north by No. 29-4 east by No. 30-3 south by No. 29-2 ; west by No. 29-1	0·21

	Acs.
Byrimuttai dry, No. 9/3 A-2 patta dar and ryotwar S. No. 9/3 A-2, bounded on the south by S. No. 9/2 A-2, and by No. 9/3 A-1, south by No. 9/3 B-2 west by No. 9/3 A-1	0·09
Ditto dry, No. 9/3 B-2 patta dar Tamil Assessment No. 9/3 B-2, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/3 A-2, and by No. 9/3 A-1 & 9/4 B-2 south by No. 9/3 B-1, west by No. 9/3 B-1	0·10
Ditto dry, No. 9/3 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/3 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/3 A-2, and Valaiyan Kovil site, east by S. No. 9/3 B-2, south by No. 9/3 B-1, west by No. 9/3 A-2 and Valaiyan Kovil site	0·10
Ditto dry, No. 9/4 B-2 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/4 B-2, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/3 A-2 and B-2, east by No. 9/3 B-2, south by No. 9/5 B-1, west by No. 9/3 A-2 & 9/4 B-1	0·09
Ditto dry, No. 9/4 A-2 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/4 A-2, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/4 B-2, east by No. 9/4 B-1, south by No. 9/5 A-2, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/4 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/4 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/4 B-2, east by No. 9/4 A-2, south by No. 9/5 B-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/4 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/4 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/4 A-2, east by No. 9/4 B-1, south by No. 9/5 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-2	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/5 A-2 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/5 A-2, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/4 A-2, east by No. 9/5 B-2, south by No. 9/5 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-2	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/5 B-2 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/5 B-2, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/4 B-2, east by No. 9/5 A-2, south by No. 9/5 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-2	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/5 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/5 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/5 A-2, east by No. 9/5 B-1, south by No. 9/6 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/5 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/5 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/5 B-2, east by No. 9/5 A-2, south by No. 9/6 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/6 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/6 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/5 A-1, east by No. 9/6 B-1, south by No. 9/7 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/6 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/6 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/5 B-1, east by No. 9/6 A-1, south by No. 9/7 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/7 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/7 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/6 A-1, east by No. 9/7 B-1, south by No. 9/8 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/7 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/7 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/6 B-1, east by No. 9/7 A-1, south by No. 9/8 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/8 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/8 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/7 A-1, east by No. 9/8 B-1, south by No. 9/9 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/8 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/8 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/7 B-1, east by No. 9/8 A-1, south by No. 9/9 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/9 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/9 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/8 A-1, east by No. 9/9 B-1, south by No. 9/10 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/9 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/9 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/8 B-1, east by No. 9/9 A-1, south by No. 9/10 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/10 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/10 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/9 A-1, east by No. 9/10 B-1, south by No. 9/11 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/10 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/10 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/9 B-1, east by No. 9/10 A-1, south by No. 9/11 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/11 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/11 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/10 A-1, east by No. 9/11 B-1, south by No. 9/12 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/11 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/11 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/10 B-1, east by No. 9/11 A-1, south by No. 9/12 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/12 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/12 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/11 A-1, east by No. 9/12 B-1, south by No. 9/13 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/12 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/12 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/11 B-1, east by No. 9/12 A-1, south by No. 9/13 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/13 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/13 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/12 A-1, east by No. 9/13 B-1, south by No. 9/14 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/13 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/13 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/12 B-1, east by No. 9/13 A-1, south by No. 9/14 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/14 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/14 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/13 A-1, east by No. 9/14 B-1, south by No. 9/15 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/14 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/14 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/13 B-1, east by No. 9/14 A-1, south by No. 9/15 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/15 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/15 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/14 A-1, east by No. 9/15 B-1, south by No. 9/16 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/15 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/15 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/14 B-1, east by No. 9/15 A-1, south by No. 9/16 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/16 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/16 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/15 A-1, east by No. 9/16 B-1, south by No. 9/17 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/16 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/16 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/15 B-1, east by No. 9/16 A-1, south by No. 9/17 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/17 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/17 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/16 A-1, east by No. 9/17 B-1, south by No. 9/18 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/17 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/17 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/16 B-1, east by No. 9/17 A-1, south by No. 9/18 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/18 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/18 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/17 A-1, east by No. 9/18 B-1, south by No. 9/19 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/18 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/18 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/17 B-1, east by No. 9/18 A-1, south by No. 9/19 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/19 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/19 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/18 A-1, east by No. 9/19 B-1, south by No. 9/20 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/19 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/19 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/18 B-1, east by No. 9/19 A-1, south by No. 9/20 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/20 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/20 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/19 A-1, east by No. 9/20 B-1, south by No. 9/21 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/20 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/20 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/19 B-1, east by No. 9/20 A-1, south by No. 9/21 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/21 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/21 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/20 A-1, east by No. 9/21 B-1, south by No. 9/22 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/21 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/21 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/20 B-1, east by No. 9/21 A-1, south by No. 9/22 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/22 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/22 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/21 A-1, east by No. 9/22 B-1, south by No. 9/23 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/22 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/22 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/21 B-1, east by No. 9/22 A-1, south by No. 9/23 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/23 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/23 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/22 A-1, east by No. 9/23 B-1, south by No. 9/24 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/23 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/23 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/22 B-1, east by No. 9/23 A-1, south by No. 9/24 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/24 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/24 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/23 A-1, east by No. 9/24 B-1, south by No. 9/25 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/24 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/24 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/23 B-1, east by No. 9/24 A-1, south by No. 9/25 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/25 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/25 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/24 A-1, east by No. 9/25 B-1, south by No. 9/26 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/25 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/25 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/24 B-1, east by No. 9/25 A-1, south by No. 9/26 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/26 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/26 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/25 A-1, east by No. 9/26 B-1, south by No. 9/27 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/26 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/26 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/25 B-1, east by No. 9/26 A-1, south by No. 9/27 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/27 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/27 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/26 A-1, east by No. 9/27 B-1, south by No. 9/28 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/27 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/27 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/26 B-1, east by No. 9/27 A-1, south by No. 9/28 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/28 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/28 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/27 A-1, east by No. 9/28 B-1, south by No. 9/29 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/28 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/28 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/27 B-1, east by No. 9/28 A-1, south by No. 9/29 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/29 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/29 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/28 A-1, east by No. 9/29 B-1, south by No. 9/30 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/29 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/29 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/28 B-1, east by No. 9/29 A-1, south by No. 9/30 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/30 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/30 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/29 A-1, east by No. 9/30 B-1, south by No. 9/31 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/30 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/30 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/29 B-1, east by No. 9/30 A-1, south by No. 9/31 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/31 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/31 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/30 A-1, east by No. 9/31 B-1, south by No. 9/32 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/31 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/31 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/30 B-1, east by No. 9/31 A-1, south by No. 9/32 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/32 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/32 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/31 A-1, east by No. 9/32 B-1, south by No. 9/33 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/32 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/32 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/31 B-1, east by No. 9/32 A-1, south by No. 9/33 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/33 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/33 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/32 A-1, east by No. 9/33 B-1, south by No. 9/34 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/33 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/33 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/32 B-1, east by No. 9/33 A-1, south by No. 9/34 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/34 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/34 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/33 A-1, east by No. 9/34 B-1, south by No. 9/35 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/34 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/34 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/33 B-1, east by No. 9/34 A-1, south by No. 9/35 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/35 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/35 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/34 A-1, east by No. 9/35 B-1, south by No. 9/36 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/35 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/35 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/34 B-1, east by No. 9/35 A-1, south by No. 9/36 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/36 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/36 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/35 A-1, east by No. 9/36 B-1, south by No. 9/37 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/36 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/36 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/35 B-1, east by No. 9/36 A-1, south by No. 9/37 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/37 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/37 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/36 A-1, east by No. 9/37 B-1, south by No. 9/38 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/37 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/37 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/36 B-1, east by No. 9/37 A-1, south by No. 9/38 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/38 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/38 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/37 A-1, east by No. 9/38 B-1, south by No. 9/39 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/38 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/38 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/37 B-1, east by No. 9/38 A-1, south by No. 9/39 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/39 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/39 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/38 A-1, east by No. 9/39 B-1, south by No. 9/40 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/39 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/39 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/38 B-1, east by No. 9/39 A-1, south by No. 9/40 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/40 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/40 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/39 A-1, east by No. 9/40 B-1, south by No. 9/41 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/40 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/40 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/39 B-1, east by No. 9/40 A-1, south by No. 9/41 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/41 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/41 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/40 A-1, east by No. 9/41 B-1, south by No. 9/42 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/41 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/41 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/40 B-1, east by No. 9/41 A-1, south by No. 9/42 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/42 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/42 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/41 A-1, east by No. 9/42 B-1, south by No. 9/43 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/42 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/42 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/41 B-1, east by No. 9/42 A-1, south by No. 9/43 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/43 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/43 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/42 A-1, east by No. 9/43 B-1, south by No. 9/44 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/43 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/43 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/42 B-1, east by No. 9/43 A-1, south by No. 9/44 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/44 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/44 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/43 A-1, east by No. 9/44 B-1, south by No. 9/45 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/44 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/44 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/43 B-1, east by No. 9/44 A-1, south by No. 9/45 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/45 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/45 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/44 A-1, east by No. 9/45 B-1, south by No. 9/46 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/45 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/45 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/44 B-1, east by No. 9/45 A-1, south by No. 9/46 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/46 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/46 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/45 A-1, east by No. 9/46 B-1, south by No. 9/47 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/46 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/46 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/45 B-1, east by No. 9/46 A-1, south by No. 9/47 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/47 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/47 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/46 A-1, east by No. 9/47 B-1, south by No. 9/48 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/47 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/47 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/46 B-1, east by No. 9/47 A-1, south by No. 9/48 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/48 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/48 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/47 A-1, east by No. 9/48 B-1, south by No. 9/49 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/48 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/48 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/47 B-1, east by No. 9/48 A-1, south by No. 9/49 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/49 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/49 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/48 A-1, east by No. 9/49 B-1, south by No. 9/50 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/49 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/49 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/48 B-1, east by No. 9/49 A-1, south by No. 9/50 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/50 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/50 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/49 A-1, east by No. 9/50 B-1, south by No. 9/51 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/50 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/50 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/49 B-1, east by No. 9/50 A-1, south by No. 9/51 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/51 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/51 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/50 A-1, east by No. 9/51 B-1, south by No. 9/52 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/51 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/51 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/50 B-1, east by No. 9/51 A-1, south by No. 9/52 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/52 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/52 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/51 A-1, east by No. 9/52 B-1, south by No. 9/53 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/52 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/52 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/51 B-1, east by No. 9/52 A-1, south by No. 9/53 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/53 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/53 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/52 A-1, east by No. 9/53 B-1, south by No. 9/54 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/53 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/53 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/52 B-1, east by No. 9/53 A-1, south by No. 9/54 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/54 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/54 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/53 A-1, east by No. 9/54 B-1, south by No. 9/55 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/54 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/54 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/53 B-1, east by No. 9/54 A-1, south by No. 9/55 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/55 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/55 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/54 A-1, east by No. 9/55 B-1, south by No. 9/56 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/55 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/55 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/54 B-1, east by No. 9/55 A-1, south by No. 9/56 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/56 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/56 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/55 A-1, east by No. 9/56 B-1, south by No. 9/57 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/56 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/56 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/55 B-1, east by No. 9/56 A-1, south by No. 9/57 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/57 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/57 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/56 A-1, east by No. 9/57 B-1, south by No. 9/58 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/57 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/57 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/56 B-1, east by No. 9/57 A-1, south by No. 9/58 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/58 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/58 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/57 A-1, east by No. 9/58 B-1, south by No. 9/59 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/58 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/58 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/57 B-1, east by No. 9/58 A-1, south by No. 9/59 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/59 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/59 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/58 A-1, east by No. 9/59 B-1, south by No. 9/60 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/59 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/59 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/58 B-1, east by No. 9/59 A-1, south by No. 9/60 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/60 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/60 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/59 A-1, east by No. 9/60 B-1, south by No. 9/61 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/60 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/60 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/59 B-1, east by No. 9/60 A-1, south by No. 9/61 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/61 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/61 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/60 A-1, east by No. 9/61 B-1, south by No. 9/62 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/61 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/61 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/60 B-1, east by No. 9/61 A-1, south by No. 9/62 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/62 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/62 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/61 A-1, east by No. 9/62 B-1, south by No. 9/63 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/62 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/62 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/61 B-1, east by No. 9/62 A-1, south by No. 9/63 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/63 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/63 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/62 A-1, east by No. 9/63 B-1, south by No. 9/64 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/63 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/63 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/62 B-1, east by No. 9/63 A-1, south by No. 9/64 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/64 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/64 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/63 A-1, east by No. 9/64 B-1, south by No. 9/65 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/64 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/64 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/63 B-1, east by No. 9/64 A-1, south by No. 9/65 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/65 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/65 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/64 A-1, east by No. 9/65 B-1, south by No. 9/66 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/65 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/65 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/64 B-1, east by No. 9/65 A-1, south by No. 9/66 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/66 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/66 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/65 A-1, east by No. 9/66 B-1, south by No. 9/67 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/66 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/66 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/65 B-1, east by No. 9/66 A-1, south by No. 9/67 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/67 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/67 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/66 A-1, east by No. 9/67 B-1, south by No. 9/68 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/67 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/67 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/66 B-1, east by No. 9/67 A-1, south by No. 9/68 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/68 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/68 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/67 A-1, east by No. 9/68 B-1, south by No. 9/69 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/68 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/68 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/67 B-1, east by No. 9/68 A-1, south by No. 9/69 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/69 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/69 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/68 A-1, east by No. 9/69 B-1, south by No. 9/70 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/69 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/69 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/68 B-1, east by No. 9/69 A-1, south by No. 9/70 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/70 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/70 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/69 A-1, east by No. 9/70 B-1, south by No. 9/71 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/70 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/70 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/69 B-1, east by No. 9/70 A-1, south by No. 9/71 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/71 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/71 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/70 A-1, east by No. 9/71 B-1, south by No. 9/72 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/71 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/71 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/70 B-1, east by No. 9/71 A-1, south by No. 9/72 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/72 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/72 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/71 A-1, east by No. 9/72 B-1, south by No. 9/73 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/72 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/72 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/71 B-1, east by No. 9/72 A-1, south by No. 9/73 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/73 A-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/73 A-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/72 A-1, east by No. 9/73 B-1, south by No. 9/74 A-1, west by No. 9/4 A-1	0·08
Ditto dry, No. 9/73 B-1 patta land Tamil Assessment No. 9/73 B-1, bounded on the north by S. No. 9/72 B-1, east by No. 9/73 A-1, south by No. 9/74 B-1, west by No. 9/5 A-1

(Arable)

Acs.

Dry, No. 84-3 part, belonging to P. Mariappan Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 85 part & 2 part; east by No. 84-2 part; south by No. 84-4 part; west by No. 84-5 part .. .. 0·01

(Arable and waste)

Dry, No. 90-6 part, belonging to K. Parimanam Ambalakaran and K. Periasami Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 88-3 and 4 & No. 97; south by No. 90-8 part; west by No. 90-4 part .. .. 0·09

(Waste)

Dry, No. 93-6 part, belonging to ... name as in No. 92-4 part, bounded on the north by No. 93-4 part; east by No. 97; south by No. 93-8 part; west by No. 93-5 part .. 0·01

Dry, No. 100-5 part, belonging to ... name as in No. 93-2 part, bounded on the north by No. 97 part; east by No. 97; south by No. 93-20 part; west by No. 93-3 part .. 0·20

Dry, No. 93-10 part, belonging to same as in No. 93-2 part, bounded on the north by No. 93-4 part; east by No. 97; south by No. 93-11 part; west by No. 93-10 part .. 0·01

Dry, No. 93-11 part, belonging to same as in No. 93-2 part, bounded on the north by No. 93-10 part; east by No. 97; south by No. 93-13 part; west by No. 93-12 part .. 0·01

(Arable)

Dry, No. 93-13 part, belonging to M. Marudai Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 93-11 part; east by No. 97; south by No. 93-17 part; west by No. 93-14 part .. 0·06

Dry, No. 93-17 part, belonging to (1) P. Singa Servaiya Ambalakaran, (2) minors Rathnam and another Arokiasamy, (3) P. Kuppan Ambalakaran, (4) P. Chinnamuthu Ambalakaran, (5) P. Kannan Ambalakaran and (6) P. Periasami Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 93-16 part; east by No. 97; south by No. 100-20 part; west by No. 93-17 part .. 0·01

Dry, No. 100-20 part, belonging to (1) P. Pottuswami Ambalakaran, (2) minor Pothanan, guardian Lakshmi No. 69, (3) P. Harudai Ambalakaran and (4) minor P. Pattirami Ambalakaran, guardian brother No. 69, bounded on the north by No. 93-17 part; east by No. 97; south by No. 100-21 part; west by No. 100-20 part .. 0·01

Dry, No. 100-21 part, belonging to (1) S. K. Ithya Ambalakaran, (2) minors Kumaresi, Sivakami and another sick Kuppammal, guardian father No. 71 and (3) P. Periasami Ambalakaran, mortgagee, bounded on the north by No. 100-20 part; east by Nos. 97 and 107; south by No. 100-30 part; west by No. 100-6 part .. 0·03

(Arable and waste)

Dry, No. 173 part, belonging to (1) L. Perumal Krishna Ambalakaran, (2) T. Muthuswami Ambalakaran, (3) T. Annamalai Ambalakaran, (4) minor Ruk. related guardian father No. 69, (5) L. Andi Ambalakaran, (6) A. Ramaswami Ambalakaran, (7) minor Lekkan, guardian father No. 69, (8) P. Lekkan Ambalakaran, (9) P. Pichaimony Ambalakaran, (10) P. Muthirulappan Ambalakaran, (11) minor Pakkiammal, guardian brother No. 69, (12) M. Kuppusami Ambalakaran, (13) M. Muthuswami Ambalakaran, (14) minor Chinna Kotiyappan, guardian brother No. 12, and (15) Muthuswami Lekkan Ambalakaran, mortgagee, bounded on the north by Nos. 174 & part and 175 part; east by No. 173 part; south by No. 178 part and Thoothur village; west by No. 173 part .. 0·09

Dry, dry, No. 177 part, belonging to (1) Muthukutiyan Ambalakaran, (2) minors Kotiyalakshmi Thirumalaikkan and Chinnaswami, guardian father No. 69, (3) Jeyavelu Pillai Ammal, (4) K. Hariyan Ambalakaran, (5) K. Muruhanandhan Ambalakaran, (6) minors T. Thiruvaikkan and Kuppan, guardian father No. 69, (7) K. Govinda Ambalakaran, (8) minors Kanniyammal and Rajalakshmi, guardian father No. 173, (9) K. Kandaiyan Ambalakaran, (10) minors Thayaman and Muruhanandhan, guardian father No. 69, (11) K. Pariyan Ambalakaran and (12) minors Chinnaswami Nadi Kone and Muruhanandhan, guardian father No. 173, bounded on the north by No. 178 C pasta; east by No. 216-1; south and west by No. 177 part .. .. 0·04

(Waste and arable)

Dry, No. 181-1 part belonging to (1) K. Ammayappan Ambalakaran and (2) minor karuppa, guardian father No. 69, bounded on the north by No. 181-1 part, east by No. 181-3 part, south by No. 179 A; west by No. 181-2 part .. .. 0·05

(Arable)

Dry, No. 181-2 part, belonging to M. Andi Ambalakaran and M. Chinnaswami Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 181-2 part; east by No. 181-3 part; south by No. 179 A; west by No. 181-1 part .. .. .. 0·14

(Waste)

Dry, No. 181-3 part, belonging to same as in No. 181-1 part, bounded on the north by No. 181-3 part; east by No. 181-4 part; south by No. 179 A; west by No. 181-2 part .. .. 0·13

(Arable)

Dry, No. 181-4 part belonging to same as in No. 181-3 part, bounded on the north by No. 181-4 part; east by No. 182-1 part; south by No. 179 A; west by No. 182-3 part .. .. 0·13

(Waste)

Dry, No. 182-1 part, belonging to Doctor A. Mathuran, bounded on the north by No. 182-1 part; east by No. 182-2 part; south by Nos. 177 and 179 A; west by No. 181-4 part .. .. 0·14

(Arable)

Acs.

Dry, No. 182-2 part, belonging to Nos. (1) to (4) and (11) and (12) in No. 177 part bounded on the north by No. 182-2 part, east by No. 216 part, south by Nos. 452 and 456, west by No. 182-1 part .. .. .. 0·39

(Waste)

Dry, No. 207-30 part, belonging to (1) M. Parimanam Ambalakaran, (2) P. Perumandi Ambalakaran, (3) P. Kathan Ambalakaran, (4) P. Marudai Ambalakaran, (5) P. Thamban Ambalakaran, (6) minor Manickam, guardian father No. 69, (7) minor Kathan, guardian father No. 69, (8) minor Kannan, guardian father No. 69, (9) minors Kathan, Kannan, Manickam and Thamban, guardian father No. 154, (10) P. Kathan Ambalakaran, (11) K. Appavu Ambalakaran, (12) P. Periasami Ambalakaran, (13) minor Kannan, guardian father No. 154, (14) P. Kathan Ambalakaran, (15) K. Appavu Ambalakaran, (16) P. Periasami Ambalakaran, (17) minor Kathan, guardian father No. 69, (18) P. Kathan Ambalakaran, (19) minors Periasami, Kannan and another sick Kuppammal, guardian father No. 69, (20) P. Kannan Ambalakaran, (21) minor Kathan, guardian father No. 69, (22) K. Kathi Ambalakaran, (23) minor Periasami, Kannan and another sick Kuppammal, guardian father No. 69, (24) K. Kandappan Ambalakaran, (25) K. Karuppan Ambalakaran, (26) K. Panneandi Ambalakaran and (27) minor Chinnaswami, guardian father No. 69, bounded on the north by No. 207-31 part; east by No. 207; south by No. 207-32 part; west by No. 207-30 part .. .. .. 0·01

Dry, No. 207-33 part, belonging to (1) S. Muthukaruppan Ambalakaran, (2) K. Ayyana Ambalakaran, (3) S. Muthu Vedial Ambalakaran, (4) minors Periasami, Ramasami, Ambalavel and Kathan, guardian father No. 69, (5) minor Muthukutiyan and another sick Kuppammal, guardian father No. 69, (6) M. Kandi Ambalakaran, (7) minor Periasami, guardian father No. 69, (8) P. Kannappan Ambalakaran, (9) minor Pichaikkani, guardian father No. 101, (10) P. Karuppa Ambalakaran, (11) minor Kathan, guardian father No. 69, (12) K. Kathi Ambalakaran, (13) K. Kandappan Ambalakaran, (14) minor Periasami, Ramasami and Kuppammal, guardian father No. 69, (15) K. Kandappan Ambalakaran, (16) K. Karuppan Ambalakaran, (17) K. Panneandi Ambalakaran and (18) minor Chinnaswami, guardian father No. 69, bounded on the north by No. 207-32 part; east by No. 207; south by No. 207-34 part; west by No. 207-33 part .. .. .. 0·01

Dry, No. 207-34 part, belonging to M. Marudai Ambalakaran, (2) minors Kuttiyan and Kathan, guardian C. Dev No. 41, (3) K. Chinnaswami Ambalakaran, (4) P. Pathumanan Ambalakaran, (5) K. Chinnaswami Ambalakaran, (6) P. Muthan Ambalakaran and (7) minor Pichaikkani, guardian brother No. 69, (8) M. Muthirulappa Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 207-33 part; east by No. 207; south by No. 207-35 part; west by No. 207-34 part .. .. .. 0·02

Dry, No. 207-35 part, belonging to (1) K. Karuppanan Ambalakaran, (2) minor Pandiyammal, guardian father No. 69, (3) P. Kathan Ambalakaran and (4) minor Kathan, guardian father No. 69, bounded on the north by No. 207-34 part; east by No. 207; south by No. 207-36 part; west by No. 207-35 part .. .. .. 0·01

Dry, No. 207-36 part, belonging to (1) K. Karuppanan Ambalakaran, (2) K. Panneandi Ambalakaran and (3) minor Kathan, guardian father No. 69, bounded on the north by No. 207-35 part; east by No. 207; south by No. 207-37 part; west by No. 207-36 part .. .. .. 0·01

Dry, No. 207-37 part, belonging to (1) K. Karuppanan Ambalakaran, (2) K. Panneandi Ambalakaran and (3) minor Kathan, guardian father No. 69, bounded on the north by No. 207-36 part; east by No. 207; south by No. 207-38 part; west by No. 207-37 part .. .. .. 0·01

Dry, No. 207-38 part, belonging to (1) P. Kuppusami Ambalakaran, (2) minor Periasami, guardian father No. 69, (3) P. Karuppa Ambalakaran and (4) minors Kathan, guardian father No. 69, bounded on the north by No. 207-37 part; east by No. 207; south by No. 207-39 part; west by No. 207-38 part .. .. .. 0·02

Dhan, dry, No. 207-3 part, belonging to M. Kathan Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 207-10 part; east by No. 207; south by No. 207-5 part; west by No. 207-4 part .. .. 0·02

Dhan, dry, No. 207-2 part, belonging to M. Parimanam Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 207-1 part; east by No. 207; south by No. 207-3 part; west by No. 207-2 part .. .. 0·02

(Arable)

Dry No. 207-4 part belonging to K. Ayyana Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 207-3 part, east by No. 207-4 part, south by No. 207, west by No. 207-4 part .. .. 0·02

Dry No. 207-5 part, belonging to K. Appavu Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 207-4 part, east by No. 207, south by No. 207-6 part; west by No. 207-5 part .. .. 0·01

Dry, No. 207-6 part, belonging to K. Ayyana Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 207-5 part & 3 part, east and south by No. 207, west by No. 207-7 part & 4 part .. .. 0·05

Dry No. 207-8 part, belonging to (1) K. Marudai Ambalakaran (2) M. Marudai Ambalakaran, (3) M. Sankar Pillai Ambalakaran, (4) K. Sivayan Ambalakaran and (5) Sinna Ibram Ambalakaran, Kon, (Absent) as present owners, bounded on the north by No. 207-7 part; east by Nos. 204-2 part and 207, south by Acs. 207 and 207-13 pact; west by No. 207-8 part .. .. .. 0·02

Dry, No. 207-13 part, belonging to M. Kulandaivel Ambalakaran and K. Muthukaruppan Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 207-8 part; east by Nos. 207, south by No. 207-1 part; west by No. 207-12 part .. .. .. 0·01

Dry, No. 207-1 part, belonging to N. Pichaikaran Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 207 (1 part; east by Nos. 207 and 111 part; south by Nos. 207 and 206-3 part; west by No. 206-1 part .. .. 0·02

Dry, No. 206-3 part, belonging to Pichaikaran Ambalakaran and M. Kannan Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 206-1 part, east by No. 211 part, south by No. 206-2 part; west by No. 206-3 part .. .. 0·01

Dry, No. 206-2 part, belonging to Pichaikaran Ambalakaran and M. Kannan Ambalakaran, bounded on the north by No. 206-1 part; east by No. 211 part; south by Nos. 206-3 part; west by No. 206-3 part .. .. 0·02

ACS.

Dry. No. 206-1 part, belonging to Palanikkam Ambalagaram and M. Karuvan Ambalagaram, bounded on the north by No. 206-2 part; east by No. 211 part; south by No. 206-2 part; west by No. 206-3 part .. .. 0·09 and 30 sq. links.

Dry. No. 206-4 part, belonging to (1) R. Arunmuthu Ambalagaram (2) minors Subramaniam and Kumari, guardian father No. (1), bounded on the north by No. 206-5 part; east by No. 211 part; south by No. 206-6 part; west by No. 206-7 part .. .. 0·05

Dry. No. 206-8 part, belonging to Karuvayi Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 206-7 part; east by No. 212 part; south and west by No. 206-9 part .. 0·01

Dry. No. 206-9 part, belonging to (1) S. Ammasi Ambalagaram (2) A. Sinnan Ambalagaram, (3) S. Periyan alias Muthiriyan (4) S. Karuvandan Ambalagaram and (5) minors Ramasamy and Muthaiyan, guardian father No. (4), bounded on the north by No. 206-8 part; east by No. 212 part; south and west by Nos. 206-1 part and 209 part .. .. 0·31

(Waste) 1·333

Dry. No. 206-2 part, belonging to (1) M. Karuppannan Ambalagaram, (2) K. Marudai Ambalagaram (3) minors Vadivel and Karuppan, guardian father No. (1), (4) M. Chinnan Ambalagaram (5) M. Karuvandan Ambalagaram, (6) minors Marudai and Karuppannan, guardian father No. (5), bounded on the north by No. 206-1 part; east by No. 211 part; south by No. 209-3 part; west by No. 206-3 part .. .. 0·02

Dry. No. 209-3 part, belonging to (1) M. Marudai Ambalagaram, (2) M. Thangavel Ambalagaram (3) M. Muthuraman Muthiriyan and (4) minor Karuvandan, guardian father No. (3) bounded on the north by No. 209-2 part & 3 part; east by Nos. 209-2 part and 209 part; south by No. 209-3 part & 4 part; west by No. 209-3 part .. 0·04

Dry. No. 209-4 part, belonging to (1) M. Karuppannan Ambalagaram (2) minor Palaniyandi, guardian father No. (1), (3) M. Marudai Ambalagaram, (4) minor Muthuveeran, guardian father No. (3), (5) K. Mariyappan Ambalagaram, (6) K. Uthandi Ambalagaram, (7) U. Marudai Ambalagaram and (8) minors Karuppannan, Vadivel, Uthandi and Tiruppathi, guardian father No. (7), bounded on the north by No. 209-3 part & 2 part; east by No. 209-4 part; south by No. 209-5 part & 5 part; west by No. 209-4 part .. .. .. 0·04

Dry. No. 209-5 part, belonging to (1) M. Uthandi Ambalagaram, (2) U. Karuvandan Ambalagaram, (3) minor Palaniyandi, guardian father No. (1), (4) M. Alagamalai Ambalagaram and (5) minor Muthukaruppan, guardian father No. (4), bounded on the north by No. 209-5 part & 4 part; east by No. 209-5 part; south by No. 209-5 part & 6 part; west by No. 209-5 part .. .. 0·04

(Arable)

Dry. No. 209-6 part, belonging to P. Karuvandan Ambalagaram, bounded on the north and east by No. 209-6 part; south by No. 209-7 part; west by No. 211 part .. 1·50 sq. links.

Dry. No. 209-6 part, belonging to P. Karuvandan Ambalagaram bounded on the north by No. 209-6 part & 6 part; east by No. 209-6 part; south by No. 209-6 part & 7 part; west by No. 209-6 part .. .. .. 0·06

Dry. No. 209-7 part, belonging to same as in No. 209-6 part, bounded on the north by No. 209-6 part; east by No. 209-7 part; south by No. 209-7 part & 8 part; west by No. 211 part .. .. 0·06

Dry. No. 209-8 part, belonging to A. Marudai Ambalagaram and M. Karuvandan Ambalagaram, mortgagee, bounded on the north by No. 209-7 part; east and south by Nos. 209-8 part; west by No. 211 part .. .. 0·02

Inam. dry. No. 209 part belonging to (1) K. Kumaraswami Ambalagaram and (2) minor Kumaran, guardian father No. (1) bounded on the north by No. 209-5 part; east and south by No. 209 part; west by No. 209-2 part & 3 part .. .. 0·08

Dry. No. 212-1 part, belonging to (1) T. Kalavathi Ambalagaram, (2) K. Marudai Ambalagaram, (3) K. Chinnaswami Ambalagaram, (4) K. Karuppannan Ambalagaram and (5) minor Thangaraju, guardian father No. (3), bounded on the north by No. 212-1 part; east by No. 211 part; south by No. 212-2 parts; west by No. 212-1 part .. .. 0·10

Dry. No. 212-2 part, belonging to minor Muthuviran, guardian mother Karuvayi Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 212-2 part & 3 part; east by No. 212-2 part; south by No. 212-2 part & 3 part; west by No. 212-2 part .. .. 0·21

Dry. No. 212-3 part, belonging to (1) A. Malaikolunthan Ambalagaram and (2) minors Chinnaswami Nallathambi, Andi and Kaliyaperumal, guardian father No. (1) bounded on the north by No. 212-3 part & 2 part; east and south by No. 212-3 part; west by Nos. 212-3 part and 212-9 part .. 0·25

Dry. No. 212-4 part, belonging to (1) R. Ayyan Ambalagaram and (2) minor Kalanithi, guardian father No. (1), bounded on the north by No. 212-4 part; east by No. 212-5 part; south by No. 430; west by No. 214 part .. 0·02

Dry. No. 212-5 part, belonging to K. Marudai Ambalagaram, bounded on the north by No. 212-5 part; east by No. 212-6; south by Nos. 430 and 431; west by No. 212-4 part .. .. 0·02

(Waste)

Dry. No. 213-9 part, belonging to (1) A. Muthukaruthan Ambalagaram, (2) minors Ayyanan and Evari, guardian father No. (1), (3) Periyannan Ambalagaram and (4) A. Evari Ambalagaram, bounded on the north by No. 213-9 part; east by No. 213-3 part; south by No. 214 part; west by No. 213-9 part .. .. .. 0·07

(Arable)

Inam. dry. No. 214 part, belonging to Nos. (1) to (4) same as above and (5) Nanaika Ambalagaram mortgagee, bounded on the north by Nos. 214 part and 213-9 part; east by Nos. 214 part and 212-4 part; south by No. 214 part; west by Nos. 214 part and 213-9 part .. .. 0·07

ACS.

(Waste)

Dry. No. 222-2 part, belonging to (1) Malaikolunthu Ambalagaram and (2) minors Karuppannan, Thirumalaikannan and Alagarsami, guardian father No. (1), (3) Vasal Ammal, (4) Jeevalingam Ambalagaram (5) Perumal Ambalagaram, Nos. (4) and (5) mortgagees and (6) Periyasami Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 430 part; east by No. 222-2 part; south by No. 222-3 part; west by No. 221 .. .. .. 0·06

(Arable)

Dry. No. 222-7 part, belonging to R. Muthumuthu Ambalagaram and M. Ratnam Ambalagaram bounded on the north by No. 222-2 part; east by No. 222-7 part; south by No. 222-8 part; west by No. 221 .. .. 0·01

Dry. No. 222-8 part, belonging to (1) Kaliyaperumal Muthiriyan, (2) minors Arumugam and Muthukaruppan, guardian father No. (1), (3) M. Marudai Ambalagaram, (4) M. Chinnaswami Ambalagaram (5) K. Sethuram Ambalagaram (6) minor Malaikaruppan, guardian father No. (5) and (7) Rajamani Ammal mortgagee, bounded on the north by No. 222-7 part; east by No. 222-8 part; south by No. 222-9 part; west by No. 221 .. .. 0·02

Dry. No. 222-9 part belonging to V. Ayyan Ambalagaram, bounded on the north by No. 222-8 part; east by No. 222-9 part; south by No. 225-1 part; west by No. 221 .. 0·02

(Waste)

Dry. No. 224-1 part, belonging to (1) M. Semban Ambalagaram, (2) S. Mariappan Ambalagaram, (3) S. Muthumuthu Ambalagaram, (4) S. Sannasi Ambalagaram, (5) minors Jeevalingam, Muthukaruppan and Vairam, guardian father No. (1) (6) M. Karuppannan Ambalagaram, (7) K. Marudai Ambalagaram, (8) K. Manickam Ambalagaram, (9) minor Thangaraju, guardian father No. (8), (10) A. Murugan Ambalagaram, (11) A. Sannasi Ambalagaram, (12) A. Arumugam Ambalagaram, (13) minors Andi, Marudai and Kandan, guardian father No. (11) (14) M. Chinnaswami Ambalagaram and (15) Ayyan Ambalagaram, mortgagee, bounded on the north by No. 223-3; east by No. 224-2 part; south by No. 224-1 part; west by No. 225-3 part .. .. .. 0·02

(Arable and waste)

Dry. No. 224-2 part, belonging to same as in No. 223-8 part, bounded on the north by No. 223-3 & 4; east by No. 230-3; south by No. 224-2 part & 4 part; west by No. 224-1 part & 3 part .. .. 0·04

(Arable)

Dry. No. 224-4 part, belonging to S. Marudai Ambalagaram, bounded on the north by No. 224-2 part and 230-3; east by No. 230-5; south by No. 224-6 part & 6 part; west by No. 224-4 part .. .. 0·03

Dry. No. 224-5 part, belonging to Rettaiyammal, bounded on the north by No. 224-4 part; east by No. 230-7; south by No. 224-6 part; west by No. 224-5 part .. 0·01 and 250 sq. links.

Dry. No. 224-6 part, belonging to S. Muthukaruppan Ambalagaram and S. Marudai Ambalagaram bounded on the north by Nos. 224-5 part and 230-7; east by No. 230-8 parts; south and west by No. 224-6 part .. 0·02 and 550 sq. links.

Dry. No. 225-1 part, belonging to (1) M. Perumal Ambalagaram and (2) minors Manickam, Kalalingam and Muthukaruppan, guardian father No. (1), bounded on the north by No. 222-9 parts; east by No. 225-2 part; south by No. 225-1 part; west by No. 221 .. .. 0·02

Dry. No. 225-2 part, belonging to (1) M. Chinnaswami Ambalagaram and (2) minor Marudai, guardian father No. (1), bounded on the north by Nos. 222-9 part, 10, 11 & 12 and 223-3; east by No. 224-1 part; south by No. 224-2 part; west by No. 225-4 part .. .. .. 0·04

(Waste)

Dry. No. 230-4 part, belonging to same as in No. 224-2 part, bounded on the north by No. 230-4 part; east by No. 230-9 part; south by No. 230-4 part; west by No. 230-8 part .. .. 0·07

Dry. No. 230-8 part, belonging to (1) S. Muthukaruppan Ambalagaram, (2) M. Jeevalingam Ambalagaram and (3) minor Andi, guardian father No. (1), bounded on the north by No. 230-8 part; east by No. 230-4 part; south by No. 230-8 part; west by No. 224-6 part .. .. 0·01

(Arable)

Dry. No. 230-8 part, belonging to Nos. (1) to (9) same as in No. 224-1 part, bounded on the north by No. 230-9 part; east by No. 230-10 part; south by No. 230-9 part; west by No. 230-4 part .. .. .. 0·02

Dry. No. 230-9 part, belonging to Nos. (1) to (9) same as in No. 224-1 part, bounded on the north by Nos. 230-9 part and 224-2 part; east by No. 231-1 part; south by No. 229; west by No. 230-8 & 10 parts .. .. .. 0·03

(Waste and arable)

Dry. No. 230-10 part, belonging to M. Sonbah Ambalagaram, M. Karuppannan Ambalagaram, A. Murugan Ambalagaram, (4) A. Sannasi Ambalagaram and A. Arumugam Ambalagaram, bounded on the north by No. 230-10 part; east by No. 230-9 part; south by Nos. 229 and 230-10 part; west by No. 230-8 part .. .. 0·09 and 500 sq. links.

(Arable and waste)

Dry. No. 231-1 part, belonging to (1) P. Palinaaam Ambalagaram (2) M. Karuppannan Ambalagaram, (3) M. Muthusami Ambalagaram, (4) minors Vadivel and Murugan, guardian father No. (3), (5) M. Uthandi Ambalagaram, (6) M. Karuvandan Ambalagaram, (7) minors Marudai and Karuppannan, guardian father No. (6), (8) M. Marudai Ambalagaram, (9) minor Muthuveeran, guardian father No. (8), (10) U. Marudai Ambalagaram, (11) minors Karuppannan, Vadivel, Uthandi and Tiruppathi guardian father No. (10), (12) Palanikaladi Ambalagaram, (13) P. Kunju Pillai Ambalagaram (14) minor Natesan, guardian father No. (13) (15) K. Marudai Ambalagaram, (16) K. Palaniyandi Ambalagaram, (17) K. Alagamalai Ambalagaram, (18) A. Karuppannan Ambalagaram and (19) A. Chinnaswami Ambalagaram, bounded on the north by No. 224-1; east by No. 231-2 part & 1 part; south and west by No. 231-1 part .. .. 0·07

(Arable and waste)

Dry, No. 231-4 part, belonging to Nos. 231 to 235 same as in Sy. No. 231 plains. (2) K. Sadayan Ambalagaran, (3) A. Mahadeva Ambalagaran, (4) P. Kuttiandan Ambalagaran, (5) K. Chinnadi Ambalagaran, (6) K. Kuttiandan Ambalagaran, (7) minor Palaniyandi Gandhiji, Ambalagaran, (8) minor Palaniyandi Gandhiji, Ambalagaran, (9) minor Palaniyandi Gandhiji, Ambalagaran, (10) minor Muthukrishnan, Ambalagaran, (11) minor Muthukrishnan, Ambalagaran, (12) minor Muthukrishnan, Ambalagaran, (13) minor Muthukrishnan, Ambalagaran, (14) minor Muthukrishnan, Ambalagaran, (15) minor Muthukrishnan, Ambalagaran, (16) minor Muthukrishnan, Ambalagaran, (17) minor Muthukrishnan, Ambalagaran, (18) minor Muthukrishnan, Ambalagaran, (19) minor Muthukrishnan, Ambalagaran,

(Waste) ACS.

Dry. No. 345-1 part, belonging to M. Chinnakaruppan Muthiriyan, [illegible] Muthiriyan, bounded [illegible] by No. 34[illegible] part, east by No. 345-1 part, south by No. 345-1 part and 347-9 part; west by No. 345-1 part and 346 .. 0·12

Dry. No. 347-8 part, belonging to [illegible] and S. Muthu Muthiriyan, bounded on the north by No. 345-8 part, east by No. 347-8 part; south by No. 347-12 part, west by No. 347-9 part .. .. .. 0·01 and [illegible] sq. links.

(Waste and arable)

Dry. No. 347-9 part, belonging to S. Muthiriyan Muthiriyan, bounded on the north by No. 345-1 part, east by No. 347-8 part, south by No. 347-10 part, west by No. 347-9 part .. .. .. 0·03

(Waste)

Dry. No. 349-7 part, belonging to 1 Sowrimuthu Ambalagaran, [illegible] and [illegible] Ambalagaran, [illegible] bounded on the north by No. 349-8 part, east by No. 349-7 part & 8 part, south by No. 349-7 part, west by No. 349-8 part .. 0·1[illegible]

Dry. No. 349-8 part, belonging to M. Sowrimuthu Vathiyar and M. [illegible] Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 349-8 part, east by No. 349-8 part, south by No. 349-8 part, west by No. 349-7 part .. .. 0·03

Dry. No. 349-9 part, belonging to [illegible] Muthukaruppan Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 349-8 part and [illegible], east by No. 349-10 part, south by No. 349-8 part, west by No. 349-8 part .. .. .. 0·08

(Arable)

Dry. No. 350-10 part, belonging to M. Sowrimuthu Vathiyar and M. Arulanandu Muthiriyan, bounded on the north by No. 350-2 part, east and south by No. 350-10 part, west by No. 350-9 part .. .. .. 0·04

Dry. No. 350-7 part, belonging to S. Sowrimuthu Muthiriyan, [illegible] and [illegible] Muthiriyan, bounded on the north by No. 350-[illegible] part, east by No. 350-8 part, south by No. 350-9, west by No. 355-7 part .. .. .. 0·08 and 300 sq. links.

(Waste)

Dry. No. 350-8 part, belonging to M. Sowrimuthu Vathiyar, bounded on the north by No. 350-8 part, east by No. 350-9 part, south by No. 350-1 & 2, west by No. 350-7 part .. .. .. 0·18

Dry. No. 350-9 part, belonging to (1) T. Periyannan Ambalagaran and (2) minor Pakkaruppan, guardian father No. (1), (3) T. Muthukaruppan alias Murugesan and (4) M. [illegible] Ambalagaran [illegible], bounded on the north by No. 350-9 part, east by No. 350-10 part, south by No. 350-8, west by No. 350-8 part .. .. 0·08

Dry. No. 350-10 part, belonging to (1) T. Manikkam Ambalagaran, (2) [illegible] Ambalagaran, (3) [illegible] Periyannan, guardian father [illegible] (4) M. Arokiasamy Muthukaruppan Ambalagaran, (5) M. [illegible] Ambalagaran and (6) [illegible] Muthukaruppan Ambalagaran, [illegible], bounded on the north by No. 350-10 part, east by No. 348-8 part, south by Nos. 357-1 and 349-6 part, west by No. 350-9 part .. .. 0·08

Dry. No. 356-9 part, belonging to S. [illegible] Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 350-9 part, east by No. 356-7 part, south by No. 357-1, west by No. 356-10 part .. .. .. 0·03

(Arable)

Dry. No. 356-7 part, belonging to T. Chinnappan Ambalagaran, [illegible] Ambalagaran, guardian [illegible] Muthukaruppan Ambalagaran [illegible], bounded on the north by No. 356-9 part, east by No. 356-7 part, south by No. 357-1, west by No. 356-8 part .. .. 0·04

(Waste)

Dry. No. 356-8 part, belonging to Thomas Muthiriyan and Ponnuswami Muthiriyan, bounded on the north and east by No. 356-9 part; south by No. 356-10 part, west by Thayanur village .. .. 0·01

Dry. No. 356-12 part, belonging to S. Innasimuthu Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 356-9 part & 13 part; east by No. 356-14 part, south by No. 356-15 part, west by No. 356-12 part and Thayanur village .. 0·16

Dry. No. 356-15 part, belonging to 1 Thomas Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 356-13 part, east by No. 356-16 part, south by No. 357-1, west by No. 356-14 part .. .. .. 0·04

Dry. No. 356-16 part, belonging to 1 Sowrimuthu Ambalagaran and 2 [illegible] Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 356-16 part, east by No. 356-8 part; south by No. 357-1, west by No. 356-15 part .. 0·06

Dry. No. 363-1 part, belonging to S. Sowrimuthu Vathiyar and M. Arulanandu Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 363-1 part, east by No. 363-1 part; south by No. 363-2 part; west by No. 363-1 part .. .. 0·05

(Waste and arable)

Dry. No. 363-2 part, belonging to same as in No. 363-1 part, bounded on the north by No. 363-1 part, east by No. 363-2 part, south by No. 349-10 part; west by No. 363-2 part .. .. .. 0·05 and 560 sq. links.

Dry. No. 363-2 part, belonging to M. Sowrimuthu Vathiyar, bounded on the north by Nos. 347-12 part and 363-2 part, east by No. 363-2 part, south by No. 365-7 part; west by No. 363-2 part .. .. .. 0·01

(Waste)

Dry. No. 365-7 part, belonging to minor Muthuviran, guardian mother Alamelu ammal, bounded on the north by No. 365-7 part, east by No. 365-7 part, south by No. 365-8 part, west by No. 365-8 part .. .. 0·03

(Arable)

Dry. No. 365-8 part, belonging to same as in No. 365-7 part, bounded on the north by No. 365-7 part, east by No. 365-8 part, south by No. 365-9 part, west by No. 365-1 part & 8 .. .. 0·03

Dry. No. 365-9 part, belonging to (1) S. Muthukaruppan Ambalagaran and (2) minor Chinna Periyakaruppan Ambalagaran, guardian father No. (1), bounded on the north by No. 365-8 part, east by No. 365-9 part; south by No. 365-1 part, west by No. 365-8 .. .. 0·04

(Waste) ACS.

Dry. No. 420-4 part, belonging to V. [illegible] Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 420-4 part, east by No. 412 A-1 part, south by No. 421-2 part, west by No. 420-4 part .. .. .. 186 sq. links.

Dry. No. 412 A part, belonging to same as in No. 420-4 part, bounded on the north by Nos. 412-8 part and 412 A-1 part; east by No. 412 A-1 part, south by No. 412 A part & 1 part; west by No. 420 A-1 part .. 0·04

Dry. No. 412 A-2 part, belonging to A. Muthiriyan Muthiriyan and A. [illegible] Muthiriyan, bounded on the north by No. 412 A-2 part & 3 part, east and south by No. 412 A-2 part, west by Nos. 412 A-2 part and 420-27 part .. .. 0·05

Total .. 2·0[illegible] and 833 sq. links.

Fort St. George, April 20, 1936.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·810 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for excavating field bothi under pipe Nos. 1, 3 and 5 of No. 2, Telugurnapalem branch, and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Chilakalapudi, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Chilakalapudi, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Kistna district, Divi taluk, Telugurnapalem village.

ACS.

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 167-5 part, T.S. No. 98 A, belonging to Kosuri Satayya, son of Brahmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 167-5 part, T.S. No. 99 A, east by R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 99 B; south by R.S. No. 166-1 part, T.S. No. 98 C, west by R.S. No. 167-5 part .. 0·01

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 98 B, belonging to Kosuri Venkamma, wife of Anantayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 99 B, east and south by R.S. No. 166-2 part, west by R.S. Nos. 167-5 part and 166-1 part, T.S. No. 98 A & C .. .. 0·005

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 166-1 part, T.S. No. 98 C, belonging to Kosuri Lakshmi devi, wife of Sobhana, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 167-5 part, T.S. No. 98 A, east by R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 98 B, south by R.S. No. 166-2 part, T.S. No. 98 D; west by R.S. No. 166-1 part .. 0·04

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 166-2 part, T.S. No. 98 D, belonging to Kosuri [illegible], son of Brahmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 166-1 part, T.S. No. 98 C, east by R.S. No. 166-2 part; south by R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 98 E; west by R.S. No. 166-2 part .. .. 0·03

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 98 E, belonging to Kosuri Chinna Venkayya, son of Narayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 98 D, east by R.S. No. 166-3 part & 3 part, south by R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 98 F, west by R.S. No. 166-3 part .. 0·025

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 166-4 part, T.S. No. 98 F, belonging to Kosuri China Venkayya, son of Narayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 98 E; east by R.S. No. 166-4 part, south by R.S. No. 44, west by R.S. No. 166-4 part .. .. 0·04

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 167-6 part, T.S. No. 99 A, belonging to Kosuri Satayya, son of Brahmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 167-5 part, east by R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 99 B, south by R.S. No. 167-6 part, T.S. No. 98 A, west by R.S. No. 167-5 part .. .. 0·003

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 99 B, belonging to Kosuri Venkamma, wife of Anantayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 167-2 part, east by R.S. No. 166-1 part, T.S. No. 99 C, south by R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 98 B; west by R.S. No. 167-5 part, T.S. No. 99 A .. 0·045

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 166-4 part, T.S. No. 99 C, belonging to Kosuri Gopalarao, son of Chandrayya, being minor, by mother and guardian Subbamma, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 167-1 part, east by R.S. No. 165 part, south by R.S. No. 166-4 part, west by R.S. No. 166-3 part, T.S. No. 99 B .. .. 0·045

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 161 part, T.S. No. 100 A, belonging to Kosuri Satayya, son of Brahmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 161 part; east by R.S. No. 160 part, T.S. No. 100 B; south by R.S. No. 44, west by R.S. No. 161 part .. .. 0·003

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 160 part, T.S. No. 100 B, belonging to Kosuri Gopalarao, son of Chandrayya, being minor, by mother and guardian Subbamma, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 160 part; east by R.S. No. 159 part, T.S. No. 101 A; south by No. 45 Srikakulam, west by R.S. No. 161 part, T.S. No. 100 A .. .. 0·04

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 159 part, T.S. No. 101 A, belonging to Koganti Satyanarayana, son of Ramayya, and Kristamaneni Anjayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 159 part, east by R.S. No. 158 part, T.S. No. 101 B, south by Srikakulam; west by R.S. No. 160 part, T.S. No. 100 B .. .. 0·01

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 158 part, T.S. No. 102 B, belonging to Kosuri Satayya, son of Brahmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 158 part; east by R.S. No. 157 part, T.S. No. 102 A, south by Srikakulam, west by R.S. No. 159 part, T.S. No. 101 A .. .. 0·05

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 157 part, T.S. No. 102 A, belonging to Mika Virayya, son of Ramayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 157 part, east by R.S. No. 151 part, T.S. No. 102 B, south by Srikakulam, west by R.S. No. 158 part, T.S. No. 102 B .. .. 0·01

Ryotwari dry, R.S. No. 157 part, T.S. No. 102 B, belonging to Mika Ratnayya, son of Ramayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 157 part, east by R.S. No. 156 part, south by Srikakulam, west by R.S. No. 157 part, T.S. No. 102 A .. 0·01

Srikakulam village.

Devadayam service inam, R.S. No. 588, R.S. No. 210-2 belonging to Srikakulam [illegible], trustee the Zamindar of Devarakota estate, [illegible]

	Acres.
Uhakinamanni Narasayya, son of Narayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 209 ; east by R.S. No. 207 A ; south by R.S. No. 210 A-1 ; west by R.S. No. 210 A-3 .	0·075
Pendyalapeta survey Immadi No. 208, R.S. No. 210 A-2, but mainly by Akkiboinavenkatasami, Immadi Thimmayya, Immadi Lakshmayya, sons of Immadi Venkatasami, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 210 A-3, east by R.S. No. 207 A ; south by R.S. No. 210 A-1 ; west by R.S. No. 210 A-1 .	0·02
Pendyalapeta survey Immadi No. 208, R.S. No. 210 A-1, belonging to Pothakuli-Venkatasubbaya, Immadi Venkatasubbaya, sons of Immadi Thimmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 210 A-2, east by R.S. No. 207 ; south by R.S. No. 210 A-2, west by R.S. No. 210 A-3 .	0·053
Pendyalapeta survey Immadi No. 208, R.S. No. 210 A-3, belonging to Sri Lakshmivenkatasami, Immadi Lakshmayya, sons of Immadi Narasayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 210 A-2, east by R.S. No. 210 A-1, south by R.S. No. 210 A-1, west by R.S. No. 210 A-3 .	0·01
Pendyalapeta survey Immadi No. 208, R.S. No. 210 A-4, belonging to Allabhi Venkata Krishnamma, wife of Pillala Sanayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 211 A, east by R.S. No. 207 A, south by R.S. No. 210 A-1 part, west by R.S. No. 210 A-3 part .	0·02
Kyadi dry, R.S. No. 207 A-1 part, T.S. No. 211 A, belonging to Allabhi Ananda-nayudu, son of Ramappanayudu, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 207 A-1 part, east by R.S. No. 208 A-1 part, T.S. No. 211 A, south by R.S. No. 207 A-1 part, T.S. No. 211 A, west by R.S. No. 207 A-1 part, T.S. No. 211 A .	0·05
Kyadi dry, R.S. No. 208-2 part, T.S. No. 212 A, belonging to Gollavalli Pullayya, son of Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 208-1 part, T.S. No. 212 A, east by R.S. No. 209 part, T.S. No. 212 A, south by R.S. No. 207-1 part, T.S. No. 212 A, west by R.S. No. 207-1 part, T.S. No. 212 A .	0·04
Kyadi, dry, R.S. No. 208-1 part, T.S. No. 212 B, belonging to Gollavalli Chinna Venkayya, son of Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 208-1 part, T.S. No. 212 A, east by R.S. No. 209 part, T.S. No. 212 A, south by R.S. No. 208-2 part, T.S. No. 212 A, west by R.S. No. 207-1 part, T.S. No. 212 A .	0·04
Kyadi, dry, R.S. No. 208 part, T.S. No. 213 A, belonging to Gollavalli Chinna Venkayya, son of Narayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 208-1 part, T.S. No. 212 B, east by R.S. No. 209 part, T.S. No. 213 A, south by R.S. No. 208 part, west by R.S. No. 208-1 part, T.S. No. 212 B .	0·003
Kyadi, dry, R.S. No. 208-1 part, T.S. No. 213 B, belonging to Gollavalli Gavayya, son of Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 208-1 part, east by R.S. No. 208-1 part, T.S. No. 213 A, south by R.S. No. 208 part, west by R.S. No. 208-1 part, T.S. No. 213 B .	0·01
Kyadi, dry, R.S. No. 208-1 part, T.S. No. 213 C, belonging to Gollavalli Sanayya, son of Subbayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 208-1 part, east by R.S. No. 208-1 part, T.S. No. 213 B, south by R.S. No. 208 part and 208-1 part, T.S. No. 213 A and B, west by R.S. No. 208-1 part, T.S. No. 213 B .	0·04
Total ..	0·344

NOTE.—The Jamabandi of Devanakota stands to the credit of the ryots for the said dry lands.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit the widening of the Vemulakuri Main channel in connection with the Vemulakuri Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1933, and the Governor in Council hereby authorises the Special Deputy Collector, Land Acquisition, Losari and Vemulakuri Projects West Godavari district, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector, Land Acquisition, Losari and Vemulakuri Project, West Godavari district to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

West Godavari district, Narasapur taluk, Kaulamkuduru village.

	Approximate Area. Acres.
Villarakkita No. 874 part, belonging to Palagatti Ramanaval, Palagatti Reddi, Palagatti Venkamma, Palagatti Narayudu, minor, guardian father Ramanaval and Ambi Chinna Venkatarudu (1) at Ind house and vacant site, (1) Palagatti Lakshmidu (2) Palagatti Narayanamma, (3) Palagatti Narayanamma, (2) and (3) minors, guardian father Chandrayya and (1) Ambi Chinna Venkatarudu (Government), Kyal No. 1 (1) and Kyal Venkatarudu, minor, guardian father Nookalayya and Pandiparu, minor, guardian father Nookalayya and Kyal Ramanaval (each one fourth share), Mallisi Ramanaval, minor, guardian father Daniel, Mahi Mallisi Anna, minor, guardian mother Jayalakshmi, Mahi Ashirvadam, minor guardian mother Jayalakshmi, Kurra Ashirvadu, Kurra Pullirao and Pendakurapatti Kurra Pullayya and vacant sites, Kurra Pothapalapatti in a house and vacant sites, Kurra Pothapalapatti in a house and vacant sites, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 867 ; east by R.S. No. 873 ; south by R.S. No. 875 ; west by No. 871 part .	0·05
Tanks, dry, No. 874 part, belonging to Sri Ashtalakshmi Valu, Pandiri Kala Nos. 1 and 2 and (1) Ambithi and (2) Ithamarakulam, No. (2) being mixed, guardian father (2) Ithamarakulam, No. (2) bounded on the north by No. 871 ; east by No. 871 ; south by No. 877 ; west by No. 872-A part .	0·10
Inam, dry, No. 872 part, belonging to Sree Addiparasakti Nilayam, trustee, bounded on the north by Ava Kala ; east by No. 867 part ; south by No. 873 ; west by No. 871 .	0·15
Government, dry, No. 873-2 part, belonging to Pothakuli Venkatalu and Pothakuli Hanayya, minor, guardian father Venkatalu, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 867, 873-1 part ; east by R.S. No. 873-1 part ; south by R.S. No. 873-1 part ; west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-1 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-3 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-4 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-5 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-6 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-7 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-8 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-9 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-10 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-11 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-12 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-13 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-14 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-15 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-16 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-17 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-18 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-19 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-20 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-21 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-22 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-23 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-24 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-25 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-26 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-27 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-28 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-29 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-30 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-31 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-32 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-33 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-34 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-35 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-36 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-37 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-38 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-39 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-40 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-41 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-42 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-43 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-44 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-45 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-46 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-47 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-48 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-49 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-50 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-51 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-52 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-53 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-54 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-55 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-56 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-57 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-58 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-59 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-60 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-61 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-62 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-63 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-64 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-65 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-66 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-67 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-68 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-69 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-70 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-71 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-72 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-73 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-74 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-75 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-76 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-77 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-78 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-79 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-80 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-81 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-82 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-83 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-84 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-85 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-86 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-87 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-88 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-89 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-90 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-91 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-92 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-93 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.S. No. 873-1 part, south by R.S. No. 873-1 part, west by R.S. No. 873-1 part .	0·05
Government, dry, No. 873-94 part, belonging to Mandalapeta Sanyasikamanni and Gollavalli Venkayya, sons of Gollavalli Lakshmayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 873-2 part, east by R.

		Acs.
Government dry, No. 418-2 part, belonging to Mudela Kes-samma and Mudela Narasimha Sesadri-ja Chowdri; bounded on the north by No. 414 ; south by Nos. 418-1 and 419-2 ; west by No. 418-2 part.		0·13
Ilam, dry, No. 411-3 part (Forfeit article) belonging to Tekulapalli Pattaya Peraparaju Lal and Pothapalli Rami Reddiyan, bounded on the north by No. 410-2 ; east by No. 411-1 ; south by No. 411-4 ; west by No. 412-2 part.		0·34
Ilam, dry, No. 409-1 part (Forfeit article), belonging to Pothapalli Pattaya Peraparaju Lal and Pothapalli Rami Reddiyan, bounded on the north by No. 410-2 ; east by No. 410-1 part and 410-2 ; south by No. 410-2 ; west by No. 411		0·13
Ilam, dry, No. 410-2, belonging to Gooti Narayanaswami, 1/4, (1) Venkataramma, 1/8 Narasimmudi, 1/8 Venkata alias Immuna Ram, (4) Nookalamma 1/8 (1 Gopalkrishna, (2) Subbarayudu and (3) Narasimha) 1/4 (1 Subbamma, (2) and (3), minors, guardian father Narayanaswami, bounded on the north by No. 410-2 part ; east by No. 410-1 ; south by No. 411-3 ; west by No. 409-1 part and 412-2 part		0·02
Ilam, dry, No. 409-2 part (Forfeit article) belonging to Gooti Narayanaswami as regs (1) Venkatasami, (2) Narasimhamurti, (3) Tirupya alias Jagadambam, (4) Sitakantham, (5) Kanakadurga, (6) Subbayyamma and (7) Bhuvaneswara (3, 4, 5, 6 and 7), minors, guardian father Narayanaswami, bounded on the north by No. 410-2 part ; east by No. 410-1 ; south by No. 411-3 ; west by No. 409-1		0·01
Ilam, dry, No. 409-1 part, belonging to Gooti Narayanaswami as regs (1) Venkatasami, (2) Narasimhamurti, (3) Tirupya alias Jagadambam, (4) Sitakantham, (5) Kanakadurga, (6) Subbayyamma and (7) Bhuvaneswara (3, 4, 5, 6 and 7), minors, guardian father Narayanaswami, bounded on the north by No. 409-2 part ; east by No. 410-1 ; south by No. 411-3 ; west by No. 409-2		0·02
Government dry No. 432-2 part, belonging to Mureella Venkatarayalu, sons (1) Rajaiah, (2) Ramchandraiah, (3) Venkatarao and (4) Bangaru, (3) and (4) in parts, guardian father Venkatachalam, bounded on the north by No. 429-2 ; east by No. 434 ; south by No. 432-2 ; west by No. 432-4		0·10
Ilam, dry, No. 433-1 part, belonging to Hyder Hussain, bounded on the north by No. 430-2 ; east by No. 433-3 part ; south by No. 433 ; west by Nos. 431 and 432		0·25
Ilam, dry, No. 433-1 part (another pt.), belonging to Hyder Hussain, bounded on the north by No. 433-1 part ; east by Nos. 433-2 part ; south by No. 433 ; west by No. 433-1 part		0·10
Ilam, dry, No. 433-2 part, belonging to Kamanur Venkatarayalu sons (1) Venkataiah, (2) Nagaiah, Nanchamma, (3) Venkata Subbamma (4) Venkatakrishnamma and (5) Venkatamma, (3) (4) and (5) minors, guardian father Venkatraman, bounded on the north by No. 433-2 part, east by No. 434-2 ; south by No. 433 ; west by Nos. 433-1		0·01
	Total ...	1·16

Fort St George, April 20, 1926.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, special repairs to the banks of the Palampendaw, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 6 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mannargudi, Inamdar and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mannargudi, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Tanjore district, Mannargudi taluk,
No 121. Devadanam village

	Approximate area, Acs.
Government wet, No. 4-1 part, belonging to 323, Pramanmal Achi, bounded on the north and east by No. 116, Kalaman kham, south by No. 4-4 part, west by No. 4-3.	0·07
Government, wet, No. 4-1 (1st), belonging to 142, Pramanmal Achi bounded on the north by No. 116, Kalamankham, east by No. 4-2 part ; south and west by No. 4-1 part	0·01
Government, wet, No. 4-1 part, belonging to 112, Pramanmal Achi bounded on the north by No. 4-1, Kalamankham field east and south by No. 4-1 part ; west by No. 4-1 part and 116, Kalamankham village	0·05
Government, wet No. 4-1 part, ryotwar Anjalai Achi, petitioner Kandasami Tevan, bounded on the north by No. 116 Kalamankham ; east and south by No. 4-1 part, west by No. 116	0·07
Government, wet, No. 4-2 part, belonging to 324 Pramanmal Achi bounded on the north by No. 116, Kalamankham ; east by No. 4-3 ; south by No. 4-1 part ; west by No. 4-2 part	0·02
Government, wet, No. 110 part, (Ramanandapuram, 72, Shanmuga Tevar, (2) Sathiya Tevar Mangalam Tevar, Ganapathia Tevar, Kothandaraja Tevar, Sundaralinga Tevar, Sundaraja Tevar, Pethu Tevar (minors) by guardian Chinnathambi Achi, Sankaralinga Tevar, Pethumalai Achi, Sankara swami Tevar Rajakka Ayyangar and Sornia Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 117, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 111 part ; south by No. 110 part ; west by No. 110 part and No. 117, Thirukkandalur		0·05
Government, dry, S.F. No. 483-2 part, belonging to Kandaswami Tevar, Ramalinga Tevar, Kandaswami Tevar, Ayyadurai Tevar, Ramalinga Tevar, Chandra Tevar, Jegadeesa Tevar, Sundara Tevar, Pakkiri Tevar, Thangavelu Pillai, Nagammal and Thirumathi Tevar, Pakkirisami Tevar, Raja Ayyar and Narmatha Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-3 part ; south by No. 143-2 part, west by No. 143-1		0·03
Government, dry, No. 143-3 part, belonging to Rao, C. Subbanarasimha and Tevar and Kandasamidas Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 144-4 part, south by No. 143-3 part, west by No. 143-2 part		0·02
Government, dry, No. 143-2 part, belonging to Rao Bahadur A. Kumaravelu Chetti, Chandramouleeswara Tevar, Gopalaswami, K. Veerabhadra Tevar, V. Govinda Tevar, G. Hanumanadi Tevar and Kandiyal Ammal bounded on the north by No. 147 Thirukkandalur, east by No. 143-3 ; south by No. 143-1 part, west by No. 143-3 part		0·01
Government, dry, No. 143-3 part, belonging to Sub Assistant Commissioner's Tevar, Gopalaswami Naicker A. Somasundara Tevar, G. Rajagopala Pillai, S. Sayed Hussain Tevar and T. Somasundara Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-4 part, south by No. 143-3 part, west by No. 143-4		0·01
Government, dry, No. 143-4 part, belonging to Rao, Kandaswami Achi, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-7 part ; south by No. 143-3 part ; west by No. 143-5 part		0·01
Government, dry, No. 143-7 part, belonging to 241, R. Ethiraja Pillai, S. Saravanavel Tevar and Meenakshi Achi, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur, east by No. 143-8 part ; south by No. 143-7 part, west by No. 143-6 part		0·01
Government dry No. 143-8 part, belonging to 2-9 Muthukumaravan Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-9 part ; south by No. 143-8 part, west by No. 143-7 part		0·01
Government, dry, No. 143-9 part, belonging to 111, S. Subbayya Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-10 part ; south by No. 143-8 part ; west by No. 143-8 part		0·01
Government, dry, No. 143-10 part, belonging to 61, N. Sivalinga Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-11 part ; south by No. 143-10 part ; west by No. 143-9 part		0·01
Government, dry No. 143-11 part, belonging to 215, K. Ella Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 147 Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 147 Thirukkandalur and No. 143-1 ; south by No. 143-11 part ; west by No. 143-10 part		0·01
	Total ...	0·37

Government dry, No. 143-2 part, belonging to 33, Venkatarama Chetti and Sarada Ammal, Chandragiriammandalam Tevar, Rajagopala Pillai Tevar, Sundara Tevar, Govinda Tevar, Pakkiri Tevar, Jegadeesa Tevar, Annamalaiya Tevar, Pakkiri Tevar, Thangavelu Pillai, Nagammal and Tevar, Pakkirisami Tevar, Raja Ayyar and Narmatha Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-3 part ; south by No. 143-2 part, west by No. 143-1 . . . . . | | 0·03 |
Government, dry, No. 143-3 part, belonging to Rao, C. Subbanarasimha and Tevar and Kandasamidas Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 144-4 part, south by No. 143-3 part, west by No. 143-2 part		0·02
Government, dry, No. 143-4 part, belonging to 238, Venkatarama Chetti, Chandramouleeswara Tevar, Gopalaswami, K. Veerabhadra Tevar, V. Govinda Tevar, G. Hanumanadi Tevar and Kandiyal Ammal bounded on the north by No. 147 Thirukkandalur, east by No. 143-3 ; south by No. 143-1 part, west by No. 143-3 part		0·01
Government, dry, No. 143-3 part, belonging to 238, V. Govindasami Naicker A. Somasundara Tevar, G. Rajagopala Pillai, S. Sayed Hussain Tevar and T. Somasundara Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-4 part, south by No. 143-3 part, west by No. 143-4		0·01
Government, dry, No. 143-4 part, belonging to 238, Rao, Kandaswami Achi, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-7 part ; south by No. 143-3 part ; west by No. 143-5 part		0·01
Government, dry, No. 143-7 part, belonging to 241, R. Ethiraja Pillai, S. Saravanavel Tevar and Meenakshi Achi, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-8 part ; south by No. 143-7 part, west by No. 143-6 part		0·01
Government dry No. 143-8 part, belonging to 2-9 Muthukumaravan Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-9 part ; south by No. 143-8 part, west by No. 143-7 part		0·01
Government, dry, No. 143-9 part, belonging to 111, S. Subbayya Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-10 part ; south by No. 143-8 part ; west by No. 143-8 part		0·01
Government, dry, No. 143-10 part, belonging to 61, N. Sivalinga Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 147, Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 143-11 part ; south by No. 143-10 part ; west by No. 143-9 part		0·01
Government, dry No. 143-11 part, belonging to 215, K. Ella Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 147 Thirukkandalur ; east by No. 147 Thirukkandalur and No. 143-1 ; south by No. 143-11 part ; west by No. 143-10 part		0·01
	Total ...	0·37

Fort St. George, April 27, 1926.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, to excavate Distributary channel No. 12 A of the High Level Channel, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923 ; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Sub-Collector Karur, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under sub-section (4) of section 17 of the Act, the Governor in Council directs that in view of the urgency of the case the provisions of section 5-A of the Act shall not apply to the acquisition of the waste or arable lands specified below.

Trichinopoly district, Kulittalai taluk, Karudur village.

(Waste)	Approximate area, Acs.	Cts.
Government dry S.F. No. 483-3 part, belonging to Pakkiriya Reddi, bounded on the north and east by No. 363 patta ; south by No. 483-2 part ; west by No. 483-1 part	0·01	21
Government dry, S.F No 483-1 part belonging to K. A. Ramrao Ayyavoo bounded on the north by No. 365 parts read by No. 483-3 parts, south by Nos. 483-4 and 483-1 part. West by No. 483-1 part.	0·07	93
Inam, dry S.F. No. 385 part belonging to same as S.F. No. 483-1 part, bounded on the north by No. 386 part, east by No. 384-1, south by No. 483-3 & 2 part. West by No. 483-2 part	0·32	100
Inam, dry S.F. No. 385 part belonging to same as S.F. No. 483-1 part, bounded on the north and east by No. 386 part ; south by Nos. 385-4 part ; west by Nos. 358 parts and 483-3 part	0·10	98
Government dry S.F. No. 483-3 part, belonging to S. Pethu Reddi, bounded on the north by No. 480-1A Govt. land, east by No. 483 B Govt. land and 365 part, south by Nos. 483-3 part, west by No. 483-2 part	0·01	19
Government dry, S.F No. 480-1 A part belonging to same as S. No. 483 1 part, bounded on the north by No. 481-1 A part, east by Nos. 480-1 B & 1C part, south and west by No. 480-1 A part	0·06	05
Government dry, S.F. No. 480-1 B part, belonging to same as S.F. No. 483-1 part, bounded on the north by No. 363-2 part, east by Nos. 480-1 C part & 1D A part, south and west by No. 480-1 A part	0·05	20
Government dry, S.F. No. 483-1 A part, belonging to (1) N. A. Ramanadha Ayyar (2) S. N. Ramanadha Ayyar (3) S. N. Lakshmanasamy Ayyar (4) Srimati Sethulakshmi Ammal (5) Rajam Ammal (6) Srimati Ayyar, (6) Minors, Nos. 3 and 4 major and Nos. 1 and 2 guardian mother Srimati Ammal, (3) N. L. Gopalarama Iyengar and (4) Srimati Seshammal Ammal Nos. 3 and 4 guardian father No. (3) and (5) Srimati Seshammal and		

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	Ac.	Sq.	Lks.
Kuvalapura, guardian father No. (7) bounded on the north by Sir. 4-10-10 A part, east by Nos. 380-1 part, 4-10-10 A part; south by Nos. 149-10 A part, west by No. 149-11 B & C 1 part	0	02	800
Government land, dry, S.F. No. 4-10-10 C part belonging to panchayat in S.F. No. 380 1B A part, bounded on the north and east by Nos. 149-9 B; south by No. 381-3 parts, west by Nos. 149-9 A part & 10 C part	0	04	850
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 384-1 part, belonging to the mosque in S.F. No. 383-3 part, bounded on the north by No. 384-1 part, east by No. 383 A part, south by No. 384-1 part; west by No. 400-10 A part	0	07	385
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 393 A part, belonging to mosque in S.F. No. 403-1 part, bounded on the north by No. 385-1 A part, east by Nos. 383 A part & A, part, south by Nos. 393-1 A part & 1 B, west by No. 395-1 parts	0	05	100
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 385-B A part, belonging to Syedunna Reddi, bounded on the south by No. 385-1 A part; east by Nos. 385-2 A, south by No. 385-3 A part; west by No. 393-1 A part	0	04	320
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 384-1 A part, belonging to (1) Thakkan Nagappa Ayyangar (2) Mr. R. T. Kuppuswami Ayyangar (3) R. T. Rangaswami Ayyangar (4) Subbiga-malah, (5) Sambiah, (6) minors Kandiahan and Selliah Ayyangal guard on father No. (3) (7) Mulagh Parthasarathi and Srinivasa, guardian father No. (3) (8) Kuppa Ayyangar, (9) R. T. Vaidyanatha Ayyangar, (10) Thiruthanigaiyappa Sharman, Radhapuram and Sundaramma, guardian father No. (9), (11) Kanniswami Ayyangar (12) Kalianaraian, (13) Lakkaswamiah, (14) Rangaswami, (15) N. Gnanadu, (16) Srinivasachari, (17) Ramalingam (18) P. Seshadri, (19) minors Sivagnana Jagadambal and Arunachala guard on father No. (18) bounded on the north by No. 384-2 A pt (1) east by No. 384-1 B south by No. 4-10-9 A part, west by No. 384-1 A part and 385 part	0	13	070
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 381 1C part, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 381-1 A part, bounded on the north No. 383-1 C part, east by Nos. 381-1 C part and 383-2 part, south and west by No. 384-1 B	0	13	200
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 385 part, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 384-1 A part bounded on (1) pathway No. 381-2 A part, east by No. 384-1 A part, south and west by No. 386 part			05
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 383 E part, belonging to Pattachi Razu Reddi Ramaswami Reddi and Subramania Reddi, bounded on the north and east by No. 385-2 part, south by No. 400-9 C part, west by No. 384-1 C part			150
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 384-1 A part, belonging to (1) Krishnaswami Pillai, (2) minors Krishnan and Viraraghava guardian father No. 11, bounded on the north by No. 385-3 A east by No. 384-1 B, south by No. 381-2 A part, west by No. 384-1 A part	0	04	800
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 381-1 C part, belonging to Periyaswami Pillai bounded on the north by No. 380-1, east by No. 381-1 C part; south by No. 381-2 C part, west by No. 381 1 E	0	04	980
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 381 B A part belonging to Pidaripai by trustee Ramanuja Das and Swaminatha Pillai bounded on the north by No. 384-1 A part; east by No. 381 1 B, south by No. 386 part, west by No. 381-2 A part	0	06	670
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 381 B C part, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 381 B A part, bounded on the north by No. 381-1 C part, east by Nos. 381-2 C part, south by No. 384-5 C part, west by No. 381-1 B	0	05	870
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 377 B A part, belonging to minor Arumugam Pillai, guardian mother Annammal and part mortgagee Kolanna Reddi, bounded on the north by No. 377-5 A part, east and south by No. 377-4 B, west by No. 377-3 part	0	00	141
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 377-3 part, belonging to (1) Muthuswami Nayakan (2) Pattiriyappa Nayakan, (3) Kandaswami Nayakan, mortgagees (4) Velordi Reddi, (5) Ramu Pillai, (6) Venkatachala Pillai and (7) Kuppanatha Rao, Nos. (4) to (6) are mortgagees with possession and No. (7) mortgagee without possession, bounded on the north by Nos. 376-1 part and 377-3 part, east by No. 377-5 part & B A part; south by No. 376-1, west by No. 376-3 part	0	17	870
Imam, dry, S.F. No. 376-3 part, belonging to 4 and 10 in ancient S.F. No. 380-1 part, bounded on the north by No. 377-1 part east by No. 376-8 part; south by No. 376-3 part; west by No. 384	0	04	730
Illam, dry, S.F. No. 376-1 part, belonging to Muthan Mannan and Muthiya Mannan, bounded on the north by No. 375-3 parts, east by No. 377-1, south by Nos. 377-2 part and 376-6 part, west by No. 376-2 part	0	10	
Illam, dry, S.F. No. 376-2 part, belonging to Lakshmi-narayana Perumal by trustee Rama Bhatta Rao and Ramachandra Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 376-1 part & 3 part, east by No. 377-3 part, south by No. 376, west by No. 376-1 part & 3 part	0	07	350
Illam, dry, S.F. No. 376-3 part, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 376-2 part, bounded on the north by No. 376-7 part and 376-8 part, east by No. 376-8 part, south by No. 376, west by No. 376-1 part; west by No. 376-2 part	0	15	225
Government, dry, S.F. No. 376-8 part, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 376-1 part, bounded on the north by No. 376 part, east by No. 377 part, west by Nos. 376 part south by No. 377 part, west by Nos. 376-1 and 376-2 part	0	20	
Government, wet, S.F. No. 374-3 part, belonging to Sadhanam Pillai, mortgagee Kanagamma pond Sadhanam Pillai, mortgagee Kanagamma pond guardian Nagoor Reddi, bounded on the north by No. 374-2 part, east by No. 374-1 part, south by No. 375-2 part, west by No. 374-1 part	0	03	310
Government, wet, S.F. No. 374-3 part, belonging to Jagarna Reddi and Krishna Reddi bounded on the north by No. 374-1 part; east by No. 374-3 part; south by No. 374-1 part; west by No. 383	0	01	200
Government, wet, S.F. No. 376-3 part, belonging to (1) to (5) same persons patel assessee S.F. 380-10 A (1) to (5) same persons patel assessee S.F. 380-10 A (1) to (5) bounded part on Lingu Nos. (1), (2), (4) and (5) bounded on the north by No. 374-2 part; east by No. 374-3 part; south by No. 376-7 part, west by No. 376	0	03	100

	Ac.	Sq.	Lks.
Government, wet, S.F. No. 374-1 part, belonging to (1) Tirusuna Venkatachala Reddi Dasal, (2) Tirusuna Venkatachala Reddiar, (3) Valabi Venkatachala Pedda-ed, (4) Mallan Venkatachala Reddiyar (5) Munnur Dasal wet (guardian father No. (4), bounded on the north by No. 374-3 part; east by No. 374-7 part; south by No. 375 part, west by No. 376	0	06	675
Government, wet, S.F. No. 375-1 part, belonging to Parcel hagamma and mortgagee Kanadi, bounded on the north by No. 374-3 and by No. 374-1 part; south by No. 375-2 part; west by No. 376	0	04	400
Government, wet, S.F. No. 375-2 part, belonging to (1) T. Ramanadha Reddi (2) minors Janakiraman guardian father No. (1), mortgagee Kanadi, bounded on the north by No. 375-1 part east by No. 374-3 part, south by No. 376-1 part; west by No. 376	0	04	850
Government, wet, S.F. No. 376-1 part, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 376-2 part bounded on the north by No. 375-2 part, east by No. 376-2 part; south by No. 376-3 part; west by No. 376	0	04	850
Government, wet, S.F. No. 377-1 part, belonging to (1) M. S. Ramanadha Rao (2) Ramanuja Rao, (3) minors Lakshmana Rao and Janaki Rao, guardian father No. (1), bounded on the north by No. 376 east by No. 377-1 part, south by Nos. 376-1 part and 381-1 part, west by No. 376	0	04	400
	Total	..	2 30	775

Fort St. George, April 29, 1936

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose to wit for special repairs to the banks of the Palanganalua, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mannargudi, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mannargudi, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5 A of the Act.

Tanjore district, Mannargudi taluk,
No. 117 Therkkumanalur village.

	Approximate extent. Acre.
Government, wet, S. No. 3-7 part, belonging to 1(2), S. M. M. M. C. T. M. Chidambaram Chettiyar bounded on the north by S. No. 3-4 part, east by S. No. 3-2 part, south by No. 1, west by No. 2-7 part	0·01
Government, wet, S. No. 3-7 part, belonging to 2(1), S. M. M. M. C. T. M. Chidambaram Chettiyar bounded on the north by No. 3-2 part, east by No. 3 south by No. 3-7 west by No. 3-6	0·01
Government wet S. No. 3-5 part, belonging to 1(2), S. M. M. M. C. T. M. Chidambaram Chettiyar bounded on the north by No. 3-2 part, east and south by No. 1, west by No. 2-7 part	0·01
Government, uttaran dari, S. No. 75-3 part belonging to 48, to Sri Ambalavana Chettiar, 50-(2) to Rao Sahib R. Krishna Ayyar and 1 to Manonmaniya Jeyanna, trustee A. Valaiyadhan Devar and Manjan Sapalan Ippuari of the Kudi intended for the deity by No. 75-5 part, east and south by No. 75-4, west by No. 75-6 part	0·05
Government, wet, S. No. 76-12 part, belonging to 3, Sri Manjanakkudi Arunagiri Uzaiyar A. Vaidyanatha Tevar, bounded on the north by No. 76-12 part, east, south and west by No. 75-4	0·01
Total	0·09

Under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·03 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for excavating tanks No. 82 under No. IX Pesalapuia Vadapalcha channel; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Chidambarapuri, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Chidambarapuri, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Kattan district, Diri taluk, Bhogireddipalli village.

	Acre.
Ryoti, dry, S.S. No. 109-B part, T.S. No. 155-A, belonging to Pulivarthi Mariyappa, mortgagee Kaveriyan Janardanam, bounded on the north by S.S. No. 109-3 part; east by S.S. No. 109-7 part and T.S. No. 155-K; south by S.S. No. 109-A, west by S.S. No. 109-A	0·005
Ryoti, dry, S.S. No. 109-7 part, T.S. No. 154 D belonging to Gowra Chinna Subbayya, bounded on the north by S.S. No. 109-7 part; east by S.S. No. 113-5 part and T.S. No. 155 C; south by S.S. No. 113, west by S.S. No. 109-B part and T.S. No. 155-A	0·01
Total	0·015

NOTE.—The Zamindar of Devarakota Estate is the ryot-vendor.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for ex-wearing field bothu under No. 1, Venkatapuram branch, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorises the Special Deputy Collector, Chilakalapudi, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector, Chilakalapudi, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Kistna district, Divi taluk, Venkatapuram village.

	Approximate extent.
	ACRE.
Ryoti, dry, R.S. No. 194 part, belonging to Kosuru Ramayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 57-1 part; east by R.S. No. 5-2 part; south by R.S. No. 51 part; west by R.S. No. 30-1 part —	0·09

Annavaram village.

Ryoti, dry, R.S. No. 12-2 part, belonging to Kommuluri Mahanadu, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 8-2 part, east by R.S. No. 13-1 part; south by R.S. No. 1, west by R.S. No. 12-2 part	0·01
Ryoti, dry, R.S. No. 12-2 part, belonging to Kommuluri Ramadevi, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 3, east by R.S. No. 13-3 part, north and west by R.S. No. 12-2 part.	0·005
Ryoti dry, R.S. No. 21 part belonging to Ravi Subbayya, Ravi Ramayya, Ravi Venkatappayya, Ravi Venkatesamayya, Ravi Kanayya, sons of Annamma, Ravi Subbammayya, Ravi minor mother and guardian aforesaid, Ravi Venkata Sai Satya, Ravi Venkata Krishnayya and Ravi Subramanyam, being minor, father and guardian Kotayya bounded on the north and east by R.S. No. 20 part, south by R.S. No. 4, west by R.S. No. 19 part. ..	0·01
Ryoti dry, R.S. No. 20 part, belong to Ravi Subbayya, Ravi Ramayya, Ravi Venkatappayya, Ravi Venkatesamayya, Ravi Kanayya, sons of Annamma, Ravi Subbammayya, Ravi minor, father and guardian aforesaid, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 20 part; east by R.S. No. 4, west by R.S. No. 20 part.	0·01
Ryoti, dry, R.S. No. 20 part belonging to Ravi Subbayya, Ravi Ramayya, Ravi Venkatappayya, Ravi Venkatesamayya, Ravi Kanayya, sons of Annamma, Ravi Subbammayya, Ravi minor, mother and guardian aforesaid, Ravi Venkatasubbayya, Ravi Venkata Krishnayya and Ravi Subramanyam, being minor, father and guardian Kotayya, bounded on the north and east by R.S. No. 20 part, south by R.S. No. 4, west by R.S. No. 20 part	0·01
Ryoti, dry, R.S. No. 20 part, belonging to Ravi Kotayya, Ravi Ramayya, Ravi Venkatappayya, Ravi Venkatesamayya, Ravi Kanayya, sons of Annamma, Ravi Subbammayya, Ravi minor, father and guardian aforesaid, Ravi Venkatasubbayya, Ravi Venkata Krishnayya and Ravi Subramanyam, being minor, father and guardian Kotayya, bounded on the north and east by R.S. No. 20 part, south by village No. 46, Pedakallepalli, west by R.S. No. 20 part R.S. No. 4.	0·13
Ryoti, dry, R.S. No. 20 part, belonging to Ravi Subbayya, Ravi Ramayya, Ravi Venkatappayya, Ravi Venkatesamayya, Ravi Kanayya, sons of Annamma, Ravi Subbammayya, Ravi minor, mother and guardian aforesaid, Ravi Venkatasubbayya, Ravi Venkata Krishnayya and Ravi Subramanyam, being minor, father and guardian Kotayya, bounded on the north and east by R.S. No. 20 part, south by village No. 46, Pedakallepalli; west by R.S. No. 20 part	0·11
Total —	0·345

Pedakallepalli village.

Forest (tank), R.S. No. 46 part, belonging to Sreemukha Raja Vatsavelola Sitaramayyapatrudu Bahadur, Zamindar of Devarakota estate, bounded on the north by village No. 42, Annavaram; east and south by R.S. No. 46 part; west by R.S. No. 10 part.	0·09
Forest, R.S. No. 46 part, belonging to Sreemukha Raja Vatsavelola Sitaramayyapatrudu Bahadur Zamindar of Devarakota estate, bounded on the north by village No. 42, Annavaram, east, south and west by R.S. No. 46 part ..	0·15
Forest, R.S. No. 46 part, belonging to Sreemukha Raja Vatsavelola Sitaramayyapatrudu Bahadur, Zamindar of Devarakota estate, bounded on the north by village No. 42, Annavaram, east, south and west by R.S. No. 46 part	0·15
Total —	0·44

N.B.—Malvarandas Ie all the above lands in the Zamindari of Devarakota estate.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the formation of a flood bank and excavation of irrigation bothu under Lower Main channel, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorises the Special Deputy Collector, Land Acquisition, Lower and Vepanchiyam projects, West Godavari district, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector, Land Acquisition, Lower and Vepanchiyam projects, West Godavari district, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

West Godavari district, Bhimavaram taluk, Losarigattapadu village.

	Approximate extent.
	ACRE.
Government, dry, R.S. No. 5-1 part, belonging to Kopparti Nallayya, son of Kanayyamma, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 4 — road by R.S. No. 5-1 part; east by R.S. No. 5-2 road by R.S. No. 6	0·01
Government dry R.S. No. 5-2 part belonging to Kopparti Narasimhaiah, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 5-1 road by R.S. No. 5-1 part, south by R.S. No. 5-3 road by R.S. No. 4	0·07
Government, dry, R.S. No. 5-2 part, belonging to Kopparti Narasimhaiah, widow of Annamraju, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 1-2 road by R.S. No. 5-3 part; south by R.S. No. 5-4 road by R.S. No. 4	0·01
Government dry, R.S. No. 5-4 part, belonging to Kopparti Peda Venkatarathi, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 5-3, east by R.S. No. 5-4 part; south by R.S. No. 5-5, west by R.S. No. 4	0·03
Government, dry, R.S. No. 5-4 part, belonging to Tirumani Parasuramaiah, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 5-4 road by R.S. No. 5-4 part, south and west by R.S. No. 4.	0·09
Government dry (wooded hill), R.S. No. 5-5 part, belonging to Tirumani Parasuramaiah bounded on the north by R.S. No. 5-4, road by R.S. No. 5-5 part; south by R.S. No. 4, west by R.S. No. 5-4 part	0·05
Government dry (part of hill), R.S. No. 5-4 part, belonging to Kopparti Peda Venkatarathi bounded on the north by R.S. No. 5-3 road by R.S. No. 5-4 part, south by R.S. No. 5-5, west by R.S. No. 5-4 part	0·05
Government dry (wooded hill) R.S. No. 5-3 part, belonging to Kopparti Rajeshwara, widow of Annamraju, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 5-2 road by R.S. No. 5-3 part; east by R.S. No. 5-3 part; south by R.S. No. 5-4, west by R.S. No. 5-3 part	0·05
Government dry (wooded hill) R.S. No. 5-2 part, belonging to Kopparti Narasimhaiah, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 5-1 road by R.S. No. 5-2 part; south by R.S. No. 5-3 road by R.S. No. 5-2 part	0·03
Government, dry (wooded hill), R.S. No. 5-1 part, belonging to Kopparti Subbiah, son of Ramayyamma, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 4 road by R.S. No. 5-1 part, south by R.S. No. 5-2, west by R.S. No. 4-1 part	0·05
Total —	0·70

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the houses on the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for repairs to Pataeherruvu, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorises the Sub-Collector, Madanapalle, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Sub Collector, Madanapalle, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Chittoor district, Vayalpad taluk, Somkayalapeta village.

(Houses situated on part of S. No. 1041-2 A grazing ground poramboke.)

	Approximate extent.
	ACRE.
Grazing ground, poramboke, part of S. No. 1041-1 A, belonging to Shaik Malang Shaik's thatched roofed hut (used), bounded on the north and east by road, south by Kunnapatti Shaik Imam Sahib's house, west by poramboke S. No. 1041-1 A	
Grazing ground, poramboke, part of S. No. 1041-1 A, belonging to Kunnapatti Shaik Imam Sahib's terraced house with stone slabs and earth, bounded on the north by Shaik Malang Shaik's house, east by path, south by house of Kunnapatti Shaik Fakir Sahib, Kunnapatti Shaik Karim Sahib and Kunnapatti Shaik Hussain Sahib, minor by guardian and eldest brother Kunnapatti Shaik Fakir Sahib, west by bamboo tree Kunnapatti Shaik Fakir Sahib's house in S. No. 1041-1 A	
Grazing ground, poramboke, part of S. No. 1041-1 A, belonging to Kunnapatti Shaik Fakir Sahib, Kunnapatti Shaik Karim Sahib and Kunnapatti Shaik Hussain Sahib, minor by guardian and eldest brother Kunnapatti Shaik Fakir Sahib—one roofed hut without cattle shed with stones and mud in three portions, bounded on the north by Kunnapatti Shaik Imam Sahib's house; east by ruined well and a tamarind tree, south by Shaik Khasim Sahib's house, west by poramboke patta S. No. 1041-1 A	0·01
Grazing ground, poramboke, part of S. No. 1041-1 A, belonging to Shaik Khasim Sahib—one roofed hut with thatch and one bullock's shed thatch, bounded on the north by house of Kunnapatti Shaik Fakir Sahib, Kunnapatti Shaik Karim Sahib and Kunnapatti Sahib, Kunnapatti Shaik Hussain Sahib, son by guardian and eldest brother Kunnapatti Shaik Fakir Sahib, east by path, south and west by poramboke S. No. 1041-1 A ..	

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Fort St. George, April 17, 1936

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·82 of an acre and 20 square links, be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the excavation of branch distributary channels and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Sub-Collector, Karur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act, and directs to take order for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (2) of section 12 of the Act the Governor in Council further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Karur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Trichinopoly district, Kulittalai taluk,
Peyyamani village.

	Acre.
Unsurveyed devadayam land dry, S.F. No. 139 A-2 D-2, belonging to Lakshmanaswami, trustee P. K. Subbaraiam Ayyar bounded on the north by S.F. No. 139 A-1 D, south and west by No. 139 A-2 C-1	0·09
Unsurveyed devadayam land dry, S.F. No. 139 A-2 D-1, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 139 A-2 D-2, bounded on the north by No. 139 A-2 D-2 and 139 A-1 B, east by No. 139 A-2 D-3 and 139-1 A; south by No. 139 A-2 D-3 and west by No. 139 A-2 D-2	0·16
Unsurveyed devadayam land, dry, S.F. No. 139 A-2 D-3, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 139 A-2 C-2 bounded on the north and east by No. 139 A-2 D-1, south by No. 139 A-1 B	0·09
Government, dry, S.F. No. 139-4 A, belonging to (1) Muniyanna Gounden P. K. Subbaraiam Ayyar and Kad (Sic to 11239 as per list below, bounded on the north by Nos. 243-2 B & 2 C-1; east and south by No. 139-1 B; west by No. 139 A 1 B & 2 D-1	1·61 Hds. 11·39 Acs.
Government, dry, S.F. No. 243-3 A 2, belonging to (1) minor kuthambakkiyar Ayyar, guardian mother Rajambal Ammal, (2) K. Ramaswamy Ayyar and (3) persons Nos. (1) to (10) as per list below bounded on the north by S.F. No. 243-2 A 1; east by No. 243-4 A-2; south by No. 243-2 B, west by No. 104 B	0·09
Government, dry, S.F. No. 243-3 C-1, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 243-3 A-2, bounded on the north by No. 243-2 B; east by No. 243-3 C-2 & C-1; south by Nos. 243-2 C & 243-1 A; west by No. 243-4 B	0·05
Government, dry, S.F. No. 243-4 A 2, belonging to (1) P. S. Ramachandra Ayyar, (2) Sitharama Ayyar, (3) Swaminatha Ayyar (4) Subburatnam Ayyar, (5) Ramaraiamal Ayyar, (Nos. (2) to (5) major boys of No. (1)), (6) Dayi(Ammal (7) Krishnaswami, (8) Venkatesam (9) Gopalaratnam (Nos. (8) to (9) minor sons of No. (1)), guardian father No. (1), (10) Nos. (11) to (1128) as per list below and (11) S. Annalakshi Ayyar, mother Nos. (10) to (1128) sure to Court sale, bounded on the north by No. 243-4 A-1; east by No. 243-1 A 2; south by No. 243-3 B, west by No. 243-2 A-2	7·66 Hds. 60·34 Acs.
Government, dry, S.F. No. 243-4 C-1, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 243-4 A-2, bounded on the north by No. 243-2 B; east by No. 243-4 C-2, south by No. 243-4 C-1, west by No. 243-4 C-1	7·68 Hds. 60·32 Acs.
Government, dry, S.F. No. 103-2 A-2, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 243-4 A-2, bounded on the north by No. 103-1 A-1; east by No. 103-2 A-3, south by No. 103-1 B, west by No. 243-4 A-2	0·02
Government, dry, S.F. No. 103-1 C-1, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 243-4 A-2, bounded on the north by No. 103-1 B; east by No. 103-2 C-1, south by No. 103-1 C-1; west by No. 243-4 C-1	0·02
Government, dry, S.F. No. 103-2 A-3, belonging to (1) K. R. Muthukumara Ayyar (2) minor Kumaravelu, guardian father No. (1) and (3) Nos. (1) to (9) and (12) to (15) as noted in the list below bounded on the north by No. 103-2 A-2 and A-1; east by No. 103-1 A-2; south by No. 103-1 B; west by No. 103-1 A-2	0·02
Government, dry, S.F. No. 103-2 C-1, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 103-2 A-2, bounded on the north by No. 103-1 B, east by No. 103-1 C-1; south by No. 103-2 C-2; west by No. 103-1 C-2	0·03
Government, dry, S.F. No. 101-1 A-2, belonging to (1) K. Sankarana Ayyar and (2) Nos. (1) to (127) as noted in the list below, bounded on the north by No. 101-1 A-1; east by No. 101-2 A-2; south by No. 101-1 B; west by No. 103-2 A-2	0·01
Government, dry, S.F. No. 101-1 C-1, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 101-1 A-2, bounded on the north by No. 103-1 B; east by No. 101-2 C-1; south by No. 103-2 C-2; west by No. 103-1 C-2	0·01
Government, dry, S.F. No. 101-2 A-2, belonging to (1) Ganapathi Ayyar, (2) Ramachandra Ayyar (major Nos. (1) to (10) and (12) to (15) as noted in the list below, bounded on the north by No. 101-2 A-1; east by No. 101-3 A-2; south by No. 101-2 B; west by No. 101-1 A-2	0·01
Government, dry, S.F. No. 101-2 C-1, belonging to same as in S.F. No. 101-2 A-2, bounded on the north by No. 101-2 B; east by No. 101-3 C-1; south by No. 101-2 C-2; west by No. 101-1 C-2	0·01
Government, dry, S.F. No. 101-3 A-2, belonging to (1) P. S. Ramachandra Ayyar, (2) Sitharama Ayyar (3) Swaminatha Ayyar (4) Subburatnam Ayyar, (5) Rajagopalam Ayyar, (6) minors Doraiswami, (7) K. Chandrasekaran, (8) Venkatesaram, (9) Gopalaratnam, guardian father P. S. Ramachandra Ayyar, (10) P. Muthuvenkatesam Ayyar, (11) Subburatnam Ayyar, (12) P. S. Muthuvenkatesa Ayyar, (13) Z. Sathyanarayana Ayyar, (14) Subburatnam Ayyar, (15) minors Nos. (12) and (13), guardian father P. Muthuvenkatesa Ayyar, (16) Sankaran, guardian father M. Subbaraiam Ayyar, (17) K. Sevia Ayyar, (18) minors Govindaksbinan, (19) Ramaswami, (20) Nalvanna, guardian father K. K. Pavia Ayyar, (21) K. Venkatarama Ayyar, (22) Lord mariyam, (23) Ayyar, (24) Subbaraiam Ayyar, (25) K. Subramania Ayyar, (26) V. Krishnamachari Ayyar, (27) Govindaraja Ayyar, (28) Subburatnam Ayyar, (29) P. M. Subbaraiah Ayyar, (30) Ramaraiamal Ayyar, (31) P. K. Subramania Ayyar, (32) V. Krishnamachari Ayyar, (33) P. K. Subramania Ayyar, (34) V. Krishnamachari Ayyar, (35) minor names not known, (36) minor Ranganatha, (37) minor Sankaran, (38) and (39) by guardian brother Swaminathan, Ayyanarai and Lord (37) and (38) by guardian mother Annapurni Ammal, (40) Sellapal Pillai, (41) Natesam Pillai (42) minor Sankaran, (43) minor Subramania, (44) Ramaswami Pillai, guardian father Natesam Pillai, (45) minor Sankaran, (46) Pillai, (47) minor Subramania, (48) Ramaswami Pillai, guardian father Natesam Pillai, (49) minor Sankaran, (50) Pillai, (51) minor Subramania, (52) Ramaswami Pillai, guardian father Natesam Pillai, (53) minor Sankaran, (54) Pillai,

Official, 1931 to date Thirupuvanam, 1931 Manali Jordan, 1931 assistant Surgeon to Government for Leper Work, 1931 Vepanahalli Agrahara, 1931 Kovil Appanai Agrahara, (Revenue Establishment) Agrahara, 1931 Tenkarai Agrahara, 1931 Ramachandra Agrahara (1) R. S. Gumudella Agrahara, (2) Kuppanna Agrahara (3) Hanumanna Agrahara, (4) Ramanna Agrahara, (5) Narayanappa Agrahara, (6) Lakshmana Agrahara, (7) Kuppanna Agrahara, (8) Lakshmana Agrahara, (9) Kuppanna Agrahara, (10) Narayanappa Agrahara, (11) Lakshmana Agrahara, (12) Kuppanna Agrahara, (13) Narayanappa Agrahara, (14) R. S. Kuppanna Agrahara, (15) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara, (16) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara, (17) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara, (18) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara, (19) R. S. Lakshmana Agrahara, (20) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara, (21) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara, (22) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara, (23) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara, (24) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara, (25) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara, (26) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara, (27) R. S. Ramanna Agrahara,

		Acs.
Government, wet, S No. 130-3 B, belonging to Kil. N. S. Kaleya Ayyan, bounded on the north by No. 130-3 A; east by No. 456-1 B; south by S.s No. 456; west by No. 456-1 B	.. ..	0·09
Government, wet S No. 456-1 B, belonging to Adi Thirtha Anna Pillai Mani Ammal, alias Chockappan Ammal, herein-after referred to by No. 471-1 A; east by No. 456-3 B; north by No. 456; west by S.s No. 457-3	.. ..	0·17
Government, wet, S No. 456-3 B, belonging to Adi Thirtha mmal, Kuppammal Angalan and Mookandi Ammal, brought under north by No. 456-2 A; east by No. 456-10 B; south by No. 471; west by S.s No. 456-2 B	.. ..	0·01
Government, wet, S. No. 151 10 B, belonging to Hill Muthusamy Ambalam, Kasturavelu Ambalam, Sivasubramania, Kovagam Ambalam, Dandayuthapani Ambalam, Muruthu Manickavasagam and Ramanathan Ambalam, bounded on the north by No. 151-10 A; east by No. 151-12 B; south by No. 151; west by No. 151-9 B	.. ..	0·01
	Total ..	1·34

Fort St. George, April 17, 1936

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·10 of an acre, is the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the improvements to Kadavakallu bridge over Ryves canal in Kadavakallu village, and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act the Revenue Divisional Officer, Nuzvid, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Act, the Governor in Council further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Nuzvid, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Kistna district, Gunnavaram taluk, Kadavakallu village.

		Acre.
Dry land (situated with standing pandaina R.S. No 78-1 A, belonging to Kolipaka Kesavulu son of Lakshmayya of Kaluru, ryotwaridar—Kolipaka Kesavulu (in whose favour, Kanveyor of Vegiraju estate (Zamindar), decided on the spot) by R.S. No. 77; east by R.S No 78-1 B; south by R.S. No 80; west by R.S. No 12	.. ..	0·10

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·14 of an acre, is the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the drainage work to the Kattalai high level channel; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Trichinopoly, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Act, the Governor in Council further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Trichinopoly, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Trichinopoly district, Trichinopoly taluk, Inam Pullyur village.

		Acre.
Whole inam, dry, Sy. No. 24, S.-E. melwaramdaie (5) Periyannan (Deceased) (2) Muthukaruppan, (3) Ammakannu (4) Muthukaruppan, (5) Kandukaruppan, (6) Kandukaruppan, (7) Kandukaruppan, (8) Kandukaruppan, (9) Kandukaruppan, (10) Kandukaruppan, (11) Kandukaruppan, (12) Kandukaruppan, (13) Kandukaruppan, (14) Kandukaruppan, (15) Kandukaruppan, (16) Kandukaruppan, (17) Kandukaruppan, (18) Kandukaruppan, (19) Kandukaruppan, (20) Kandukaruppan, (21) Kandukaruppan, (22) Kandukaruppan, (23) Kandukaruppan, (24) Kandukaruppan,

	Acs.
Dry, wet, R.S. No. 364-1 part, belonging to Telpuri Sivasubramanian Chetti gari children and Devarakonda Subbalakshmamma, husband of the latter and Lakshmi Narayanamma, widow of the former, owners by mutter and inheritance Mukkalakuntapalem, bounded on the north by grant land Mukkalakuntapalem, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 363-1 part, west by R.S. No. 364-1 part, south by R.S. No. 364-2, west by R.S. No. 365	0·07
Dry, wet R.S. No. 365-1 part, belonging to Mutyra Veera. Raju, son of Mutyra Venkatarayudu and Mutyra Venkatarayudu and Mutyra Subbamma, husband of the latter and Mutyra Venkatarayudu, husband of the former, owners by mutter and inheritance Mukkalakuntapalem, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 364-2 part, east by R.S. No. 365-1 part, south by Amaravara village, west by R.S. No. 366	0·06
Total ..	1·05

Fort St. George, April 26, 1930.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for laying to the inspection bungalow at Mulikipalli; notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Amalapuram, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Amalapuram, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5 A of the Act.

East Godavari district, Razole taluk, Mukkipalli village.

	Approximate extent. Acres.
Dam, ryotwari wet, R. No. 3-5 part, belonging to Kesanapalli Venkata Subbamma, wife of Pachalanka Basil of Mukkipalli Venkata Subbamma, husband of the latter and Basil Satyanarayana, bounded on the north and east by R. No. 3-5 part; south by R. No. 3-11 part; west by R. No. 3-4 part	0·19

Fort St. George, April 27, 1930.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the excavation of Losari main channel and Thota Appa branch channel in connexion with Losari Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector, Land Acquisition, Losari and Vemuladivi Projects, West Godavari district, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector, Land Acquisition, Losari and Vemuladivi Projects, West Godavari district, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5 A of the Act.

West Godavari district, Bhimavaram taluk, Dirusumarru village.

	Approximate extent. Acres.
Government, dry, R.S. No. 44 part, belonging to Kalidindi Lakshmiah, wife of Kalidindi Suryanarayana, Lakshmiah, husband of the latter and Kalidindi Suryanarayana, husband of the former, owners by mutter and inheritance, bounded on the north by grant land Mukkalakuntapalem, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 363-1 part, west by R.S. No. 365-1 part, south by R.S. No. 366	0·07
Government, dry, R.S. No. 46-1 part, belonging to Alluri Bapanamma, wife of Suryanarayanaraju and Alluri Bapanamma, wife of Suryanarayanaraju and Alluri Bapanamma, wife of Suryanarayanaraju, husband of the latter, owners by mutter and inheritance, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 46-2, east by Kanumilli, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 46-2, west by R.S. No. 46-1 part, south by R.S. No. 46-2	0·04
Government, wet, R.S. No. 46-2 part, belonging to Alluri Suryanarayanaraju and Alluri Bapanamma, sons of Suryanarayanaraju and Alluri Bapanamma by R.S. No. 44, north by Kanumilli, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 46-1 & 2 part, east by R.S. No. 46-2 part, south by R.S. No. 46-3, west by R.S. No. 46-1	0·05
Government, dry, R.S. No. 47-1 part, belonging to Kopparti Peddiraju, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 47-1 part, east by R.S. No. 47-2, south by R.S. No. 49, west by R.S. No. 47-1 part	0·10
Government, dry, R.S. No. 47-2 part, belonging to Mallodi Venkatarayudu, Kopparti Mallikarjuna Rajasekhara Prasada, Kopparti Mallikarjuna Rajasekhara Prasada, Kopparti Mallikarjuna Rajasekhara Prasada

Government, dry, No. 288-16 part, belonging to (1) Arcadian alias Agnihotri Arulanandam, 2, Irulappa Mudali Muthirian, 3, Thangala Muthu Ilan, 4, Kuruvianna Ambalagaran and Rasappan Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by S. No. 288-16 part; east by No. 288-15 part; south by No. 287-2; west by No. 288-15 part .. .. 0·06

Total .. 0·07

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for widening of Amaravathi channel, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector, Lower and Vemblakal Projects, West Godavari district, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 5 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector, Lower and Vemblakal Projects, West Godavari district, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 6-A of the Act.

West Godavari district, Bhimavaram taluk, Amaravaram (Government) village.

	Appendix (Acres). Acres.
Inam, wet, S. No. 190-1 part, belonging to Penumatcha Bhadayya and Penumatcha Suryanarayanamma, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 351-3 of Gollakoderu, east by R.S. No. 191, south by R.S. No. 189-3, west by R.S. No. 190-1 part	0·07
Government, wet, S. No. 190-3 part, belonging to Kalidindi Rajamudi, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 190-4, east by R.S. No. 189 south by R.S. No. 187, west by R.S. No. 189-3 part	0·03
Inam, wet, S. No. 192 part, belonging to Bodi Venkamurthy, Bodi Prabhakaram, Bodi Adisesu and Bodi Lakshmidevamma, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 356-3 of Gollakoderu east by R.S. No. 192 part; south by R.S. No. 193-1, west by R.S. No. 192	0·09
Government, wet, S. No. 189-1 part, belonging to Dandu Ramayamma, wife of Ramanaiyya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 192, east by R.S. No. 193-1 part; south by R.S. No. 189-4, west by R.S. No. 188	0·04
Total ..	0·23

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·32 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for distributary channel No. 19, and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Sub-Collector Karur Division, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Act, the Governor in Council further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Karur Division, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Trichinopoly district, Kulittalai taluk, Neithalur village.

	Acre.
Government, dry, S.F. No. 84-1 C-1, belonging to S. Kuchanna Reddi, Somasi Reddi and Ramaiswami Reddi, bounded on the north by No. 84-1 B; east by No. 84-2-1, and 84 C-1; south by No. 84 C; west by No. 84-3-B	0·04
Government, dry, S.F. No. 84 C-1, belonging to Pedi Reddi and Sivakura Reddi, bounded on the north by No. 84 B, east by No. 84 C2 & 3 C-2, south by No. 84 C-3; west by No. 84 B and 84 C-1	0·04
Government, dry S.F. No. 84 C-1, belonging to minor Rajeswari Reddi guardian mother Erayiee Ammal, A. K. Lenyee Ammal and Velaiyal Reddi, bounded on the north by No. 84 B, east by Nos. 84 C2 and 4-1, south by No. 84 C-2; west by No. 84 B and 84 C-1	0·04
Government, dry, S.F. No. 85-5 A belonging to N. S. Subbamma Ayyar's estate, Receiver and brother N. S. Subbamma Ayyar's estate, bounded on the north by No. 84-1 and 84-2 east by Nos. 85-5 B and 44-3, south by No. 85-3 B, west by No. 84	0·20
Total ..	0·32

ACQUISITION OF TREES.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the trees specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for improvements to Tillaivilagam channel, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mannargudi, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 5 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mannargudi, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 6-A of the Act.

Tanjore district, Tiruturaipoondi taluk, No. 105, Tillaivilagam village.

	Trees.
Pattukkottai branch channel.	
(Left Bank.)	
Cart-track, S. No. 101 belonging to 50, P. R. N. Ramanjulu Chettiar (record 2) and P. R. N. Kasappa Chettiyar (record 3)	3
Cart-track S. No 101, belonging to 101, 95 Vaidyanatha Iyengar, trustee S. Ramayya Tevar (subject to Lavadam) and palmyra 2)	4
Tank S. No. 106-3, bel nging to T.D. 335, 91 Muruhanatha Ammal, trustee Sivasubramanya Ayyar, Ammukannu (palmyra 2, Tangal 2 and record 2)	6
Cart-track S No 176 belonging to Sri. Subbaiya Nesar (records 41, 102, A. N. S. T. Subbaiya Tevar (records 2), 102, Alamelu and Valli, do Nesar (records 11, 223, Vythilinga Nesar and Venkatachala Nesar (records 4),	10
Dry waste S. No. 107-1, belonging to 97, Chidambara Nesar, Pakkiri Nesar, Ratna Nesar and Vythilinga Nesar (record 1) and Gopala Nesar (records 4)	6
Dry waste S. No. 177-1, belonging to 217 Periyanayakam (records 1)	1
Cart-track S. No. 174, belonging to 206, Pichayya Tevar (records 30)	3
Cart-track, S. No. 174, belonging to 96 Vythilinga Tevar (records 1)	1
(Right Bank.)	
Cart-track, S. No. 182, belonging to 100, Ulaganatha Tevar, Swaminatha Tevar, Lakshmana Tevar, Mangaya Tevar, Subramania Tevar, Bhangaki Tevar, Kalyana Tevar, and Palaniyappa Tevar (palmyra 15)	35
Cart-track, S. No. 107, belonging to T.D 335, Manaiyar nagalal Ammal, trustee K. S. Sivasubramanya Ayyar (palmyra 1, Tangal 1 and record 1) and 215, Vythilinga Nesar and Venkatachala Nesar (records 1)	4
Cart-track S No. 176, belonging to 96, Vythilinga Tevar (record 95, 97 Chidambara Nesar, Pakkiri Nesar, Ratna Nesar, Vythilinga Nesar and Gopala Nesar (records 3), and 217, Periyanayakam (record 2)	10
Cart-track, S. No. 178, belonging to 205, Ulaganatha Tevar (records 1)	1
Tillaivilagam main channel,	
(Right Bank.)	
Cart-track, S No 146, belonging to 14, Sri Soundararaya-swami Trustee A. N. S. T. Subbaiya Tevar (records 4 and palmyra 1)	5
Tank, S. No. 150-4, belonging to 14, Sri Soundararaya-swami trustee A. N. S. T. Subbaiya Tevar (palmyra 31, ..	3
Tank, S. No. 15-3, belonging to 14, Sri Soundararaya-swami, trustee A. N. S. T. Subbaiya Tevar (palmyra 1),	1
Kottai S. No. 26-3, belonging to 109, Subbaiya Tevar (records 3 and tamarind 8)	11
Main channel	
(Left Bank.)	
Cart-track, S. No. 247, belonging to 14, Sri Soundararaya-swami, trustee A. N. S. T. Subbaiya Tevar (palmyra 2) ..	2
Tank, S. No. 146-4, belonging to 14, Sri Soundararaya-swami trustee A. N. S. T. Subbaiya Tevar (palmyra 1)	1
Dry waste, S. No. 146 belonging to 133, Mohammad Thyaf Ammal Nana Marakair and Nana Naina Asraf Marakair (palmyra 1)	1
Channel S. No. [illegible] belonging to T.D. 333, Abdul Kadir, trustee N. E. Sahappa Mudaliar Arunachalam (palmyra 1)	1
Channel, S. No. 24, belonging to 31, Sri Mariamman, trustee Kanagaiva Gurukkal (record 1)	1
Kottai, S. No. 32-3, belonging to 109, Subbaiya Tevar (records 1)	1

W. SCOTT BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

(Buildings and Roads.)

ACQUISITION OF LAND.

Fort St. George, April 17, 1936.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·02 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a lift line to the Police line houses, and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Kulpatti, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Kulpatti, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tinnevelly district, Kulpatti taluk, Rajagopalanallai village.

	Acre.
Zamin ootham poramboke, portion of S. No. 291 A, reserved for Bund No. 1, belonging to Zamindar of Ettayapuram bounded on the north by three cubical rock-marks west by land the Police line S. No. 291 A; east by vacant private ootham in S. No. 291 A west of the Police line of Mill's head and of new, south by Chettiar Pasal land, west by S. No. 291 A, vacant ootham ..	0·02

W. SCOTT BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

(Marine.)

APPOINTMENT

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.

No. 5.—M S Ry. V. Srinivasan Avargal, A.M.I.C.E., Assistant Engineer Cochin Harbour division, is appointed to hold charge, in addition to his own, the current duties of Dr. A. G. Miles, M.A., C.E., M.I.E., Executive Engineer of the same division, with effect from the afternoon of the 30th April 1936 until such time as the P.W. Essex Works at Cochin are sanctioned by the Government of India.

POSTING.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

No. 6.—Mr E. A. M. Sears, Port Officer, on return from leave, to be Port Officer, Bangalore, vice Mr A. Mudie granted leave from the 21st June 1936 or date of relief

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

No. 7.—Under section 13 of the Madras Port Trust Act, 1905 (Madras Act II of 1905), Mr. C. E. Robinson of Messrs. Parry & Co., Limited, Madras, has been elected by the Madras Chamber of Commerce to be a trustee of the Port of Madras, vice Mr D. N. Reid, resigned.

Fort St. George, May 5, 1936
[G.O. No. 1037, Public Works (Marine)].

No. 8.—For the purpose of Pans Sanitary Convention, 1926, it is notified for general information that the town and port of Negapatam are declared free from cholera.

W. SCOTT BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

PAPERS PLACED AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE PRESS

BETWEEN 28TH APRIL AND 6TH MAY 1936.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES—Central Banks—Financial Statements for the quarter ending 31st December 1935—Scrutiny.
G.O. No. 561, Development, 9th March 1936. [1 a.]
AGRICULTURE—Reports of the Special Officer on Agricultural Indebtedness—Recommendations relating to the Agricultural departments—Paragraph 17—Statement—Lodabhdicted.
G.O. No. 464, Development, 23rd March 1936. [1 a.]
ADMINISTRATION REPORT—1934-35—Cuddapah Municipal Council—Reviewed.
G.O. No. 519, L. & M., 14th February 1936. [1 a.]
ADMINISTRATION REPORT—1934-35—Vizianagram Municipal Council—Reviewed.
G.O. No. 1080, L. & M., 19th March 1936. [1 a.]

[N. B.—*Copies of any of the foregoing papers can be obtained on payment of the price noted in brackets against each on application to the Superintendent, Government Branch Press, Mount Road, Madras.*]

C. F. BRAUKENBURY,
Chief Secretary.

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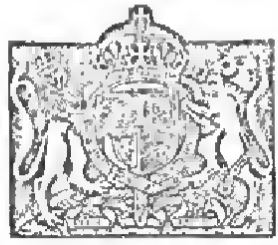

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 18] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 5, 1936. [PRICE, 2 ANNAS

Part I-A.—Local Self-Government and Public Health

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LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, May 5, 1936.

No. 496.—M.R.Ry. V. S. Srinivasaraghavachariar Avargal, District Board Engineer, South Arcot, leave on average pay without medical certificate for one month from or after 1st May 1936.

No. 497.—M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur K. Sitarama Reddiyar Avargal, Commissioner of the Tirumalai-Tirupathi Devasthanams, leave on full average pay from the date of relief up to the 13th July 1936, the date on which his term of office as Commissioner expires.

APPOINTMENT.

No. 498.—Under section 18 of the Tirumalai-Tirupathi Devasthanams Act, 1932, the Government are pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. A. Ranganatha Mudaliyar Avargal B.A., B.L., M.L.C., as Commissioner in the place of M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur Sitarama Reddiyar Avargal. He will be permitted to draw an initial salary of Rs 1,000 per mensem in the scale of Rs. 800—50—1,200 per mensem.

No. 499.—Under rule 7 (a) of the Schedule to Madras Local Boards and Elementary Education (Amendment) Act, 1934 (Madras Act II of 1934), the Governor acting with Ministers is hereby pleased to appoint the following persons as members of the Chicacole District Board:—

(i) Janab Muhammad Asadulla Sahib Bahadur, Chicacole.

(ii) M.R.Ry. Karnaka Mallayya Garu of Jogipeda P.O., Tekkali.

(iii) Mr. F. David, Pastor, Canadian Baptist Mission, and Bench Magistrate, Tekkali.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, March 23, 1936
(G.O. No. 1184, L. & M.).

No. 500.—

The following draft of an amendment to the rules relating to the sale, collection and adjustment of fishery rentals in inland waters published with Local Self-Government Department Notification No. 85, dated the 27th January 1920, at pages 49 to 57 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 21th January 1920, which the Governor acting with Ministers proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 199 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act XIV of 1920), is hereby published as required by clause (a) of section 200 of the said Act for general information.

Notice is hereby given that the draft will be further proceeded with after six weeks from the date of publication of this notification and that any objection or suggestion which may be received before the expiry of the period aforesaid with respect to the said draft will be considered by the Governor acting with Ministers.

DRAFT RULE.

For rule 259 of the said rules the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) For the purpose of fishery rentals, tanks shall be classified as follows:—

(a) tanks vested in local boards as sources of drinking-water;

(b) tanks in charge of the Revenue or the Public Works Department taken over by the Fisheries department for stocking and developing fish;

(c) irrigation tanks under the control of the Public Works Department constructed prior to the 20th February 1914;

(d) irrigation tanks under the control of the Public Works Department under construction on, or to be constructed by the Public Works Department after, the 20th February 1914; and

(c) irrigation tanks under the control of the Revenue Department which were not under construction on the 30th February 1914 or which were not constructed after that date by the Public Works Department.

(2) The right of fisheries in all the tanks shall be auctioned and the rentals collected by the officers of the Revenue Department.

(3) The sale-proceeds shall be credited to Provincial revenues in all cases and the amounts which are creditable to local boards shall be assigned to them in such manner as may be laid down by the Local Government."

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 1469, L.S.G.).

No. 501.—Under section 7 of the Madras Town-Planning Act, 1920, the Government are pleased to approve the maintenance of Mr. Reginald Dann as Director of Town-Planning for a further period from 7th December 1935 to 19th March 1936 both days inclusive.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 1611, L.S.G.).

No. 502.—In modification of Notification No. 1536 published in Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette* dated 19th August 1930, as subsequently modified the Government are pleased to sanction the extension of time up to 16th March 1936 taken by the Corporation of Madras for the submission of the town planning scheme in respect of the Lloyds Road area.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936
(G.O. No. 1649, L.S.G.)

No. 503.—

The following draft of a rule, prescribing the communities which in addition to those mentioned in clause (1) of section 3 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act XIV of 1920), shall be included in the 'Adi-Dravida' community for the purposes of the said Act, which the Governor acting with Ministers proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by the said clause and clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 120 of the said Act and in supersession of the rule, published with Local Self-Government Department Notification No 875, dated the 12th May 1931, at page 402 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 12th May 1931, is hereby published as required by clause (a) of section 200 of the said Act for general information.

Notice is hereby given that the draft will be further proceeded with after six weeks from the date of publication of this notification and that any objection or suggestion which may be received with respect thereto before the expiry of the period aforesaid will be considered by the Governor acting with Ministers.—

DRAFT RULE

Any person professing the Hindu religion and belonging to any of the communities mentioned in the schedule annexed hereto shall be an Adi-Dravida within the meaning of clause (1) of section 3 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920

Schedule.

Adi-Andhra.	Hasaru.
Adi Dravida.	Kudumban.
Adi-Karnataka.	Kuravan.
Ajila.	Madari.
Arundhathiyar.	Mala.
Baira.	Mala Dasu.
Baluda.	Malayali.
Bandi.	Mavari.
Barike	Mochi.
Bathada.	Mundala.
Bavuri.	Nallakayaru.
Bellara.	Nayadi.
Dengali	Pagadai.
Chachati.	Paidi.
Chakkiliyan.	Pambada.
Chamar.	Pamidi.
Chandala.	Panchama.
Dandasi	Pariyan.
Devendrakulathan.	Paraiyan.
Ghasi	Pulayan.
Godagali.	Pulluvan.
Godari	Punittiradi Vannan.
Gosangi.	Ranyar
Haddi.	Relli.
Haida.	Samagara.
Jaggali.	Sambadi.
Jambuvulu.	Thoti.
Kaikadi.	Tiruvalluvar.
Kalladi.	Valmiki
Kanakkan.	Vettuvan
Kodalo.	Aramudai.
Koosa.	Bathada.
Kudiya.	Kadan.
Kuruba.	Kattunayakan.
Kurichchan.	Kattunayakan.
Kurumban.	Mavilan.
Malayan.	Pano.

No. 504.—

The following draft of a rule, prescribing the communities which in addition to those mentioned in clause (1) of section 3 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920 (Madras Act V of 1920), shall be included in the 'Adi-Dravida' community for the purposes of the said Act, which the Governor acting with Ministers proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by the said clause and clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 303 of the said Act and in supersession of the rule, published with Local Self-Government Department Notification No. 879, dated the 12th May 1931, at pages 402-403 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 12th May 1931, is hereby published as required by clause (a) of section 304 of the said Act for general information.

Notice is hereby given that the draft will be further proceeded with after six weeks from the date of publication of this notification and that any objection or suggestion which may be received with respect thereto before the expiry of the period aforesaid will be considered by the Governor acting with Ministers —

DRAFT RULE.

Any person professing the Hindu religion and belonging to any of the communities mentioned in the schedule annexed hereto shall be an Adi-Dravida within the meaning of clause (1) of section 3 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920.

Schedule.

Adi Andhra.	Hasaru.
Adi Dravida.	Kadan.
Adi Karnataka.	Kattunayakan.
Ajila.	Kattunayakan.
Arundhathiyar.	Mayadi.
Baira.	Pagadai.
Baluda.	Paidi.
Bandi.	Pambada.
Barike	Pamidi.
Bathada.	Panchama.
Bavuri.	Pariyan.
Bellara.	Paraiyan.
Chachati.	Pulayan.
Chakkiliyan.	Pulluvan.
Chamar.	Punittiradi Vannan.
Chandala.	Ranyar.
Dandasi	Relli.
Devendrakulathan.	Samagara.
Ghasi	Sambadi.
Godagali.	Thoti.
Godari	Tiruvalluvar.
Gosangi.	Valmiki
Haddi.	Vettuvan
Haida.	Aramudai.
Jaggali.	Bathada.
Jambuvulu.	Kadan.
Kaikadi.	Kattunayakan.
Kalladi.	Kattunayakan.
Kanakkan.	Kudiya.
Kodalo.	Kuruba.
Koosa.	Kurichchan.
Kudiya.	Kurumban.
Kuruba.	Malayan.
Kurichchan.	Mavilan.
Kurumban.	Pano.
Malayan.	
Mavilan.	
Pano.	

Fort St. George, May 1, 1936
(G.O. No. 1732, L.S.G.)

No. 505.—

The following draft of a rule, prescribing the communities which in addition to those mentioned in clause (1) of section 3 of the Madras City Municipal Act, 1919 (Madras Act IV of 1919), as amended by Madras Act X of 1936 shall be included in the Adi Dravida community for the purposes of the said Act which the Governor acting with Ministers proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by the said clause and clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 347 of the said Act is hereby published as required by clause (a) of section 348 of the said Act for general information.

Notice is hereby given that the draft will be further proceeded with after six weeks from the date of publication of this notification and that any objection or suggestion which may be received

with respect thereto before the expiry of the period aforesaid will be considered by the Governor acting with Ministers:—

DRAFT RULES.

Any person professing the Hindu religion and belonging to any of the communities mentioned in the schedule annexed hereto shall be an Adi Dravida within the meaning of clause (1) of section 3 of the Madras City Municipal Act, 1919.

Schedule.

Adi Andhra.	Jaggali.
Adi Dravida.	Kaikala.
Adi Karnataka.	Madari.
Arunthathiyar.	Madal.
Chakkiliyan.	Pambanna.
Chalvadi.	Thoti.
Devendravakulathan.	Vetiyan.

Fort St. George, May 1, 1936
(G.O. No. 1733, L.S.G.).

No. 506.—

The following draft of certain rules for the preparation of electoral rolls for the election of the divisional councillors of the Corporation of Madras to the forty general seats and to the three seats specially reserved for Adi-Dravidas, which the Governor acting with Ministers proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 69 of the Madras City Municipal Act, 1919 (Madras Act IV of 1919), as amended by Madras Act No. X of 1936, and in supersession of the rules published with Local Self-Government Department Notification No. 2840, dated the 1st December 1923, at pages 770 and 777 of Part I A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 11th December 1923, is hereby published, as required by clause (a) of section 318 of the said Act, for general information.

Notice is hereby given that the draft will be further proceeded with after six weeks from the date of publication of this notification and that any objection or suggestion which may be received with respect thereto before the expiry of the period aforesaid will be considered by the Governor acting with Ministers.

DRAFT RULES

1 The Commissioner shall before the 16th day of May in each year prepare and publish in the form given below preliminary electoral rolls for the forty territorial divisions specified in clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 45 of the Act. The rolls shall be divided into separate lists for each division. Each list shall be divided into two parts, the first part consisting of persons other than Adi-Dravida electors and the second part consisting of Adi-Dravida electors.

Preliminary Electoral Roll——————Division.

Serial number.	Street.	Door number.	Name.	Name of parent, husband or landlord	Whether qualified under rule (a) or (b)	Remarks.

Certificate.

I hereby certify that I have verified the entries in the roll with the demand and other registers and that every person whose name is entered in the roll possesses one or other of the qualifications specified in sub-clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 69 of the Act.

Revenue Officer.

2. (i) The said roll shall be published by affixing the same to some conspicuous place in or near the municipal office and the list for each division shall be published in like manner simultaneously in at least two conspicuous places in that division.

(ii) The Commissioner shall give notice of such publication in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, and in the case of more of the local daily newspapers, and the said roll shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times for fifteen days after the last publication of such notice; copies of the roll and of all portions of such lists shall be kept for sale in the divisional offices; copies of the roll and of the list of the division concerned shall be kept for sale also in the office of the Registrar of Births and Deaths of each division.

(iii) An objection to the inclusion of any name in a list for a division shall be made in writing signed by any person whose name is included in the preliminary list for the division. No objection shall be admissible except on the ground that the person whose name has been included is disqualified as a voter under the provisions of sections 48, 49 and 50 of the Act. A separate objection petition shall be lodged in the case of each person objected to. Every such objection shall be presented to the Commissioner within one month from the last publication of the notice under sub-rule (ii).

(iv) Any person who claims to be qualified to vote in a division and whose name has not been entered in the list published under sub-rule (i) or has been entered in an incorrect place or manner or with incorrect particulars, may within one month from the date of the last publication of the notice referred to in sub-rule (ii) apply to the Commissioner in writing for the insertion of his name in the list or for the rectification of the mistake as the case may be.

(v) The Commissioner shall pass orders on any objection or application presented to him under sub-rules (iii) and (iv) and shall revise the roll, if necessary, in accordance with his orders.

(vi) The revised roll shall be published in the manner provided in sub-rule (i) within two months of the date of publication of the preliminary roll under the said sub-rule.

Where, on the presentation of an application under sub-rule (iv), the name of any person has been included under sub-rule (v), any person whose name is included in the revised roll may, in the manner and on the ground specified in sub-rule (iii) prefer an objection to the Commissioner to the inclusion of the name of the said person within eight days, from the date of the publication of the revised roll. The Commissioner shall pass orders on such objections and publish the same with, if necessary, a list of corrections to the revised roll in the manner provided in sub-rule (i).

(vii) (a) If, by order of the Commissioner under sub-rule (v), the name of any person objected to under sub-rule (iii) or of any applicant under sub-rule (iv), as the case may be, is removed from, or is not removed from or is not inserted or is not entered in a correct place or manner in the revised list for a division concerned the person whose name is so removed from such list or the objector or such applicant may, within ten days of the publication of the revised roll under sub-rule (vi), apply to the Court of Small Causes, Madras, for an order of restoration, or removal or insertion (as the case may be) of the name of the person concerned.

(b) Similarly, if by the order of the Commissioner under sub-rule (vi), the name of any person objected to under that sub-rule is removed from or is not removed from the revised roll the person whose name is removed or the objector as the case may be, may, within ten days from the date of the publication of the Commissioner's orders apply to the said Court for an order of restoration or removal (as the case may be) of the name of the person concerned.

(viii) The said Court, after such inquiry as it deems necessary, shall pass orders on any applications presented to it under clause (a) or (b) of sub-rule (vii), and shall certify an order to the Commissioner who shall, if necessary, forthwith amend the revised roll accordingly.

3. The revised roll as published under sub-rule (vi) of rule 2 or as amended under sub-rule (viii) of that rule, as the case may be, shall be conclusive and valid for election purposes.

Fort St. George, May 1, 1936
[G.O. No. 1734, L.S.G.].

No. 507.—

The following draft of certain rules for the preparation of the electoral rolls for the election of the two divisional councillors of the Corporation of Madras to represent Labour which the Governor acting with Ministers proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 69 of the Madras City Municipal Act, 1919 (Madras Act IV of 1919), as amended by Madras Act No. X of 1936, is hereby published, as required by clause (a) of section 318 of the said Act, for general information

Notice is hereby given that the draft will be further proceeded with after six weeks from the date of publication of this notification and that any objection or suggestion which may be received with respect thereto before the expiry of the period aforesaid will be considered by the Governor acting with Ministers

DRAFT RULES

1. The Commissioner shall before the 15th day of May in each year prepare and publish in the form given below a preliminary electoral roll for each of the two territorial constituencies of the City of Madras specially reserved for labour showing the names of persons qualified to vote in such constituency.

Preliminary Electoral Roll.

——Territorial Constituency

for labour

Serial number.	Number.	House number.	Name.	Name of parent, husband or guardian.	Whether male or female.	Remarks.

2. (i) The said roll shall be published by affixing the same to some conspicuous place in or near the municipal office and the roll for each constituency shall be published in like manner simultaneously in at least two conspicuous places in that constituency.

(ii) The Commissioner shall give notice of such publication in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, and in two or more of the local daily newspapers, and the said roll shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times for fifteen days after the last publication of such notice, copies of the roll shall be kept for sale in the municipal office and in the offices of the Registrars of Births and Deaths of each constituency.

(iii) An objection to the inclusion of any name in the roll for a constituency shall be made in writing signed by any person whose name is included in the preliminary roll for the constituency. No objection shall be admissible except on the ground that the person whose name has been included is disqualified as a voter under the provisions of sections 48, 48-A and 50 of the Act. A separate objection petition shall be lodged in the case of each person objected to. Every such objection shall be presented to the Commissioner within one month from the last publication of the notice under sub-rule (ii).

(iv) Any person who claims to be qualified to vote in a constituency and whose name has not been entered in the roll published under sub-rule (i) or has been entered in an incorrect place or manner or with incorrect particulars may within one month from the date of the last publication of the notice referred to in sub-rule (ii) apply to the Commissioner in writing for the insertion of his name in the roll or for the rectification of the mistake, as the case may be.

(v) The Commissioner shall pass orders on any objection or application presented to him under sub-rules (iii) and (iv) and shall revise the roll, if necessary, in accordance with his orders.

(vi) The revised roll shall be published in the manner provided in sub-rule (i) within two months of the date of publication of the preliminary roll under the said sub-rule

Where, on the presentation of an application under sub-rule (iv), the name of any person has been included under sub-rule (v), any person whose name is included in the revised roll may, in the manner and on the ground specified in sub-rule (iii) prefer an objection to the Commissioner to the inclusion of the name of the said person within eight days from the date of the publication of the revised roll. The Commissioner shall pass orders on such objections and publish the same with, if necessary, a list of corrections to the revised roll in the manner provided in sub-rule (i)

(vii) (a) If, by order of the Commissioner under sub-rule (v), the name of any person objected to under sub-rule (iii) or of any applicant under sub-rule (iv), as the case may be, is removed from, or is not removed from or is not inserted or is not entered in a correct place or manner in the revised roll for the constituency concerned the person whose name is removed from such roll or the objector of such is removed from such roll or the objector of such is removed from such roll or the objector of such

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, published at page 133 of Part I A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th March 1936, in respect of lands required for a road to connect Venkatapuram with the Madras Bangalore Trunk road in Ambalamangalapuram, Venkatapuram and Sarapanginallur villages, Vellore taluk, North Arcot district—

Alamelumangapuram.

Extent against S. No. 69-3 L, for '0·61' read '1·26.'
Omit S. No. 69-5 in the southern boundary of S. No. 69-2.

Venkatapuram.

S. No. 6-3 A-3, omit 'mortgagee Muniswami Ambi' and 'interested persons Armanbala Ambi and Pachiappa Mudali.'

In the declaration under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, published at page 101 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 7th April 1936, in respect of play-ground for the Board High School, Sholavandan, Dindigul taluk, Madura district—

For 'S. No. 426-6 A,' read 'S. No. 126-1 A.'

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, published at page 10 of Part I A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 14th January 1936, in respect of the land required for the extension of village-site of Idappadi in Tiruchengodu taluk Salem district—

Against reversal, dry, S.S. No. 79-3, for 'owners Perumal Nakkar Chinnapa Nakkar, Amir Saab alias Lokh Singh and Kunja Lal' read 'Perumal Nakkar, Chinnappa Nakkar, Amir Singh, Pethambara Lal, Kunna Lal and minor Gangi Lal.'

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

No. 510.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a sheep-slaughter house, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorises the Revenue Divisional Officer, Guntur, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Guntur, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Guntur district, Guntur taluk, Mangalagiri village.

	Approximate extent.
	ACRE.
Sarkar, dry, S. No. 364 B part, belonging to Mahalasapati Venkatanna Narasimhaprabhu Gurukar, bounded on the north by S. No. 364 A, east by S. No. 364; south by S. No. 40; west by S. No. 364 B part	2·36

No. 511.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Government hereby declare that the land specified below and measuring 0·43 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose to wit, for the formation of an approach road to Vettukulam; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mannargudi, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mannargudi, and may inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tirutturaipundi taluk.
No. 53. Kalimedu village.

	Approximate extent.
	ACRE.
Inam, dry, S.S. No. 111-1 B, belonging to T.D. No. 340, Ayi Velayuthamurugan, trustee of Tiruppalthurai and Ayi Velayuthamurugan, trustee of Tiruppalthurai and Pillai, bounded on the north by S.S. Nos. 111-1 B and 111-2 west by S.S. 110 and 112-5; south by No. 111 3 B; west by No. 109	0·43

No. 512.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for widening the approach road from canal to bank canal, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorises the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tenali, and his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tenali, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Guntur district, Tenali taluk, Tsunnapudi village.

	Approximate extent.
	ACRE.
Ryotwari wet, S. No. 37-2 part, patadar Meria Venkataramayya of Mannapudi, subject to Thalpathi Venkata Krishna Sarma, minor, mother and guardian Sakuntalamma, of Guntur, bounded on the north and east by D. No. 37-2 part, south by D. No. 5 Mannapudi, west by D. Nos. 37-1, 2-1 part, and 38	0·05

Mannapudi village.

Ryotwari wet, S. No. 98-A 1 part, belonging to Seemanat Pakeerayya of Mannapudi, bounded on the north by D. Nos. 96 A and 96, east and west by D. No. 99 A 1 part	0·01

No. 513.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a girder bridge across Bahjhatham (Varsha) river, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorises the Sub Collector, Narasapatam, and his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Sub Collector, Narasapatam, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Vizagapatam district, Gollagonda taluk,
Bahjhatham village.

	Approximate extent.
	ACR.
Government, dry, S. No. 446-5 part, belonging to Padmanabhuni Ramayya, bounded on the north by S. No. 445-2 District Board road; east by remaining portion of S. No. 446-5; south by S. No. 447-6; west by District Board road	0·28
Government, dry, S. No. 447-5, belonging to Rajamundri Appanna alias Brundala, managing minor S.S. Nos. 447-3 and minor son of late Veerannna, bounded on the north by District Board road; east by part of S. No. 447-6 to be acquired; south by Yeleru river; west by District Board road	0·37
Government, dry, S. No. 447-6 part, belong ng to Padmanabhuni Ramayya, bounded on the north by S. No. 446-5; east by remaining portion of S. No. 446-6; south by Yeleru river; west by S. No. 447-5 to be acquired and District Board road	2·01
Total	2·66

No. 514.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for laying a road connecting Sakethapuri street with Amaravathi road, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorises the Revenue Divisional Officer, Guntur, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Guntur, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Guntur district, Guntur taluk, Guntur Town,
Kortlapad Ward.

	Approximate extent.
	SQ. FT.
Ryotwari, dry, surveyed as T.S. No. 841, belonging to Pudy Venkatapayya, D. Ramayya, Thiruvenkatayya, Pudy Nanchittayyan and Bolla Subbamma, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 839, Peddamma Vechuru cum and Government; east by Amaravati road, south by T.S. Nos. 84 and 85, Gollamudi Lakshmi Narasimhan, west by T.S. No. 856, municipal road	1,270 at 161-1/2 sq. yards.

No. 513.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Government hereby declare that the Land specified below and measuring 7·28 acres, be the same a little more or less, is required for a public purpose, to wit, for forming a road from road No. 276 to Kilaranglyam; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Sub-Collector, Devakkottai, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Devakkottai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Ramnad district, Sivaganga taluk, Kilaranglyam village.

	Acs.
Inam, wet, ramnad wara, T.S. No. 6-1, belonging to C. V. P. T. Venkatachalam Chetti ... bounded on the north by ramnad wet wara; east by T.S. No. 6-2, south by ramnad wet wara; west by karaikudi road No. 37 ...	0·50
Inam, wet, T.S No. 6-2, belonging to V. Muthiroo Ambalam, V. Subburyo Ambalam, minors Karuppaiah and Ayyampermal, guardian V. Muniyandi Ambalam, brother, bounded on the north by periyanaikal pottal chei; east by T.S. No. 6-3, south by periyanaikal pottal chei; west by T.S. No. 6-1 ...	0·10
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 6-3, belonging to V. Muniyandi Ambalam, V. Subburyo Ambalam, minors Karuppaiah and Ayyampermal, guardian V. Muniyandi Ambalam, brother, bounded on the north by periyanaikal pottal chei; east by T.S. No. 6-4, south by periyanaikal pottal chei; west by T.S. No. 6-2 ...	0·20
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 6-4, belonging to N. Vanni Tevar, bounded on the north by parutthikottai chei; east by T.S. No. 6-5, south by parutthikottai chei; west by T.S. No. 6-3 ...	0·40
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 6-5, belonging to V. Thandi Tevar, bounded on the north by parutthikottai chei; east by T.S No. 6-1; south by parutthikottai chei and T.S No. 6-6; west by T.S. No. 6-4 ...	0·50
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 6-6, belonging to N. Thandi Tevar, bounded on the north by parutthikottai chei; east by T.S. No. 6-5; south by parutthikottai chei; west by T.S. No. 6-3 & 4 ...	0·01
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 6-7, belonging to A. Ruthinami Kaliyan, bounded on the north by parutthikottai chei, east and south by T.S. No. 6-3, west by T.S. No. 6-4 ...	0·14
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 6-8, belonging to N. Thandi Tevar, bounded on the north by parutthikottai chei; east by T.S. No. 6-3 & 4, south by parutthikottai chei; west by T.S. No. 6-3 ...	0·01
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 6-9, belonging to N. Kattaiyan, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 6-4; east by T.S. No. 6-5 and south by vanial chei; west by T.S. No. 6-4 ...	0·01
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 6-10, belonging to K. Pethamal Tevar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 6-4 and nattipatai pottal chei; east by T.S. No. 6-7, south by nattipatai pottal chei; west by T.S. No. 6-4 & 6 ...	0·14
Inam, wet, T.S No. 6-6, belonging to K. Pethamal Tevar, bounded on the north of T.S. No. 6-4 and nattipatai pottal chei; east by T.S. No. 6-7, south by nattipatai pottal chei; west by T.S No. 6-4 & 6 ...	0·10
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 6-7, belonging to Muthiruthkutti Tevar and Ayyampermal Tevar, bounded on the north by nattipatai pottal chei; east by T.S. No. 7-1; south by nattipatai pottal chei, west by T.S. No. 6-6	0·15
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 7-1, belonging to Muthiruthkutti Tevar and Ayyampermal Tevar, bounded on the north by nattipatai pottal chei; east by T.S. No. 7-2, south by T.S. No. 6-7; west by T.S. No. 6-7	0·05
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 7-2, belonging to K. A. Ram Tevar, bounded on the north by nattipatai pottal chei; east by T.S. No. 7-3; south by nattipatai pottal chei; west by T.S. No. 7-1	0·10
Inam wet, T.S. No. 7-3, belonging to A. A. Ram Tevar, bounded on the north by nattipatai pottal chei, east by T.S. No. 8-1; south by nattipatai pottal chei; west by T.S. No. 7-2	0·01
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 8-1, belonging to K. A. Ram Tevar, bounded on the north by nattipatai pottal chei; east by T.S. No. 8-4 & 2, south by T.S No. 8-1; west T.S. No. 7-3	0·04
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 8-2, belonging to Ramaraja Tevar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 8-4; east by T.S No. 8-3, south by nattipatai pottal and; west by T.S. No. 8-1	0·05
Inam, wet, T.S No. 8-3, belonging to K. A. Ram Tevar, bounded on the north and east by T.S. No. 8-4; south by nattipatai pottal chei; west by T.S. No. 8-2	0·02
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 8-5, owner K. A. Thandi Tevar, mortgagee M. Periyanaikal, bounded on the north by vanial nattipatai chei; east by T.S. No. 8-6; south and west by T.S. No. 8-4	0·04
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 8-6, belonging to A. Virapan Ambalam, bounded on the north by vettakal chei, east and south by T.S No. 8-4; west by T.S. No. 8-5	0·20
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 8-7, belonging to A. Virachi Ambalam, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 8-4; east by T.S. No. 8-4 & 7, south by pottai chei, west by T.S. No. 8-4 ...	0·03
Inam wet, T.S. No. 8-8, belonging to A. A. Ram Tevar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 8-4; east and south by T.S. No. 9-5, west by pottai chei; west by T.S. No. 8-9 ...	0·20
Inam wet, T.S. No. 8-9, belonging to A. Virasam Ambalam, bounded on the south by pottai chei; east by T.S. No. 8-4, south by pottai chei, west by T.S. No. 8-8 ...	0·15
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 8-4, belonging to S. Virasam Ambalam, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 8-3 and pottai chei; east by T.S. No. 8-5 & 6, south by pottai chei, west by T.S. No. 8-3	0·30
Inam, wet T.S. No. 9-5, belonging to S. Ayyanar, bounded on the north by pottai chei; east, south and west by T.S. No. 8-4	0·01
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 8-6, owner A. Virasam Ambalam, mortgagee A. Thandi Tevar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 8-4 & 7, east by T.S No. 8-7, south by pottai chei; west by T.S No. 8-4	0·02
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 8-8 belonging to A. Virasam Ambalam, bounded on the north by north Kudi; east and south by T.S No. 8-9; west by T.S. No. 8-1	0·02
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 8-9, owners S. A. Thandi Tevar and S. A. Ram Tevar, mortgagee M. Valayan and K. Mayandi Tevar, bounded on the north by T.S No. 8-8; east by T.S. No. 10-1	0·02
Inam, wet T.S No. 10-1, owners S. A. Thandi Tevar and S. A. Ram Tevar, mortgagee M. Valayan and K. Mayandi Tevar, bounded on the north by nattipatai, east by T.S. No. 10-2, S & 4, south by nattipatai, west by T.S. No. 9-9	0·13
Inam wet, T.S No. 10-2, belonging to K. A. Ram Tevar, bounded on the north by T.S No. 10-3 east by T.S No. 10-4 & 5 on south by nattipatai west by T.S No. 10-1.	0·04
Inam, wet, T.S No. 10-3, belonging to A. Virasam Ambalam, bounded on the south by nattipatai; east by T.S. No. 10-4, south by T.S. No. 10-2, west by T.S. No. 10-1	0·01
Inam wet, T.S. No. 10-4 owners M. Muthu alias Muthuraja Tevar and M. Mayandi Tevar, mortgagee A. Thandi Tevar, bounded on the north by nattipatai; east by T.S. No. 10-5 & 6, south by T.S. No. 10-2 & 3; west by T.S. No. 10-1, 2 & 3	0·20
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 10-5, belonging to A. Mayandi Tevar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 10-4 & 6, east by T.S. No. 10-6, south by nattipatai; west by T.S. No. 10-4 & 3	0·05
Inam wet, T.S. No. 10-6 owner M. Kanthal, mortgagee Ayyanmal wife of Muthuraja Tevar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 10-7 and nattipatai, east by T.S No. 10-8 & 9, south by nattipatai and T.S. No. 10-6; west by T.S. No. 10-4 & 5	0·07
Inam wet, T.S. No. 10-7, belonging to A. Thandi Tevar Vimalai, Rani Tevar and Ayyakutti Tevar, bounded on the north by nattipatai; east by T.S. No. 10-8, south by T.S No 10-6 & 6, west by T.S No. 10-6 ...	0·01
Inam wet, T.S. No. 10-8, belonging to A. A. Ram Tevar, L. Lingaiah and the north by T.S. No. 10-4 & 5, east by T.S. No. 10-9, south by nattipatai; west by T.S. No. 10-6	0·01
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 10-9, owners S. A. Thandi Tevar and S. A. Ram Tevar, mortgagee K. Mayandi Tevar bounded on the north by nattipatai, east by T.S. No. 10-10; south by nattipatai and T.S No. 10-8, west by T.S. No. 10-4 & 5	0·16
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 10-10, belonging to V. M. A. Muthu Lingaiya Tevar, bounded on the north by vettakal nattipatai; east by T.S. No. 10-11 & 12; south by vettakal nattikudu, west by T.S. No. 10-9	0·15
Inam wet, T.S No. 10-11, owner Vellu Pandithan, mortgagee S. A. Ramaswami Tevar and Kanthaswami Tevar, bounded on the north by nattalan chei; east and south by T.S. No. 10-12 & 13 west by T.S No. 10-10 ...	0·04
Inam, wet, T.S No. 10-12, owner S. A. Thandi Tevar, mortgagee P. A. Thandi Tevar, bounded on the north by T.S No. 10-11, east by T.S No. 10-13, south by T.S No. 10-13 & 14, west by T.S. No. 10-10 & 11	0·11
Inam wet, T.S No. 10-13, belonging to P. Vanni Tevar, bounded on the north by thaliyadi chei and T.S. No. 10-12, east by T.S. No. 10-14, south by thaliyadi chei, west by T.S No. 10-11 & 12	0·05
Ithai, wet, T.S No. 10-14, belonging to K. Soorn Tevar, bounded on the north by thaliyadi chei, east by T.S. No. 10-15, south by T.S. No. 10-13; west by T.S. No. 10-12	0·04
Inam, wet, T.S No. 10-15, belonging to S. Muthu Tevar, bounded on the north by T.S No. 10-14, east by T.S. No. 10-16, south by thaliyadi chei; west by T.S. No. 10-11	0·01
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 10-16, belonging to M. A. Thandiyanal, bounded on the north by Sivagasi chei; east by T.S. No. 12-1 south by Karaikudi cheri; west by T.S. No. 10-15 & 16	0·07
Inam wet, T.S. No. 11-1 belonging to M. A. Thandiyanal, bounded on the north by Sivagasi chei; east and south by T.S No. 11-2, west by T.S No. 10-16 ...	0·04
Inam, wet, T.S No. 11-2, belonging to K. Adimula Tevar and S. M. Chellamuthu Tevar, bounded on the north by karaipatai chei; east by T.S. No. 11-3; south by karaipatai chei, west by T.S. No. 12-4	0·05
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 11-3, belonging to P. Narayana Tevar, bounded on the north by karaipatai chei; east by T.S. No. 11-4, south by karaipatai chei, west by T.S. No. 11-2	0·06
Inam wet, T.S. No. 11-4 belonging to S. M. Thandi Tevar, bounded on the north by karaipatai chei and T.S. No. 11-3; east by T.S No. 12-9; south by karaipatai chei; west by T.S. No. 11-5	0·05
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 11-5, belonging to S. Muthu Tevar, bounded on the north by vayapan chei; east by T.S. No. 11-4, south by vayapan chei; west by T.S. No. 11-6	0·12
Thisai, wet, T.S No. 11-6, belonging to K. Muthu alias Muthuraja Tevar and Mayandi Tevar, bounded on the north and east by T.S. No. 11-4, south by vayapan chei; west by T.S No. 11-5	0·05
Inam, wet, T.S No. 11-8, belonging to T. Ayyanperumal Tevar, bounded on the north by nattaiyadi chei; east by T.S No. 12-1, south by nattaiyadi chei, west by T.S. No. 11-6 & 7	0·15
Inam, wet, T.S No. 12-1, belonging to T. Ayyanperumal Tevar, bounded on the north by nattaiyadi chei and arani; east by T.S No. 12-2, south by nattaiyadi chei and T.S No 12-7, west by T.S No 11-8	0·10
Inam, wet, T.S No 12-2, belonging to T. Ayyanperumal Tevar, bounded on the south by T.S. No. 12-1 and 7, T.S. No. 12-4, south by parambukottai chei; west by T.S. No. 12-3	0·02
Inam, wet, T.S No. 12-4, belonging to Ayyanmal, bounded on the north by T.S No. 12-2 and village saiam; east by T.S No. 12-5 & 6 and village saiam; south by parambukottai chei; west by T.S. No. 12-2 & 4	0·11
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 12-5, belonging to Sonai Ambalam, bounded on the north and east by T.S. No. 12-6, south by nattipai chei; west by T.S. No. 12-6	0·02
Total ...	7·28

NOTE.—Malvarandan's O. V. C. I. Venkatachalam Chettiyar of Kanadukkan (house) and the Zamindar of Sivaganga.

T.S. means temporary subdivision number.

No. 516.—Under section 3 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·74 of an acre be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a causeway in 3/1 of road No. 59 (Kinnapadi-Mac Donald's choultry) ; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Sankari is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Sankari, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Salem district, Tiruchengode taluk, Kanagapuram mitta, Kurumbapatta village.

	Acre.
Chitta No. 49, wet, puthapadi manjal part, plot No. 1 belonging to Vayyapuri Kavundan and Chinna alias Moorthi Kavundan, bounded on the north by Local Fund road, east by Kanganamdram odai, south by puthapadi manjal part, west by land	0·35
Chitta No. 54, dry, pattalakkadi part, plot No. 2, belonging to Ayi Kavundan, Thangu Kavundan and Perumal Kavundan, marriages Palani Kavundan, bounded on the north by Local fund road, east by ullar manjal part, south by Pillai uzhavadi pandal part, west by Kanganamdram odai.	0·14
Chitta No. 57, wet, ullar manjal part plot No. 4, belonging to K. A. Muthiyappa Kavundar, bounded on the north by Local fund road, east by Muniamudi Velamaram manjal, south by ullar manjal part west by pallakkadi kadi pandal path	0·41
Total	0·76

NOTE.—Veiyamudiah K. Sangaiyah Kavundar and K. K. Muthiyappa Kavundar.

No. 517.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 5,738 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for extension of Varivada Chettiyar school ; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Coimbatore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Coimbatore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Coimbatore district, Coimbatore taluk, No. 16, Ramalingapuram, Coimbatore Town, (Ward No. 10) village.

	Sq. ft.
Government, dry, T.S. No. 1143-3 A, belonging to S. Savarimuthu, Mariyappan, Nagammal and Arayammal, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 1143-1 B ; east by T.S. No. 1142-2 B ; south by T.S. No. 1141 ; west by T.S. No. 1143-2	3,120
Government, dry, T.S. No. 1143-1 B, belonging to S. Savarimuthu, Mariyappan, Nagammal and Arayammal, bounded on the north and east by T.S. No. 1143-1 A ; south by T.S. No. 1143-3 A ; west by T.S. No. 1143-2 ..	2,618

No. 518.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 1,050 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a wall for the Tellicherry Municipality ; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Sub-Collector, Tellicherry, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Tellicherry, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Malabar district, Kottayam taluk, Tellicherry Municipality, Tellicherry amsom, Vadakkegram desam

	Sq. yr.
Ward No. 2, Block No. 3, ryotwari garden, T.S. No. 74-3, owner Chyankuran Valappuravil Mayankutti Koyil, owner Chyankuran Valappuravil Mayankutti Koyil, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 74-1 ; south by T.S. No. 77 ; east and west by T.S. No. 74	1,050

No. 519.—Under section 3 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·04 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for formation of approach to the road from across the Kurumpattiaaru river ; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Musiri, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Musiri, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Trichinopoly district, Musiri taluk, Nagayanallur village.

	Acre.
Government, single crop, ullar wet No. 1/3-1 B, belonging to (1) Arumuga Ambalagaran and (2) Minor Nallathambi, guardian father No. 1), bounded on the north by Sir. 1/3-1 B, east by No. 1/3-3 B, south by No. 139-1 ; west by No. 1/3-2 B	0·01
Government, single crop, ullar wet No. 139-1 C, belonging to Kuhan Sambayan, Arumuga Mudaliyan minor Karuppayanan guardian as the Manager ; bounded on the north by No. 139-1 B, east by No. 139-1 E, south by No. 139-1 C and west by No. 139-1 B	0·02
Government, single crop, ullar wet No. 139-1 A belonging to (1) Sangamma Ambalagaran and (2) Minor Kuhan and Periasamy guardian father No. 1), bounded on the north by No. 139-1 B, east by No. 139-1 C, south by Nos. 139-1 A, 1/3-1 and 1/3-3 B, and west by No. 139-1 B	0·01
Total ..	0·04

No. 520.—Under section 3 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·44 of an acre, be the same a little more or less is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for playground for the Board Middle School ; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the said Act the Revenue Divisional Officer, Anaiyaram, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Anaiyaram, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

East Godavari district, Ramalo taluk, Pallelanka village.

	Acre.
Government dry, R.S. No. 149-5, belonging to Vita Prakasam, bounded on the north by S. No. 136-2, east by S. No. 149-4 A mostly by S. No. 139-2 A part, south by S. No. 149-1 part	0·44

No. 521.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the formation of a road from the Trichinopoly Race Course to Ojaiyur village, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923 ; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Trichinopoly, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Trichinopoly, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Trichinopoly district, Trichinopoly taluk, No. 31 K, Sathanur village.

	Approximate area. Acre.
Government, dry, S.F. No. 147-3 part, plot L, belonging to Palaniyandi Gounder Veluchami Gounder Chinnayee Gounder and Ramiah Gounder bounded on the north by Sy. No. 147-3 part and 147-2, east by Sy. No. 147-9 and 147-10, south by Sy. No. 147-10, west by No. 147-8 part	0·28
Government, dry, S.F. No. 147-3 part, plot H, belonging to Muruppa Gounder and V. Palaniswami Kaliyal bounded on the north by Sy. No. 147-3 part and 147-10, east by Sy. Nos. 147-10 and No. 12, Kottapatti village, south by S.F. No. 132, west by No. 147-8 part	0·37
Total ..	0·73

No. 522.—Under section 3 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 1·40 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the formation of a road from Sholinganallur-Tirupporur Trunk road to Sholinganallur ; and, under Tirupporur Trunk road to Sholinganallur ; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Sub-Collector, Tirupporur, North Arcot district, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Tirupporur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

North Arcot district, Tirupporur taluk, Velankalathoor village.

	Acre.
Government, dry, No. 143-4 A, belonging to Chinnaraidi Kavundan, bounded on the north by No. 142 ; east by No. 143-3 B, south by No. 373, west by Nos. 372 and 374	0·04

	Acs.
Personal inam dry No. 278-1, bel nging to Nanjappachari Desigal cultivated by Nos. 34 and 35-A ; east by Nos. 320 and 321 ; south by Nos. 321 and 322 ; west by No. 278-4	0·22
Government dry No. 278-2, registered holders Chinna Kavandan Ramalingam Kavandan and Kanniyan Kavandan Nallathambi Kavandan and Kanniyan Kavandan, Pudukkadai ; cultivated by Nos. 278-1 and 278-3 ; north by No. 278-4 ; east by No. 278-3 ; south by No. 278-1 ; west by No. 277-1	0·14
Unregistered dry No. 278-3, assigned holders Rajagopalan Kavandan and Kaliyan, ryots, Rajapuram Kavandan, raiyans Rajapuram ; cultivated by Nos. 278-1 and 278-2 ; north by Nos. 321 and 322 ; east by Nos. 322 and 324-1 ; south and west by [illegible]	0·02
Government dry No. 278-4, registered holders Chinna Kavandi Kavandan, Ramalingam Kavandan and Kaliyanathal Thirumalai Kavandan, inamdars Kalyanasundaram Kavandan, Pudukkadai ; cultivated by Nos. 278-1 and 278-2 ; north by No. 277-1 ; east by No. 278-2 ; south by No. 278-3 ; west by No. 277-1	0·07
Government dry No. 278-5, registered holders Chinnaraja Kavandan and Kaliyan, ryots, Rajapuram ; cultivated by Nos. 321 and 324-2 ; east by Nos. 321 and 324-2 ; south by No. 315 ; west by No. 316-2	0·40
Total	1·48

No. 523.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 1·30 acres, is the same is likely soon or long, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the formation of the Dindigul Board road from Sirugapur to Tirupattur ; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Madura, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Madura, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tirchanopoly district, Lalgudi taluk,
No. 31. Sirugapur village.

	Acs.
Inam, dry, S.F. No. 304-1, belonging to Sivarathnammal and Somasundaram Aravindi, by manner for the time being A. M. Venkatachala Reddiyar, bounded on the north by Nos. 295-3, 302-2 and 303 ; east by Nos. 302 pt. and 303 ; south by Nos. 304-2 & 3 and 307 ; west by No. 299 pt. of 31	1·30

No. 524.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for forming a railway feeder road, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923 ; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Nannagapet, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Nannagapet, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5 A of the Act.

Guntur district, Palnad taluk, Rentachintala village.

	Approximate area to be acquired.
	Acs.
Kyatsari, dry, S. No. 913 A-1 part, patladar and thakkaidar Yarnal Seshaiah bounded on the north by No. 549 part ; east by No. 913 A-1 ; south by No. 1029 ; west by No. 913 part	0·72

No. 525.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for providing house-sites to the Nadars of Mayakam village, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923 ; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Sub-Collector, Ramnad, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Sub-Collector, Ramnad, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Ramnad district, Ramnad taluk,
Mukkaral Tirudalai village.

	Approximate area to be acquired.
	Acs.
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 3, Hollerumbara Syed Ahamed Thambi Marakkayar and Umma Habiba Ummal, all surviving Sixth darmakarta of Sri Muhammad Sulaimayan Levvai Marakkayar Sri Sri Maideen Abdul Kadir Marakkayar, Sri Sri Sri Muhammad Shahibu Thambi Marakkayar Sri Sri Sri Syed Abdul Kadar Sahib Marakkayar, Sri Sri Sri Syed Hamida Marakkayar and Sri Sri Syed Hamida Bibi bounded on the north by road-track to Arupat ; east by Nambikkuppai pond and Mukkal pond ; south by Mukkal via pond and Kelvankulam pond ; west by Chokkalli pond	6·25

No. 526.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for opening a new lane notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923 ; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Coimbatore, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Coimbatore, to perform the functions of Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Coimbatore district, Coimbatore taluk,
No. 67. Pilmedu, Coimbatore Town, Ward 10, Block 27.

	Approximate area to be acquired.
	Sq. yd.
House-site poramboke T.S. No. 1338-2, belonging to Sowri Ammal widow of Ramana Mudaly, bounded on the north by No. 1334 T.S. and by Nos. 1335-2 1825 and 1338 ; south by No. 1345-1 ; west by No. 1338-1	1,256
Kuttan, private, T.S. No. 1343-2, belong to Pommi, ward, pop of Karuppan, Arumugam, Karuppan, son of Kuppini, Kuppiyan, son of Manukan, Nanjappan alias Pallikondai Munagamma and Krishna, bounded on the north by No. 1338-2, east by No. 1343-3, south by No. 1346 ; west by No. 1346	256
Kuttan, private, T.S. No. 1670-2, belonging to Sanjivan, bounded on the north by No. 1670-1, east by No. 1671-1 ; south by Nos. 1666-1 and 1667-2 ; west by No. 1670-1	15
Kuttan, private, T.S. No. 1671-1, belonging to Marimuthi, Ammalmuthi alias Muthu, Ganapathiraman Sreeramma P. Arumugam alias Arumuga Pyandi, bounded on the north by No. 1666-1, east by No. 1671-2 ; south by No. 1666-2 ; west by No. 1670-1 & 2	306
Kuttan, private T.S. No. 1665-1 belonging to Marutha-nayagam and Sankari, son of Shivananda, bounded on the north by Nos. 1670-2 and 1671-1, east by No. 1666-1 ; south by No. 1668-1, west by No. 1667-2	80
Kuttan, private, T.S. No. 1667-2, belonging to Marutha-nayagam and Sankari, son of Shivananda, bounded on the north by No. 1665-1, east by No. 1666-1 ; south by No. 1668-2, west by No. 1667-2	81
Kuttan, private, T.S. No. 1442-2, belonging to Anthoni-muthu and Rayappan, sons of Soorimuthu, bounded on the north by No. 1670-2, east by Nos. 1666-1, 1666-1 and 1664-1 ; south by No. 1662, west by No. 1667-1	168
Kuttan, private, T.S. No. 1681-1, belonging to Anthoni-muthu and Rayappan, sons of Soorimuthu, bounded on the north by No. 1666-2, east by No. 1664-2 ; south by No. 1668 ; west by Nos. 1667 2 and 1668	37

No. 527.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for the public purpose, to wit, for widening the lane connecting the trunk road with Kamatchi street, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923 ; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Dharmapuri, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Dharmapuri, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Salem district, Dharmapuri taluk,
Vellakkaravindampalaiyam village.

	Approximate area to be acquired.
	Sq. yd.
Village-site, No. 85 A-1 A-2 part, belonging to Doraisami Ayyangar Ellappa, Adaippal, wife and Rama varmal, occupation Ellappa Mudali, Hospital near the north by Doraisami Ayyangar's house Lakkiyal and Lingayal Mudali, road to Kumar street, Dharmapuri, south and west by Venkatesa Perumal temple and lane	5041

No. 528.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a well already sunk for the use of the Pallava of Special type village, is free to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Madura at Madura, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Madura, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Madura district, Madura taluk, Inam Alathur village.

	Approximate extent
	ACRE.
Setale, village-site, poramboke, S. No. 67-1 B, owned by M. P. Manikam Pillai, bounded on the north by Local Fund road, S No. 85, east, south and west by S. No. 67-1 A	1

No. 529.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the formation of road from Pippara to Kannalipalem railapalli, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and, the Government hereby authorise the Revenue Divisional Officer, Bhimavaram, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Government appoint the Revenue Divisional Officer, Bhimavaram, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

West Godavari district, Tadepalligudem taluk, Pippara village.

	Approximate extent
	ACRE.
Government, wet, R.S. No. 241 pt., belonging to (1) Tammaneni Mangayya, (2) Dommaleru Venkatadu Rao, (3) Tammaneni Satyanarayanamurti and (4) Tammaneni Suryanarayanamurti, Sons (3) and (4) being minors by father and guardian No. 1), bounded on the north and east by R.S. No. 240, south by R.S. No. 242, west by R.S. No. 244 part	0·07

Note.—An irrigation bodi runs in the eastern corner of the plot to be acquired.

ACQUISITION OF TREES

No. 530.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the 605 other than palmyras standing on the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of Chittur bridge, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and, the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tuticorin, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tuticorin, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Tuticorin district, Tuticorin taluk, Gangaikondan village.

	Number of palmyra trees.
Palmyra land, poramboke, S. No. 81 part, belonging to Ramasami Ayyar Shanmuga Pillai, M. Sakkiammapa Pillai and Subbalakshmiammal, Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 81-2; east by No. 80, south and west by No. 80-A-1 C	130 mouth palmyras.
Palmyra land, poramboke, S. No. 81 part, belonging to Ramasami Ayyar Shanmuga Pillai, M. Sakkiammapa Pillai and Pakkiammal subbalakshmi Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 80 part, east by No. 80-2, south by Nos. 80-A-1 C and 69, west by No. 80-A-1 C	701 mouth palmyras.
Toddy shop, poramboke, S. No. 70 part, belonging to Ramasami Ayyar Shanmuga Pillai, M. Sakkiammapa Pillai and Pakkiammalsubbalakshmi Ayyar, bounded on the north, east, south and west by No. 70 part	8 mouth palmyras.
Total ..	839

A-2

No. 531.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Government hereby declare that the trees specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the school building and site for Muhammadans and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Dharmapuri, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said tree. A plan of the land on which the tree is standing is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Dharmapuri, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Salem district, Harur taluk, Nagarapetai village.

	Tree
Tamarind tree standing on the north-east corner of R.S. No. 2-4, belonging to Pichamuthu Ayyar, Lakshmanayyalu Ayyar, Krishna Ayyar and Chakravarti Ayyar, bounded on the north by S. No. 2-3; east by S. No. 17; south by S. No. 3; west by S. No. 2	1

M. V. SANKARA VARIAR,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

No. 30.—Major J. A. W. Elden, M.B. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Lond.), L.R.C.P. (Eng.), L.M.S.S.A. (Lond.), I.M.S., Principal and Professor of Surgery, Medical College, Vizagapatam, leave on average pay with effect from the 18th May 1936 to the 27th June 1936.

RESUMPTION OF APPOINTMENT.

Fort St. George, April 30, 1936.

No. 31.—M.R.By. V. K. Narayana Menon Avargal, M.B.B.S. (Mad.), to resume his appointment as Professor of Bio-Chemistry, Medical College, Vizagapatam, with effect from the date of taking charge, *vice* M.R.By. D. Narayana Rao Avargal, M.B.B.S.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, April 23, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 456, P.H.).

No. 32.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of class II of the Madras Medical Subordinate Service (Special Branch) shall be increased temporarily by one post of Woman Assistant Medical Officer for the period commencing on the date of the appointment of the officer and ending on the 30th April 1937 for the performance of work in the Indian Medical School Hospital.

2. The said temporary post shall constitute a distinct category in the said class.

3. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts of Assistant Lecturers borne on the said cadre shall respectively apply to the holder of the said temporary post subject to the modification that no man shall be eligible for appointment to it.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 208, P.H.).

No. 33.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The cadre of class V compounders of the Madras Medical Subordinate Service (General Branch) shall be

increased temporarily by one post for the period commencing from the date of appointment of the correspondent and ending on the 30th April 1937 for the performance of work in the King Institute, Guindy.

2. The general and special rules applicable to the holders of the permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post.

No. 34.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of clerks, lower division, in the Madras Ministerial Service employed in the King George Hospital, Visakapatnam shall be increased temporarily by the posts specified below for the period commencing on each case on the date of appointment and ending on 30th April 1937 :—

Posts.

One Storekeeper on Rs. 30—3-2—45—2/2—55
Two clerks on Rs. 30—3/2—45—2/2—55

2. The general and special rules applicable to the holders of the permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the above temporary posts.

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936
[G.O. Ms. No. 206, P.H.]

No. 35.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Places of Public Resort Act, 1887 (Act II of 1887), the Governor acting with Ministers is hereby pleased to extend permanently the provisions of the said Act to the Mettupalaiyam Panchayat area in the Coimbatore district.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936
[G.O. Ms. No. 230, P.H.].

No. 36.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government are hereby pleased to make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of Class I, Sub-Assistant Surgeons, and Class XIV, Laboratory Attendants, First grade, of the Madras Medical Subordinate Service (General Branch) shall be increased temporarily by one post of Sub-Assistant Surgeon and two posts of Laboratory Attendants respectively for a period of one year commencing on the date of their appointment for the performance of work in the King Institute, Guindy.

2. The general and special rules applicable to the holders of the permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts subject to the modification that there shall be paid to the holders of the said temporary posts of Sub-Assistant Surgeon and Laboratory Attendants a pay calculated at the rate of Rs. 65 and Rs. 28 a month respectively :

Provided that nothing contained in this rule shall affect the operation of the rules published with Public (Services) Department notification, dated 13th April 1933, at pages 1–87 of the Supplement to Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 18th April 1933, as subsequently amended.

No. 37.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government are hereby pleased to make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of clerks, lower division, in the Madras Ministerial Service (employed in the King Institute, Guindy) shall be increased temporarily by one post for a period of one year commencing on the date of appointment for the performance of work in the King Institute, Guindy.

2. The general and special rules applicable to the holders of the permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post subject to the modification that there shall be paid to the holder of the said temporary post of lower division clerk a pay calculated at the rate of Rs. 30 a month :

Provided that nothing contained in this rule shall affect the operation of the rules published with Public (Services) Department notification, dated 13th April 1933, at pages 1–87 of the Supplement to Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 18th April 1933, as subsequently amended.

Fort St. George, April 30, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 240, P.H.).

No. 38.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of Class I (second-class Health Officers) of the Madras Public Health Subordinate Service shall be increased temporarily by one post for the period commencing on the date of employment and ending on the 31st March 1938 for the performance of work connected with the investigation into the malaria problem in the Bellary district.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post.

C. H. MASTERMAN,
Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, May 5, 1936.

No. 39.—In modification of Notification No. 29 published on page 223 of Part I A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 28th April 1936, the following revised lists of plague-infected areas are published :—

A.—In the Madras Presidency

Anantapur—Taluk—Gooty.
Bellary—Taluks—Bellary and Rayadrug.
Madura—Taluk—Peryakulam
Coimbatore—Taluk—Kollegal
Malabar—Town—Calicut.

B.—Outside the Madras Presidency.

[Infected localities—Districts and States and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.]

I. BOMBAY.

Districts—Bijapur, Sholapur, Satara and Belgaum
Towns—Sholapur, Karnat and Karachi.

II. BIHAR.

Districts—Champaran, Saran, Muzaffarpur and Manbhum.
Town—Muzaffarpur.

III. BURMA.

Districts—Minbu, Yamethin, Magwe, Prome, Thaton, Myaungan, Mandalay, Toungoo, Shwebo, Pegu, Bassein, Thayetmyo, Sagaing and Kyaukse.
Towns—Mandalay and Rangoon.

IV. MYSORE.

Districts—Shimoga and Hassan.

V. HYDERABAD STATE

Districts—Gulbarga, Medak, Atrafibaldah, Bhir, Nander, Raichur and Aurangabad.
Town—Hyderabad.

VI. UNITED PROVINCES.

Districts—Gorakhpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Moradabad, Fyzabad, Azamgarh, Ballia, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Sultanpur, Rijnor and Benares.
Towns—Gorakhpur, Benares and Saharanpur.

VII. CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Districts—Hoshungabad, Chhindwara, Jubbulpore, Nandia and Mandla.

VIII. COORG.

IX. CENTRAL INDIA AGENCY.

State—Bhopal.

X. KOLHAPUR RESIDENCY.

State—Kolhapur

XI. PUNJAB.

Town—Jullundur.
District—Shahpur

Fort St. George, April 25, 1936
(G.O. Ms. No. 187, P.H.).

No. 40.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of X-Ray Assistants and Photographers in class XVIII of the Madras Medical Subordinate Service

shall be increased temporarily by one post for the period commencing on the date of appointment of an X-Ray Assistant and Photographer and ending on the 31st April 1937 for the performance of work in the Raja Muthiah District Headquarters Hospital, Tanjore.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post.

Fort St. George, April 24, 1936.
(G.O. Ms. No. 104, P.H.).

No. 41.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of the classes of the Madras Medical Subordinate Service (General Branch) specified in the first column of the table below shall be increased temporarily by the posts specified in the corresponding entries in the second column thereof for the periods commencing in each case on the date of appointment and ending on the 30th April 1938, for the performance of work in H.E.H. the Prince of Wales Hospital for Children, Madras :—

TABLE.

Class.	Posts.
I (2) (Sub-Assistant Surgeons—Women).	Two Sub-Assistant Surgeons (Women).
III (Nurses)	Two Nurses in the scale of Rs. 45—3/2—120 per mensem.
V (Compounders)	One Compounder.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadres shall respectively apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936.
(G.O. Ms. No. 225, P.H.).

No. 42.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of class V compounders of the Madras Medical Subordinate Service (General Branch) shall be increased temporarily by three posts for the period commencing on 1st April 1936 and ending on the 31st March 1937 in the case of two of them and for the period commencing on the date of appointment and ending on 30th April 1937 in the case of the third for the performance of work in the Government Headquarters Hospital, Coimbatore.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

No. 43.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 44 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, the Local Government hereby make the following special rules :—

RULES.

1. The cadre of clerks, lower division (steward clerk), in the Madras Ministerial Service employed in the Government Headquarters Hospital, Coimbatore, shall be increased temporarily by one post for a period of one year commencing on 1st April 1936 and ending on the 31st March 1937 for the performance of work in the Government Headquarters Hospital, Coimbatore.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts borne on the said cadre shall apply to the holder of the said temporary post.

Fort St. George, May 2, 1936.
(G.O. Ms. No. 285, P.H.).

No. 44.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Places of Public Resort Act, 1888 (Act II of 1888), the Governor acting with Ministers is hereby pleased to extend temporarily for a month from the 4th May 1936 the provisions of the said Act to the Avanashi Panchayat area in the Coimbatore district.

M. T. DURAISWAMI AYYANGAR,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, March 28, 1936.
(G.O. Ms. No. 260, P.H.).

No. 45—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 233 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act XIV of 1920), the Governor acting with Ministers is hereby pleased to delegate to the Surgeon-General the Principal, Indian Medical School the power vested in the Local Government to sanction expenditure under clause (2) of rule 4 of Schedule V to the said Act in respect of the payment of stipends by local boards to students of the Government of maiden the Indian system of medicine

V. NARASIMHACHARIAR,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE INSPECTOR OF MUNICIPAL COUNCILS AND LOCAL BOARDS.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Local Government under section 233 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

(1) declares under section 5 (1) of the Act that the local areas specified in column (1) of the schedule below shall be a village for the purposes of the Act with the names shown in column (2) of the said schedule ; and

(2) directs—

(a) under section 10 (1) of the Act that the total number of members of the panchayat board shall be as specified in column (3) of the said schedule ,

(b) under section 9 (2) of the Act that seat shall be reserved for Indian Christians, two seats for Muslims and one seat for Adi-Dravidas in the panchayat board.

SCHEDULE.

Revenue village.	Name of the village.	Number of members of the panchayat board.
(1)	(2)	(3)
SOUTH KANARA DISTRICT.		
MANGALORE TALUK.		
Panambur and Tannirbavi.	Panambur and Tannirbavi	10

Madras, 7th April 1936.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 233 of the Madras Local Boards Act of 1920, as amended by Madras Act XI of 1930, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby cancels under clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 5 of the said Act, the Notification No. 116, published with this office D. Dis No. 918, dated 15th November 1934, constituting the Melnagar Panchayat Board for the revenue village of Irum Melnagar in the Arni taluk of the North Arcot district for the reason that it is not functioning and that elections could not be held to it.

Madras, 9th April 1936.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 233 of the Madras Local Boards Act of 1920, as amended by Madras Act XI of 1930, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby cancels under clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 5 of the said Act, the Notification R.O.C. No. 2153/34, dated 20th November 1935, constituting the Vagaiculam Panchayat Board for the revenue village of Vagaikulam in the Tirumangalam taluk of the Madura district for the reason that elections could not be held.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 233 of the Madras Local Boards Act of 1920 as amended by Madras Act XI of 1930, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby cancels under clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 5 of the said Act, the notification R. Dis. No. 32203/33, dated 26th January 1935, constituting the R. Pudukkottai Panchayat Board for the revenue village of R. Pudukkottai (S No. 15) in the Dindigul taluk of the Madura district for the reason that elections could not be held.

Madras, 29th April 1936.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Local Government under section 233 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

(1) cancels under sect on 5 (2) (c) of the Act the Notification No. 258, published with this office R. Dis No. 631, dated 11th November 1935, constituting a panchayat for the revenue villages of Jalarpet, Vakkampattu, Sekharankuppam, Kudiyandakuppam, Edayan patti in the Tirupattur taluk, North Arcot district ;

(2) declares under section 5 (1) of the Act that the local areas specified in column (1) of the schedule below shall be villages for the purposes of the Act with the names shown in column (2) of the said schedule ; and

(3) directs—

(a) under section 10 (2) of the Act that the total number of members of the panchayat board shall be as specified in column (3) of the said schedule ,

(b) under section 9 (2) of the Act two seats shall be reserved, for Adi Dravidas, one seat for Indian Christians and one seat for Muslims in the panchayat board.

SCHEDULE.

Revenue village.	Name of the village.	Number of members of the panchayat board.
(1)	(2)	(3)
NORTH ARCOT DISTRICT.		
TIRUPATTUR TALUK.		
Jolarpet, Vaikkanampatti, Kethandapatti, Kandiligam and Kaliyanpatti.	Jolarpet	16

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Local Government under section 233 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

(1) declares under section 3 (1) of the Act that the local areas specified in column (1) of the schedule below shall be villages for the purposes of the Act with the names shown in column (2) of the said schedule; and

(2) directs—

(a) under section 12 (1) of the Act that the total number of members of the panchayat board shall be as specified in column (3) of the said schedule; and

(b) under section 9 (2) of the Act one seat shall be reserved for Adi Dravidas and one seat for Indian Christians in the panchayat board.

SCHEDULE.

Revenue village.	Name of the village.	Number of members of the panchayat board.
(1)	(2)	(3)
NELLORE DISTRICT.		
KANDUKUR TALUK.		
Basireddipalem and Darakani-tandu.	Basireddipalem ...	8

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Local Government under section 233 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

(1) declares under section 3 (1) of the Act that the local areas specified in column (1) of the schedule below shall be villages for the purposes of the Act with the names shown in column (2) of the said schedule; and

(2) directs—

(a) under section 12 (1) of the Act that the total number of members of the panchayat boards shall be as specified in column (3) of the said schedule;

(b) under section 9 (2) of the Act one seat shall be reserved for Adi Dravidas and one seat for Muslims in the panchayat boards.

SCHEDULE.

Revenue village.	Name of the village.	Number of members of the panchayat board.
(1)	(2)	(3)
CUDDAPAH DISTRICT.		
CUDDAPAH TALUK.		
Rayasapalli and Kasu-lapalli parts.	Kasu-lapalli ...	9
RAJAMPET TALUK.		
The entire revenue village of Vallaluru and Divasamu-dinna.	... ...	12

Madras, 21st April 1936.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Local Government under section 233 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

(1) declares under section 3 (2) of the Act that the local areas specified in column (1) of the schedule below shall be a village for the purposes of the Act with the name shown in column (2) of the said schedule; and

(2) directs—

(a) under section 12 (1) of the Act that the total number of members of the panchayat board shall be as specified in column (3) of the said schedule;

(b) under section 9 (2) of the Act two seats shall be reserved for Adi Dravidas in the panchayat board.

SCHEDULE.

Revenue village.	Name of the village.	Number of members of the panchayat board.
(1)	(2)	(3)
CHITTOOR DISTRICT.		
SURUTTAPALLI TALUK.		
Vellikkal ...	Kollattur ...	8

In exercise of the power delegated to him by the Local Government under section 233 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

(1) cancels under section 3 (2) (c) of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, this office Notification K. Dis. No. 393, dated 29th March 1930, so far as it relates to the panchayat constituted for the revenue village of Sannur in the Udaiyarpalayam taluk of the Trichinopoly district;

(2) declares under section 3 (1) of the Act that the local area specified in column (1) of the schedule below shall be a village for the purposes of the Act with the name shown in column (2) of the said schedule; and

(3) directs—

(a) under section 12 (1) of the Act that the total number of members of the panchayat board shall be as specified in column (3) of the said schedule;

(b) under section 9 (2) of the Act two seats shall be reserved for Adi Dravidas in the panchayat board.

SCHEDULE.

Revenue village.	Name of the village.	Number of members of the panchayat board.
(1)	(2)	(3)
TRICHINOPOLY DISTRICT.		
UDAIYARPALAYAM TALUK.		
Sathanur ...	Sathanur	10

A. McG. C. TAMPOE,
Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards.

Madras, 25th April 1936.

NOTIFICATIONS BY COLLECTORS AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him in Notification No. 611, dated 15th March 1920, published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 19th March 1929 at page 140 (Part I-A) under sub-section (3) of section 60 of the Madras Local Boards Amendment Act, 1920, the Collector of Tinnevelly hereby cancels with effect from the date of this notification, so far it relates to an extent of 23·03 acres, covered by the cart-tracks described below, the Notification No. 541 issued with G.O. No. 2488, L. & M., dated 22nd June 1933 and published on page 934, Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 1st August 1933, excluding from the operation of the Local Boards Act, all public roads which had been vested in any local body in the Presidency of Madras, but which were not actually maintained by such board on the said date.

Tinnevelly district, Kollpatti taluk, Kulathur East and North villages (maps), Sathurattu road.

Field No.	Extent. Acs.	Field No.	Extent. Acs.
1	0·63	9	0·47
2	1·01	13	1·59
3	1·19	17	1·01
4	0·73	18	2·05
5	1·53		
6	0·93	Total	23·03
7	1·05		
8	1·20		

Cart-track.—Bounded on the north by Kulathur North village road by S. No. 201 Valiyur village cart-track poramboku south by Kulathur East village; west by Local Fund road from Kurukkalattu Vilakkukkam.

D. D. WARREN,
Collector.

Tinnevelly Collector's Office,
25th April 1936.

Under rule 8 (b) of the rules for the election of presidents and vice-presidents of local boards, it is hereby notified that M. R. Ry. P. V. Krishnaiah Chaudari Garu, M.L.C., is declared to have been elected as Vice President of the Ongole District Board.

K. BRAHMANANDA REDDI,
President.

Ongole District Board Office,
30th April 1936.

Under part I of the rules for the election of presidents and vice-presidents of local boards, G. Abdul Hakim Sahib Bahadur is declared elected as the President of the Vellore District Board.

S. A. VENKATARAMAN,
Collector and ex-officio President.

Vellore District Board Office,
27th April 1936.

Under part I of the rules for the election of presidents and vice-presidents of local boards, M R Ry. R. P. Nathi and Avargal is declared elected as the Vice-President of the Vellore District Board

C. ABDUL HAKIM,
President.

Vellore District Board Office,
27th April 1936.

Under rule 5 (i) of the rules for the election of presidents and vice presidents of local boards, M R Ry Kuduru Krishna Rao Garu is declared to have been duly elected as Vice-President of the West Godavari District Board.

D. NARAYANA RAJU,
President.

West Godavari District Board Office,
29th April 1936.

Under rule III (c) of the rules for the conduct of election of chairmen, Janab Dato Khan Shirazi Sahib Bahadur has been duly declared elected as Chairman, Nandyal Municipal Council.

A. KHALEELI
Ex officio Chairman and Sub-Collector.

Nandyal Municipal Office,
13th April 1936.

Under rules 10 and 34 of part I of the rules for the conduct of elections of members of local boards, the person whose name is specified below has been declared elected as member of the Coimbatore District Board :—

Number of circle and name of person declared elected.	Community or sex for which declared elected (if the person has been declared elected for a reserved seat).
Circle No. XXV— Miss K. A. Muthulakshmi Amma! ..	Woman.

D. RAJAGOPAL NAYUDU,
Election Officer.

(Camp) Erode, 24th April 1936.

Under rule III (1) of the rules for the conduct of election of chairmen and vice-chairmen of municipal councils, Janab Mulayalam Abdul Subhan Sahib Bahadur, B.A., is declared to have been duly elected as Vice-Chairman of the Vaniyambadi Municipal Council.

N. MOWLANA,
Chairman.

Vaniyambadi Municipal Office,
27th April 1936.

Under rules 10, case I (a) and 34 of the rules for the conduct of elections of municipal councillors, the person whose name is given below has been declared duly elected as a Councillor of the Virudunagar Municipality for the ward noted against her. She shall enter upon office forthwith and hold office till noon on the first day of November 1937 :—

Number, name of ward and name of person declared elected.	Community or sex for which declared elected (if the person has been declared elected for a reserved seat).
Ward No. XVII, T. C. Godown street ward— Mrs T. C. K. M. Thenammal, wife of M.R.Ry. T. C. K. Muruppa Nadar Avargal.	Woman.

[Illegible],
Commissioner and Election Officer.

Virudunagar Municipal Office,
27th April 1936.

Under rule 10 (a) of the rules for the conduct of election of members of temple committees, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayavaram, hereby notifies that the following gentlemen have been declared as duly elected as members of the Kumbakonam Circle Temple Committee for the circles under which their names appear and under section 27 of the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1926 (Madras Act II of 1927), they will hold office for a term of two years :—

MAYAVARAM CIRCLE.

(1) M R Ry. Nataraja Pillai Sethumanikkam Pillai Mirasdar, Enchankadu, Mayavaram taluk.
(2) „ T. Venkatarama Ayyar Mirasdar, Vellalar-kal Complex street, Mayavaram.
(3) „ Srinivasa Pillai Ratnam Pillai, Mirasdar and President, Bench Court, Mayavaram.

SIRKALI CIRCLE.

(1) M R Ry. Tiruvavyana Pillai Tiruvenkatam Pillai, Kaiveli m, Sirkali taluk
(2) „ Kanpiriyathura Ayyar Rama Ayyar, Sandaimadi, Sirkali taluk.
(3) „ Muthukrishna Pillai Chokkalingam Pillai, Radhanallur, Sirkali taluk.

J. SIVANANDAM,
Revenue Divisional Officer and Returning Officer.

Mayavaram, 17th April 1936.

HINDU RELIGIOUS ENDOWMENTS BOARD, MADRAS.

[In the matter of Sri Lakshmiaravindhaswami temple, Singarayakonda, Kandukur taluk, Nellore district.]

BOARD'S ORDER No. 971-A, DATED 17TH APRIL 1936.

This case having come on for final hearing on 16th March 1936 and having stood over till to-day for consideration, neither the trustees nor any persons having interest having appeared either in person or by pleader, the Board decides under sub-section (4) of section 63-A of the Madras Act II of 1927 that the temple of Sri Lakshmiaravindhaswami, Singarayakonda village, Kandukur taluk, Nellore district, shall be notified to be subject to the provisions of chapter VI-A of the said Act.

Madras, 17th April 1936.

The following draft amendment to the by-laws framed by the Board of Commissioners for Hindu Religious Endowments, Madras, under the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1926 (Madras Act II of 1927), which the Board proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred on it by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the said Act is published for public criticism as required by that sub-section and notice is hereby given that objections or suggestions which any person may wish to make will be considered if received by the Secretary to the Board within a month of the date of publication of this notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

DRAFT AMENDMENT

The following new by laws shall be added at the end of by law 27 :—

"28. An inquiry in judicial form shall precede every order imposing any punishment on office-holders and servants of temples. The charges or charges against the office-holder or servant shall be reduced to writing and communicated to him. The evidence against him shall be brought on record and explained to him and he shall be allowed reasonable time and opportunity to meet the evidence adduced against him and to furnish in writing such explanation as he may have to offer. The order passed after such inquiry shall contain a statement of charges, the explanation of the office-holder or servant and the finding on each charge. A copy of the order shall, without delay, be communicated to the office-holder or servant.

Explanation.

(1) The termination of the services of an office-holder or servant otherwise than on the ground that his post is no longer necessary is a removal within the meaning of section 43 (1).

(2) In the case of employees on probation the termination of their services during the period of their probation does not amount to any punishment and there is therefore no right of appeal.

29. Where the services of an employee is terminated on the ground that his post is no longer necessary the employee will be entitled to reasonable notice."

K. NARAYANA MENON,
Acting Secretary, Hindu Religious Endowments Board.

Madras, 27th April 1936.

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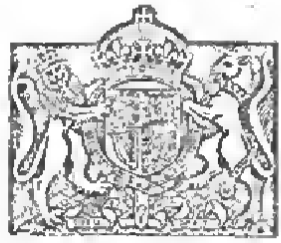

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 18] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 5, 1936. [PRICE, 1 anna.

Part I-B—Educational

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EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

CONFIRMATION

Fort St. George, April 27, 1936.

No. 160.—Mr. A. Ramanatha Pillai, Officiating Additional Professor of Zoology, Presidency College, Madras, to be Additional Professor of Zoology, provisionally substantive.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 161.—Under section 5 of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920, M.R.Ry. R. Rajagopalacharlar Avargal has been elected to be a member of the District Educational Council, Tanjore, by the Municipal Council, Mannargudi.

No. 162.—Under section 5 of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920, the Rev. B. M. Dunkelberger, D.D., has been elected to be a member of the District Educational Council, Guntur, by the U.L.C. Mission, vice the Rev. E. G. Wood resigned.

Fort St. George, April 28, 1936

No. 163.—Under rule 10 (2) of the rules in the Schedule to the Madras Local Boards and Elementary Education (Amendment) Act, 1934 (Madras Act II of 1934) M.R.Ry. K. G. Sundaresakara Mudaliyar Avargal and M.R.Ry. Kumaraswami Chettiyar Avargal have been elected to be members of the District Educational Council, Chingleput, by the District Board, Chingleput.

Fort St. George, April 29, 1936.

No. 164.—Under section 3 (3) of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920 Janab K. Md. Rahmat-ullah Sahib Bahadur has been elected by the District Educational Council, Anantapur, to be its President.

Fort St. George, May 2, 1936.

No. 165.—Under section 5 of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920, Mr. J. F. Thaddaeus has been elected to be a member of the District Educational Council, Malabar, by the Malabar Mission.

No. 166.—Under section 5 of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920, Mrs. Randle has been elected to be a member of the District Educational Council, Tuticorin, by the C.M.S. and S.P.G. Missions, vice Miss D. M. La Brooy resigned.

C. H. MASTERMAN,
Secretary to Government.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS—APRIL 1936.

SCHEME OF THE PRACTICAL EXAMINATIONS IN THE SUBJECTS UNDER CIVIL ENGINEERING GROUP.

It is hereby notified that the following arrangements have been made for the conduct of the Practical Examinations for the several subjects under the group, Civil Engineering—the subjects centres, etc., to which the arrangements relate being specified. In cases for which no arrangements are notified in the Gazette, the necessary information can be obtained from the Chief Superintendents of the Written Examinations concerned.

2. Candidates who may not be able to attend the Practical Examinations should intimate the fact, sufficiently early, to the Examiner whose name is quoted first against the subjects brought up by them, so that arrangements may not be made for their examinations. The particular subjects and grades for which the candidates concerned are unable to attend should be clearly specified in the letter to the Examiner.

3. Candidates for the practical examination which requires the use of tools, measuring tapes, scales, etc., should bring their own tools, etc., with them.

NOTE.—When more than one day is fixed at any centre, all candidates must present themselves on the first day of examination, when the day of their examination will be announced to them.

Date with day.	Subjects.	Grade of examination.	Hour of commencement of examination.	Approximate number of candidates to be examined.	Place of examination, name of building, etc.	Names of examiners, their designation or address.
1936.						
	(1) FOR CUDDAPAH, VELLORE AND MADURA CANDIDATES AT GUINDY. *					
Thursday, 14th May.	Earthwork and Road-making.	Lower	7-30 a.m.	4	College of Engineering, Guindy (adjacent P.W.D. Head Quarters, Madras).	Mr J E Hyman A.M.I.E., Pekera Road, Mayapuria, Madras.
Friday, 15th May.	Surveying and Levelling.	Higher	7-30 a.m.	4	Do.	Dr. K. C. Chakko, B.A., B.Sc., M.I.E. (Lond.), Professor of Civil Engineering, College of Engineering, Guindy, Saidapet P.O. (near Madras).
	(2) FOR VIZAGAPATAM AND RAJAHMUNDRY CANDIDATES AT RAJAHMUNDRY.					
14th May ..	Earthwork and Road-making.	Lower	7-30 a.m.	1	Public Works Department Subdivisional Office, Rajahmundry (near Godavari Railway Station).	Mr J M Frederick, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, Rajahmundry.
	Surveying and Levelling.	Higher	7-30 a.m.	1	Do.	Do.
15th May ..	Surveying and Levelling.	Lower	7-30 a.m.	6	Do.	Do.
16th May ..	Do.	Do.	7-30 a.m.	5	Do.	Do.
	(3) FOR GUNTUR AND BEZWADA CANDIDATES AT BEZWADA.					
	(4) FOR ANANTAPUR AND KURNOOL CANDIDATES AT KURNOOL.					
	(5) FOR TANJORE, MADURA AND TRICHINOPOLY CANDIDATES AT TRICHINOPOLY.					
Thursday, 14th May.	Earthwork and Road-making.	Lower	7-30 a.m.	6	Office of the Superintending Engineer, Public Works Department, Trichinopoly.	M.R.Ry. C. R. Pichumanikka Asst of Avargal, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, and Personal Assistant to the Superintending Engineer, Trichinopoly.
	Do.	Higher	7-30 a.m.	1	Do.	Do.
Friday, 15th May	Surveying and Levelling.	Lower	7-30 a.m.	5	Do.	Do.
Saturday, 16th May	Do.	Higher	7-30 a.m.	6	Do.	Do.
	(6) FOR SALEM AND COIMBATORE CANDIDATES AT COIMBATORE.					
Monday, 18th May	Earthwork and Road-making.	Lower	8 a.m.	1	Coimbatore Public Works Departmental Office.	M.R.Ry. P. S. Krishnaswami Ayyar Avargal, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Mettupalayam sub-division, Coimbatore.
	Do.	Higher	8 a.m.	1	Do.	Do.
Tuesday, 19th May	Surveying and Levelling.	Lower	8 a.m.	6	Do.	Do.
	Do.	Higher	8 a.m.	1	Do.	Do.
	(7) FOR MYSORE AND BANGALORE CANDIDATES AT BANGALORE.					
Monday, 18th May	Earthwork and Road-making.	Lower	2 p.m.	1	Municipal offices Civil and Military Station.	Mr J W Edwin, A.M.I.E., Executive Engineer, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.
Tuesday, 19th May	Surveying and Levelling.	Do.	2 p.m.	1	Do.	Do.
	(8) FOR TRIVANDRUM CANDIDATES AT TRIVANDRUM.					
	Earthwork and Road-making.	Lower	7 a.m.	9	Sri Mulam Technical School, Trivandrum.	M.R.Ry. T. P. Janardhana Ayyar, B.E., Superintendent, Sri Mulam Technical School, Trivandrum.
	Do.	Higher	7-30 a.m.	1	Do.	Do.
	Surveying and Levelling.	Lower	6 a.m.	21	Do.	Do.
	Do.	Higher	8 a.m.	10	Do.	Do.
	Do.	Do.	6 a.m.	10	Do.	Do.
	(9) FOR ALLEPPEY CANDIDATES AT ALLEPPEY.					
Thursday, 14th May	Earthwork and Road-making.	Lower	6 a.m.	25	Government School of Coinmence, Alleppey.	M.R.Ry. A. Arunachalam Pillai, Subdivisional Officer, Public Works Department, Alleppey.
Friday, 15th May	Surveying and Levelling.	Do.	8 a.m.	26	Do.	Do.
Saturday, 16th May	Do.	Do.	8 a.m.	14	Do.	Do.
Monday, 18th May	Do.	Higher	8 a.m.	10	Do.	Do.
Tuesday, 19th May	Do.	Do.	8 a.m.	13	Do.	Do.
	(10) FOR TRICHY AND ERNAKULAM CANDIDATES AT ERNAKULAM.					
	Earthwork and Road-making.	Lower	7 a.m.	10	Assistant Engineer's Office, Kanjirapalli Division, Ernakulam.	M.R.Ry. M. D. Narayana Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.E., Assistant Engineer, Southern Division, Ernakulam.
	Do.	Higher	4 p.m.	1	Do.	Do.
	Surveying and Levelling.	Lower	7 a.m.	19	Do.	Do.
	Do.	Higher	7 a.m.	14	Do.	Do.

* N.B.—Particulars will be notified in the next week's (12th May 1936) issue of the *Fort St. George Gazette* and furnished to the Chief Superintendent of Government Godowns where the required information may be obtained.

(By order)

Office of the Commr. for Government Examinations, Madras, 1st May 1936.

MOHAMMAD, *Secretary.*

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

It is hereby notified that M.R.Ry. M. Madhava Rao Avargal, B.A., B.L., Vakil and Municipal Councillor, Mangalore, has been elected to the Senate by the municipal councillors of the municipalities in the district of South Kanara, under section 14 (a), Class III (6) of the Madras University Act, in place of Mr. M. A. Talwar, B.A., B.L., who ceased to be a member by efflux of time, on the 31st March 1936.

Senate House, Madras, 25th April 1936.

ELECTION TO THE SYNDICATE.

It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared duly elected members of the Syndicate, under Section 18 (a), Class II (1) and (2) of the Madras University Act of 1923, as amended in 1929 :—

Members elected by the Senate from among its members, under Section 18 (a), Class II (1) of the Act.

(1) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur A. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliyar Avargal, B.A., M.L., F.C.S., Police Commissioner's Office Road, Egmore, Madras.

(2) A. M. Varki, Esq., M.A., B.L., Principal, Union Christian College, Alwaye.

(3) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur K. V. Krishnaswami Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., Advocate, 6, North Mada street, Mylapore, Madras.

(4) Mrs. Hona Hoshman, B.A., Locock's Garden, Egmore, Madras.

(5) Basheer Ahmed Sayeed Sahib Bahadur, M.A., B.L., Advocate, 21, Angappa Naick street, George Town, Madras.

(6) Joseph Francis, Esq., M.A., L.T., Professor, Presidency College, Madras.

(7) M.R.Ry. K. Dhanikyam Avargal, B.A., B.L., Advocate, 'Chirupaka Vilas,' Luz, Mylapore, Madras.

Members elected by the Academic Council from among its members, under section 18 (a), Class II (2) of the Act.

(1) The Rev. P. Carty, S.J., M.Sc., M.R., Professor, St. Joseph's College, Trichinopoly.

(2) K. L. Mundkur, Esq., M.A., B.Sc., F.L.C., Acting Principal, Maharaja's College of Science, Trivandrum.

(By order)

W. McLEAN,
Registrar.

Senate House, Madras,
1st May 1936.

ANDHRA UNIVERSITY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

TEXT-BOOKS FOR THE B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION OF 1937—CHANGES.

In the list of text-books for the examinations of 1937, published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 6th January 1936, under text books for the B.A. Degree examination, Part II, Telugu, read "(1) Swayacharitramu (Part I only) by Rao Bahadur K. Veerraju and Panthulu (Secretary, Hithakarini Samaj, Rajahmundry)." for "(1 Bhagavathi (revised edition) by V. Lakshmanarayana, Saraswathakaram, Guntur (3 volumes)."

AWARD OF RESEARCH DEGREES.

It is hereby notified that the Syndicate, on the recommendation of the Examiners appointed to adjudicate on the theses submitted to the University, resolved that the following persons be declared to have qualified to receive the degrees noted below :—

Degree of Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.).

1 Mr. T. S. Narayana, M.Sc., subject of thesis : "The Rudin Effect in the Halogens."

Degree of Master of Arts Hons. (M.A. Hons.).

2 Mr. S. Ganapati Rao, subject of thesis : "Tariff in relation to the Sugar Industries in India."

(By order)

G. D. S. CHETTI,
Registrar.

University Office, Waltair,
22nd April 1936.

EX-STUDENTS OF THE GOVERNMENT HIGHER ELEMENTARY TRAINING SCHOOL, CHICACOLE, VIZAGAPATAM DISTRICT.

The whereabouts of the ex-students of the Government Higher Elementary Training School, Chicacole, particulars of whom are given below, are not known. Deputy Inspectors of Schools, Presidents of District Boards, Chairmen of Municipal Councils, managers of private schools and other officers in whose jurisdiction they happen to be working as teachers or in other capacities are requested to be good enough to intimate their whereabouts to the Headmaster, Government Training School, Chicacole, Vizagapatam district, so as to enable him to see that the students in question fulfil the conditions of the bonds executed by them.

B = Brahman. H = Non-Brahman.
C = Indian Christian. AA = Anglo-Indian.

Serial number and name of ex-student.	*Community.*	*Year of Leaving.*
ELEMENTARY HIGHER GRADE.		
1 Kesavapalli Abraham	C	1927-30
2 Kakarapanthy Lakshmi[illegible]	H	1927-29
3 P. Venkamma Patnaik	H	1925-27
4 Gollapalli Sri-ramulu	H	1925-27
5 Yamjala Rama-chandrarao	H	1921-23
6 Dasi Peddamma	H	1924-25
7 Lanka la Narasimha Patro	H	1931-33
8 Vadada Sriram..[illegible]	H	1934-36
9 Pakki Appa Rao	H	1918-20
ELEMENTARY LOWER GRADE.		
1 V. Kadiramanikam	H	1928-30
2 Alapalam Suryanarayana	H	1928-30
3 Chaki Jayalu Venkatapathi	H	1927-29
4 D. Addi Yi Patro	H	1927-29
5 Vadali Venkatalakshmamma	AA	1933-35
6 Sakapuram Venkatarao	H	1923-25
7 Vadada Anjanna	H	1930-32
8 Bommayalu Venkata Somayajulu	H	1928-30
9 Tammavajhala Ramamurti	H	1913-15
10 Tripuraneni Subbarayudu	H	1916-18
11 Adi Narsia Somadas	H	1917-19
12 Uddy Suryanarayana	H	1915-16
13 Bagiparathi Appala Narasiha	H	1915-17

K. VEERABHADRASWAMY,
Headmaster.

Government Training School, Chicacole,
24th April 1936

EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF SANITARY INSPECTOR'S CERTIFICATE, JUNE 1936.

The following time-table for the conduct of the Government Examination for the grant of Sanitary Inspector's Certificate is published for general information :—

Hour.	Subject.	Maximum Marks.
FIRST DAY—MONDAY, 29TH JUNE 1936.		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Hygiene—I Paper (written)	100
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Hygiene—II Paper (written).	100
SECOND DAY—TUESDAY, 30TH JUNE 1936.		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Elementary Sanitary Engineering (written)	100
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Vaccination (written)	100
THIRD DAY—TUESDAY, 2ND JUNE 1936.		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Physiology and First Aid (written).	100

NOTE.—(1) The dates, hours, and place of the practical and oral examination will be notified later.

(2) Candidates must obtain not less than 50 per cent. of the marks in each subject (theoretical, practical and oral taken together), for a pass. For a distinction in any subject, candidates should obtain not less than 75 per cent. in that subject in the first time of taking the examination.

(3) Practical examinations in all the subjects will be held at the Medical College, Madras.

(4) Candidates appearing for Elementary Sanitary Engineering shall bring with them for the practical examination their own drawing requisites including a 12 inch scale divided into inches and tenths of inches and a straight rule or ruler.

(5) All examinations will be examined under new regulations.

(6) Candidates desiring to appear in the examination should apply to the Director of Public Health, Madras, three days before the commencement of the examination.

All candidates are required to pay a fee of Rs. 12 (Rupees twelve only) for each subject in which they wish to be examined. The applications together with the fee should be sent to the Principal Medical College, Madras. The cash should be remitted into the treasury under the head "XXII—Medical—Medical College Fees —Sanitary Inspector's Certificate" and the receipt together with the application should reach the Principal on or before Wednesday 10th June 1936.

C. M. GANAPATHY, Lieut.-Col., I.M.S.,
Chairman, Board of Examiners.

Office of the Director of Public Health, Madras,
Camp, Ootacamund, 20th April 1936.

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, GUINDY, 1936-37.

The following amendments to the notification regarding admission to the College of Engineering, Guindy, published on pages 106 and 107 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part I.B. dated 25th February 1936, are issued :—

The number of candidates to be admitted to the Engineer Class including States is increased from 66 to 100.

The number of candidates for the Probationary Subordinate Class is decreased from 106 to 81.

College of Engineering, Guindy,
25th April 1936

UNCLAIMED DIPLOMAS.

The following diplomas of passed students of the college remain unclaimed in this office. The holders of the diplomas are hereby informed that if the diplomas are not claimed within a period of two months from the date of this notification, they are liable to be destroyed :—

Name of student.	*Year of passing.*
ENGINEER—ELECTRICAL.	
K. Srinivasaghavan	1929-1932
S. Raghunatha Rao	1926-1933
ENGINEER—CIVIL.	
Kandapandy Kasturiraja Rao	1926-1933
Balakrishna Menon, K.	1924-1926
Venkiah Naidu, B.	1923-1927
Venkatesa Sayal, S.	1924-1927
Krishna Menon, T. K.	1924-1928
Kesiga, K. L.	1926-1929
ENGINEER—MECHANICAL.	
V. S. Ramanathan	1927-1931
K. Natarajan	1928-1932
Ratnavarna Kambiar, C.	1924-1929
Subramanyam, G. S.	1924-1927
Viswanathan, M. S.	1924-1928
Vishwalingal S. K.	1923-1927
UPPER SUBORDINATES.	
Lakshmisarasimha, A.	1926-1933
Venkatasubramanyan, V.	1922-1929
Viswanatham Rao, K.	1921-1925
Swaminathan, C. S.	1925-1929
Satyanarayana, P. .. 1926-31 to 1931-36,	1926-1927
Satyanarayana murthy, M.	1923-1927
Subramanyan, M. S.	1924-1928
LOWER SUBORDINATES.	
Rama Rao, B.	1914-1917
Subbayya, V.	1914-1917
Sankagiri, K. V.	1923-1932
Muthuswamy, M. R. (Trichinopoly) ..	1925-1929
Ayyalasomayaji, V.	1924-1926
Rama, N.	1922-1925
Venkatakrishna, B.	1923-1927
Durairaja, S.	1923-1926
Annamalai, S.	1926-1933

G. NAGARATNAM,
Principal.

College of Engineering, Guindy,
23rd April 1936.

MADRAS SERVICES COMMISSION.

APPOINTMENT OF SHIFT CHARGEMAN IN THE GOVERNMENT GENERAL HOSPITAL, MADRAS.

Applications are invited for one appointment of Shift Chargeman in the Government General Hospital, Madras, on Rs. 55—3/2—70—5/2—75 per mensem.

NOTE.—(i) If a different rate of pay is actually in force at the time of appointment of the selected candidate, he will be paid only at that rate.

(ii) Persons who are employed permanently or who have completed their probation in a post in the Government service (Local Governments), need not apply.

2. An applicant must satisfy the following conditions :—

(a) he must be a British subject or a subject of an Indian State ;

NOTE.—Applications from candidates who have not been born in the Presidency of Madras or who have not been domiciled therein for a period of not less than ten years immediately preceding the date of their application, will be considered only if a qualified and suitable candidate is born or so domiciled is not forthcoming.

(b) he must be of satisfactory character ;

(c) he must be of sound health, good physique and active habits and free from any defect unfitting him for Government service ;

(d) he must—

(1) possess the degree in Mechanical Engineering of the University of Madras ; or

(2) possess a degree in Mechanical Engineering of any other recognised university which lays down a specified course in Electrical Engineering as one of the subjects for the Mechanical Engineering degree examination ; or

(3) possess a diploma in Mechanical Engineering of the College of Engineering, Guindy ; or

(4) possess the diploma of A.M.I.E. of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay ; or

(5) possess any other diploma in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised technological institute which prescribes a course in Electrical Engineering as one of the subjects for the Mechanical Engineering diploma course and examination ;

(e) he must have had at least three years' practical experience in an up to date workshop ; and

(f) his age as proved by evidence mentioned in paragraph 6 below, must not be over thirty years on 1st August 1936, i.e., he must have been born on or after 2nd August 1906

3. Every applicant must pay a fee of Rs. 10 into a Government treasury or into the Reserve Bank of India, Madras, or its agency to the credit of the Madras Government under the following head of receipt. "XXVI. Miscellaneous Departments—Examination fees—Fees for Examinations—Madras Services Commission" *On no account will this fee be refunded. Applicants are therefore advised, before paying the fee, to satisfy themselves that they fulfil the conditions prescribed in this notification.*

4. Form of application can be obtained from the Secretary, Madras Services Commission, Cathedral P.O., Madras, on requisition with a stamped envelope. *No notice will be taken of a requisition not accompanied by a stamped envelope.*

5. Every application must be in the applicant's handwriting ; it must not be typewritten.

6. Every application must be accompanied by the following documents :—

(a) Evidence of date of birth, viz.—

(1) a certified extract from Secondary School-Leaving Certificate showing date of birth ; or

(2) a certificate from a university or college or school authority showing date of birth according to the university or college or school records ;

(b) at least three certificates of character and conduct in original, one of which must be from the head of the educational institution in which the applicant last studied for not less than one year and another must have been obtained not earlier than 1st April 1936 from any responsible person who knows the candidate personally (the certificate must be based on personal knowledge and experience of the candidate) ;

NOTE.—No two certificates may be from the same person.

(c) diplomas and other certificates including certificates of practical experience referred to in paragraph 2 (d) above ;

NOTE.—Copies of certificates referred to in clauses (b) and (c) above, will not be accepted.

and (d) the Treasury or bank receipt for the payment of the fee of Rs. 10.

7. Every application with all the enclosures securely fastened to it should be sent by registered, post unperforated and addressed as follows :—

"*Application for appointment as Shift Chargeman, the General Hospital, Madras.*

To

The Secretary, Madras Services Commission,
Cathedral P.O., Madras."

8. *Applications must reach the Secretary not later than 5th June 1936. Applications received after that date and applications which are not in the prescribed form and in respect of which certificates as prescribed above have not been received on or before that date will not be considered. Such defective applications will be rejected summarily.*

9. *Applicants must be prepared to appear before the Commission at their own expense in Madras on a date which will be communicated to them.*

10. An applicant should be prepared to produce a certificate of physical fitness in the prescribed form if so required by the Commission.

If he has defective vision, he will have to produce along with the certificate of physical fitness a special certificate regarding his eye-sight from one of the following officers who is an eye-specialist :—

Gazetted Government Officer of the Medical Department,
Honorary Surgeon,
" Assistant Surgeon,
" Physician,
" Assistant Physician, or
Clinical Assistant holding the degree of M.B., B.S., or its equivalent.

11. Selection of an applicant by the Commission carries with it no guarantee of appointment.

12 A candidate appointed will be on probation for a total period of two years on duty, within a continuous period of three years.

At any time before the end of the prescribed period of probation or at the end thereof, the probation of a candidate may be terminated and his services dispensed with

13. An applicant will be disqualified who attempts to exercise or to bring influence to bear on the Chairman or any Member of the Commission personally or by letter. The same penalty will be imposed if any relative, friend, patron, official or other person attempts to influence the Chairman or any Member of the Commission on behalf of an applicant

14. All communications intended for the Commission must be made in writing and addressed to the Secretary.

Office of the Madras Services Commission,
Cathedral P.O., Madras, 27th April 1936.

APPOINTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL INSTRUCTOR, MADRAS JAIL SUBORDINATE SERVICE.

Applications are invited for one appointment of Agricultural Instructor on Rs. 40—5/2—70 per mensem in the Madras Jail Subordinate Service (knowledge of Tamil or Telugu required)

Persons who are permanent or who have completed their probation in a post in Government service (Local Government) need not apply

2. An applicant must satisfy the following conditions:—

(a) He must be a British subject or a subject of an Indian State ;

NOTE.—Applications from candidates who have not been born in the Presidency of Madras or who have not been domiciled therein for a period of not less than ten years immediately preceding the date of their application, will be considered only if a qualified and suitable candidate so born or so domiciled is not forthcoming.

(b) he must be of satisfactory character ;

(c) he must be of sound health, good physique and active habits and free from any defect unfitting him for Government service ;

(d) (i) he must have obtained the Diploma in Agriculture of the College of Agriculture, Coimbatore ; or

(ii) he must have taken the degree of B.Sc. in Agriculture of the Madras University ; or

(iii) he must have taken a degree or a diploma in Agriculture of a British, German or American University or of the University of Bombay, Nagpur or the Punjab ;

NOTE.—Applications from candidates with other qualifications in Agriculture will be considered if the Commission is satisfied that those qualifications are equivalent to the qualifications specified above.

and (e) his age as proved by evidence mentioned in paragraph 6 below, must not be over 30 years on 1st August 1936, i.e., he must have been born on or after 2nd August 1906.

3 Every applicant must pay a fee of Rs. 10 into a Government treasury, or into the Reserve Bank of India, Madras, or its agency to the credit of the Madras Government under the following head of account : "XXVI Miscellaneous Departments—Examination Fees—Fees for Examinations—Madras Services Commission." On no account will this fee be refunded. *Applicants are therefore advised, before paying the fee, to satisfy themselves that they fulfil the conditions prescribed in this notification.*

4. Form of application can be obtained from the Secretary, Madras Services Commission, Cathedral P.O., Madras, on requisition with a stamped and addressed envelope. *No notice will be taken of a requisition not accompanied by a stamped and addressed envelope.*

5. Every application must be in the applicant's handwriting ; it must not be typewritten.

6. Every application must be accompanied by the following documents :—

(a) Evidence of date of birth, viz. —

(i) a certified extract from Secondary School-Leaving Certificate showing date of birth ; or

(ii) a certificate from a university, college or school authority showing date of birth according to the University, College or school records ;

(b) at least three certificates of character and conduct, as original, one of which must be from the head of the educational institution in which the applicant last studied for not less than one year and another must have been obtained not earlier than 1st April 1936 from any responsible person who knows the candidate personally. Such certificate must be based on personal knowledge and experience of the candidate) ;

NOTE.—No two certificates may be from the same person.

(c) diplomas and other certificates ;

NOTE.—Copies of certificates referred to in clauses (b) and (c) above will not be accepted.

and (d) the treasury or bank receipt for the payment of the fee of Rs. 10.

7 Every application with all the enclosures securely fastened on it should be sent by registered post superscribed and addressed as follows :—

"*Applicant on for appointment as Agricultural Instructor, Madras Jail Subordinate Service.*

To

The Secretary, Madras Services Commission,
Cathedral P.O., Madras."

8. Applications must reach the Secretary not later than 5th June 1936. Applications received after that date and applications which are not in the prescribed form and in respect of which certificates as prescribed above have not been received on or before that date will not be considered. Such defective applications will be rejected summarily.

9 *Applicants must be prepared to appear before the Commission at Madras at their own expense on a date which will be communicated to them.*

10 An applicant should be prepared to produce a certificate of physical fitness in the prescribed form if so required by the Commission.

If he has defective vision, he will have to produce along with the certificate of physical fitness, a special certificate regarding his eye-sight from one of the following officers who is an eye specialist :—

Gazetted Government Officer of the Medical Department,
Honorary Surgeon,
" Assistant Surgeon,
" Physician,
" Assistant Physician, or
Clinical Assistant holding the degree of M.B., B.S. or its equivalent.

11. Selection of an applicant by the Commission carries with it no guarantee of appointment.

12 The candidate appointed will be on probation for a continuous period of one year from the date on which he joins duty.

At any time before the end of the prescribed period of probation or at the end thereof the probation of the candidate may be terminated and his services dispensed with.

13. An applicant will be disqualified who attempts to exercise or to bring influence to bear on the Chairman or any Member of the Commission personally or by letter. The same penalty will be imposed if any relative, friend, patron, official or other person attempts to influence the Chairman or any Member of the Commission on behalf of an applicant

14. All communications intended for the Commission must be made in writing and addressed to the Secretary.

Office of the Madras Services Commission,
Cathedral P.O., Madras, 1st May 1936.

WOMAN CANDIDATE SELECTED FOR APPOINTMENT AS CLERK IN THE MADRAS MINISTERIAL SERVICE.

MADRAS CITY.

Name of candidate and date of birth (within brackets)	Qualification.	Name of the educational institution from which the candidate appeared.	Address.
VERNACULAR—KANARESE.			
Backward.			
Pachiate Bai, B. (28th March 1918)	Intermediate	Government College, Mangalore.	No. 2 A, Halls Road, Egmore, Madras.

Office of the Madras Services Commission, Cathedral P.O., Madras, 6th April 1936.

C. P. KARUNAKARA MENON,
Secretary.

MADRAS UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' INFORMATION BUREAU.

President: The Vice-Chancellor of the University of Madras (ex officio).

Vice-President: The Director of Public Instruction, Madras (ex officio).

Secretary: Dr. A. V. Moses, B.A., PH.D., Professor, Madras Christian College, Madras.

The main functions of the Bureau are:—

(1) To furnish information and advice to Indians proceeding to England and other foreign countries for further studies.

(2) To circulate in India to colleges and other institutions the educational, financial and social information, collected by the Bureau in London.

(3) To communicate with the Central Bureau on behalf of students before they start, or on behalf of their parents when they are in England.

(4) To help prospective candidates for the Indian Civil Service to assess their ability and enable them to compete their chance of success at the examination, and to advise them in general.

Students of the Madras Presidency and of Native States whose colleges are affiliated to the Madras University, who contemplate going to England and other countries and the relatives and friends of those who are going or are already gone, are invited to correspond with Dr. A. V. Moses, Secretary to the Madras University Students' Information Bureau, Madras Christian College, Esplanade, Madras, from whom all necessary information can be obtained.

Letters from Madras students to the Educational Adviser in London, or to other educational authorities in Great Britain are forwarded to the Madras Secretary for disposal and much delay will therefore be saved by direct correspondence with the latter.

There is a library attached to the Secretary's office, Madras Christian College, Esplanade, Madras, consisting of the prospectuses, syllabuses and calendars of various educational institutions and Universities in Great Britain, America and other countries and students and other enquirers will be allowed the use of the library on all week days except Saturdays and holidays between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m.

A. V. MOSES,
Secretary.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The Director of Public Instruction, Madras, has, in his Proceedings Dn. No. 418/36, dated 4th February 1936, suspended the Lower Elementary Grade T S L.C. bearing No. 7404/26 of Pakrath Narayanan for a period of six months from 27th March 1936.

K. MUHAMMAD,
District Educational Officer, Malabar.

Calicut, 21st April 1936.

It is hereby notified for the information of all concerned that the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, has, in his Proceedings Dn. No. 1417/36 dated 7th April 1936, declared unfit for the teaching profession the following untrained teachers of the Rajahmundry Range, East Godavari district:—

(1) Vanti Suryanarayana.
(2) Drakharapu Narayana Rao—Till the end of the school year 1936-37 only.

J. S. NARAYANAMURTY,
District Educational Officer, East Godavari.

Cocanada, 25th April 1936.

The Director of Public Instruction, Madras, in his Proceedings Dn. No. 1590/36, dated 20th April 1936, has suspended Trained Teachers' Certificate of the Primary grade No. 294, dated 21st December 1916, issued to Miss Jilein Taylor for a period of six months from 1st January 1936 to 30th June 1936.

G. L. LOBO,
Inspector of European Schools.

Madras, 28th April 1936.

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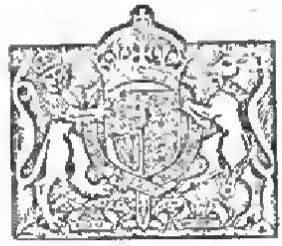

SUPPLEMENT TO PART I-B

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 18] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 5, 1936. [Price, 6 pies.

MADRAS SERVICES COMMISSION.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS

In continuation of the Commission's notification published in the Supplement to Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 30th July 1935, the following candidate is declared to have completed satisfactorily the practical test for the Head Surveyor and Sub-Assistant's Test held on 19th March 1936.

Register number	Name and designation.
1428	Ramachandra Rao, K., Deputy Surveyor, Collector's Office, Mangalore.

C. P. KARUNAKARA MENON,
Secretary.

Office of the Madras Services Commission,
Cathedral P.O., Madras, 25th April 1936.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

EXAMINATION FOR TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES IN PHYSICAL TRAINING (FOR MEN) TRAINED IN THE Y.M.C.A. SCHOOL OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION, SAIDAPET, MADRAS, APRIL 1936.

The following candidates are declared to have passed the examination held at Saidapet in April 1936:—

(Period of training—July 1935 to April 1936.)

Register number and name of candidate.

FIRST CLASS.

15 T. Srinivasagopalan.
18 Charles Victor.
40 Shashanka Shekhar Ghosh.
43 Mohan Lall Talwar.
58 Muhammed Akram.
59 V. Aaraiah.
60 V. Henry Abraham Carr.

SECOND CLASS.

1 Y. Shouri Reddy.
2 Niranjan Singh.
6 P. V. Subba Rao.
7 Sh. Muhammad Aslam.
9 Mohammad Ashraf.
10 S. V. Ghurye.
12 Vishwa Nath Dutt Bahuguna.
13 Xavier Roberts.
16 C. T. Venkataraman.
17 T. Appavu Jain.
19 G. V. Narasimha Rao.
20 N. Venkataramana.

Register number and name of candidate.

SECOND CLASS—*contd.*

21 Harris G. Moses.
23 S. Loganathan.
25 Charan Dass Gauhar
26 K. C. Paul Chowdhury
28 Dalip Singh Gomaspuri.
30 Gurchaan Singh.
32 B. M. Macha.
33 G. Ramaswami.
35 E. John Madaram.
38 Nirmal Kumar Basu.
39 S. Kandaiya.
41 Walter David.
44 Narendra Singh
45 Rasa Ahmad.
46 Khurshid Ahmad Khan Lodhi.
47 Bishambhar Sahai.
51 P. D. George John.

THIRD CLASS.

3 Balwant Singh Rathaurpuri.
4 Rajamanickam Moses.
5 N. Narayanaswamy Naidu.
8 B. Kissen Singh.
11 M. L. Shrivastava
14 Balwant Singh Uberoi.
22 S. Ganesan.
24 K. N. Sinha.
27 B. V. Narasimha Rao.
29 Darshan Singh
31 Ch. Abdul Ghani Shaikh.
34 S. J. Stephens.
36 Ajit. K. Mukherjee.
37 P. Fyzal Sajjad.
42 V. V. Ramamurty.
48 Lalit Mohan Joshi.
49 M. C. Joseph.
50 K. Kunharaboo.
52 K. Karunakaran Nair.
53 P. Ponnan.
54 S. Maruthamuthu.
56 B. Adinarayana.
58 K. V. Rajan.
62 Xavier Absalom.

Applications from unsuccessful candidates or from persons on their behalf asking for information as to the cause of failure or for a re-valuation of their answer papers will not be attended to.

(By order)

MOHAMMAD,
Secretary.

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 25th April 1936.

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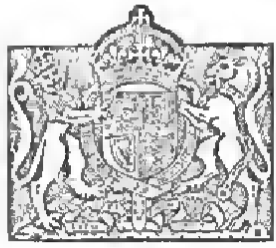

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 18] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 5, 1936. [PRICE, 3 annas.

Part II—Miscellaneous Notifications

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SUPPLEMENT :

Abstract of Season Report for week ending 2nd May 1936.

APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE, ETC.

JUDICIAL.

No. 28, Leave.—M.R.Ry. M. S. Narayanaswami Ayyar Avargal, District Munsif, Salem, is granted under Fundamental Rules 81 and 83, leave on average pay without medical certificate for eighteen days with effect from the 23rd April 1936. He is also permitted to affix to his leave the summer vacation of the District Munsif's Court, Salem, provided the conditions prescribed by the Local Government in this respect, in the subsidiary rules to Fundamental Rules 17 and 68 are satisfied.

No. 27. Postings.—The following postings of District Munsifs have been ordered by the High Court:—

M.R.Ry. M. S. Narayanaswami Ayyar Avargal, on the expiry of his leave, to the Court of the District Munsif, Salem, in relief of M.R.Ry. A. V. Venkataramana Ayyar Avargal, reverted.

M.R.Ry. L. V. Sivaramakrishna Ayyar Avargal, on the expiry of his leave, to the Court of the District Munsif of Shoyala, in relief of Mr. P. Herbert Sundaram, reverted.

NOTE.—The acting District Munsifs ordered to revert will hand over charge to their Head clerks, on the afternoon of the last working day before their Courts close for the summer vacation, 1936.

G. S. WHITE,
Registrar.

High Court, Madras,
1st May 1936.

INCOME-TAX.

Postings.—Mr. P. D. Raghavan, Income-tax Officer, on relief at Mangalore, is posted to the Sixth Circle, Madras.

Madras, 24th April 1936.

Leave and posting.—Khan Sahib Abdus Salaam Sayeed Sahib Bahadur, Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax, Central Range, Bezwada, is granted leave on average pay for four months from 6th May 1936 or date of relief.

Mr. R. A. Narayana Ayyangar, Income-tax Officer, on leave, is appointed to act as Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax and is posted to the Central Range, Bezwada, vice Khan Sahib Abdus Salaam Sayeed Sahib Bahadur, granted leave.

The unexpired portion of the leave granted to Mr. Narayana Ayyangar, in the Commissioner's Proceedings No. 61/36, dated 13th March 1936, is cancelled.

N. H. SYNNECK,
Commissioner of Income-tax.

Madras 29th April 1936.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Postings and transfers.—M.R.Ry. Natesaswami Ayyar Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, Assistant Engineer, on return from leave, to the Tanjore Circle.

M.R.Ry. Challa Kameswara Rao Avargal, Assistant Engineer, Grand Anicut subdivision, River Conservancy Division, Tanjore Circle, to the Madras Circle.

M.R.Ry. Ramaswami Ayyar Panchapakesa Ayyar Avargal, Assistant Engineer, Gudivada subdivision, Kistna Eastern Division, Masulipatam Circle, to the Dowlaiswaram Circle.

Madras, 29th April 1936.

Extension of leave and appointment.—M.R.Ry. Mangipudam Narayana Ayyar Venkateswaran Avargal, B.A., Assistant Engineer, extension of leave—average pay for one month from 4th May 1936 to noon. The leave granted to him for one month from 4th April 1936 forenoon will be on average pay.

M.R.Ry. Vembakutta Thomas Abraham, Supervisor, Cauvery Gauging subdivision, is appointed to officiate as a temporary Assistant Engineer in that subdivision for another period of one month from 4th May 1936 forenoon as a temporary measure, under rule 4 (a) (ii) and subject to the restrictions laid down in rule 4 (a) (b) of the general rules for Provincial Services as amended by G.O. No. 642, Public (Services), dated 10th June 1924.

Madras, 29th April 1936.

Appointment.—Under rule 4 (a) (i) of the General Rules for Provincial Services, M.R.Ry. Gudur Dharmajayan, Supervisor, Public Works Department, is appointed as a temporary Assistant Engineer and continued in the Trichinopoly Circle for a period of one month, from 1st May 1936 or until a candidate is appointed to the post in accordance with the rules, whichever is earlier.

R. NARASIMHA AYYANGAR,
Chief Engineer, P.W.D. (General and Irrigation).

Madras, 30th April 1936.

Re-posting.—M.R.Ry. Challa Kameswara Rao Avargal, Assistant Engineer, transferred to this Circle on Chief Engineer's Memorandum No. 1078 E/35-1, dated 28th April 1936 is re-posted to the charge of the Bellary subdivision of the Bellary Division.

W. J. DAVIS,
Superintending Engineer, Madras Circle.

Madras, 30th April 1936.

Posting and transfer.—(1) M.R.Ry. L. M. Sundaresa Ayyar Avargal, Officiating Assistant Engineer, on the expiry of sanction for an Assistant Engineer for Gundlakamma basin, to take charge of Bandar subdivision, Kistna Eastern Division. To join on 1st May 1936 afternoon.

(2) M.R.Ry. K. Jagannatha Sastri Avargal, Officiating Assistant Engineer, Bandar subdivision, on relief by item (1), to Gudivada subdivision, Kistna Eastern Division, in place of M.R.Ry. R. Panchapakesa Ayyar Avargal, Assistant Engineer transferred, supernumerary to the Circle.

F. M. DOWLEY,
Superintending Engineer, Guntur Circle.

Bezwada, 29th April 1936.

MEDICAL.

Leave.—M.R.Ry. V. Govindan Nayar Avargal, L.M.S. (Mad.), M.R.C.P. (Edin.), Lecturer in Venereal Diseases and Dermatology, Medical College, and Venereologist and Dermatologist, King George Hospital, Vizagapatam, leave on average pay for two months from the 6th May 1936 under Fundamental Rule 81 with permission to affix Sunday, the 5th July 1936.

Madras, 29th April 1936.

Postings.—M.R.Ry. M. A. Panchanatha Ayyangar Avargal, M.B.C.M. (Edin.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), L.R.C.S. (Ed.), promoted as Temporary Assistant Surgeon, is posted to Government Hospital, Erode (Coimbatore district), temporarily, vice M.R.Ry. A. N. Varghese Avargal, L.M.S.

M.R.Ry. T. V. Gopala Menon Avargal, M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, on return from leave, is posted to the Medical College, Vizagapatam, to fill a vacancy.

M.R.Ry. K. V. Nanukutty Nayar Avargal, M.B.C.M. (Edin.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), on return from leave, is posted as Assistant Surgeon, Government Royapuram Hospital, Madras, vice M.R.Ry. K. C. Jacob Avargal, B.A., M.B., B.S.

M.R.Ry. K. C. Jacob Avargal, B.A., M.B.B.S., Assistant Surgeon, Government Royapuram Hospital, Madras, on relief, is posted as Assistant in Pediatrics and Pathology, Medical College, Madras, vice M.R.Ry. M. Narayana Prabhu Avargal, M.B.B.S.

(By order)

S. K. PILLAI,
Personal Assistant to the Surgeon General.

Madras, 30th April 1936.

GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

SECRETARIAT BUILDINGS, 6, ESPLANADE EAST, CALCUTTA.

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m. Sundays and holidays, from 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.

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H. M. ABADULLAH,
Librarian.

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F. H. GRAVELY,
Superintendent.

NOTICE.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

PUBLIC ROOM OPEN 11 A.M. TO 4 P.M. ON WEEK DAYS EXCEPT SATURDAYS; AND 11 A.M. TO 1 P.M. ON SATURDAYS.

Directions for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook, fifth edition (price 8 annas), which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (as modified up to the 1st July 1930), and the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1933, together with current regulations and instructions. These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

The following is a list of the places where the publications of the Patent Office, as noted below, are deposited for free inspection by the public :—

A. Where all publications cited by printed specifications are available.

Bangalore—Indian Institute of Science.
Bangalore—Industrial Museum in the Office of the Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore.
Baroda—Department of Commerce and Industries.
Berlin—The Imperial Patent Office.
Bombay—Record Office.
Bombay—Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
Calcutta—Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.
Calcutta—Library attached to the Office of the Director of Industries, Bengal, 46/1 A, Free School Street.
Cawnpore—Harcourt Butler Technological Institute
Dacca—Sadar Registration Office.
Delhi—Office of the Industrial Surveyor
Lahore—Punjab Public Library.
London—The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
Lucknow—Ammuddaula Public Library.
Madras—Record Office, Egmore.
Madras—College of Engineering
Patna—Office of the Director of Industries, Bihar and Orissa.
Poona—Lord Reay Industrial Museum, Reay Market Tower, Shukrawarpeth.
Rangoon—Office of the Chief Secretary, Home and Political Departments, Government of Burma.
Washington (U.S.A.)—The Patent Office.

B. Where publications other than printed specifications are also kept.

Calcutta—The Imperial Library.
London—Office of the High Commissioner for India, India House, Aldwych, W.C. 2.

K. RAMA PAI,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The headquarters of M R Ry P M Chengappa, Temporary Executive Engineer, Trunk Roads Line Construction, will be Mercara.

H. C. HOWARD,
Chief Engineer (Electricity).

Madras, 27th April 1936.

The Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Salem, has, under section 46 of the Madras Co-operative Societies Act VI of 1932 cancelled the registration of the Murugapatti Adi-Dravida Co-operative Society in the Namakkal taluk of the Salem district and has appointed the Sub-Deputy Registrar, Salem, to be liquidator under section 47 (1) of the same Act. This order will take effect from this date, viz., 30th April 1936.

J. C. RYAN,
Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

Salem, 30th April 1936.

In supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Sub-Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies in Independent charge, Berhampur, is appointed under section 47 (1) of the Madras Co-operative Societies Act VI of 1932 to be the liquidator of the following societies which have been transferred from the Madras Presidency to the Orissa Province. This order will take effect from 1st April 1936 :—

(1) Ghumsur Co-operative Printing Works, Limited.
(2) Budhanaba Co-operative Society
(3) Pathala Co-operative Society.
(4) Khojipada Co-operative Society.
(5) Chanlapada Co-operative Society
(6) Surla Co-operative Society
(7) Ankapada Co-operative Society.
(8) Aska Local Co-operative Union.
(9) Baguda Local Co-operative Union.
(10) Ganjam District Co-operative Public Servants Co-operative Society.
(11) R. Udayagiri Agency Purchase and Sale Co-operative Society, Limited.

K. RANGASWAMI NAYUDU,
Joint Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

Madras, 22nd April 1936.

H-1a

TREASURE TROVE.

Under section 6 (a) of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, it is hereby notified that the treasure mentioned below was found on or about the 4th November 1935 by Thangala Moideen of Madayi amsam, Chirakkal taluk, while clearing the wild growth in the paramba of the jama mosque in Pazhayangadi situated in R.S. No. 212/2 of Madayi desom belonging to (1) Arackal Raja of Cannanore, (2) Thekkumbagath Marath Vaniyakkaraikath Ahamad Kutti of Madayi amsam, (3) Eachi Subramaniagath Narayan of Madayi amsam, (4) Vayan Sulaiman of Madayi amsam and (5) Kakkadan Aman of Madayi amsam :—

Description.	Value. Rs. A. P.
Silver—	
Whole rupee coins 4 (one mutilated)	4 0 0
Half rupee coin 1	0 8 0
Nickel—	
Two anna coins 2	0 4 0
Copper—	
Half anna coins 2	0 1 0
Small Satthanni coin 1	0 0 9
Quarter anna coins 12	1 0 0
Pie coins 3	0 0 3
Copper shield 1	0 4 0
Total	6 0 0

All persons claiming the treasure or any portion thereof are required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Malabar at the Huzur office at Calicut at 11 a.m. on 2nd June 1936 in order that their claims may be enquired into and determined according to law.

A. R. MacEWEN,
Collector.

Malabar Collector's Office,
22nd December 1935.

It is hereby notified under section (3) of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 that on 25th December 1935 the treasure articles noted below were found in R.S. No. 65 A-3 of Kodukkadi village of the Tiruturaipundi taluk of the Tanjore district :—

	Rs. A.
One Sri Nataraja, copper, weighing 4 maunds 11 seers	71 12
One Sri Nataraja stand, copper, weighing 31 seers	15 10
One Sandhyavandar copper weighing 12½ seers	6 14
One Sri Vinayagar, copper, weighing 10½ seers	5 15
One Sri Somaskandar Ambal, copper, weighing 23½ seers.	9 21
One Sri Somaskandar stand, copper, weighing 1 maund 25 seers.	24 6
One Sri Rakandar copper, weighing 3½ seers	1 5
One Nataraja sundaram, copper, weighing 2½ seers	1 4
One Sri Somaskandarvendar, copper, weighing 1 maund.	15 0
One stand of Sri Somaskandar Ambal, copper, weighing 33½ seers.	12 9
One Rishava Vahan, copper, weighing 12½ seers	4 11
One Sri Veerabhadhra Ambal, copper, weighing 1 maund 17½ seers.	21 1
One stand of Rishiva Vahan with post maidai, copper weighing 9 seers.	3 9
One Sri Appar, copper, weighing 11½ seers	4 8
One Ambasi Pidam, copper, weighing 18 seers	6 10
One Sri Nataraja Ammai stand, copper, weighing 10 seers.	3 12
Total ..	204 9

2 All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof, are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Personal Assistant to the Collector of Tanjore at Tanjore on 31st August 1936 at 2 p.m. when the matter will be enquired into and determined according to law.

K. RAMAN NAYAR,
Personal Assistant to Collector.

Tanjore Collector's Office,
5th April 1936.

Under section 6 (a) of the Indian Treasure Trove Act (VI of 1878), it is hereby notified that on 27th September 1933 the administrator appointed by the Subordinate Judge, Bapatla, under section 10 of Regulation III of 1802 took possession of the house of the deceased Tumuluri Venkata Subbayya of Pedlur, Ongole taluk, who died intestate and discovered the treasure detailed in the schedule below.

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by duly authorised agent before the Collector, Guntur, at his office at Guntur at 11 a.m. on 3rd August 1936 with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

Sources.

(1) Arsenal of cash at current cost—Rs. 1,680-6-0.
(2) Rupees rejected by the treasury as bad coins—Rs. 437-1-7.
(3) Rupees fastened up capable of being counted—Rs. 55.
(4) Rupees fastened and cannot be counted but weighing nearly—122½ tolas.
(5) Rupees, two quarter annas and two half annas and a pie, etc., contained in a brass vessel and fastened up weighing 105 tolas including the brass vessel weighing 30 tolas.
(6) Damaged silver two-anna pieces—4.
(7) Damaged quarter anna coin—1.
(8) Silver waist cord weighing nearly Rs. 12—1.
(9) Gold talisman—1.
(10) Garland of beads—1.
(11) Total weight of gold jewels together with stones, dust, etc., weighing nearly—11 severe gns 8½ chuvaras.

D. N. STRATHIE,
Collector.

Gunter Collector's Office,
21st February 1938.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Statement showing the INDIAN CONSUMPTION AND EXPORTS OF RAW COTTON in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 24th April 1938

(*Note.*—All figures in bales of 400 lb. Net.)

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year				In the current year.					
	Week ending 26th April 1937.		Total from 1st February 1937 to 24th April 1937.		Current week.			Total from 1st February 1938 to date.		
	Received at mills. (a)	Net exports by sea.	Received at mills.	Net exports by sea.	Received at mills. (c)	Net exports by sea. (d)	Total.	Received at mills.	Net exports by sea.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Tinnevelly	1,091	363	2,114	6,722	2,957	5	2,962	(e) 10,317	2,950	13,267
Salem	634	..	1,259	4	410	8	418	3,111	2	3,113
Cambodia	4,629	1,288	20,901	14,198	5,227	209	5,557	(e) 36,318	6,347	42,665
Northern and Westcoast	191	221	4,413	6,078	848	2,451	3,299	6,450	12,125	18,575
Coromandal	85	220	605	2,253	59	281	470	(f) 863	3,452	4,315
Outside cotton ..	2,813	— 370	24,926	—14,591	8,403	382	8,196	34,919	— 27,201	— 8,282
Total ..	19,145	2,013	72,249	13,646	12,004	3,747	14,751	92,036	— 11,741	80,249

(a) Returns supplied in the corresponding week of previous year by twenty-seven mills.
(b) Returns supplied in the current week by twenty-nine mills.
(c) Exports by sea in the current week.—Madras—Northern and Westcoast 2,451; Coromandal 281; Coromandal—Nil; Tuticorin—Tinnevelly 4, Cuddalore—Salem 2; Cambodia 209; Cochin—Nil; Mangalore—Nil.
Imports by sea in the current week—Madras 382 (from Bombay, Calcutta 61 (from Bombay).
—Denotes net imports.
(d) Includes 481 bales not reported before.
(e) Includes 2,253 bales not reported before.
(f) Includes 27 bales not reported before.

Quantity of COTTON PRESSED in the pressing factories and of UNGINNED COTTON RECEIVED AT SPINNING MILLS in the Madras Presidency during the week ending 24th April 1938.

(*Note.*—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. Net.)

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year				In the current year				Revised Target for 1937-38
	Number pressed in the week ending 24th April 1937.	Number pressed from 1st February 1937 to 24th April 1937.	Unginned cotton received at spinning mills during the week ending 24th April 1937.	Total cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1937 to 24th April 1937.	Number pressed in the current week.	Number pressed from 1st February 1938 to date.	Unginned cotton received at spinning mills during the week ending 24th April 1938.	Total cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1938 to date.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tinnevelly	5,978	16,997	4,818	33,678	8,998	18,457	3,184	23,842	120,000
Salem	16	247	2,215	3,462	61	99	4,979	4,918	30,000
Cambodia	8,958	32,218	10,847	117,762	9,189	31,771	34,014	55,785	210,000
Northern and Westcoast	6,206	34,109	23	34,232	6,402	36,157	18	36,363	130,000
Coromandal and Chitl ..	860	3,918	903	4,824	961	4,257	168	4,930	27,000
Outside cotton ..	..	..	104	104	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	15,150	88,177	27,902	1,17,209	19,937	80,781	42,366	125,467	546,000

Statement of COTTON PRESSED in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 24th April 1938.

[Section 6 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Variety of cotton.	Number of bales pressed			
	During the week.	During the corresponding week last year.	Since 1st February 1938.	During the corresponding period last year.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Tinnevelly	8,998	5,978	18,457	16,997
Salem	61	16	99	247
Cambodia	9,189	8,958	31,771	32,218
Northern and Westcoast	6,402	6,206	36,157	34,109
Coromandal	961	860	4,257	3,918
Outside cotton	..	..	..	..
Total ..	19,937	20,150	80,781	88,477

Madras, 1st May 1938.

D. ANANDA RAO,
Director of Agriculture.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

VITAL STATISTICS OF THE MUNICIPAL TOWNS of the Madras Presidency for the week ending 28th March 1936.

Serial number.	District and Municipal towns.	POPULATION (WITH ESTIMATES) ACCORDING TO THE CENSUS OF 1931.			BIRTHS.		DEATHS.												
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Number registered during the week.	Rate per mille per annum.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Respiratory diseases (including Pneumonia).	Injuries including violence.	Deaths from child birth.	All other causes.	Total.			
																Males.	Females.	Total.	
	Godavari—																		
1	Tadepalligudem ..	15,490	15,290	30,780	20	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	7	9	3	12	
2	Narasapur ..	9,021	10,165	20,186	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	Chittavole * ..	9,000	8,650	18,650	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Kistna—																		
4	Vijayawada * ..	23,445	27,564	51,009	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
5	Vijayawada ..	27,165	26,535	53,700	36	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	11	15	11	26	
6	Avanigadda ..	11,149	11,026	22,175	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	2	5	
7	Nandigama ..	4,914	4,815	9,729	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	
	Godavari, East—																		
8	Cocanada ..	33,662	32,980	66,642	25	1	..	..	..	2	1	1	1	..	27	32	24	56	
9	Rajahmundry ..	19,070	21,449	40,519	24	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	12	16	10	26	
10	Peddapuram ..	6,501	6,770	13,271	4	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	2	4	..	4	
	Godavari, West—																		
11	Bhimavaram ..	16,211	16,134	32,345	14	1	..	..	..	3	3	3	1	1	15	26	13	39	
12	Tanukkulu ..	8,365	8,443	16,808	6	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	5	7	1	8	
	Kistna—																		
13	Bezwada ..	31,675	30,752	62,427	26	..	..	..	..	5	2	3	..	..	27	37	21	58	
14	Masulipatam ..	20,268	21,080	40,348	23	1	..	..	..	29	6	1	..	..	18	54	30	84	
	Guntur—																		
15	Guntur	30,228	31,951	62,179	33	1	..	..	..	7	4	3	..	..	12	19	11	37	
16	Tenali *	21,851	19,829	41,680	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17	Chirala	9,453	9,661	19,114	10	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	4	6	1	7	
18	Ongole	8,309	8,563	16,872	11	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	4	6	2	8	
19	Bapatla	1,858	7,978	15,840	7	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	3	5	1	6	
	Kistna—																		
20	Kaikolu	20,810	20,086	40,896	26	2	..	..	..	3	2	1	..	..	17	23	15	38	
	Madras—																		
21	Madras	441,259	506,007	947,266	475	10	1	..	..	15	15	107	4	2	306	451	306	757	
	Chingleput—																		
22	Conjeevaram ..	19,561	19,791	39,352	20	2	..	..	..	2	2	1	..	..	11	16	14	30	
23	Saidapet	17,190	16,068	33,258	10	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	4	8	3	11	
24	Chingleput * ..	7,047	6,911	14,958	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	South Arcot—																		
25	Cuddalore	20,393	20,143	40,536	21	2	..	..	..	6	3	3	..	..	20	32	16	48	
26	Chidambaram ..	12,618	12,835	25,064	13	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	5	7	5	12	
27	Villupuram ..	10,047	9,980	20,127	8	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	3	5	5	10	
	Tinnevelly—																		
28	Tinnevelly	72,997	69,846	142,843	105	4	..	..	..	3	15	13	3	1	46	81	76	157	
29	Srivaigundi ..	11,217	10,748	21,965	15	2	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	5	8	2	10	
30	Karur	6,997	6,913	13,910	14	2	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	3	5	2	7	
	Tanjore—																		
31	Tanjore	33,190	33,309	66,499	30	2	2	..	..	3	2	1	..	1	19	28	20	48	
32	Kumbakonam ..	30,758	31,579	62,337	20	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	11	13	10	23	
33	Negapatam	22,143	23,304	45,447	18	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	11	13	10	23	
34	Mayavaram	15,872	16,315	32,187	10	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	11	8	19	
35	Mannargudi	11,000	11,464	22,764	10	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	2	1	3	
36	Tiruvalur	10,024	10,341	20,365	11	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	2	5	
	Madura—																		
37	Madura	84,875	90,242	175,117	117	6	1	..	..	5	2	3	..	1	29	41	26	67	
38	Dindigul	27,251	31,266	58,517	20	2	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	10	12	8	20	
39	Ramnad Palaiyam ..	13,740	13,790	27,530	15	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	3	4	3	7	
40	Periyakulam ..	11,809	11,225	23,034	14	1	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	4	6	4	10	
41	Theni	9,243	9,556	18,799	17	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	2	
42	Kambham	9,572	9,966	19,538	13	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	2	
	Nellore—																		
43	Virudhunagar ..	18,153	23,151	41,304	30	3	1	..	..	3	2	1	..	..	6	12	6	18	
44	Srivilliputtur ..	16,938	16,652	33,590	24	3	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	11	14	10	24	
45	Kovilpatti	20,958	20,777	41,735	25	2	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	3	5	3	8	
46	Sivakasi *	7,291	7,021	14,312	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Nellore—																		
47	Nellore	30,497	29,993	60,490	21	1	..	..	..	4	2	2	..	1	10	15	9	24	
48	Gudur	17,000	17,875	34,875	14	2	..	..	..	3	1	2	..	..	5	9	6	15	
49	Kavali	14,284	17,800	32,090	10	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	10	12	11	23	
	North Arcot—																		
50	Vellore	28,670	28,620	57,290	37	2	..	..	..	5	2	3	..	..	17	27	15	42	
51	Tiruvannamalai ..	13,630	13,758	27,388	11	1	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	4	6	4	10	
52	Gudiyattam	13,272	13,118	26,390	11	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	4	5	3	8	
53	Tiruvannamalai ..	10,274	10,196	20,470	12	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	4	5	3	8	
54	Tirupattur	8,113	8,185	16,298	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	2	
55	Vaniyambadi ..	5,472	5,931	11,403	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Salem—																		
56	Salem	39,892	41,196	81,088	31	2	..	..	..	11	7	5	3	1	20	47	26	73	
57	Tiruppur	9,498	9,840	19,338	9	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	14	17	12	29	
	Tanjore—																		
58	Kumbakonam ..	51,206	50,906	102,112	108	5	..	..	..	11	7	5	3	1	20	50	33	83	
	Trichinopoly—																		
59	Coimbatore	18,899	23,212	42,111	24	1	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	10	13	8	21	
60	Erode	17,645	19,907	37,552	11	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	7	9	5	14	
61	Pollachi	11,793	10,392	22,185	22	2	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	3	5	3	8	
62	Dharapuram	8,945	9,333	18,278	11	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	3	4	1	5	
63	Tiruppur	8,127	8,902	16,029	11	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	2	5	
64	Udumalpet	6,154	6,940	13,094	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Tanjore—																		
65	Pattukkottai * ..	17,948	17,990	35,938	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
66	Mandyal	13,940	13,995	27,935	15	1	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	7	10	5	15	
	Trichinopoly—																		
67	Trichinopoly	31,577	31,000	62,577	37	2	..	..	..	3	2	1	..	..	6	9	7	16	
68	Srirangam	10,360	9,944	20,304	14	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	2	3	2	5	
	Salem—																		
69	Salem	23,436	23,198	47,634	32	2	..	..	..	5	3	2	..	..	15	23	14	37	
70	Attur	17,963	17,672	35,635	27	3	..	..	..	3	2	1	..	..	13	19	12	31	
71	Hosur	10,856	10,818	21,674	20	2	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	1	5	8	5	13	
	Anantapur—																		
72	Anantapur	8,024	7,976	15,000	5	..	..	..	..	3	2	1	..	..	3	6	3	9	
73	Hindupur	7,245	6,846	14,091	10	1	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	4	6	1	7	
74	Tadpatri	6,290	6,250	12,540	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Nilgiris, Etc.—																		
75	Ootacamund ..	13,154	11,143	24,297	18	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	4	7	5	12	
76	Coonoor	7,279	6,961	14,240	12	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	2	
	South Kanara—																		
77	Mangalore	34,022	33,084	68,706	44	2	..	..	..	3	1	2	1	..	7	13	7	20	
	Malabar—																		
78	Calicut	31,080	46,241	76,321	47	1	..	..	..	3	..	3	..	1	7	11	9	20	
79	Palghat	24,214	24,050	47,264	40	2	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	5	8	7	15	
80	Cannanore	15,054	17,302	34,356	11	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	2	3	7	10	
81	Tellicherry	14,211	15,136	29,349	20	2	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	3	4	7	11	
82	Cochin	11,860	10,960	22,820	17	2	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	3	4	3	7	
	Total ..	1,887,896	1,987,520	3,775,416	2,260	213	12	15	9	186	137	420	25	10	973	1,262	842	2,104	

* Returns not received.

Madras, 29th April 1936.

ABSTRACT RETURN OF ATTACKS AND DEATHS FROM EPIDEMIC DISEASES in the Presidency of Madras during the week ending 11th April 1936.

Name of taluk (rural) and municipality	Cholera.		Smallpox.		Plague.		Relapsing fever.	
	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.
Tinnevelly—								
Ambasamudram	75	33	..	..	.	..	.	..
Tenkasi	33	7	..	..	.	.	.	..
Kanniyakumari	7	3	..	..	.	.	.	..
Tirunelveli	..	..	6	.	.	..	.	..
Tinnevelly	8	1	..	..	.	.	.	..
Tinnevelly M.T.	6	3	..	..	.	.	.	..
Total	129	47	6	.	.	.	.	..
Cuddapah—								
Cuddapah	..	..	1	1	.	.	..	..
Jammalamadugu	..	..	5	.	.	..	..	..
Total	..	..	6	.	..	..	..	.
Kurnool—								
Kurnool	23	7	8	8	.	.	.	..
Nandyal	..	..	..	..	3	.	..	..
Total	23	7	8	8	3	.	..	.
Guntur—								
Bapatla	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
Machilipatnam	..	..	14	.	..	..	..	..
Tenali	..	..	4	.	..	..	..	..
Guntur	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	1	1	19	3	..	..	..	..
North Arcot—								
Arni	2	2	..	..	..	.	..	..
Polur	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tiruppattur	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Tiruvannamalai	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vaniyambadi	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Wandiwash	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	7	7	2	..	.	..	.	.
Chittoor—								
Chittoor	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Madanapalle	..	..	1	.	..	..	..	..
Tirupattur	..	..	1	.	..	..	..	..
Palmaner	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tiruttani	11	9	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vayalpad	..	..	1	.	..	..	..	..
Total	14	11	3	..	..	..	..	..
Salem—								
Namakkal	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Rasipuram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tiruchengode	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore—								
Dharapuram	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Gobichettipalayam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pollachi	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Udumalpet	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Erode M.T.	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Perundurai M.T.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..
The Nilgiris—								
Ootacamund	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara—								
Coondapoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Karkal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kundapoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mangalore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Uppinangadi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar—								
Calicut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ponnani	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kottayam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kozhikode	..	..	11	10	..	..	..	..
Palghat	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..
Pollachi	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
Walayar	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Calicut M.T.	..	..	14	8	2	2	..	..
Cannanore M.T.	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	31	19	2	2	..	..
TOTAL—MUNICIPALITIES.	21	7	34	5	2	2	..	..
TOTAL—RURAL DISTRICTS.	443	219	262	41	6	2	..	..
GRAND TOTAL...	463	226	296	46	8	10	..	..

C. M. GANAPATHY, Lieut.-Col., I.M.S.,
Director of Public Health.

Madras, 20th April 1936.

JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Under the provisions of section 121 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, as I with the approval of His Excellency the Governor in Council, the High Court has made the following amendments in the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908:—

CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.

Substitute the following for Form No. 8 in Appendix (G):—

DECREE.
ORDER.

IN THE COURT OF THE

Present:—

Judge.

day, the day of 193 .

Appeal Suit
Civil Miscellaneous Appeal Suit } No. of 19 .

Between

Appellant

and

Respondent.

On appeal from the Decree/Order of the Court of the dated the day of 19 and made in

Original Suit
Execution Petition
Interlocutory Application } No. of 19 .

Between:

Plaintiff—Petitioner.

and

Defendant—Respondent.

Particulars of valuation.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Valuation in Appeal			
2 Do. in suit ..			

DECREE—ORDER:—This Appeal coming on this day for hearing having been heard on the day of 19 , upon perusing the grounds of appeal, the Decree/Order and judgment of the lower Court and the material papers in the case and upon hearing the arguments of Mr. for the Appellant and of Mr. for the Respondent, and the appeal having stood over for this day for consideration, this Court doth order and decree that the decree/order of the lower Court be and hereby is confirmed and this appeal dismissed.

This Court doth further order and decree that the Appellant ( ) do pay to the Respondent ( ) Rs. for costs in this appeal and do bear own costs Rs.

Particulars of costs.

Appellants.	Amount. Rs. A. P.	Respondents.	Amount. Rs. A. P.
1 Stamp on Appeal Memo. ..		1 Stamp for power	
2 Stamp on valuation		2 Stamp for petition	
3 Stamp on copies of lower Court decree/order and judgment including copying fee ..		3 Service of process	
4 Stamp on petition ..		4 Pleader's fee Rs.	
5 Process fees			
6 Fee for preparation of process ..			
7 Pleader's fee Rs.			
Total ..		Total ..	

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this day of 19 .

Judge.

COURT

Appeal Suit
Civil Miscellaneous Appeal Suit } No. of 19 .

DECREE—ORDER.

(Sd.) H. C. C. BEASLEY, *Chief Justice.*
(") M. VENKATASUBBA RAO
(") C. MADHAVAN NAIR
(") S. VARADACHARIAR
(") SYDNEY HOPE
(") VERE MOCKETT
(") V. P. ROW
(") A. J. KING
(") E. WADSWORTH
(") P. VENKATARAMANA RAO
(") K. P. LAKSHMANA RAO
(") F. W. GENTLE
(") J. C. STODART
(") K. B. MENON
Judges.

High Court, Madras,
25th April 1936.

The High Court hereby makes the following amendment to the Appellate Side Rules, 1905, and publishes it for general information. It shall come into force immediately:—

Delete Chapter IX-A.

(Sd.) H. C. C. BEASLEY, *Chief Justice.*
(") M. VENKATASUBBA RAO
(") C. MADHAVAN NAIR
(") S. VARADACHARIAR
(") SYDNEY HOPE
(") VERE MOCKETT
(") V. P. ROW
(") A. J. KING
(") E. WADSWORTH
(") P. VENKATARAMANA RAO
(") K. P. LAKSHMANA RAO
(") F. W. GENTLE
(") J. C. STODART
(") K. B. MENON
Judges.

G. S. WHITE,
Registrar.

High Court, Madras,
25th April 1936.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

(IN INSOLVENCY.)

Notice is hereby given that on petitions presented by the undermentioned persons on dates given below orders of adjudication in insolvency were made against the said debtors by the High Court of Judicature at Madras on dates noted against the names of each:—

Number of the petition, date of filing, name and address of the insolvent, date of adjudication.
208/1936, 15th April 1936: P. K. Nair lately employed in the East Asiatic Company, Limited, Armenian street, Madras, but now unemployed, No. 105, Ramaswamy street, Georgetown, Madras, 16th April 1936.
209/1936, 15th April 1936: T. S. Muniswamy Pathar, a goldsmith, No. 29, Mannarsha street, Georgetown, Madras, 16th April 1936.
207/1936, 16th April 1936: O. S. Seshadrisa Ayyar, Teacher, Elementary School Sahar Road, Mylapore, Madras, residing at No. 19, Powder Mill street, Second Lane, Mylapore, Madras, 17th April 1936.
206/1936, 16th April 1936: K. S. Kanagya Chetti, lately carrying on a petty business in Provisions at No. 19, Arunachala Na ckan street, Triplicane, Madras, but now unemployed, No. 186, Rasappa Chetti street, Park Town, Madras, 17th April 1936.
205/1936, 16th April 1936: J. T. Francis, a Telegraphist in the Central Telegraph Office, Madras, No. 514, Binns street, Mylapore, Madras, 17th April 1936.
210/1936, 17th April 1936: P. Annamalai Chetti, a merchant now unemployed, No. 43, Thambu Chetti street, Georgetown, Madras; 20th April 1936.
211/1936, 17th April 1936: S. Duraisami Nayudu, a petty clerk in a betel-nut shop, No. 17, Ramakrishnan street, Georgetown, Madras, 20th April 1936.
212/1936, 20th April 1936: M. Shanmuga Rao, an attender in the Madras Christian College, No. 7, Second street, Purasai, Madras, 21st April 1936.
213/1936, 21st April 1936: K. K. Venkatachapathy Ayyar and K. S. Mani Ayyar, merchants, Car street, Triplicane Madras, 22nd April 1936.
214/1936, 20th April 1936: D. Seshadri Rajulu, (1) Sevakuli Chinnayalu and (2) Sevakuli Subbayalu, carriagemen, residing in separate huts near Old Slaughter House Road, Chetpet, Madras, 21st April 1936.
215/1936, 21st April 1936: M. Kandaswami Nayakar and V. Muthu Nayakar, unemployed, No. 25, Triplicane Middle street, Triplicane, Madras, 22nd April 1936.
216/1936, 21st April 1936: P. Kandaswami Pillai, a vegetable seller, in the Municipal Bazaar, No. 6, Kilpauk-Garden Road, Kilpauk, Madras, 22nd April 1936.

Number of the petition; date of filing; name and address of the insolvent; date of adjudication.

211/1936. 21st April 1936; Govindaraji Nayakar, a carriage cleaner in the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Company, Limited, Madras. No. 12, Central godown lane, Chintadripet, Madras, 22nd April 1936.

215/1936. 22nd April 1936; D. R. Narayanamurti Pillai, sheet-iron worker, No. 11, Mannadi 3rd street, Thondiarpet, Madras, 22nd April 1936.

231/1936. 22nd April 1936; P. Kuttappa Nayak, a peon in the Government of Madras Marine, No. 46, Marine Royal Colours Sailor's Square, Madras; 22nd April 1936.

235/1936. 22nd April 1936; C. E. Samuvelu Mayudu, a clerk in W. Binny & Co., Ltd., of Nos. 3, 134 and 135, Peddanaick Mudaliar Street, No. 2, Thandavarayan Pillai street, Georgetown, Madras; 22nd April 1936.

237/1936. 22nd April 1936; O. Gopalakrishnan Pillai, a motor driver, No. 65, Pramukha Mudali street, Georgetown, Madras; 24th April 1936.

238/1936. 24th April 1936; L. H. Reid, unemployed, 'Enfield,' Greenway Road, Madras; 24th April 1936.

239/1936. 24th April 1936; Abdul Hameed Khan, unemployed, No. 16, Old Jail R.A., Egmore, Madras; 24th April 1936.

240/1936. 24th April 1936; C. Ganapathy Mudaliar, a pattern maker, No. 7, Sullivan street, Georgetown, Madras, 25th April 1936.

241/1936. 24th April 1936; L. R. Pramod an, present unemployed and L. Pramod an, formerly in the Saint Thomas Convent, Mylapore, Madras, No. 6, Davidson street, Georgetown, Madras, 25th April 1936.

242/1936: 25th April 1936; T. Kuppuswamy a petty tea vendor carrying on his trade at No. 11/52, Anna Pillai street, residing at No. 10, Post Office street, Georgetown, Madras; 27th April 1936.

243/1936. 25th April 1936; S. Rahim Moideen, a pattern maker, No. F. 381, Foundry Department, Workshops of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Company, Limited, at Perambur, No. 42, Sannappa street, Old Washermanpet, Madras; 25th April 1936.

250/1936. 28th April 1936; A. V. Jones, a clerk-mason in the Perambur Workshops of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Company, Limited, and Angela Ella Jones, his wife both residing at No. 9, Pattanna Mudali street, Georgetown, Madras, 29th April 1936.

251/1936. 28th April 1936; T. K. Varada Pillai and T. V. Gopal Pillai, sheikers, No. 30, Lal Mahomed street, Triplicane, Madras, 29th April 1936.

Notice is hereby given that an petitions presented by the undermentioned creditors of the debtors on dates given below orders of adjudication in insolvency were made against the said debtors by the High Court of Judicature at Madras on dates noted against the name of each :—

Number of the petition; date of filing; name of the petitioning creditor; name and address of the insolvent; date of adjudication.

158/1936. 2nd March 1936; Vadivelu Chettiar, Karaikudi Annual : a monthly resident, at No. 5, Agraram Gramani 1st lane, Mylapore, Madras, 9th April 1936.

190/1936: 6th April 1936; The Central Agency, Limited: S. M. Hasan Mohideen and Brothers and the partners Shaik Mohideen and S. M. Hasan Mohideen, carrying on business at No. 54 Bunder street, Madras; the firm and the first partner on 14th April 1936 and the second partner on 27th April 1936.

Notice is hereby given that the orders of this Court adjudging the undermentioned persons insolvents pursuant to the provisions of Act III of 1909 (the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act) were annulled by orders made therein on dates noted against the name of each :—

Number of the petitioner; name and address of the insolvent; date of annulment.

208/1936: Sriramulu Chetti, a gumasta, No. 61/61, Hithamadhanam Koil street, Georgetown, Madras, 21st April 1936.

210/1936. C. R. Krishnamurti Sarvagar, a sheriff in the Court of Small Causes, Madras, and Kanagala Nayagar a cooly, No. 1/38, Thirumalaippa Mudali street, Purasawalkam, Madras; 27th April 1936.

236/1936. T. Thirunavukkarasu and P. J. Frederickson Esq., No. 46, Ratnagiri street, Thiruvottiyurpuyal, Madras, 22nd April 1936.

238/1936. Mahomed Sajjad, a petty repairer, No. 134, Mosque street, Georgetown, Madras; 23rd April 1936.

49/1936: A. Bhavanaya Mudali, a milkman, No. 46, Ayyakkan street, Chetpattu Bazaar, Georgetown, Madras; 23rd April 1936.

97/1936. V. Mahomed Meyabai, No. 6, Nagammal lane, Chintadripet, Madras, 23rd April 1936.

94/1936. J. Mariya, No. 1, Y.mi street, Washermanpet, Madras, 23rd April 1936.

101/1936. K. Ganapathi Chetti, salt vendor, No. 9, Kalastipuram, Purasawalkam, Madras, 23rd April 1936.

104/1936. Mudali Kandaiah, a plants a fruit merchant, No. 46, Muthuswamimal street, Georgetown, Madras; 23rd April 1936.

113/1936. C. Parthasarathi Mudaliar, a practising man, in the Diocesan Press, No. 5, Vedagiri Mudali street, Chintadripet, Madras, 23rd April 1936.

119/1936. Thamal Sundaram, T. Kuppuswami Ayyar and Rangasharma, sowcars, No. 21, Nammalwar street, Chindadripet, Madras, 9th April 1936.

122/1936. E. M. Rashvill Esq., a private gumasta, No. 44/49, Kachchalam street, Park Town, Madras, 9th April 1936.

148/1936: Mrs. M. L. D Souza : A Shorthand typist in the Old Comrades Association, No. 9, Arunachala Pandaram street, Vepery, Madras, 23rd April 1936.

151/1936. K. Abdul Kader Labbai, a Posh Imam, No. 83/85, Moore street, Georgetown, Madras, 23rd April 1936.

154/1936. T. Krishnaswami Mudaliyar & Sd. Under, No. 15, Perumal Chetti street, Vepery, Madras, 23rd April 1936.

156/1936: K. V. Jamaldeen Sayeeb, a petty Jawab merchant, Sp. 13, Rangoon street, Park Town, Madras; 30th April 1936.

Number of the petitioner; occupation and address of the insolvent; date of annulment.

170/1936. M. V. Chenchuvarayan, a teacher in the Corporation Boys' school No. 213, Linghi Chetty street, Georgetown Madras; 30th April 1936.

176/1936. M. Parthasarathi Pandi No. 19 Arunachala Ayyar street, Triplicane, Madras; 30th April 1936.

182/1936. K. P. Annamalai Achari a goldsmith, No. 24, Mylapuram Nayakan street, Chintadripet, Madras, 30th April 1936.

200/1936. Lachhi Kanniya, a hardware coolie, No. 4 A, Ayyavaru Vannarapet Main street, Chetpat, Madras; 30th April 1936.

189/1936. Syed Abdul Kader a petty merchant, No. 9, Lala Talak street, off Wallajahroad, Madras; 30th April 1936.

252/1935. P. K. Parthasarathi Chetty and P. K. Kodiveelu Chetty, merchants, No. 17 (old Mangu pipe), Madras; 23rd April 1936.

204/1935. S. Annamalai, carrying on business under the name and style of S. Annamalai & Co., at No. 2311, Godown street, Georgetown, Madras, previous at No. 27 Sullappa Mudali street, Park Town, Madras; 23rd April 1936.

221/1936. V. Krishnappa Chetty, unemployed, No. 122, Varadamuthappan street, Chetpattu, Madras; 27th April 1936.

K. N. GANPATI,
First Assistant Registrar.

High Court, Madras,
1st May 1936.

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 3 of 1935, District Court, Chingleput.

Srinivasa Ayyar, aged 36, son of Subrahmania Ayyar, residing at Arungivakkam village, Tiruvallur taluk—*Petitioner (Debtor)*

Marimuta Nayudu and others—*Respondents (Creditors)*

Under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has been adjudicated insolvent on 31st March 1936 and that he should apply for discharge on or before 31st March 1937. Creditors should prove their claims within one month from the date of publication of this notice in the District Gazette by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Chingleput, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules. They should also give the Official Receiver all necessary instructions and provide him with funds where necessary.

No. 4 of 1935, District Court, Chingleput.

Subbaraya Pillai, son of Ramaswami Pillai, and N. S. Veeraraghava Pillai, son of Subbaraya Pillai, both residing at kasba Tiruvallur, Chingleput District—*Petitioners (Debtors).*

Ramanjanaik Sowcar and others—*Respondents*

(Creditors)

Under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioners have been adjudicated insolvents on 31st April 1936 and that they should apply for discharge on or before 31st April 1937. Creditors should prove their claims within one month from the date of publication of this notice in the District Gazette by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Chingleput, an affidavit in Form No. 6 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules. They should also give the Official Receiver all necessary instructions and provide him with funds, where necessary.

M. C. B. ROMAN,
District Judge.

Chingleput, 25th April 1936.

No. 22 of 1934, District Court, East Tanjore.

A N Rama Ayyar—*Petitioner (Debtor).*

T K Subrahmania Ayyar and others—*Respondents*

(Creditors).

Under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has been adjudged insolvent on 30th January 1935 and that he should apply for discharge on or before 30th January 1937. Creditors should prove their claims by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules. They should also give the Official Receiver all necessary instructions and provide him with funds, where necessary.

No. 3 of 1936, District Court, East Tanjore.

Somasundara Mudaliyar and Vaithilingam Pillai—*Petitioners (Creditors).*

Arunachalam Nayudu, Narayanaswamy Nayudu and Krishnaswamy Nayudu—*Respondents (Debtors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the petitioners have

applied to the Court praying to adjudge respondents as insolvents and that the said petition stands posted to 10th July 1936 for hearing.

P. RAJAGOPALACHARI,
District Judge.

Nellore, 17th April 1936.

No. 19 of 1933 (I.A. No. 367 of 1936), SUB-COURT, BAPATLA.

Pulla Arumiredi—*Petitioner (Insolvent)*
Cheruvu Lakshmipathi Sastri and others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 38 of Act V of 1920 that the above petitioner has filed a petition to approve the composition scheme filed along with the petition and annul the order of adjudication, dated 15th July 1933, passed against him and that the said petition stands posted to 13th July 1936 for hearing.

No. 42 of 1935, SUB-COURT, BAPATLA.

Kilaru Ranganna, Kilaru Anjayya, Kilaru Peda Kotayya, Kilaru China Kotayya and Kilaru Venkata Subbayya, Karnams and cultivators of Nagarapuivarapalem, hamlet of Parvidipuru—*Petitioners (Debtors).*
Chandra Venkamma and others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioners have been adjudged insolvents by an order of this Court, dated 14th April 1936, and that the creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Guntur. Time for discharge, one year.

No. 60 of 1935, SUB-COURT, BAPATLA.

Kolli Venkatadri, son of Pitchayya, Kamma, cultivator of Totlapalem, hamlet of Chebrolu—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Daasi Subbayya and others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 20th April 1936, and that the creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Guntur. Time for discharge, one year.

No. 87 of 1935, SUB-COURT, BAPATLA.

Thummala Chennakhayi, son of Tatiah, Kamma and cultivator of Peda Nandipadu—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Lava Chenchu Rajayya and others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 20th April 1936, and that the creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Guntur. Time for discharge, one year.

No. 71 of 1935, SUB-COURT, BAPATLA.

Vanka Ammayya—*Petitioner (Creditor)*
Ravuri Gopalakrishnayya, son of Pitchayya, Brahman, landholder of Cherukuru—*Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed respondent has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 15th April 1936 and that the creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Guntur. Time for discharge, one year.

No. 2 of 1936, SUB-COURT, BAPATLA.

Godipudi Subbayya—*Petitioner (Creditor).*
Jayavarapu Ramaswami, son of Krishnaswami, Vaisya, trade of Kaveturuvarapalem, hamlet of Tangutur—*Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed respondent has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 14th April 1936, and that the creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Guntur. Time for discharge, one year.

No. 11 of 1936, SUB COURT, BAPATLA.

Pothini Venkanna—*Petitioner (Creditor).*
Gedara Mallayya, son of Butchayya, Brahman, landholder of Arumanda—*Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed respondent has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 7th April 1936, and that the creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Guntur. Time for discharge, one year.

No. 13 of 1936, SUB-COURT, BAPATLA.

Cheruvu Suryanarayana Raju alias Suryaprakasa Raju —*Petitioner.*
Vattikuti Kotayya and others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has filed an application in this Court requesting that he may be adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 30th July 1936 for hearing.

No. 14 of 1936, SUB-COURT, BAPATLA.

Ravuri Subbaramayya—*Petitioner.*
Banala Kotayya and others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has filed an application in this Court requesting that he may be adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 22nd July 1936 for hearing.

No. 18 of 1936, SUB-COURT, BAPATLA.

Obbineni Venkata Seshayya—*Petitioner*
Pandida Ankulu—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has filed an application in this Court requesting that the respondents may be adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 9th July 1936 for hearing.

No. 11 of 1936, SUB-COURT, BAPATLA.

Immidipalli Punnayya—*Petitioner*
Rajupudi Venkata Subbayya and others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has filed an application in this Court requesting that he may be adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 20th July 1936 for hearing.

A. NARAYANA SARMA,
Subordinate Judge.

Bapatla, 20th April 1936.

No. 38 of 1934, SUB COURT, BEZWADA.

Chagantipati Narasimhulu, Chagantipati Subbarudri, Chagantipati Raghavulu, Chagantipati Balakoti, Chagati Pati Ratnam, Chagantipati Ramadasu, Chagantipati Sreeadhar and Chagantipati Garuda chalam—*Petitioners (Debtors)*
Yelamanchili Subbayya and twenty-three others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Provincial Insolvency Act that the abovenamed petitioners have been adjudicated insolvents by the order of the Court, dated 21st April 1936, and that two years' time has been granted to them to apply for discharge. All creditors are required to prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Kistna, who has been appointed Receiver of the properties of the insolvent.

No. 48 of 1935, SUB COURT, BEZWADA.

Jonnalagadda Ayyappa and Dronamraju Ramachandra Rao—*Petitioners (Creditors)*
Yanapati Ramayya—*Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the abovenamed petitioners (creditors) have applied to the Court to adjudicate the respondent (debtor) (who died subsequent to the filing of the petition) an insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 20th July 1936 for hearing. Any person wishing to oppose the petition may appear either in person or by vakil on the said day.

M. BALARAM REDDI,
Subordinate Judge.

Bezwada, 23rd April 1936.

No. 40 of 1935, SUB-COURT, CUDDAPAH.

Mocle Pullanna—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Pareddi Thirupala and others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 28th March 1936. The creditors of the insolvent should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Cuddapah, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1920, within two months from this date.

No. 83 of 1935, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Chandam Thiruvengalappa and others—*Petitioners* (*Debtors*).

Akasapu Pedda Raja Mamah and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioners were adjudicated insolvents by an order of this Court, dated 25th March 1936. The creditors of the insolvents should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Cuddapah, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, within two months from the date.

No. 73 of 1935, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Gondur Rayappa—*Petitioner* (*Debtor*)

Venkatura Venkatrami Reddi and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent by an order of this Court dated 20th March 1936. The creditors of the insolvent should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Cuddapah, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, within two months from this date.

No. 78 of 1935, Sub Court, Cuddapah

Ranganandrara Kondiah—*Petitioner* (*Debtor*).

Pappireddigari Pedda Pappiah and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 18th March 1936. The creditors of the insolvent should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Cuddapah, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, within two months from this date.

No. 81 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Pacham Reddi Chaitia Reddi and others—*Petitioners* (*Debtors*).

Pacham Reddi Venganami and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioners were adjudicated insolvents by an order of this Court, dated 24th March 1936. The creditors of the insolvents should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Cuddapah, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, within two months from this date.

No. 69 of 1935, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Madabatodigari Ghanappa Reddi—*Petitioner* (*Debtor*).

Kappam Gangalappa and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent by an order of the Court, dated 14th April 1936. The creditors of the insolvent should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Cuddapah, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, within two months from this date.

No. 85 of 1935, Sub-Court, Cuddapah

Dudekula Pedda Veeranna—*Petitioner* (*Debtor*).

Patan Channakesavulu Reddi and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 28th March 1936. The Creditors of the insolvent should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Cuddapah, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, within two months from this date.

I.A. No. 167 of 1935, Sub-Court, Cuddapah (No. 18 of 1935, District Court, Cuddapah).

Tunga Sanjiva Reddi—*Petitioner* (*Insolvent*).

Singam Nagi Reddi and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 37 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the order of the District Court, dated 10th July 1935, in I.P. No. 18 of 1935, adjudicating the abovenamed petitioner as insolvent is annulled by an order of this Court, dated the 4th day of April 1936.

No. 3 of 1936, Sub-Court Cuddapah.

Shaik Ruhaj Saib—*Petitioner* (*Debtor*).

Muthineni Krishnam Najudu and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 4th April 1936. The creditors of the insolvent should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Cuddapah, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, within two months from this date.

No. 10 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Maruthi Pichamma—*Petitioner* (*Creditor*).

Syed Jaleel Miah—*Respondent* (*Debtor*)

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act of 1920 that the abovenamed respondent was adjudicated an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 14th April 1936. The creditors of the insolvent should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Cuddapah, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, within two months from this date.

I.A. No. 29 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah (No. 37 of 1933, District Court, Cuddapah).

Tanatam Ganin Reddi—*Petitioner* (*Insolvent*).

Venkamma Nagi Reddi and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 37 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the order of the District Court, dated 3rd February 1934, in I.P. No. 37 of 1933, adjudicating the abovenamed petitioner as insolvent is annulled by an order of this Court, dated the 6th day of April 1936

No. 34 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Karna Nag. Reddi and another—*Petitioners* (*Creditors*).

Alavalapati Obulesu—*Respondent* (*Debtor*).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act of 1920 that the abovenamed respondent was adjudicated an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 20th April 1936. The creditors of the insolvent should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Cuddapah, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, within two months from this date.

No. 35 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Chala Siva Chengiah—*Petitioner* (*Debtor*).

Maddala Suryanarayana and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 25th April 1936. The creditors of the insolvent should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Cuddapah, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, within two months from this date.

No. 39 of 1936 Sub Court, Cuddapah.

Gaveti Pedda Subbireddi and another—*Petitioners* (*Debtors*).

Karamalapati Venkatsah and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the petition put in by the abovenamed petitioners to declare them insolvents is posted to 30th June 1936 for hearing in the District Court.

No. 41 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Vutukuru Ramireddi—*Petitioner* (*Creditor*)

Kambham Subbareddi—*Respondent* (*Debtor*).

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the petition put in by the abovenamed petitioner to declare the respondent an insolvent is posted to 28th June 1936 for hearing in the District Court.

No. 43 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Pullagura Govindaswami—*Petitioner* (*Debtor*)

Narayana Ramasubbiah and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the petition put in by the abovenamed petitioner to declare him an insolvent is posted to 28th June 1936 for hearing in the District Court.

No. 44 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Gujjala Chennareddi—*Petitioner* (*Debtor*)
Kommu Lakshmireddi and others—*Respondents*
(*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the petition put in by the abovenamed petitioner to declare him an insolvent is posted to 24th June 1936 for hearing in the District Court.

No. 41 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Yalakala Pedda Dayanna and another—*Petitioners*
(*Debtors*).
Ashavalapati Sankaiah and others—*Respondents*
(*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the petition put in by the abovenamed petitioners to declare them insolvents is posted to 27th June 1936 for hearing in the District Court.

No. 40 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Dasari Ramireddigari Narayana—*Petitioner* (*Debtor*).
Ramireddi Lachchanna and others—*Respondents*
(*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the petition put in by the abovenamed petitioner to declare him an insolvent is posted to 26th June 1936 for hearing in the District Court.

No. 43 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Puppala Ramaiah and another—*Petitioners* (*Debtors*).
Kannam Lewareddi and others—*Respondents*
(*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the petition put in by the abovenamed petitioners to declare them insolvents is posted to 26th June 1936 for hearing in the District Court.

No. 50 of 1936, Sub-Court, Cuddapah.

Vadla Venkatasubbayya—*Petitioner* (*Debtor*)
Somasili Narasimhulu and others—*Respondents*
(*Creditors*).

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the petition put in by the abovenamed petitioner to declare him an insolvent is posted to 26th June 1936 for hearing in the District Court.

D. B. KRISHNAMURTI,
Subordinate Judge.

Cuddapah, 16th April 1936.

No. 3 of 1936 (M.P. No. 175 of 1936),
Sub-Court, Dindigul.

Santiyago Anthonimuthu Pillai son of Chinnah Pillai at Authoor, Nilakkottai taluk—*Petitioner* (*Insolvent*).
T. F. M. M. S. T. Thenappa Chettiyar and others—*Present Creditors.*

Take notice that the petition by the insolvent under section 28 of the Provincial Insolvency Act for approval of the composition scheme comes on for hearing before this Court on the 25th June 1936.

No. 1 of 1936, Sub-Court, Dindigul.

S. P. P. L. Palaniyappa Chettiyar by agent Ramanathan Chettiyar—*Petitioner* (*Creditor*)
Sennayan alias Ponnappa Kavandan, son of Sirutliyandi Kavandan at Sillamanthapatti Annampatti village, Bodinayakkanur taluk, Periyakulam taluk, Palani charai Kavandar, son of Thevin Jakku Kavandar at Sillamanthapatti, Annampatti village, Bodinayakkanur taluk, Periyakulam taluk—*Respondents* (*Debtors*).

Under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act notice is hereby given that the abovementioned respondents have been adjudged insolvents on 6th April 1936 and that they should apply for discharge on or before 8th April 1938. Creditors should prove their claims within twelve months from the date of publication of this notice in the District Gazette, by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver an affidavit in Form No. 9 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules. They should also give the Official Receiver all necessary instructions and provide him with funds, where necessary.

No. 11 of 1936, Sub Court, Dindigul.

Alagiri Chettiyar—*Petitioner* (*Creditor*)
Tukkiyan Chettiyar son of Kochan Chettiyan, residing at Jallikonanayakkanpatti, Kodinayakkanur taluk, Periyakulam taluk—*Respondent* (*Debtor*).

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudge respondent an insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 25th June 1936 for hearing.

No. 13 of 1936, Sub-Court, Dindigul.

Malik K. Ismal Chettiyar and three others—*Petitioners* (*Creditors*)
Ramachandran Chettiyar, son of Krishnan Chettiyar, residing at Ol Ayakudi, Ayakudi taluk, Palni taluk—*Respondent* (*Debtor*)

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudge respondent an insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 3rd July 1936 for hearing.

No. 18 of 1936, Sub Court, Dindigul.

P. Gopalakrishnan Chettiyar & Sons, Branch Manager P. K. Ramasami Chettiyar—*Petitioner* (*Creditor*).
A. R. Ramasami Mudaliyar, son of Veiyaperumal Mudaliyar of Velayuthampalayampudur, Kavalapatti village Rettayambadi nanad, Palni taluk—*Respondent* (*Debtor*).

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudge respondent as insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 3rd July 1936 for hearing.

P. M. SRINIVASAYYANGAR,
Subordinate Judge.

Dindigul, 17th April 1936.

No. 37 of 1935, Sub-Court, Salem.

Perumal Kavandan, son of Perumal Kavandan, at Madhagapatti, Namakkal taluk—*Petitioner.*
Kalingipatti Perumal Reddi and other—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 4th April 1936 granting one year's time for discharge. Creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Salem, within three months from this date.

No. 7 of 1936, Sub-Court, Salem.

T. B. Narayana Chetti and others—*Petitioners.*
Kalyur Sadachari, son of Kalyur M. Vijayaraghavacharyar, at Mettu street, Salem—*Respondent.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed respondent has been adjudged an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 4th April 1936 granting one year's time for discharge. Creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Salem, within three months from this date.

K. M. KRISHNA KURUP,
Subordinate Judge.

Salem, 16th April 1936.

No. 1 of 1934 (I.A. No. 526 of 1936), Sub-Court, Tuticorin.

S. Raghava Ayyangar—*Petitioner* (*Insolvent*).
Ramaswamayyan Ayyangar and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Take notice that the above petition filed by the insolvent under section 41 of Act V of 1920 for an order of discharge comes on for hearing before the above Court on 9th July 1936.

No. 52 of 1934 (I.A. No. 493 of 1936), Sub-Court, Tuticorin.

A. S. Sundaram Ayyar—*Petitioner* (*Insolvent*)
Venkatrama Ayyar and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Take notice that the above petition filed by the insolvent under section 41 of Act V of 1920 for an order of discharge comes on for hearing before the above Court on 3rd July 1936.

No. 77 of 1934 (I.A. No. 491 of 1936), Sub-Court, Tuticorin.

Sesha Ayyangar—*Petitioner* (*Insolvent*).
Somasundaram Chettiyar and others—*Respondents* (*Creditors*).

Take notice that the above petition filed by the insolvent under section 41 of Act V of 1920 for an order of discharge comes on for hearing before the above Court on 6th July 1936.

No. 63 of 1935 (I.A. No. 476 of 1936). SUB-COURT, TRICHINOPOLY.

K. S. Subramania Pathar—*Petitioner (Insolvent).*
V. Sankaranarayana Pathan and others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Take notice that the above petition filed by the insolvent under section 41 of Act V of 1920 for an order of discharge is posted for hearing before the above Court on 4th July 1936.

No. 72 of 1935, SUB COURT, TRICHINOPOLY.

Poonian Chettiar—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Parimanam Pillai and others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Take notice that the abovenamed debtor has been adjudged an insolvent by this Court on 4th April 1936 with direction to apply for discharge on or before 4th April 1937. Creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver early.

No. 17 of 1936 SUB-COURT, TRICHINOPOLY.

K. Mahamed Ibrahim Sahib, son of Kadir Batcha Ravuttar, Muhammadan, Hindu, residing at Pallapatti village, Karur taluk—*Petitioner (Creditor).*
Mahamed Hanifa Ravuttar, son of Thongal Sayyid Ravuttar, Abdul Aziz Ravuttar, son of Thongal Sayyid Ravuttar, both residing at Pallapatti, Karur taluk—*Respondents (Debtors).*

Take notice that the above petition filed by the petitioner under sections 9 and 13 of Act V of 1920 for the respondents being adjudged insolvents comes on for hearing before the above Court on 3rd July 1936.

No. 16 of 1936, SUB-COURT, TRICHINOPOLY.

Seth Jessaingh Chathurbuja Das, banker, Big Bazaar street, represented by power-of-attorney agent Bhai Toom Singh—*Petitioner (Creditor).*
V. Suryanarayana Ayyar, s.s. of Vedamanal Ayyar, residing at Jafarsa street, Trichinopoly, and V. Ramaswami Pillai, residing at Rani street, Trichinopoly—*Respondents.*

Take notice that the above petition filed by the creditor under sections 9, 10 and 13 of Act V of 1920 for the respondents being adjudged insolvents comes on for hearing before the above Court on 29th June 1936.

No. 19 of 1936. SUB-COURT, TRICHINOPOLY.

Radakrishna Ayyar, son of Easthapathi Ayyar residing at Veppanthattai, Perambalur taluk—*Petitioner (Debtor)*
Muthuvenkatachala Reddiyar and others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Take notice that the above petition filed by the debtor under sections 7, 10 and 13 of Act V of 1920 for being adjudged an insolvent comes on for hearing before the above Court on 2nd July 1936.

A. VENKATARAMA AYYAR,
Subordinate Judge.

Trichinopoly, 1st May 1936.

No. 9 of 1936, SUB-COURT, VIZAGAPATAM.

Vemma Satyanarayana, son of Appalaswami Nayudu, 32 years, gella clerk, of Vizagapatam, Vemma Ramaswamy, son of Appalaswami Nayudu, 26 years, no profession, of Vizagapatam, and Vemma Narasingarao, son of Appalaswami Nayudu, 23 years, of Vizagapatam—*Petitioners (Insolvents)*
Sivaprasad Sowcar and others—*Creditors.*

Notice under section 10 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioners have applied to this Court to adjudge them insolvents and that the petition is posted to 8th July 1936 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the application may appear before this Court on that date either in person or by pleader.

M. KRISHNAMACHARIYAR,
Principal Subordinate Judge.

Vizagapatam, 23rd April 1936.

No. 24 of 1935, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, BELLARY.

Basi Reddi—*Petitioner.*
Dhanakka and three others—*Respondents*

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him insolvent and that the application is posted to 25th June 1936. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear in person or by pleader on the said date.

K. M. V. S. RAO,
District Munsif.

Bellary, 24th April 1936.

No. 8 of 1936, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, BEZWADA.

Valluri Venkataramayya, son of Failayya, Kamma, major, 35 years, Pulampalli—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Pasumarthy Sannayya and another—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudge him an insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 2nd July 1936 for hearing

C. BHARTAVATSALU,
Principal District Munsif.

Bezwada, 29th April 1936.

No. 8 of 1936, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, COOTY.

M. Ahmad Ali—*Petitioner.*
Fyari Begum and two others—*Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent and that the application is posted for hearing to 9th June 1936. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear in person or by pleader on the said date.

B. T. M. RAGHAVACHARYULU,
District Munsif.

Cooty, 29th April 1936.

No. 6 of 1931, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, GURAZALA.

Lanka Satyanarayana, son of Subbayya, aged 32 years, Brahman, Inamo of Dachepalli, Palnad taluk—*Petitioner.*
Velaguri Pitchayya, etc.—*Respondents.*

On the application of Lanka Satyanarayana adjudged insolvent on the 19th day of September 1932 and upon taking into consideration the report of the Official Receiver, Guntur, as to the insolvent's conduct and affairs and upon hearing the objection of creditor No. 19 and other creditors being ex parte it is ordered that the insolvent be discharged absolutely forthwith.

N. SURYANARAYANA SASTRI,
District Munsif.

Gurazala, 14th April 1936.

No. 73 of 1934, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, MADURA TOWN.

Rava. m. Ramalinga Ayyar and others—*Petitioners (Insolvents)*
Krishna Bhagavathar and others—*Present Creditors.*

Take notice that the petition by the insolvents under section 41 of the Provincial Insolvency Act for an order of absolute discharge comes on for hearing before this Court on the 26th June 1936.

M. S. RAMANUJA AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Madura Town, 22nd April 1936

No. 50 of 1935, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, MANGALORE

Channayya Pujary, son of Gowri Hegga, Surathkal village, Mangalore taluk—*Insolvent.*
Manua Gurukara and others—*Creditors.*

Under section 35 of Act V of 1920, notice is hereby given that the order of this Court, dated the 24th January 1935, adjudging the petitioner insolvent has been annulled by this Court on 19th March 1936 in I.A. No. 29 of 1936

C. KUNHIRAMA MENON,
District Munsif.

Mangalore, 17th April 1936.

No. 1 of 1936, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, PALNI.

Ariyapathira Nadalvar, son of Ramaswami Nadalvar and Kanniappa Nadalvar, son of the first petitioner, both residing at Thamaraikulam, Palni taluk—*Petitioners.*
Raju alias Karuppana Nadar and another—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioners have applied to this Court praying to adjudge them insolvents and that the said petition stands posted to 22nd June 1936 for hearing.

B. R. CHAKRAVARTHI AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Palni, 23th April 1936.

No. 4 of 1935, District Munsif's Court, Periyakulam.

Sheik Mohamad Sahib, son of Nadarsa Sahib, at Thevaram Periyakulam town—*Petitioner*
Valliyappa Chettiyar and others—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by order of this Court, dated 14th April 1936, and the Official Receiver, Madura, has been appointed Receiver to administer his estate. Time for applying for discharge is six months. Creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Madura.

S. VARADARAJA AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Periyakulam, 20th April 1936.

No. 3 of 1936, District Munsif's Court, Proddatur.

Chakala Sulshigadu—*Petitioner (Debtor)*.
Rasa Swamidasu and others—*Respondents*.

Under section 10 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, the petitioner has applied to be declared insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 15th June 1936 for disposal. Any creditor wishing to oppose the application may do so either in person or by a duly authorised pleader.

D. ADINARAYANAYYA,
District Munsif.

Proddatur, 28th April 1936.

No. 8 of 1935, District Munsif's Court, Rajahmundry.

Rasheeda Seetamma—*Petitioner (Debtor)*.
Madhira Kondayya and three others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent, that the said petition stands posted to 26th June 1936 for hearing and that any person wishing to oppose the same may appear in this Court and state his case in person or by a pleader at 11 a. m. on the said day.

No. 12 of 1936, District Munsif's Court, Rajahmundry.

Dara Pada Ramudu and two others—*Petitioners (Debtors)*.
Marina Venkataratnam and five others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioners have applied to this Court to adjudge them insolvents, that the said petition stands posted to 26th June 1936 for hearing and that any person wishing to oppose the same may appear in this Court and state his case in person or by a pleader at 11 a. m. on the said day.

V. M. DIKSHITULU,
Principal District Munsif.

Rajahmundry, 24th April 1936.

No. 1 of 1936, District Munsif's Court, Sattur.

Gurunathan Asari, son of Mariappan Asari, residing at Tiruchangal village, Sattur taluk—*Petitioner (Debtor)*.
Rangammal and others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudge him an insolvent and that the said petition is posted to 24th June 1936. Any person wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by pleader.

A. ABDUR RAHIM,
District Munsif.

Sattur, 17th April 1936.

No. 18 of 1934, District Munsif's Court, Srikakulam.

Kalahasthi Ramakrishna Chetti, son of Ethirajulu Chetti, Balija caste, merchant, residing at Kottapalukam, Arkonam taluk—*Insolvent*.
N. Kuppayya Chetti and twelve others—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given that the said insolvent has applied for an absolute order for discharge under section 41 of the Provincial Insolvency Act and that the said petition stands adjourned to 18th June 1936 for hearing. Those who are desirous of opposing the said petition may do so either in person or by a pleader duly instructed on the said date.

No. 22 of 1935, District Munsif's Court, Srikakulam.

(1) Chinna Manavasami Nayudu, son of A. Narayanaswami Nayudu and (2) Appa Nayudu alias Narasinga Nayudu, son of first petitioner, Kamma caste, cultivators, residing at Kodamakkam village, Arkonam taluk—*Petitioners (Debtors)*.
Duraiswami Nayudu and six others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 30, Provincial Insolvency Act, that the abovenamed insolvents were adjudged insolvents by an order of this Court, dated 22nd April 1936, that the Official Receiver, Chittoor, was appointed receiver of the properties of the insolvents and that the petitioners should apply for discharge within six months from the date of adjudication. Creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Chittoor, as soon as possible by sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

S. RANGASWAMI AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Shalingbur, 25th April 1936.

No. 16 of 1936, District Munsif's Court, Tanjore.

Byloppati Pallaih and Kalyanam Maraiha, of Nasta Rameswaram—*Petitioners (Debtors)*.
Teku China Jaggalu and three others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioners have applied to this Court to be adjudicated insolvents and that the petition stands posted to 24th June 1936 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may, on the said date, appear in this Court, either in person or by vakil and state his objections.

No. 18 of 1936, District Munsif's Court, Tanjore.

Indupuriti Kanakayya of Eduru—*Petitioner (Debtor)*.
Gada Mankanju and five others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudicated insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 23th June 1936 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may, on the said date appear in this Court, either in person or by vakil and state his objections.

V. RADHAKRISHNAMURTI,
District Munsif.

Tanuku, 21st April 1936.

No. 6 of 1935, District Munsif's Court, Tuticorin.

Devasahaya Nadar, son of Pakianatha Nadar, residing at Kailasapuram, Sevarmangalam majna, Kulpatti taluk—*Petitioner*.
M. N. Thangiah and others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the petition for adjudication of petitioner as insolvent is posted to 10th July 1936 for hearing.

V. T. PALANIYAPPA MUDALIYAR,
District Munsif.

Tuticorin, 23rd April 1936.

No. 74 of 1931, Official Receiver's Court, Kurnool.

Kalva Balachalam, son of Sivayya, Vaiyyalavada, Kosigikuntla taluk—*Insolvent*.

Notice is hereby given under section 64 Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920, that all the creditors in the abovesaid insolvency whose claims have been notified but have not proved their claims should prove their debts on or before 16th June 1936 by affidavits with documents in support thereof, failing which a final dividend will be declared without consideration to their claims.

No. 24 of 1934, Official Receiver's Court, Kurnool.

Boya Ramaih having died, his legal representative Jayamma and others—*Insolvents*.

Notice is hereby given under section 64, Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920, that all the creditors in the abovesaid insolvency whose claims have been notified but have not proved their claims should prove their debts on or before 16th June 1936 by affidavits with documents in support thereof, failing which a final dividend will be declared without consideration to their claims.

No. 77 of 1935, Official Receiver's Court, Kurnool.

Peramalla Thipayya, son of Yellayya, Bommireddipalli, Dhone taluk Kurnool district—*Insolvent*

Notice is hereby given under section 64, Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920 that all the creditors in the above-said insolvency whose claims have been notified but have not proved their claims should prove their debts on or before 16th June 1936 by affidavits with documents in support thereof, failing which a final dividend will be declared without consideration to their claims.

S. SRINIVASA RAO,
Official Receiver.

Kurnool, 22nd April 1936.

No. 41 of 1932, Sub-Court, South Kanara.

Krishna Bhatta and another—*Petitioners (Creditors).*
Paiyera Gowda—*Respondent (Debtor)*

Notice is hereby given under section 37 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the order of the Subordinate Court dated 30th November 1932, adjudging the above respondent insolvent is annulled on 12th December 1935 by the said Court under section 43 of the said Act.

P. R. RANGANATHA PUNJA,
Official Receiver.

Mangalore, 24th April 1936.

NOTICES

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and the Kampli Sri Someswara Chit Fund Bank, Limited.

Whereas the Managing Director of the Kampli Sri Someswara Chit Fund Bank, Limited, Kampli, in his letter, dated 2nd December 1935, reported that the company is not carrying on any business;

And whereas it appears accordingly that the Kampli Sri Someswara Chit Fund Bank, Limited, is not carrying on any business and is not in operation;

And whereas a notice, dated 3rd January 1936, was published on page 57 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part II, dated 14th January 1936, pursuant to section 247 (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, to the effect that unless cause was shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of that notice the name of the company would be struck off the register and the said company would be dissolved;

And whereas the said company has not shown such cause within the time allowed which expired on the 3rd April 1936;

Therefore, the name of the company, has under section 247 (5) of the Indian Companies Act, been struck off the register.

M. H. IQBAL,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Bellary-Anantapur.

Bellary, 20th April 1936.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and the Popular Bank, Limited.

Whereas the Managing Director of the Company has reported in his letter, dated 8th April 1936, that the Popular Bank, Limited, is not carrying on business or in operation;

And whereas it appears accordingly that the company is not carrying on business or in operation;

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 247 (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that unless cause is shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of this notice the name of the said company will be struck off the register and the said company will be dissolved.

K. RAMANUJTTY NAYAR,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, South Malabar.

Calicut, 23rd April 1936.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and the World Wide Pictures, Limited.

Whereas the World Wide Pictures, Limited, having not filed the document under section 33 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, for the year 1935;

And whereas, in response to a letter calling for the aforesaid overdue document, Mr. R. Padmanabhan, one of the directors of the company having reported in his letter, dated 24th April 1936, that the said company has not been functioning for the past two years and no business is being carried on in the name of the said company during that period and that the company's assets whatever they were have been taken over by Travancore National Bank, Limited, towards their dues in respect of overdrafts advanced;

And whereas it appears accordingly that the World Wide Pictures, Limited, is not carrying on business or is not in operation;

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 247 (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that unless cause is shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of this notice, the name of the said company will be struck off the register and the said company will be dissolved.

Madras, 27th April 1936.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and the Dhruva & Co., Limited.

Whereas the Managing Agents of the Dhruva & Co., Limited, in their letter, dated 31st March 1936, stated that the said Dhruva & Co., Limited, is not carrying on business;

And whereas it appears accordingly that the said Dhruva & Co., Limited, is not carrying on business or is not in operation;

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 247 (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that unless cause is shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of this notice, the name of the said company will be struck off the register and the said company will be dissolved.

H. KRISHNAMURTI,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies,

Madras, 20th April 1936.

DESTRUCTION OF RECORDS.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the rules framed under the Destruction of Records Act, 1917 (Act V of 1917), the documents and correspondence relating to the undermentioned society registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (Act XXI of 1860), which have not been dissolved under the provisions of the aforesaid Societies Registration Act, 1860 and of which nothing has been heard or known for the past seven years [G.O. No. 2684, Law (Omnesh), dated 8th November 1932] will be destroyed after three months from the date of publication of this notice:—

Name of the society, the documents of which are proposed for destruction; date of registration; Act under which registered; objects of the society; situation of office last occupied [and authority under if known], date of dissolution under section 51 of the Societies Registration Act, 1860.

Hooper Theosophical Lodge; 28th April 1916; XXIV of 1860; to advance the cause of Universal Brotherhood of Humanity; Hooper; S. Angadachar, Secretary; under section 13, Act XXI of 1860, 7th February 1929.

M. H. IQBAL,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Bellary-Anantapur.

Bellary, 21st April 1936.

WILL CASE No. 1 OF 1936.

Whereas a Will dated the 16th January 1926 purporting to have been executed by Ishaq Sait, son of Hajee Fazal Muhammad Sait, No. 32, Scrubbada street, Mutialpet, Madras has been presented in this office for registration on the 23rd April 1936 by Zacheria Ismail Sait (the testator's son-in-law and claimant under the Will), No. 44, Mount Road, Guindy, Saidapet taluk, alleging that the testator thereof is dead. It is hereby notified that an enquiry into the genuineness of the Will, will be held by the undersigned on the 14th May 1936 at 11 a.m. in the District Registrar's Office at Madras and that those who have any objection to the registration of the Will should appear either in person or by a duly authorised agent and state their objections on the date of enquiry aforesaid and that no objection will be entertained after the said date.

F. R. DeREBELLO,
Registrar.

Madras-Chingleput, 23rd April 1936.

FINANCIAL NOTIFICATION.

NOTIFICATION

Portions of the following currency note of the Madras Circle are stated to have been destroyed and payment of its value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the number. Any other person claiming a right to it is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

Register number—D 4 of 1936 ; number of note—8/18 34-1720 ; value—Rs. 100 ; name of claimant —Angadimane Bhaapa Gowda, landholder, P. O. Hunnagara-Nagar taluk, Shimoga district.

K. L. RAJAGOPAL RAO,
Currency Officer.

Reserve Bank of India, Issue Department,
Madras, 14th April 1936.

PUBLIC WORKS NOTIFICATIONS.

CLOSURE OF TAMARAPAUK HEAD SLUICE FOR REPAIRS DURING THE YEAR 1936.

In accordance with the Proceedings of the Collector of Chingleput district, No. 3294 D-10, dated 15th October 1918, it is hereby notified for the information of the ryots concerned that the headsluice at Tamarapauk will be closed from the 16th May 1936 to 15th July 1936 to effect silt clearance in front of the headsluice at Tamarapauk and also in the upper supply channel from 5 miles 0 furlong to 7 miles 7 furlongs.

R. S. RAMASWAMI AYYAR,
Executive Engineer, Chingleput Division.

Madras, 4th May 1936

NOTIFICATION.

The Inspection Bungalow at Kilnathavuel, South Arcot district, will not be available for occupation for 1½ months from 1st June 1936 to 15th July 1936 as it is proposed to carry out special repairs to the bungalow during this period.

H. G. JACKSON,
Executive Engineer, South Arcot Division.

Cuddalore N.T., 28th April 1936.

INCOME-TAX NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Under section 8 (4) of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, the Commissioner of Income-tax for the Presidency of Madras, directs that the following amendments shall be made to his Notification No. 735/33 I, dated 22nd September 1933, as subsequently amended :—

(1) *Add* the following as Item (6) in columns (2) against Third Circle, Madras :—

6. Beneficiaries of estates vested in the Administrator-General and Official Trustee, Madras.

(2) *Substitute* 'Sixth' *for* 'Fifth' in column (1) against item (5)

Madras, 28th April 1936.

Under section 8 (4) of the Indian Income-tax Act, the Commissioner of Income-tax, Madras, directs that the following alterations shall be made with effect from 1st May 1936 in his Notification No. 735/33 I, dated 22nd September 1933 as subsequently amended :—

(1) The following shall be substituted for the present entries in column (2) against I, II and III Circles, Madras :—

(1)	(2)
Madras—I Circle ..	The portions of the Madras City within the following boundaries :— *North*—Broadway Subway street. *East*—Bay of Bengal *South and west*—A line drawn from the Junction of the Broadway Subway street and Moores Chantry Road running through Broadway and Esplanade Road and then west and south of the Post Office, Coming up to Rasappa Chetty on the South Beach Road. (Both sides of the Esplanade Road are included in the area of this circle and both sides of Broadway are excluded therefrom)
Madras—II Circle ..	The whole of the City of Madras except the portions included in the I, III and VI Circles.
Madras—III Circle ..	The portion of the Madras City within the following boundaries :— *North*—Chingleput district. *East*—Bay of Bengal and Western Boundary of the P. H. No. *South*—A line drawn from the Junction of the Mount Road and Esplanade Road runs up to Moores Chantry Road up to its junction with Wallajah Road. *West*—Chingleput district, Perambur and Vepery. (Both sides of Chintadripet Bazaar Road and Broadway are included in the area of this circle.)

(2) *Add* the following as item 15-(a) below Madras III Circle in the said notification :—

(1)	(2)
Madras—VI Circle ..	Revenue divisions of Perambur, Purasawalkam and Vepery including Perambur and the portion of Egmore-Nungambakkam included within the following boundaries :— *North*—Chintadripet Bazaar Road (northern boundary of III Circle). *East*—Highroads Road and Fort St. George. *South*—General Hospital Road. *West*—Vepery.

P. H. SENNECK,
Commissioner of Income-tax.

Madras, 29th April 1936.

REVENUE NOTIFICATIONS.

AMENDMENT

To the schedule to the notification under section 5 of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, published at page 483 of Part II of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th April 1934—

North—*For* 'south eastwards' occurring in the twenty fourth line after' then crossing the cart-track [R.S. No. 43] in a straight line,' *read* 'north eastwards.'

L. LAKKARAJU,
Assistant Secretary.

Board of Revenue, Madras,
25th April 1936.

JANMAM REGISTRATIONS.

Under section 4 of the Malabar Land Registration Act III of 1896, it is hereby notified that an enquiry into the janmam title of S. No. 62-1 of Thachanattukara desam, Walluvanad taluk, which was left unregistered and unassessed at the time of the resettlement, will be held by the Revenue Divisional Officer, Malappuram, in order that the name of the janm may be registered. All persons claiming to be proprietors or joint proprietors of the above land are hereby required to apply to the Revenue Divisional Officer, Malappuram, under section 3 of the aforesaid Act on or before 15th July 1936 to have their names registered as such.

A. J. PLATT,
Sub-Collector,

Malappuram, 22th April 1936.

Under section 8 of the Malabar Land Registration Act III of 1896, it is hereby notified that an enquiry into the janmam title of R.S. No. 300-6, measuring 33 cents of Vettikat Pallipuram amsam, Ponnani taluk, Malabar district, will be held by the Sub-Collector, Palghat, in order that the name of the janm may be registered.

All persons claiming to be proprietors or joint proprietors of the land are hereby required to apply to the Sub-Collector, Palghat, in person or by duly authorized agent under section 3 of the Act on or before 20th July 1936 to have their names registered as such.

P. M. JAYARAJAN,
Sub-Collector,

Palghat, 23rd April 1936.

STATEMENT OF WHOLESALE PRICES FOR MARCH 1936 IN TERMS OF RUPEES PER IMPERIAL MAUND.

District and station. (1)	Paddy, second sort.		Rice, second sort.		Chillies.		Turmeric.		Pepper.		Ginger	
	February 1936. (2)	March 1936. (3)	February 1936. (4)	March 1936. (5)	February 1936. (6)	March 1936. (7)	February 1936. (8)	March 1936. (9)	February 1936. (10)	March 1936. (11)	February 1936. (12)	March 1936. (13)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ganjam—												
Berhampur	(1a) 2-04	(1a) 2-04	(4a) 4-35	(4a) 4-14	3-01	3-01	4-11	4-12	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam—												
Vizagapatam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizianagram	(1b) 2-05	(1b) 2-06	(1b) 4-05	(1b) 4-22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
East Godavari—												
Cocanada	(1c) 2-04	(1c) 1-96	(1c) 4-28	(1c) 4-08	7-41	7-02	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rajahmundry	(1c) 2-16	(1c) 2-01	(1c) 4-34	(1c) 4-08	4-12	3-93	4-12	3-97	15-46	15-04	22-04	21-80
West Godavari—												
Ellore	(1d) 2-13	(1d) 2-16	(1d) 3-99	(1d) 4-03	3-96	4-04	3-73	3-79	15-75	15-84	27-94	27-13
Kistna—												
Bezwada	(1e) 2-12	(1e) 2-23	(1e) 3-98	(1e) 3-99	3-23	3-23	4-45	4-52	15-75	15-84	23-72	22-89
Masulipatam	(1f) 2-14	(1f) 2-13	(1f) 3-92	(1f) 3-89	3-16	3-06	4-06	3-10	15-75	15-49	(1m) 21-67	(1m) 20-58
Guntur—											(1m) No stock.	(1n) No stock.
Guntur	(1g) 2-14	(1g) 1-99	(1g) 3-85	(1g) 3-95	4-06	7-07	4-44	4-36	15-22	14-53	(1g) 20-31	(1g) 19-73
Kurnool—												
Kurnool	(1n) 2-00	(1n) 2-01	(1n) 4-03	(1n) 3-75	7-29	7-29	3-93	4-04	17-13	17-49	19-25	19-74
Bellary—												
Adoni	..	..	..	..	3-23	3-23	4-04	4-04	19-43	17-44	19-99	21-01
Bellary	..	..	..	..	3-23	3-23	4-72	4-72	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah—												
Cuddapah	(1o) 2-09	(1o) 2-06	(1o) 3-90	(1o) 4-13	9-87	7-40	(2a) 2-00 (2b) 3-72	(2a) 2-00 (2b) 3-67	15-74	15-74	20-99	20-90
Nellore—												
Nellore	(1p) 2-46	(1p) 2-61	(1p) 4-15	(1p) 4-18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot—												
Cuddalore	(1q) No stock.	(1q) No stock.	(1q) 4-14	(1q) 3-90	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Arcot—												
Vellore	(1r) 2-35	(1r) 2-13	(1r) 4-01	(1r) 4-01	(2c) 11-52 (2d) 9-96	(2c) 11-05 (2d) 9-96	(2c) 6-18 (2d) 4-18 (2e) 3-23	(2c) 6-14 (2d) 4 12 (2e) 3 23	15-69	15-17	23-04	23-04
Salem—												
Salem	(1s) 2-21	(1s) 2-55	(1s) 4-09	(1s) 4-10	(2f) 21-01	(2f) 19-41	(2g) 4 77 (2h) 4-44	(2g) 4 75 (2h) 4-70	15-69	15-19	27-00	21-23
Coimbatore—												
Erode	(1t) 2-74	(1t) 2-74	(1u) 4-25	(1u) 4-25	(2g) ..	(2g) ..	(2i) 4-18 (2j) 4-09	(2i) 4-14 (2j) 3-91	13 13	12 73	23-53	23-53
Coimbatore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tirupur	..	..	..	..	13 17	13-17	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tirchirapalli—												
Tiruchirapalli	(1v) 2-00	(1v) 2-00	(1w) 3-88	(1w) 3-85	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore—												
Kumbakonam	(1x) 1-31	(1x) 1-07	(1x) 3-03	(1x) 3-03	11-09	11-01	6-79	6-78	15-46	15-45	..	..
Nannilam	(1x) 1-17	(1x) 1-09	(1x) 2-94	(1x) 2-93	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madura—												
Madura	(1y) 2-12	(1y) 2-22	(1z) 3-64	(1z) 3-64	9-87	9-87	..	..	..	..	..	..

Thursday—																										
Thursday	..	..	..	..	..	..	(6)	2-55	(11)	3-35	(3)	4-13	(3)	4-13	(3)	6-21	(3)	6-21		6-26		9-57		13-19		17-49		21-01
Tellicota	..	..	..	..	..	..		..		..		..		..		6-41		6-41										
Meister—																										
Saltcot	..	..	..	..	..	..		..		..		..		..		9-55		9-55		9-55		9-55		14-11		17-34		20-55
Corbin	..	..	..	..	..	..		..		..		..		..		9-50		9-50		9-50		9-50		14-11		17-34		20-55
Tollsbury	..	..	..	..	..	..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		11-56		13-09		.		..
Sand Keurs—																										
Maigalore	..	..	..	..	..	..	(4)	1-51	(4)	2-72	(14)	3-14	(14)	3-14	(6)	5-28	(6)	5-28		5-04		8-70		12-38		17-15		47-21

(View footnotes on page 588.)

STATEMENT OF WHOLESALE PRICES FOR MARCH 1936 IN TERMS OF RUPEES PER IMPERIAL MAUND—*contd.*

District and station.	Jaggery (unrefined).		Groundnut (shelled).		Castor.		Copra.		Cotton (lint).		Tobacco.	
	February 1936. (14)	March 1936. (15)	February 1936. (16)	March 1936. (17)	February 1936. (18)	March 1936. (19)	February 1936. (20)	March 1936. (21)	February 1936. (22)	March 1936. (23)	February 1936. (24)	March 1936. (25)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cuddapah—												
Jammalamadugu	..	..	6-13	..	No stock.	4-93	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore—												
Vinukonda	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vidavalur	..	..	5-44	5-45	4-44	4-44	..	..	..	..	..	..
East Godavari—												
Cocanada	..	..	4-38	3-91	4-98	5-05	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rajahmundry	..	..	4-32	4-38	..	4-95	..	13-34	..	13-34	(16) 21-00	(16) 21-00
West Godavari—												
Ellore	..	..	4-01	4-12	3-75	3-90	4-71	4-85	3-30	3-10	21-93	13-75
Kistna—												
Bezwada	..	..	4-94	4-94	..	..	(13) 4-90 (18) 4-90	(14) 4-94 (17) 4-94	13-76	13-13	13-13	(13) 13-16 (16) 13-17
Masulipatam	..	..	4-94	4-94	..	..	(13) 4-90 (16) 4-90	(14) 4-94 (17) 4-94	..	..	..	(13) 13-17 (16) 13-17 (23) 14-41 (24) 14-41 (25) 4-33 (26) 4-33
Guntur—												
Guntur	..	..	4-94	4-94	5-23	5-30	..	5-41	(1x) 9-14	(1x) 9-10	(1x) 10-01	(1x) 10-41
Kurnool—												
Kurnool	..	..	7-13	6-56	6-76	6-76	6-45	6-43	5-80	5-80	(10) .. (18) 10-00	(10) .. (18) 10-00
Bellary—												
Adoni	..	..	7-26	7-13	6-94	6-94	..	..	..	..	(12) 10-27 (13) 10-05	(12) 17-27 (13) 10-53
Bellary	..	..	6-31	6-38	..	..	4-91	4-11	..	..		
Cuddapah—												
Cuddapah	..	..	4-32	4-15	4-94	4-93	4-90	5-00	13-96	13-91	(16) 13-94 (18) 13-94	(1x) 13-25 (1x) 13-05
Nellore—												
Nellore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot—												
Cuddalore	..	..	..	..	5-00	5-00	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Arcot—												
Vellore	..	..	(12) 5-04 (13) 4-93	(13) 5-03 (15) 5-20	5-03	5-05	(20) 4-77 (24) 4-91	(24) 4-94 (26) 4-90	13-03	13-17	5-34	5-03	13-17	13-17
Salem—												
Salem	..	..	3-79	3-80	4-00	4-00	4-97	4-94	..	..	(24) 20-75	(24) 21-00	(23) 13-17 to 20-50 (24) 20-25 to 20-50	(23) 13-27 to 21-77 (24) 19-45 to 21-25
Coimbatore—												
Erode	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore	..	..	(Cly) 3-12 (Sa) (y) 3-76	(Sa) 4-03 (Sa) 3-14	..	..	..	..	..	..	(Sa) 19-13 (Sa) 13-15 (Sa) 13-31 (Sa) 13-34 (Sa) 20-57	(Sa) 14-17 (Sa) 14-25 (Sa) 13-71 (Sa) 13-55 (Sa) 20-57	..	..
Tirupur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			..	..
Trichinopoly—												
Trichinopoly	..	..	3-13	3-03	..	..	4-12	4-20	..	..	(24) 13-05	(24) 13-13	..	..
Tanjore—												
Kumbakonam	..	..	..	3-05	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nagapattam	..	..	3-25	3-03	3-13	3-17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

| | | |

NOTIFICATIONS.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by Government Notification No. 287, dated 17th June 1932, published on page 1105, Part I of the *Fort St George Gazette*, dated 24th June 1932 the Commissioner of Excise hereby specifies in his section 4 (d) of the Madras Abkari Act I of 1886, the officer named below to exercise the powers of an Abkari Inspector mentioned in section 40 to 43 inclusive of the said Act :—

Name.	Designation.
M R.Ry. D. Rangaramanuja ..	Officiating Assistant Inspector.

The following amendment is issued to Commissioner's Notification No. 4, dated 10th March 1936, published on pages 372-374 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part II, dated 17th March 1936 :—

Under note 1, in rule 2, in line 3, *insert* the following between the words "coconut toddy arrack" and "and" :—

"and such other spirits as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Excise from time to time"

P. K. R. MENON,
Secretary to the Commissioner of Excise.

Madras, 24th April 1936.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 17 (b) (ii) of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the lands noted below required for the construction of staff quarters for the Telegraph department at Ramaswaram in the village of Rameswaram in the Ramnad taluk of the Ramnad district :—

(1) S. No. 713-2 A part—
Boundaries—North by S. Nos. 713-2 B and 713-3 ; east by S. No. 713-4 part ; south by S. No. 713-2 A part and Pallivasal ; west by S. Nos. 713-2 B, 2 E & L.

(2) S. No. 713-4 part—
Boundaries—North by S. No. 713-3 ; east by S. No. 717-3 part ; south by S. No. 713-4 part, west by S. No. 713-2 A part.

(3) S. No. 717-3 part—
Boundaries—North, east and south by S. No. 717-3 part ; west by S. No. 713-4 part.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 5 of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the boundaries common to the estate lands noted below required for the construction of staff quarters for the Telegraph department at Rameswaram and the adjoining Government lands in the village of Rameswaram in the Ramnad taluk of the Ramnad district :—

(1) S. No. 713-2 A part—
Boundaries—North by S. Nos. 713-2 B and 713-3 ; east by S. No. 713-4 part ; south by S. No. 713-2 A part and Pallivasal ; west by S. Nos. 713 B, 2 E & L.

(2) S. No. 713-4 part—
Boundaries—North by S. No. 713-3 ; east by S. No. 717-3 part ; south by S. No. 713-4 part ; west by S. No. 713-2 A part.

(3) S. No. 717-3 part—
Boundaries—North, east and south by S. No. 717-3 part ; west by S. No. 713-4 part.

Board of Revenue, Madras,
23rd April 1936.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 17 (b) (ii) of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of all supplemental subdivisions created during the course of the preparation of a record of rights in the village of Mahadevipuram of the Tenkasi estate, Ganjam district, since transferred to the Virugupatam district.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 17 (b) (ii) of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the estate lands mentioned below in the villages of Vaikkalagadde, Doorakote and Ghanisala in the Devi taluk of the Kistna district required for the formation of a road from Ramanjapuram to Ghanisala :—

Vaikkalagadde, grant dry, S.S. No. 227.
Doorakote, grant, dry, D.S. No. 452.
Ghanisala, grant, dry—S.S. No. 333.

Board of Revenue, Madras,
27th April 1936.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 17 (a) of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act, of all the supplemental subdivisions created during the course of the preparation of a record of rights in the following ryotwari survey villages of the Madgole estate, Virugupatam district :—

Telugu Table.	Telugu Table—cont.
1 Ankuru.	32 Medavilli.
2 Annavaram.	33 Peddagottigadda.
3 Badagagolu.	34 Pilaguda.
4 Bhimapuram (serial No. 18 of the census list near Rajam).	35 Potnilipalle.
5 Buddananda.	36 Ponnanadi.
6 Chinna Gangavaram.	37 Rai Samudram.
7 Chinna Gopada.	38 Ravivalasa.
8 Chinna Gurubadda.	39 Sagaram.
9 Chinnakorrapalu.	40 Sangavam.
10 Chinna Sondia.	41 Sannavaram (serial No. 14 of the census list near Lagudi).
11 Dettipadam.	42 Sivaramapuram (serial No. 16 of the census list near Pogathipaka).
12 Erukavada.	43 Tamarapalli.
13 Gattakeda.	44 Tangudubadi.
14 Gopada.	45 Tatiavam.
15 Jammudevipeta.	46 Tatiavam.
16 Jampana.	47 Tiruvada.
17 Kalla.	48 Tiruvada.
18 Kavarikam.	49 Vekavalla.
19 Kurai.	50 Vellalu.
20 Kurugonda.	51 Yemmali Jagannadhapuram.
21 Lanaka.	
22 Lolugonda (near Madugula).	
23 Mahapalli Vellapuram.	
24 Mogalilli.	
25 Motapalle (near Gurada).	
26 Krishnabhupalapuram agraharam.	
27 Lovaderavavaram.	
28 Lovakottapalle.	
29 Maddukuchalam.	
30 Narasalle.	
31 Machchavarapalem.	

Virugupatam Taluk.
52 Vinjamanapuram (serial No. 68 of the census list).
53 Kottapalem (serial No. 68 of the census list).
54 Kantalam.

L. LAKKARAJU,
Assistant Secretary.

Board of Revenue, Madras,
24th April 1936.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 5 of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the undermentioned ryotwary portions included within the limits of the Erode Municipality in the Erode taluk of the Coimbatore district :—

Survey number and subdivision.	Extent. A. C.
Sarpangal Reserve village	
38	1·43
90 A	0·30
B	2·00
40 A	3·34
B	0·33
42 A	0·32
B	0·02
C	0·24
43 A-1	1·00
A-2	1·12
A-3	0·10
A-4	0·02
A-5	0·20
A-6	0·10
A-7	0·41
A-8	0·22
A-9	1·27
B	37·38
C	0·33
44	1·31
45	12·09
46	2·03
47	2·28
48	2·10
49	4·78
50	6·78
52	6·24
53	1·01
Total ..	95 82

Survey number and subdivision.	Extent. A. C.
Erode Reserve village—cont.	
Extension No. 1—cont.	
100 C-2	7·19
101	10·03
323	2·03
328	10·13
329 A	3·41
B	5·30
851	9·35
353	4·07
354	5·35
355	8·15
356 A	1·03
B	0·21
C	0·05
357 A	1·30
B	0·31
C	0·06
358 A	0·14
378 A	1·15
378 B	7·21
C-1	0·35
2	0·43
379	0·05
380 A	1·15
B	0·05
381	1·01
382	0·15
383	0·04
384	7·25
386	0·27
387	0·23
388 A	15·01
B	4·05
C	0·01
D	1·13
E-1 A	1·05
E-1 B	1·05
E-2	0·18
430 A-1	1·14
A-2	1·02
B	0·47
500 A	4·43
B	12·39
497	10·54
498	1·39
Total ..	194·74

Survey number and subdivision.	Extent. A. C.
Kuda Perumal village—contd.	
Extension No. II—*contd.*	
66 E	0 12
G	0 25
67	2 37
68	2 37
69 A 2	2 00
6	4 10
70	0 31
71	0 10
72 B	0 02
73	4 76
74 B	0 13
87 B	0 13
C	2 13
88	7 00
89	0 34
92 A	17 11
B	0 23
93	0 05
95	1 27
96	7 11
97	2 10
98 A-1	1 10
A-2	0 31
B	2 15
99	8 13
99 A-1	0 15
2	0 14
B	4 27
C	3 08
100	0 27
115	0 07
117	0 14
118	0 23
119	0 08
120	0 08
121	10 03
122	2 00
123 A	1 00
B	1 00
124	0 18
125	1 30
126	0 10
127	1 20
128	0 05
129	2 21
130	1 21
131	7 21
132	10 07
133	1 07
134	15 34

Survey number and subdivision.	Extent. A. C.
Kuda Perumal village—contd.	
Extension No. II—*contd.*	
135	0 15
136	0 37
137 A	0 36
B	0 39
138 A	0 28
B-1	0 31
B-2	1 11
B-3	4 19
139 A	0 16
140 A	0 21
141	0 21
142	0 19
143	1 15
144	0 14
145	0 40
146	2 37
1038	1 27
1040	1 21
1041	2 33
1042	1 28
1043	4 25
1044	19 40
1044 A	1 16
B	0 30
1055	0 31
1276	1 23
1276	1 19
1276	1 33
1277	1 24
1277 A	1 02
B-1	0 03
B-2	0 03
1278	1 08
1279	1 16
1280	0 31
1281	1 20
1282	1 19
1283	0 33
1284	0 15
1285	0 29
31 A-1	10 30
2	0 34
B	0 38
91 A pars	0 30
Total	304 12

K. C. ALLEY.
Assistant Director of Survey and Land Records.

Madras, 23rd April 1936.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

TENDER NOTICE FOR MADRAS SANDALWOOD.

SEALED tenders will be received by the Conservator of Forests, Salem Circle, Salem (Madras Presidency), up to 16th July 1936, for purchase of about 150 tons of final cleaned sandalwood, stacked in the Government Sandalwood Sale Depot at Tiruppattur, South Indian Railway. For details apply to the undersigned.

MUHAMMAD HABIBULLAH,
District Forest Officer, Vellore West Division, Tiruppattur, North Arcot district, Madras Presidency.

Tiruppattur, 24th April 1936.

RETAIL SALE OF SANDALWOOD.

SANDALWOOD billets for bona fide domestic use are now available for sale to the public at 8 annas per pound. Please apply to the Head clerk, office of the Forest Utilization Officer, Chepauk, Madras.

MUHAMMAD ABDUL HAFIZ,
Forest Utilization Officer.

Madras, 20th April 1936.

LAYING AND JOINTING OF CAST IRON PIPES AND FITTINGS—MAMBALAM, METTUPALAIYAM, LITTLE MOUNT AND GUINDY OF SAIDAPET WATER-SUPPLY SCHEME.

SEALED tenders will be received by the Executive Engineer, Chingleput Division, at his office at Chepauk, Madras, up to 3 p.m. on 1st June 1936 for the work of 'Laying and Jointing of cast iron pipes and fittings, Mambalam, Mettupalaiyam, Little Mount and Guindy of Saidapet Water-Supply Scheme.' The tender notice, schedule and plans can be had between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. on office days from the Executive Engineer's Office, Chingleput Division, on a payment of Rs. 5 (five) for each set.

B. S. RAMASWAMI AYYAR,
Executive Engineer, Chingleput Division.

Madras, 27th April 1936.

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AT THE GOVERNMENT BRANCH PRESS, 164, MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS, S.C., AND BY AGENTS.

[*A Catalogue of all Madras Government Publications available for sale may be obtained gratis from the Government Press, Mint Buildings, or at Mount Road Branch, Madras.*]

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VACANCIES.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of *Draughtsman* in the District Forest Office, Salem North, Hosur Cattle Farm. The vacancy for the present is only for two months and the post carries a pay of Rs. 30 in the grade of Rs. 30—3/2—48—3/2—55. Only persons who have passed the Departmental tests prescribed by the Revenue Survey Department for Draughtsmen or who possess a Draughtsman's group certificate in mechanical drawing prescribed for Government Technical Examination or a certificate of having undergone a course in the College of Engineering need apply. Applicants with the previous experience of work in the Forest Department or in the Forest Engineering Department will be preferred. Applications received after 15th *May* 1936 will not be considered. The selected candidate should be prepared to join duty at his own cost immediately he receives orders.

K. G. BELLIAPPA,
District Forest Officer, Salem North.

Hosur Cattle Farm, 22nd April 1936.

APPLICATIONS are invited for *six* posts of Examiner in the Aircraft Inspection Section of the Civil Aviation Directorate. (2) A candidate should be a British subject or a subject of an Indian State in respect of whom the Governor-General in Council has made declaration under section 98 A of the Government of India Act, 1919. Age not exceeding 35 years. (3) Candidates must have good general education and knowledge of English. They should be Ground Engineers licensed in at least Categories 'A' and 'C' but the possession of a license in Categories 'B' and/or 'D' is desirable. Three years' actual experience as Ground Engineer regularly certifying aircraft or aero engines for safety in flight, carrying out normal maintenance repairs and making the usual log book entries relevant thereto, preferable. Thorough knowledge of the sections of the Indian Aircraft Rules affecting airworthiness, registration and inspection and of the requirements stipulated in the 'Airworthiness Handbook for Civil Aircraft' (A.P. 1208) and notices to Aircraft Owners and Ground Engineers, also desirable. (4) Pay Rs. 200—10—350. (5) Posts permanent. Probation *two years*. (6) Government servants eligible to apply if permitted by their departments. (7) Canvassing in any form, will disqualify. (8) Last date for receipt of applications 25th *May* 1936. Prescribed

application forms and further particulars may be obtained from the Secretary, P.S.C. Examination, Simla. Applicants for forms must quote the name of the post.

T. ENNELL,
Secretary, Pub. Service Commission.

Simla, the 22nd April 1930.

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

On or after 20th July 1930, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof

L. S. SATYANARAIN.

Cocanada, 30th April 1930.

I, P. R. Sreenivasaiah, shall henceforth be known as P. R. Sreenivasamoorthy.

P. R. SREENIVASAIAH.

Parumamandram, 27th April 1930.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

Messrs. Y. Pullayya and G. Mast Reddi have been appointed Clerk in charge and Godownkeeper in-charge of Proddatur and Tadpatri Pay Offices respectively under Cuddapah Branch. They are authorised to discharge Short Credits, Demand Drafts and other bills received for collection and endorse relative documents.

E. A. NUTTALL,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Madras, 29th April 1930.

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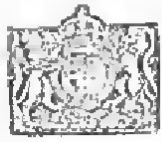

T P L

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

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Part IV—Proceedings of the Madras Legislature

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Acts of the Local Legislature of Madras.

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 81 of the Government of India Act, the following Act of the Local Legislature of Madras having been assented to by the Governor on the 26th February 1936, and by the Governor-General on the 27th March 1936, is hereby published for general information:—

ACT No. XII OF 1936.

The Madras Public Service Commission Act, 1936.

WHEREAS the Secretary of State for India in Council has made a rule authorizing the local legislature, subject to certain conditions and restrictions, to make laws for the establishment, and for determining the functions, of a Commission to regulate the public services of the Presidency of Madras;

AND WHEREAS it is necessary and expedient to establish a Commission for discharging the functions hereinafter specified in relation to the said services;

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor-General has been obtained to the passing of this Act;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.—PRELIMINARY.

Short title and extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Madras Public Service Commission Act, 1936.

(2) It extends to the whole of the Presidency of Madras.

Repeals.

2. The enactments mentioned in the Schedule are hereby repealed.

Definitions.

3. (1) In this Act unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context—

(*a*) 'Public Service Commission' means the Commission established under section 96-C of the Government of India Act;

(*b*) 'Commission' means 'The Madras Public Service Commission' established under this Act;

(*c*) 'Chairman' means the Chairman of the Commission referred to in clause (*b*);

(*d*) 'Governor' means the Governor of Madras;

(*e*) 'Member' means a member of the Commission referred to in clause (*b*); and

(*f*) 'Presidency' means the Presidency of Madras.

(2) In this Act, the terms 'all-India service,' 'provincial service,' 'specialist service' and 'subordinate service' shall have the same meaning as they have in the rules made under sub-section (2) of section 96-B of the Government of India Act by the Secretary of State for India in Council, the Governor-General in Council or the Local Government.

CHAPTER II.—CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMISSION.

Establishment of the Madras Public Service Commission.

4. There shall be established for the Presidency a Commission named 'The Madras Public Service Commission' consisting of a Chairman and such number of other members as the Governor may by regulation determine, for performing the functions hereinafter specified in this Act in respect of the public services in the Presidency.

Appointment and removal of the Chairman and other members.

5 (1) The Chairman and other members of the Commission shall be appointed and may be removed from office by the Governor:

Provided that at least one half of the members of the Commission shall be persons who at the dates of their respective appointments have held office for at least ten years under the Crown in India.

(2) The Governor may, by regulations, determine the number of members of the Commission, their tenure of office and their conditions of service.

(3) No Chairman or member shall hold, during his service on the Commission, any other office under the Crown in India:

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall bar the Chairman or other member having a lien on his post on the Commission while temporarily holding the office of Chairman or member of the Public Service Commission or the office of Chairman, as the case may be.

(4) A person who has been the Chairman or a member shall, on vacating his office, be ineligible to hold any office under the Crown in India other than the office of Chairman or member of the Public Service Commission or of a Commission set up by any law enacted under the authority of rule 13 of the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules.

Power of the Governor to make regulations regarding the staff of the Commission, allowances and other expenses.

6. (1) The Governor may, by regulations, make provision with respect to the numbers of the staff of the Commission and their conditions of service.

(2) He may, by regulation, also make provision—

(a) for the allowances including the travelling allowances payable to the Chairman and other members of the Commission and to the members of the staff of the Commission; and

(b) for such other expenses as may be incidental to the work of the Commission, including contingencies, supplies and services.

CHAPTER III.—FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION.

Functions of the Commission.

7. (1) Subject to the regulations, if any, made by the Governor under sub-section (3) and subject also to the provisions of sub-section (4), the Commission shall be consulted—

(a) on all matters relating to methods of recruitment to any provincial, specialist or subordinate service ;

(b) on the principles to be followed in making appointments to any provincial, specialist or subordinate service and in making promotions and transfers from one such service to another ;

(c) on the suitability of candidates for such appointments, promotions or transfers,

(d) on all disciplinary matters affecting a person serving His Majesty in any provincial, specialist or subordinate service, including memorials or petitions relating to such matters,

(e) on any claim by, or in respect of, a person who is serving or has served His Majesty in any provincial, specialist or subordinate service that any costs incurred by him in defending legal proceedings instituted against him in respect of acts done or purporting to be done in the execution of his duty should be paid out of the revenues of the Presidency;

(f) on any claim for the award of a pension in respect of injuries sustained by a person while serving His Majesty in any provincial, specialist or subordinate service and any question as to the amount of any such award

and it shall be the duty of the Commission to advise on any matter so referred to them and on any other matter which the Governor may refer to them.

(2) It shall also be the duty of the Commission to conduct all examinations for appointments to any provincial, specialist or subordinate service.

(3) The Governor may make regulations specifying the matters on which either generally or in any particular class of case or in any particular circumstances it shall not be necessary for the Commission to be consulted.

(4) Nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall require the Commission to be consulted as respects the manner in which appointments and posts are to be allocated as between the various communities in the Presidency or, in the case of the subordinate ranks of the police forces in the Presidency, as respects any of the matters mentioned in clauses (a), (b), (c) and (d) of sub-section (1)

Commission to observe statutory rules.

8. In the exercise of their functions under section 7, the Commission shall observe the rules, if any, made by the Local Government under sub section (2) of section 96-B of the Government of India Act regarding the constitution of, or recruitment to, the provincial, specialist or subordinate service concerned.

Examination for probationers and other Government servants.

9. Where any examination is to be held in India to determine whether probationers or officers already in the service of the Local Government have sufficient knowledge of any language or of any law, rules or orders which they may be called upon to administer, or possess any other qualifications including sufficient skill in equitation, which can be tested by examination, to justify their appointment to or promotion in an all-India, provincial, specialist or subordinate service, the Commission shall—

(i) advise the Local Government in regard to the rules prescribing—

(a) the conditions of admission to the examination,

(b) the syllabus of the examination, and

(c) the percentage of marks to be obtained for passing the examination;

(ii) make all arrangements for the actual conduct of the examination; and

(iii) publish the results in the *Fort St. George Gazette*:

Provided that the Commission shall not exercise any functions under this section in respect of any person in the Civil Service of the Crown in India other than a member of a provincial, specialist or subordinate service save

with the general or special approval of the Secretary of State in Council in the case of persons appointed by him and of the Governor-General in Council in other cases:

Provided further that the Governor may by regulation exclude any examination from the scope of this section.

Records in disciplinary cases to be sent to the Commission.

10. In any case in which the Commission are consulted under clause (*d*) of sub-section (1) of section 7 on any disciplinary matter or on any memorial or petition relating to such matter, the record of the case shall be forwarded to the Commission and the opinion given by the Commission shall form part of the record, and shall, unless the Governor otherwise directs, be communicated to the officer or officers concerned along with the orders of the authority empowered to pass orders on the case.

CHAPTER IV.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Vacancy not to invalidate proceedings of Commission.

11. The proceedings of the Commission shall not be invalidated by reason of any vacancy in the office of the Chairman or a member.

Commission's powers to call for information.

12. The Commission may, at any time, call for any record, report or information which may in their opinion be necessary to enable them to discharge their functions, from the Local Government or from any head of a department or other authority subordinate to the Local Government; and such record, report or information shall be furnished to the Commission without undue delay by the Local Government or authority concerned, unless where the record, report or information is called for from the Local Government, the Governor, and where the same is called for from the head of a department or any other authority, the Local Government, certify that the same—

(*a*) cannot be furnished without undue labour, or

(*b*) should be withheld in the public interest.

Report of the proceedings of the Commission.

13. Within six months of the end of each financial year, the Commission shall present to the Local Government a report of its proceedings during such financial year and the report shall be laid on the table of the Madras Legislative Council while in session.

14. (1) The Governor may make regulations to carry out all or any of the purposes of this Act and not inconsistent therewith. General power of the Governor to make regulations.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the Governor may make regulations prescribing the procedure to be adopted by the Commission

15 All regulations made under this Act shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and upon such publication shall take effect as if enacted in this Act. Publication of regulations.

THE SCHEDULE.

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

(See section 2)

Year.	No.	Short title.
1929	XI	The Madras Services Commission Act, 1929.
1931	IV	The Madras Services Commission (Amendment) Act, 1931.
1932	VIII	The Madras Services Commission (Amendment) Act, 1932

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 81 of the Government of India Act, the following Act of the Local Legislature of Madras having been assented to by the Governor on the 18th April 1936 and by the Governor-General on the 29th April 1936, is hereby published for general information :—

ACT No. XIII OF 1936.

An Act to amend the Madras Estates Land (Amendment) Act, 1935, for a certain purpose.

Madras Act 9 1936.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Madras Estates Land (Amendment) Act, 1935, for the purpose hereinafter appearing :

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor-General has been obtained to the passing of this Act;

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called the Madras Estates Land (Second Amendment) Act, 1936. Short title.

Amendment of section 2, Madras Act I of 1936.

2. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Madras Estates Land (Amendment) Act, 1935 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), for the expression "1st day of May 1936," the expression "1st day of November 1936" shall be substituted. Madras I of 1936

(2) The said Act shall be read and construed as if the amendment hereby enacted had formed part of the said Act from its commencement.

(By order of His Excellency the Governor)

P. APPU NAIR,
Secretary to Government, Legal Department.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEPARTMENT.

The following Bill* was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 5th February, 1936 :—

L.A. BILL No. 1 OF 1936.

A Bill to prohibit the making of certain loans and credits.

WHEREAS it is expedient in pursuance of the obligations imposed on India as a signatory to the Covenant of the League of Nations by Article 16 thereof to prohibit the making of certain loans and credits; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and extent.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Italian Loans and Credits Prohibition Act, 1936.

* The Governor General has been pleased to accord the sanction required by section 67 (1) of the Government of India Act.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan and the Scheduled Parganas.

Prohibition of loans.

2 (1) No person shall

(a) make, contribute to, participate in or assist in the making or issuing of any loan (wherever the loan is made or issued or to be made or issued) to or for the benefit of

(i) the Government of any Italian territory, or

(ii) any person (not being a body corporate) of whatever nationality resident in any such territory, or

(iii) any person wherever resident being a body corporate incorporated under the law of any such territory,

or

(b) offer for subscription, underwrite or otherwise assist in the issue of or subscribe for any shares, wherever issued or to be issued, in any such body corporate.

(2) Any person who either

(a) by giving a guarantee or by becoming a party to a bill of exchange assumes any liability for payment of money and thereby enables another person to raise money, or

(b) buys a bill of exchange (not being a bill payable on demand) from another person, or

(c) in connection with the sale of goods gives credit to any term to or for the benefit of another person,

shall be deemed for the purposes of sub-section (1) to make a loan to or for the benefit of that other person

(3) Nothing in this section shall be taken to prohibit the performance of any contract made before the 18th day of November, 1935, with any Government or person other than such a Government or person as is mentioned in clause (a) of sub-section (1), but save as aforesaid the provisions of this section shall have effect notwithstanding anything in any contract.

(4) Nothing in this section shall apply to any loan to or for the benefit of an institution which is declared by the Governor General in Council to be for the purposes of this section an institution having a humanitarian or religious object.

Penalty for contravention of section 2.

3. Whoever contravenes the provisions of section 2 shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years or with fine or with both

Liability of Director or other officer of body corporate.

4. Where any contravention of section 2 by a body corporate is proved to have been committed with the consent or approval of or to have been facilitated by any neglect on the part of any Director, Manager, Secretary or other officer of such body corporate, he as well as such body corporate shall be deemed to be guilty of the contravention and shall be punishable with the punishment provided for the offence.

Repeal of Ordinance III of 1935.

5. The Italian Loans and Credits Prohibition Ordinance, 1935, is hereby repealed. Ord. of 1

Termination of Act.

6 The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, declare that with effect from such date as may be specified in the notification this Act shall cease to be in operation, and upon the issue of such notification this Act shall be deemed to be repealed on the date so specified

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Italian Loans and Credits Prohibition Ordinance was promulgated by the Governor General in Council on the 18th November, 1935 in pursuance of the obligations imposed on India as a signatory of the Covenant of the League of Nations by Article 16 thereof to prohibit the making of certain loans and credits. The terms of the Ordinance, under section 72 of the Government of India Act, will

pay six months after its promulgation. It is not possible to say who in the dispute between Italy and Ethiopia will end and the object, therefore, of this Bill is to replace the Ordinance by legislation. Power is proposed to be given to the Governor General in Council to repeal this law by notification.

P. J. GRIGG.

New Delhi,
The 30th January 1936.

The following Report of the Select Committee on the Bill further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (*Amendment of section 60, for certain purposes*) was presented to the Legislative Assembly on the 2nd March, 1936:

We, the undersigned, members of the Select Committee to which the Bill further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for certain purposes was referred, have considered the Bill and have now the honour to submit this our Report with the Bill as amended by us annexed thereto.

2. A majority of us is of opinion that the extent to which salaries should be exempt from attachment should be reduced from one hundred rupees and half the remainder to sixty rupees and half the remainder.

3. We are unanimously of opinion that the extent to which salary is exempted from attachment should be the same in all cases whether the salary is that of a member of the classes specified in the proposed clause (i) of the draft Bill, or otherwise, and we are similarly agreed that the existing state of the law under which salaries other than those of members of these classes are exempt from attachment until they become due and payable while the attachable portion of the salary of public officers and servants of a railway company or local authority is not so exempt should not be disturbed.

4. The provision of law under which the attachable portion of the salary of public officers, and servants of a railway company or of a local authority is liable to be withheld by the disbursing authority and remitted to the Court, that is to say, attached before it is actually payable, is rule 48 of order 21 of the Code of Civil Procedure, read with the Explanation contained in the existing Explanatory to the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 60 of that Code. The proposed clause (b) of the Bill as drafted is defective because, read with the Explanation referred to, it would have the effect of keeping that salary, except so far as made exempt by clause (b) might be attached whether before or after it was actually payable.

5. To remedy this defect we have, while giving effect to the majority view set out in paragraph 1 of this report, provided by an addition to that Explanation (renumbered as Explanation 1 by the Bill) that the attachable balance of salary other than salary of public officers, and servants of railway companies or local authorities shall remain unattachable until payable.

6. We have revised the proviso to proposed clause (i) so as to require that the attachment for twenty-four months shall be continuous and not intermittent attachment.

7. We are impressed by the objections disclosed in the opinions received upon the Bill to the provisions of clause 3. We are of opinion that the changes made by the Bill should not have retrospective effect, and have altered the clause so as to postpone the effect of the changes until after the 1st day of January 1937.

8. The Bill was published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 22nd February, 1936.

9 We think that the Bill has not been so altered as to require re-publication, and we recommend that it be passed as now amended.

* N. N. SIRCAR.
* P. NOYCE.
* H. D. CRAIK.
* K. L. GAUBA.
* MOHD. AZHAR ALI
F. E. JAMES.
* KHURSHAID MOHD.
† M. ANANTHASAYANAM AYYANGAR.
† G. S. GUPTA
† L. K. MAITRA.
† SHRI KRISHNA SINHA.

The 15th March, 1936.

† * Subject to a minute of dissent.

MINUTES OF DISSENT.

Clause 2 (c). We are unable to agree to the amendments made in revised clauses (h) and (i) so far as they reduce the limit of salary and wages exempted from attachment from one hundred rupees to sixty rupees. The Royal Commission on Labour recommended that all salaries drawn by workmen of less than three hundred rupees should be protected from attachment. After consulting various authorities Government decided to fix the limit at one hundred rupees in the case of all salaries, and we do not think that it should be further reduced.

H. D. CRAIK.
N. N. SIRCAR.
P. NOYCE.
K. L. GAUBA.
MOHD. AZHAR ALI
KHURSHAID MOHD.

We sign the majority report subject to the following minute of dissent.

The Bill is primarily intended to give relief to wage earners and employees with small salaries by increasing the minimum exemptible from attachment. Wages are wholly exempted and the minimum of the exempted salary has been raised from Rs. 40 to rupees sixty, and the exemption has been extended to all classes of employés, public as well as private. From the numerous opinions received, we find a desire that an exemptible maximum should also be fixed in the case of large salaries. We accordingly recommend that with respect to all salaries the first sixty rupees shall be wholly exempted. Of the remainder we wish to restrict the exemption to one half and exceeding rupees seven hundred and fifty only.

2. Regarding the proviso to clause (i), we agree with the provision that there should be a respite for twelve months after a continuous attachment for twenty-four months, but the further provision that such portion as continuously attached for 24 months in execution of a decree or decrees should finally cease to be liable to attachment in execution of such decree or decrees, will while not being really beneficial to the debtor, cause great hardship to a bona fide creditor and indirectly give preference to some creditors over others. We therefore recommend the deletion of the words 'shall finally, etc. . . decree or decrees and and the deletion of the word 'other' before 'decree' in the end.

M. ANANTHASAYANAM AYYANGAR.

The 15th March, 1936.

LAKSHMI KANTA MAITRA

The 16th March, 1936.

I would add that as a portion of salaries is exempted from attachment in case of salaried officers, a minimum portion of agricultural holdings of peasants should also be exempted from attachment under section 60 of the Code.

M. ANANTHASAYANAM AYYANGAR

The 18th March, 1936.

I generally agree with the minute of dissent of Messrs. Ayyangar and Maitra. I would, however, like that there should be no provision to the effect that after attachment for 24 months further attachment should cease either permanently or temporarily. Of the salary remaining after the maximum unattachable of Rs. 60 only the half amounting to Rs. 200 should be exempt and not more. Rs. 250 per month should be more than enough for any debtor to maintain himself as a prosperous person, under an obligation to another for payment of his debt, should live.

I would add another clause to give relief to the really poor class that needs protection more than any other, I mean the tenantry. I would add that an agricultural land to the extent of 15 acres in C.P. and 10 acres in other provinces shall not be liable to attachment, sale or forfeiture for any money decree including that of arrears of rent or revenue. I should add that in case of arrears of rent for revenue realisable through the proprietor of a mahal) remaining unrealised by virtue of this provision corresponding reduction shall be made in the land revenue payable to Government.

I would also like that some such protection should also be given to others, e.g., small traders, etc., if possible.

G. S. GUPTA.

The 27th March 1936

I agree with the minute of dissent of Messrs. Ayyangar and Maitra. But I also agree with Mr. Gupta that some clause should be inserted to help the tenants who need such help the most.

A clause should be inserted making 10 acres of the land of a tenant free from liability to attachment, sale or forfeiture in execution of decrees other than such decrees

SHRI KRISHNA SINHA.

L.A. BILL No. 31 OF 1935.

[AS AMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.]

(Words underlined or stalliked indicate the amendments suggested by the Committee.)

A Bill further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for certain purposes.

1908. WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title. 1. This Act may be called the Code of Civil Procedure (Second Amendment) Act, 1936.

Amendment of section 60, Act V of 1908. 1908. 2. In the proviso to sub-section (2) of section 60 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908,—

(a) for clauses (h) and (i) the following clauses shall be substituted, namely —

"(h) the wages of labourers and domestic servants, whether payable in money or in kind; and salary, to the extent of the first sixty rupees and one-half the remainder of such salary;

(c) the salary of any public officer or of any servant of a railway company or local authority to the extent of the first sixty rupees and one-half the remainder of such salary:

Provided that, where the whole or any part of the portion of such salary liable to attachment has been under attachment continuously for a total period of twenty-four months in execution of one or more than one decree, such portion shall finally cease to be liable to attachment in execution of such decree or decrees and shall not be liable to attachment in execution of any other decree until the expiry of a further period of twelve months;".

(b) in clause (4), for the figures "1937" the figures "1925" shall be substituted;

(c) for clause (5) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(5) any allowance forming part of the emoluments of any public officer or of any servant of a railway company or local authority which the Governor General in Council may by notification in the *Gazette of India* declare to be exempt from attachment, and any subsistence grant or allowance made to any such officer or servant while under suspension;";

(d) the *Explanation* at the end shall be renumbered as *Explanation I* and, to the *Explanation* as so re-numbered the following words shall be added, namely:—

"and in the case of salary other than salary of a public officer or a servant of a railway company or local authority the attachable portion thereof is exempt from attachment until it is actually payable"; and

(e) after the *Explanation* as so renumbered, the following *Explanation* shall be added, namely:—

"*Explanation 2*.—In clauses (b) and (c), 'salary' means the total monthly emoluments, excluding any allowance declared exempt from attachment under the provisions of clause (5), derived by a person from his employment whether on duty or on leave."

Retrospective effect.

3. The amendments made by section 2 shall not have effect in respect of any proceedings arising out of any suit instituted before the first day of January, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 23rd March 1936:—

I.A. BILL No. 8 OF 1936.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Companies Act, 1913, for certain purposes.

Whereas it is expedient further to amend the Indian Companies Act, 1913, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:— VII of 1913.

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, appoint in this behalf.

Amendment of section 2, Act VII of 1913.

2. (1) Section 2 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (hereinafter VII of 1913. referred to as the said Act), shall be renumbered as sub-section (2) of that section and in that section as so re-numbered—

(a) in clause (9) the words "and includes a managing agent" shall be added;

(b) for clause (13) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(13) 'private company' means a company which by its articles—

(a) restricts the right to transfer its shares; and

(b) limits the number of its members to fifty not including persons who are in the employment of the company and persons who, having been formerly in the employment of the company, were while in that employment and have continued after the termination of that employment to be members of the company, and

(c) prohibits any invitation to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the company

Provided that where two or more persons hold one or more shares in a company jointly they shall, for the purposes of this definition, be treated as a single member;";

(c) after clause (*iii*) the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*iiia*) 'public company' means a company incorporated under this Act or under the Indian Companies Act, 1882, or under the Indian Companies Act, 1913, or under any Act repealed thereby, which is not a private company;";

and

(d) to clause (*v*) the following words shall be added, namely:—

"but shall not include any trade advertisement which shows on the face of it that a formal prospectus has been prepared and filed."

(2) To section 2 as so renumbered the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(*v*) Where the assets of a company consist in whole or in part of shares in another company, whether held directly or through a nominee and whether that other company is a company within the meaning of this Act or not, and

(*a*) the amount of the shares so held is at the time when the accounts of the holding company are made up more than fifty per cent of the issued share capital of that other company or such as to entitle the company to more than fifty per cent of the voting power in that other company, or

(*b*) the company has power (not being power vested in it by virtue only of the provisions of a debenture trust deed or in virtue of shares issued to it for the purpose in pursuance of those provisions) directly or indirectly to appoint the majority of the directors of that other company,

that other company shall be deemed to be a subsidiary company within the meaning of this Act and the expression 'subsidiary company' in this Act means a company in the case of which the conditions of this sub-section are satisfied."

Amendment of section 4, Act VII of 1913.

3 To section 4 of the said Act the following sub-sections shall be added, namely:—

"(*3*) Every member of a company, association or partnership carrying on business in contravention of sub-section (*2*) of this section shall be personally liable for all liabilities incurred in such business.

(*4*) Any person who is a member of a company, association or partnership formed in contravention of this section shall be punishable with fine not exceeding one thousand rupees."

Substitution of new section for section 6, Act VII of 1913.

4 For section 6 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Printing and signature of memorandum.

"6 The memorandum shall—

(*a*) be printed,

(*b*) be divided into paragraphs numbered consecutively, and

(*c*) be signed by each subscriber in the presence of at least one witness who shall attest the signature."

Amendment of section 11, Act VII of 1913.

5. For sub-section (*3*) of section 11 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*3*) Except with the previous consent in writing of the Governor in Council, no company shall be registered by a name which—

(*a*) contains any of the following words, namely, 'Crown' 'Emperor,' 'Empire,' 'Empress,' 'Federal,' 'Imperial,'

'King,' 'Queen,' 'Royal,' 'State' 'Reserve Bank,' 'Bank of Bengal' 'Bank of Madras' 'Bank of Bombay,' or any word which in the opinion of the registrar suggests or is calculated to suggest the patronage of His Majesty or of any member of the Royal family or any connexion with His Majesty's Government or any department thereof; or

(b) contains the word 'Municipal' or 'Chartered' or any word which in the opinion of the registrar suggests or is calculated to suggest connexion with any municipality or other local authority or with any society or body incorporated by Royal Charter, or

(c) contains the word 'Co-operative'.

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall apply to companies registered before the commencement of this Act."

Amendment of section 12 Act VII of 1913.

6. In sub-section (1) of section 12 of the said Act, after clause (e) the following word and clauses shall be added, namely:—

"or

(f) to sell or dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking of the company, or

(g) to amalgamate with any other company or body of persons."

Amendment of section 17, Act VII of 1913.

7. In sub-section (2) of section 17 of the said Act the following shall be added, namely:—

"and shall contain regulations identical with or to the same effect as regulation 56, regulation 63, regulations 75, 79, 80, 81 and 82, regulation 105, regulation 107, and regulations 112, 113, 114, 115 and 116 contained in that Table."

Insertion of new section 20A in Act VII of 1913.

8. After section 20 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Effect of alteration in Memorandum or articles.

"20A. Notwithstanding anything in the memorandum or articles of a company, no member of the company shall be bound by an alteration made in the memorandum or articles after the date on which he became a member if and so far as the alteration requires him to take or subscribe for more shares than the number held by him at the date on which the alteration is made, or in any way increases his liability as at that date to contribute to the share capital of, or otherwise to pay money to, the company:

Provided that this section shall not apply in any case where the member agrees in writing either before or after the alteration is made to be bound thereby."

Insertion of new section 25A in Act VII of 1913.

9. After section 25 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Alteration of memorandum to be noted in every copy.

"25A. (1) Where an alteration is made in the memorandum of a company, every copy of the memorandum issued after the date of the alteration shall be in accordance with the alteration.

(2) If, where any such alteration has been made, the company at any time after the date of the alteration issues any copies of the memorandum which are not in accordance with the alteration, it shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for each copy so issued and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to the like penalty."

Amendment of section 26, Act VII of 1913.

10. In sub-section (3) of section 26 of the said Act, for the words "and of filing lists of members and directors and managers with the registrar" the words "and of sending lists of members to the registrar" shall be substituted.

Insertion of new section 31A in Act VII of 1913.

11. After section 31 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Index of members of company.

"31A. (1) Every company having more than fifty members shall, unless the register of members is in such a form as to constitute in itself an index, keep an index of the names of the members of the company and shall within fourteen days after the date on which any alteration is made in the register of members make any necessary alteration in the index.

(3) The index, which may be in the form of a card index, shall in respect of each member contain a sufficient cross-reference to enable the account of that member in the register to be readily found.

(4) If default is made in complying with this section, the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees."

Amendment of section 32, Act VII of 1913.

12. In section 32 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (2), after the word "shall" the words "within a year from its incorporation and thereafter" shall be inserted, and in sub-section (3) and sub-section (5) for the words "first or only ordinary" the word "annual" shall be substituted; and

(b) in sub-section (3), for the words "seven days" the words "twenty-one days" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 34, Act VII of 1913.

13. For section 34 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely —

Transfer of shares.

"34. (1) An application for the transfer of shares in a company may be made either by the transferor or the transferee, provided that where such application is made by the transferor no transfer shall be effected unless the company gives notice of the application to the transferee and the company shall, unless objection is made by the transferee within four weeks from the date of receipt of the notice, enter in its register of members the name of the transferee in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as if the application for transfer was made by the transferee

(2) It shall not be lawful for the company to register a transfer of shares in or debentures of the company unless the proper instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed has been delivered to the company along with the share scrips:

Provided that, where it is proved to the satisfaction of the directors of the company that an instrument of transfer signed by the transferor and transferee has been lost, the company may, if the directors think fit, on an application in writing made by the transferee and bearing the stamp required for an instrument of transfer, register the transfer on such terms as to indemnity as the directors may think fit.

(3) If a company refuses to register the transfer of any shares or debentures, the company shall within two months from the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged with the company, send to the transferee and the transferor notice of the refusal.

(4) If default is made in complying with this section, the company and every director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company who is knowingly a party to the default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which the default continues.

(5) Nothing in this section shall prejudice any power of the company to register as shareholder or debenture holder any person to whom the right to any shares in or debentures of the company has been transmitted by operation of law."

Insertion of new section 35A in Act VII of 1913.

14. After section 35 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Transfer to minor or person of unsound mind.

"35A. A transfer of a share or interest in a company to a person who is below the age of eighteen years or who has been found by a Court of competent jurisdiction to be of unsound mind shall be void."

Amendment of section 36, Act VII of 1913.

15. To sub-section (2) of section 36 of the said Act the following words shall be added, namely —

"and the company shall cause any copy so required by any person to be sent to that person within a period of ten days commencing on the day next after the day on which the requirement is received by the company."

Amendment of section 30, Act VII of 1913.

18. To section 30 of the said Act the following words shall be added, namely :—

"within a fortnight from the date of the making of the order."

Amendment of section 43, Act VII of 1913.

17. Section 43 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (1) of that section and to the section as so re-numbered the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(2) Nothing in this section shall apply to a private company."

Amendment of section 50, Act VII of 1913.

18. In sub-section (2) of section 50 of the said Act, the words "with respect to sub-division of shares" shall be omitted.

Insertion of new section 55A in Act VII of 1913.

19. After the heading "*Reduction of Share Capital*" and before section 55 the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Restriction on purchase by company or loans by company for purchase of its own shares.

"55. (1) No company limited by shares shall have power to buy its own shares unless the consequent reduction of capital is effected and sanctioned in the manner provided by sections 55 to 60

(2) No company limited by shares shall give, whether directly or indirectly, and whether by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or others so, any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connexion with a purchase made or to be made by any person of any shares in the company :

Provided that nothing in this section shall be taken to prohibit—

(a) where the lending of money is part of the ordinary business of a company, the lending of money by the company in the ordinary course of its business;

(b) the provision by a company, in accordance with any scheme for the time being in force, of money for the purchase by trustees of fully paid shares in the company to be held by or for the benefit of employees of the company, including any director holding a salaried employment or office in the company;

(c) the making by a company of loans to persons, other than directors, *bona fide* in the employment of the company with a view to enabling those persons to purchase fully paid shares in the company to be held by themselves by way of beneficial ownership

(3) The aggregate amount of any outstanding loans made under the authority of clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (2) shall be shown as a separate item in every balance-sheet of the company

(4) If a company acts in contravention of this section, the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees."

Amendment of section 55, Act VII of 1913.

20. In section 55 of the said Act,—

(a) sub-section (1) shall be omitted; and

(b) sub-sections (2) and (3) shall be re-numbered as sub-sections (1) and (2), respectively.

Insertion of new heading and section 55A in Act VII of 1913.

21. After section 55 of the said Act the following heading and section shall be inserted, namely :—

"*Variation of Shareholders' Rights.*

Rights of holders of special classes of shares.

55A. (1) If in the case of a company, the share capital of which is divided into different classes of shares, provision is made by the memorandum or articles for authorizing the variation of the rights attached to any class of shares in the company, subject to the consent of any specified proportion of the holders of the issued shares of that class or the sanction of a resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of those shares, and in pursuance of the said provision the rights attached to any such class of shares are at any time varied, the holders of not less in the aggregate than fifteen per cent of the issued shares of that class, being persons who did not consent to or

vote in favour of the resolution for the variation may apply to the Court to have the variation cancelled, and where any such application is made the variation shall not have effect unless and until it is confirmed by the Court.

(2) An application under this section must be made within seven days after the date on which the consent was given or the resolution was passed, as the case may be, and may be made on behalf of the shareholders entitled to make the application by such one or more of their number as they may appoint in writing for the purpose.

(3) On any such application the Court, after hearing the applicant and any other persons who apply to the Court to be heard and appear to the Court to be interested in the application, may, if it is satisfied having regard to all the circumstances of the case that the variation would unfairly prejudice the shareholders of the class represented by the applicant, disallow the variation and shall, if not so satisfied, confirm the variation.

(4) The decision of the Court on any such application shall be final.

(5) The company shall within fifteen days after the making of an order by the Court on any such application forward a copy of the order to the registrar and, if default is made in complying with this provision, the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

(6) The expression 'variation' in this section includes 'abrogation' and the expression 'varied' shall be construed accordingly."

Substitution of new section for section 72 Act VII of 1913. Registered office of company.

22. For section 72 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

"72. (1) A company shall on and from the day on which it begins to carry on business, or as from the twenty-eighth day after the date of its incorporation, whichever is the earlier, have a registered office to which all communications and notices may be addressed.

(2) Notice of the situation of the registered office and of any change therein shall be given within twenty-eight days after the date of the incorporation of the company or of the change, as the case may be, to the registrar who shall record the same.

(3) The inclusion in the annual return of a company of the statement as to the address of its registered office shall not be taken to satisfy the obligation imposed by this section.

(4) If a company carries on business without complying with the requirements of this section, it shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which it so carries on business."

Substitution of new section for section 76 Act VII of 1913. Annual general meeting.

23. For section 76 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

"76. (1) A general meeting of every company shall be held within one year from the date of its incorporation and thereafter once at least in every calendar year and not more than fifteen months after the holding of the last preceding general meeting.

(2) If default is made in holding a meeting in accordance with the provisions of this section, the company and every director or manager of the company who is knowingly a party to the default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

(3) If default is made as aforesaid, the Court may, on the application of any member of the company, call or direct the calling of a general meeting of the company."

Substitution of new section for section 77, Act VII of 1913.

24 For section 77 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Statutory meeting of company.

"77 (1) Every company limited by shares and every company limited by guarantee and having a share capital shall, within a period of not less than one month nor more than three months from the date at which the company is entitled to commence business, hold a general meeting of the members of the company, which shall be called the statutory meeting.

(2) The directors shall, at least ten days before the day on which the meeting is held, forward a report (in this Act referred to as the statutory report) certified as required by this section to every member of the company.

(3) The statutory report shall be certified by not less than two directors of the company or by the chairman of the directors if authorised in this behalf by the directors and shall state—

(a) the total number of shares allotted, distinguishing shares allotted as fully or partly paid up otherwise than in cash, and stating in the case of shares partly paid up the extent to which they are so paid up, and in either case the consideration for which they have been allotted;

(b) the total amount of cash received by the company in respect of all the shares allotted, distinguished as aforesaid;

(c) an abstract of the receipts of the company and of the payments made therout up to a date within seven days of the date of the report, exhibiting under distinctive headings the receipts of the company from shares and debentures and other sources, the payments made thereout, and particulars concerning the balance remaining in hand, and an account or estimate of the preliminary expenses of the company;

(d) the names, addresses and descriptions of the directors, auditors, managers, if any, and secretary of the company;

(e) the particulars of any contract, the modification of which is to be submitted to the meeting for its approval, together with the particulars of the modification or proposed modification;

(f) the extent to which underwriting contracts, if any, have been carried out; and

(g) the arrears, if any, due on calls from directors and managers.

(4) The statutory report shall, so far as it relates to the shares allotted by the company, and to the cash received in respect of such shares and to the receipts and payments of the company on capital account, be certified as correct by the auditors of the company.

(5) The directors shall cause a copy of the statutory report certified as required by this section to be delivered to the registrar for registration forthwith after the sending thereof to the members of the company.

(6) The directors shall cause a list showing the names, descriptions and addresses of the members of the company, and the number of shares held by them respectively, to be produced at the commencement of the meeting, and to remain open and accessible to any member of the company during the continuance of the meeting.

(7) The members of the company present at the meeting shall be at liberty to discuss any matter relating to the formation of the company or arising out of the statutory report, whether previous notice has been given or not, but no resolution of which notice has not been given in accordance with the articles may be passed.

(8) The meeting may adjourn from time to time, and at any adjourned meeting any resolution of which notice has been given in accordance with the articles, either before or subsequently to the former meeting, may be passed, and the adjourned meeting shall have the same powers as an original meeting.

(9) If a petition is presented to the Court in manner provided by Part V for winding up the company on the ground of default in filing the statutory report or in holding the statutory meeting, the Court may, instead of directing that the company be wound up, give directions for the statutory report to be filed or a meeting to be held, or make such other order as may be just.

(10) In the event of any default in complying with the provisions of this section every director of the company who is guilty of or who knowingly or wilfully authorises or permits the default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

(11) This section shall not apply to a private company."

Amendment of sec. 70, Act VII of 1913.

23. To section 70 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(7) Any reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists by reason of the failure of the directors duly to convene a meeting shall be repaid to the requisitionists by the company, and any sum so repaid shall be retained by the company out of any sums due or to become due from the company by way of fees or other remuneration for their services to such of the directors as were in default."

Substitution of new sec. 71 for sec. 71, Act VII of 1913.

24. For section 71 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Provisions as to meetings and votes.

"71. (1) The following provisions shall have effect with respect to meetings of a company, and the procedure thereat, notwithstanding any provision made in the articles of the company in this behalf.—

(a) a meeting of a company other than a meeting for the passing of a special resolution may be called by ten days' notice in writing; but with the consent of all the members entitled to receive notice of some particular meeting that meeting may be convened by such shorter notice and in such manner as those members may think fit;

(b) notice of the meeting of a company shall be served on every member in the manner in which notices are required to be served by Table A and for the purpose of this clause the expression 'Table A' means that table as for the time being in force; but the accidental omission to give notice to, or the non-receipt of notice by, any member shall not invalidate the proceedings at any meeting;

(c) five members present in person or by proxy shall be entitled to demand a poll: Provided that in the case of a private company if not more than seven members are personally present, one member, and if more than seven members are personally present, two members shall be entitled to demand a poll; and

(d) an instrument appointing a proxy, if in the form set out in regulation 81 of Table A, shall not be questioned on the ground that it fails to comply with any special requirements specified for such instruments by the articles.

(2) The following provisions shall have effect in so far as the articles of the company do not make other provision in that behalf:—

(a) two or more members holding not less than one-tenth of the issued share capital or, if the company has not a share capital, not less than five per cent in number of the members of the company may call a meeting;

(b) in the case of a private company two members and in the case of any other company three members personally present shall be a quorum;

(c) any member elected by the members present at a meeting may be chairman thereof;

(d) in the case of a company originally having a share capital, every member shall have one vote in respect of each share or each hundred rupees of stock held by him, and in any other case every member shall have one vote;

(e) on a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy;

(f) the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal or under the hand of an officer or an attorney duly authorised; and

(g) a proxy must be a member of the company.

(3) If for any reason it is impracticable to call a meeting of a company in any manner in which meetings of that company may be called or to conduct the meeting of the company in manner prescribed by the articles or this Act, the Court may, either of its own motion or on the application of any director of the company or of any member of the company who would be entitled to vote at the meeting, order a meeting of the company to be called, held and conducted in such manner as the Court thinks fit, and where any such order is given may give such ancillary or consequential directions as it thinks expedient, and any meeting called, held and conducted in accordance with any such order shall for all purposes be deemed to be a meeting of the company duly called, held and conducted."

Amendment of sec. 81, Act VII of 1913.

27. In section 81 of the said Act,

(a) for sub-section (2) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) A resolution shall be a special resolution when it has been passed by such a majority as is required for the passing of an extraordinary resolution and at a general meeting of which not less than twenty-one days' notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution has been duly given:

Provided that, if all the members entitled to attend and vote at any such meeting so agree, a resolution may be proposed and passed as a special resolution at a meeting of which less than twenty-one days' notice has been given.";

(b) in sub-sections (3) and (4), for the words "is submitted to be passed or a special resolution is submitted to be passed or confirmed" the words "or a special resolution is submitted to be passed" shall be substituted; and

(c) in sub-section (4), the words following the words "a poll may be demanded" shall be omitted.

Amendment of sec. 82, Act VII of 1913.

28. In sub-section (1) of section 82 of the said Act, after the word "typewritten" the words "and duly certified under the signature of a principal officer of the company" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 83, Act VII of 1913.

29. To section 83 of the said Act the following sub-sections shall be added, namely:—

"(4) The books containing the minutes of proceedings of any general meeting of a company held after the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936, shall be kept at the registered office of the company and shall during business hours (subject to such reasonable restrictions as the company may by its articles or in general meeting impose so that not less than two hours in each day be allowed for inspection) be open to the inspection of any member without charge.

(5) Any member shall be entitled to be furnished within seven days after he has made a request in that behalf to the company with a copy of any such minutes as aforesaid at a charge not exceeding one anna for every hundred words.

(6) If any inspection required under this section is refused or if any copy required under this section is not sent within the proper time, the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees and to a further fine of twenty-five rupees for every day during which the default continues.

(7) In the case of any such refusal or default, the Court may by order compel an immediate inspection of the books in respect of all proceedings of general meetings or direct that the copies required shall be sent to the persons requiring them."

Amendment of section 83A, Act VII of 1913.

30. In sub-section (1) of section 83A of the said Act, after the word "two" the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"or, if registered after the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936, at least three."

Amendment of section 83B, Act VII of 1913.

31. Section 83B of the said Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (1) of that section and to the section as so re-numbered the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the articles of a company other than a private company, not more than one-third of the whole number of directors shall be appointed otherwise than by the members in general meeting."

Amendment of section 84, Act VII of 1913.

32. In section 84 of the said Act,—

(a) in clause (ii) of sub-section (1), for the words "a company limited by guarantee and" the word "companies" shall be substituted;

(b) in sub-section (2), after the word "articles" the words, "if any," shall be inserted; and

(c) in sub-section (3), after the words "private company" the words "or a company which was a private company before becoming a public company" shall be inserted.

Insertion of new sections 84A to 84I in Act VII of 1913.

33. After section 85 of the said Act the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

Incapacity of bankrupt to act as director.

"84A. (1) If any person being an undischarged bankrupt acts as director of, or directly or indirectly takes part in or is concerned in the management of, any company, he shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees or to both.

(2) In this section the expression 'company' includes an unregistered company and a company incorporated outside British India which has an established place of business within British India.

Assignment of office by director.

84B. If in the case of any company provision is made by the articles or by any agreement entered into between any person and the company for empowering a director or manager of the company to assign his office as such to another person, any assignment of office made in pursuance of the said provision shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the said provision, be of no effect unless and until it is approved by a special resolution of the company.

Avoidance of provisions relieving directors.

84C. Save as provided in this section, any provision, whether contained in the articles of a company or in any contract with a company or otherwise, for exempting any director, manager or officer of the company or any person (whether an officer of the company or not) employed by the company as auditor from or indemnifying him against any liability which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise

attach to him in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust of which he may be guilty in relation to the company shall be void

Provided that—

(a) in relation to any such provision which is in force at the date of the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1960, this section shall have effect only on the expiration of a period of six months from that date, and

(b) nothing in this section shall operate to deprive any person of any exemption or right to be indemnified in respect of anything done or omitted to be done by him while any such provision was in force, and

(c) notwithstanding anything in this section, a company may, in pursuance of any such provision as aforesaid, indemnify any such director, manager, officer or auditor against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted, or in connection with any application under section 281 of this Act in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

Loans to directors.

295D. (1) No company shall make to a director of the company any loan out of moneys borrowed by the company

(2) No company shall make to a director of the company any loan out of the surplus funds of the company except with the previous approval of three-fourths of the members of the board of directors.

(3) Particulars of any loan to which sub-section (2) applies shall be given in the balance-sheet relating to the year in which the loan is given and to any year in which any part of such loan is outstanding.

Director not to hold office of profit.

295E. No director shall without the consent of the company in general meeting hold any office of profit under the company except that of a managing director or manager or a solicitor or a banker.

Director not to act as trustee for debenture-holders of this company.

295F. No director of a company which has issued debentures shall be appointed as or be eligible to act as trustee for the holders of debentures of the company.

Statement as to remuneration of directors to be furnished to shareholders.

295G. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section the directors of a company shall, on a demand in that behalf made to them in writing by members of the company entitled to not less than one-fourth of the aggregate number of votes to which all the members of the company are together entitled, furnish to all the members of the company within a period of one month from the receipt of the demand a statement certified as correct, or with such qualifications as may be necessary by the auditors of the company, showing in respect each of the last three preceding years in respect of which the accounts of the company have been made up the aggregate amount received in that year by way of remuneration or other emoluments by persons being directors of the company whether as such directors or otherwise in connexion with the management of the affairs of the company and there shall, in respect of any such director who is—

(a) a director of any other company which is in relation to the first mentioned company a subsidiary company, or

(b) by virtue of the nomination, whether direct or indirect, of the company, a director of any other company,

be included in the said aggregate amount any remuneration or other emoluments received by him for his own use, whether as a director of, or otherwise in connexion with the management of, that other company:

Provided that—

(i) a deposit for a statement under this section shall be of no effect if the company within one month after the date on which the deposit is made resolve that the statement shall not be furnished, and

(ii) it shall be sufficient to state the total aggregate of all sums paid to or other emoluments received by all the directors in each year without specifying the amount received by any individual.

(2) In computing for the purpose of this section the amount of any remuneration or emoluments received by any director, the amount actually received by him shall, if the company has paid on his behalf any sum by way of income-tax (including super-tax) in respect of the remuneration or emoluments, be increased by the amount of the sum so paid.

(3) If any director fails to comply with the requirements of this section, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

(4) In this section the expression 'emoluments' includes fees, percentages and other payments made or consideration given directly or indirectly to a director as such and the money value of any allowances or perquisites belong ng to his office

Removal of directors.

86H. The company may by extraordinary resolution remove any director whose period of office is liable to determination at any time by retirement of directors on rotation before the expiration of his period of office and may by ordinary resolution appoint another person in his stead. The person so appointed shall be subject to retirement at the same time as if he had become a director on the day on which the director in whose place he is appointed was last elected director

Vacation of office of director

86I. (1) The office of a director shall be vacated if the director—

(a) ceases to be a director under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 86, or

(b) becomes of unsound mind, or

(c) is adjudged an insolvent or

(d) fails to pay calls made on him in respect of shares held by him within six months from the date of such calls being made, or

(e) without the sanction of the company accepts or holds any office of profit under the company other than that of a managing director or manager of a solicitor or a banker, or

(f) absents himself from the meetings of directors for a continuous period of three months without leave of absence from the board of directors

(2) Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to preclude a company from providing by its articles that the office of director shall be vacated on grounds additional to those specified in this section."

Substitution of new section for section 87 of Act VII of 1913.

54. For section 87 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Register of directors and managers.

"87. (1) Every company shall keep at its registered office a register of its directors or managers containing with respect to each of them the following particulars, that is to say,—

(a) in the case of an individual, his present name in full, any former name or surname in full, his usual residential address his nationality and, if that nationality is not the nationality of origin, his nationality of origin and his business occupation, if any, or if he has no business occupation but holds any other directorship or directorships the particulars of that directorship or of some one of those directorships; and

(3) in the case of a corporation, its corporate name and registered or principal office.

(2) The company shall within the periods respectively mentioned in this sub-section send to the registrar a return in the prescribed form containing the particulars specified in the said register and a notification in the prescribed form of any change among its directors or in any of the particulars contained in the register.

The period within which the said return is to be sent shall be a period of fourteen days from the appointment of the first directors of the company and the period within which the said notification of a change is to be sent shall be fourteen days from the opening thereof.

(3) The register to be kept under this section shall during business hours (subject to such reasonable restrictions as the company may by its articles or in general meeting impose, so that not less than two hours in each day be allowed for inspection) be open to the inspection of any member of the company without charge and of any other person on demand of one rupee or such less sum as the company may impose for each inspection.

(4) If any inspection required under this section is refused or if default is made in complying with sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of this section, the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to a fine of fifty rupees.

(5) In the case of any such refusal, the Court may by order compel an immediate inspection of the register.

(6) For the purposes of this section a person in accordance with whose directions or instructions the directors of a company are accustomed to act shall be deemed to be a director and officer of the company."

Insertion of new heading and sections 87A to 87H in Act VII of 1913.

35. After section 87 of the said Act the following heading and sections shall be inserted, namely:—

"*Managing Agents*

Duration of appointment of managing agents.

87A. (1) No managing agent shall after the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act 1936 be appointed to hold office for a term of more than twenty years at a time.

(2) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the articles of a company or in any agreement with the company a managing agent of a company appointed before the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act 1936, shall cease to hold office on the expiry of twenty years from the commencement of the said Act.

Provided that the termination of the office of managing agent by virtue of this provision shall not take effect until all moneys due from the company to the managing agent are paid by the company to the managing agent.

Conditions of appointment of managing agents.

87B. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the articles of the company or in any agreement with the company—

(a) a company may by resolution passed at a general meeting of which notice has been given to the managing agent in the same manner as to members of the company, remove a managing agent for fraud or breach of trust proved in a competent Court;

(b) a transfer of his office by a managing agent shall be void unless approved by an extraordinary resolution of the company;

(c) a charge or assignment of his remuneration or any part thereof effected by a managing agent shall be void as against the company;

(d) if a company is wound up either by the Court or voluntarily, any contract of management made with a managing agent shall be thereupon determined without prejudice however to the right of the managing agent to receive any money remuneration by the managing agent from the company under the contract; and

(e) the appointment of a managing agent, the removal of a managing agent and any variation of a managing agent's contract of management shall not be valid unless approved by the company by a resolution at a general meeting of the company.

Remuneration of managing agent.

376. (1) Where any company incorporated after the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936, appoints a managing agent, the remuneration of the managing agent shall be a sum based on a fixed percentage of the net annual profits of the company, with provision for a minimum payment in the absence of profits, together with an agency allowance to be defined in the agreement of management, and any stipulation for additional remuneration in any form shall not be binding on the company unless sanctioned by the shareholders at the statutory or a general meeting of the company.

(2) For the purposes of this section 'net profits' means the profits of the company calculated after allowing for all the usual working charges, interests on loans and advances, repairs and outgoings, but without any deduction in respect of Income-tax or super-tax, or any other tax or duty on income or contribution for expenditure on capital account or on account of any sum which may be set aside in each year out of the profits for reserve or depreciation or any other special fund.

(3) This section shall not apply to any company carrying on the business of insurance.

Loans to managing agents.

377. (1) No company shall make to a managing agent of the company any loan out of moneys borrowed by the company, and no company shall make to a managing agent or a company any loan out of the surplus funds of the company except with the previous approval of three-fourths of the members of the board of directors.

(2) Nothing contained in this section shall apply to any credit held by a managing agent in a current account maintained by the company with the managing agent for the purposes of the company's business.

(3) Particulars of any loan to which sub-section (1) applies shall be given in the balance-sheet relating to the year in which the loan is made and to any year in which any part of such loan is outstanding.

Loans etc. by companies under the same management.

378. (1) No company incorporated under this Act after the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936, shall make any loan to or guarantee any loan made to any company under management by the same managing agent, and no company shall after the expiry of six months from the commencement of the said Act make any loan to or guarantee any loan made to any such company:

Provided that nothing herein contained shall apply to loans made or guarantees given by a managing agent of the company to or on behalf of a company under its own management or loans made by or to a company to or by a subsidiary company thereof or to guarantees given by a company on behalf of a subsidiary company thereof.

(2) In the event of any contravention of the provisions of this section, the company making the loan or giving the guarantee and any director or officer of such company knowingly and wilfully in default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand rupees.

Purchase by company of shares of company under same managing agent

87F. A company shall not purchase shares or debentures of any company under management by the same managing agent, unless the purchase has been previously approved by three-fourths of the members of the board of directors of the purchasing company.

Restriction on managing agent's powers of management.

87G. A managing agent shall not exercise in respect of any company under management by the managing agent the power to issue debentures or to invest the surplus funds of the company, and no delegation of any such power by a company to a managing agent shall be valid.

Managing agent not to engage in business competing with the business of managed company.

87H. A managing agent shall not, whether directly or as managing agent for another person, engage in any business which is of the same nature as or which is of such a nature that it directly competes with the business carried on by a company under the management of such managing agent."

Amendment of section 91C, Act VII of 1913.

36. In section 91C of the said Act, after the words "the company shall" the words "within fourteen days from the date of entering into the contract or the varying of the contract," shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 91D, Act VII of 1913.

37. In sub-section (*d*) of section 91D of the said Act, after the words "to the company" the words "and void cannes to the directors and auditors" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 92, Act VII of 1913.

38. In section 92 of the said Act,—

(*a*) in sub-section (2),—

(*i*) in clause (*a*), after the word "company" the words "and the number of redeemable preference shares intended to be issued with the date or proposed method of redemption" shall be inserted;

(*ii*) in clause (*c*), after the brackets and words "(if any)" the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"and any provision in the articles or in any contract as to the appointment of managers and the remuneration payable to them";

(*iii*) after clause (*f*) the following clause shall be inserted, namely,—

"(*ff*) where any property referred to in clause (*f*) has within the two years preceding the issue of the prospectus been transferred by sale, the amount paid by the purchaser at each such transfer and, where any such property is a business, the profits accruing from such business during each of the three years immediately preceding the issue of the prospectus or during such year of the existence of the business if less than three years; and";

(*iv*) in the proviso to clause (*f*), after the word "contract", where it occurs for the second time, the following brackets and words shall be inserted, namely —

"(except a contract appointing or fixing the remuneration of a managing director or managing agent)",

(*v*) in clause (*n*), after the word "by" the words "and the rights in respect of capital and dividends attached to" shall be inserted;

(*vi*) after clause (*n*) the following word and clause shall be added, namely:—

"and

(*p*) where the articles of the company impose any restrictions upon the members of the company in respect of the right to attend, speak or vote at meetings of the company, or

upon the directors of the company in respect of their powers of management, the nature and extent of those restrictions."

and

(*b*) after sub-section (*3*) the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*3A*) Where the prospectus is issued by a company which has been carrying on business prior to the issue thereof, the prospectus shall set out the following reports in addition to the matters referred to in sub-section (*3*), namely:—

(*i*) a report by the auditors of the company with respect to the profits of the company in each of the three financial years immediately preceding the issue of the prospectus and with respect to the rates and the dividends, if any, paid by the company on each class of shares in the company for each of the said three years giving particulars of each such class of shares on which such dividends have been paid and particulars of the cases in which no dividends have been paid on any class of shares for any of those years, and if no accounts have been made up for any part of a period of three years ending on a date three months before the issue of the prospectus, containing a statement of that fact;

(*ii*) if the proceeds or any part of the proceeds of the issue of the shares or debentures are or is to be applied directly or indirectly in the purchase of any business, a report made by accountants who shall be named in the prospectus upon the profits of the business in respect of each of the three financial years immediately preceding the issue of the prospectus:

Provided that if, in the case of a company which has been carrying on business for less than three years, the accounts of the company have been made up only in respect of two years or any shorter period, this sub-section shall have effect as if references to two years or such shorter period were substituted for references to three years."

Amendment of section 97, Act VII of 1913.

30. (*1*) Section 97 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (*2*) of that section and the following sub-section shall be inserted as sub-section (*1*), namely :—

"(*1*) If a prospectus is issued which does not comply with the provisions of section 93, every person who is knowingly responsible for the issue of such prospectus shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day from the day of the issue of the prospectus until a copy complying with the requirements of section 93 is issued."

(*2*) In the said section as so re-numbered—

(*a*) after the words "non-compliance with", in both places where they occur, the word "or contravention of" shall be inserted;

(*b*) after the word "non-compliance", in the three places where it occurs, the words "or contravention" shall be inserted, and

(*c*) after clause (*b*) the following word and clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"or

(*c*) the non-compliance or contravention was in respect of matters which in the opinion of the Court were immaterial, or was otherwise such as ought in the opinion of the Court having regard to all the circumstances of the case reasonably to be excused.".

Insertion of new section 38A in Act VII of 1913.

40. After section 38 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Document offering shares or debentures for sale to be deemed a prospectus.

"38A. (1) Where a company allots or agrees to allot any shares in or debentures of the company with a view to all or any of those shares being offered for sale to the public, any document by which the offer for sale to the public is made shall for all purposes be deemed to be a prospectus issued by the company and all enactments and rules of law as to the contents of prospectuses and to liability in respect of statements in and omissions from prospectuses or otherwise relating to prospectuses shall apply and have effect accordingly as if the shares or debentures had been offered to the public for subscription and as if persons accepting the offer in respect of any shares or debentures were subscribers for those shares or debentures but without prejudice to the liability, if any, of the persons by whom the offer is made in respect of misstatements contained in the document or otherwise in respect thereof.

(2) For the purposes of this Act it shall, unless the contrary is proved, be evidence that an allotment of or an agreement to allot shares or debentures was made with a view to the shares or debentures being offered for sale to the public, if it is shown—

(a) that an offer of the shares or debentures or of any of them for sale to the public was made within six months after the allotment or agreement to allot, or

(b) that at the date when the offer was made the whole of the consideration to be received by the company in respect of the shares or debentures had not been so received.

(3) Section 97 shall apply to the person or persons making the offer as though they were persons named in a prospectus as directors of a company, and the provisions of section 93 shall have effect as if it required a prospectus to state, in addition to the matters required by that section to be stated in a prospectus,—

(a) the net amount of the consideration received or to be received by the company in respect of the shares or debentures to which the offer relates, and

(b) the place and time at which the contract under which the said shares or debentures have been or are to be allotted may be inspected.

(4) Where a person making an offer to which this section relates is a company or a firm, it shall be sufficient if the document aforesaid is signed on behalf of the company or firm by all directors of the company or not less than half of the partners, as the case may be, and any such director or partner may sign by his agent authorised in writing."

Substitution of section 101, Act VII of 1913.

41. For sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 101 of the said Act the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) No allotment shall be made of any shares of a company offered to the public for subscription unless the amount stated in the prospectus as the minimum amount which in the opinion of the directors must be raised by the issue of those shares in order to provide the sums or, if any part thereof is to be defrayed in any other manner, the balance of the sums required to be provided in respect of each of the following matters, namely:—

(a) the purchase price of any property purchased or to be purchased which is to be defrayed in whole or in part out of the proceeds of the issue,

(b) any preliminary expenses payable by the company and any commission so payable to any person in consideration of his agreeing to subscribe for or of his procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions for any shares in the company,

(c) the repayment of any moneys borrowed by the company in respect of any of the foregoing matters,

(d) working capital,

or thirty-three and one-third per cent of the share capital offered to the public for subscription whichever is higher has been subscribed, and the sum of at least twenty-five per cent thereof has been paid to or received in cash by the company.

(3) For the purposes of sub-section (1) a sum shall be deemed to have been paid to and received by the company if a cheque for that sum has been received in good faith by the company and the directors of the company have no reason for suspecting that the cheque will not be paid."

Amendment of section 104, Act VII of 1913.

42. To section 101 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be added namely:—

"(5) Nothing in this section shall apply to the issue and allotment by a company of shares which under the provisions of its articles were forfeited for non-payment of calls."

Amendment of section 105, Act VII of 1913.

43. In sub-section (2) of section 105 of the said Act after the words "as aforesaid" the words "and save as provided in section 105A" shall be inserted.

Insertion of new sections 105A and 105B in Act VII of 1913

44. After section 105 of the said Act the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

Power to issue shares at a discount.

"105A. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, it shall be lawful for a company to issue at a discount shares in the company of a class already issued:

Provided that—

(a) the issue of the shares at a discount must be authorised by resolution passed in general meeting of the company and must be sanctioned by the Court;

(b) the resolution must specify the maximum rate of discount (not exceeding ten per cent in any case) at which shares are to be issued;

(c) not less than one year must at the date of issue have elapsed since the date on which the company was entitled to commence business;

(d) the shares to be issued at a discount must be issued within six months after the date on which the issue is sanctioned by the Court or within such extended time as the Court may allow.

(2) Every prospectus relating to the issue of the shares and every balance-sheet issued by the company subsequently to the issue of the shares must contain particulars of the discount allowed on the issue of the shares or of so much of that discount as has not been written off at the date of the issue of the document in question.

(3) If default is made in complying with sub-section (2) the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Issue of redeemable preference shares.

105B. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, a company limited by shares may, if so authorized by its articles, issue preference shares which are, or at the option of the company are to be liable to be redeemed:

Provided that—

(a) no such shares shall be redeemed except out of profits of the company which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purposes of the redemption;

(b) no such shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid;

(c) where any such shares are redeemed otherwise than out of the proceeds of a fresh issue there shall out of profits which would otherwise have been available for dividend be transferred to a reserve fund, to be called "the capital redemption reserve fund", a sum equal to the amount applied in redeeming the shares, and the provisions of this Act relating to the reduction of the share capital of a company shall, except as provided in this section, apply as if the capital redemption reserve fund were paid-up share capital of the company;

(d) where any such shares are redeemed out of the proceeds of a fresh issue, the premium if any, payable on redemption must have been provided for out of the profits of the company before the shares are redeemed.

(3) There shall be included in every balance-sheet of a company which has issued redeemable preference shares a statement specifying what part of the issued capital of the company consists of such shares and the date on or before which those shares are, or are to be, liable to be redeemed.

If a company fails to comply with the provisions of this sub-section the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees.

(4) Subject to the provisions of this section, the redemption of preference shares thereunder may be effected on such terms and in such manner as may be provided by the articles of the company.

(5) Where in pursuance of this section a company has redeemed or is about to redeem any preference shares, it shall have power to issue shares up to the nominal amount of the shares redeemed or to be redeemed as if those shares had never been issued, and accordingly the share capital of the company shall not for the purposes of any enactments relating to stamp duty be deemed to be increased by the issue of shares in pursuance of this sub-section:

Provided that, where new shares are issued before the redemption of the old shares, the new shares shall not, so far as relates to stamp duty, be deemed to have been issued in pursuance of this sub-section unless the old shares are redeemed within one month after the issue of the new shares.

(6) Where new shares have been issued in pursuance of the last foregoing sub-section the capital redemption reserve fund may, notwithstanding anything in this section, be applied by the company, up to an amount equal to the nominal amount of the shares so issued, in paying up unissued shares of the company to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares."

Amendment of section 109, Act VII of 1913.

43. Section 109 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (1) of that section, and

(a) in the section as so re-numbered clause (c) shall be re-lettered as clause (f) and the following shall be inserted as clause (c), namely,—

"(c) a mortgage or a charge, not being a pledge, on any movable property of the company except stock-in-trade, or", and

(b) to the section as so re-numbered the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(2) Where any mortgage or charge on any property of a company required to be registered under this section has been so registered, any person acquiring such property or any part thereof, or any share or interest therein, shall be deemed to have notice of the said mortgage or charge as from the date of such registration."

Insertion of new section 109 A in Act VII of 1913.

46. After section 109 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Registration of charges on property acquired subject to charge.

"109A. (1) Where after the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936, a company registered in British India acquires any property which is subject to a charge of any such kind as would, if it had been created by the company after the acquisition of the property have been required to be registered under this Part, the company shall cause the prescribed particulars of the charge, together with a copy (certified in the prescribed manner to be a correct copy) of the instrument, if any, by which the charge was created or is evidenced, to be delivered to the registrar for registration in manner required by this Act within twenty-one days after the date on which the acquisition is completed:

Provided that, if the property is situate and the charge was created outside British India twenty-one days after the date on which the copy of the instrument could in due course of post and if despatched with due diligence have been received in British India shall be substituted for twenty-one days after the completion of the acquisition as the time within which the particulars and the copy of the instrument are to be delivered to the registrar.

(2) If default is made in complying with this section, the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to a fine of five hundred rupees."

Amendment of section 110, Act VII of 1913.

47. To section 110 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(3) Whenever the terms or conditions or extent or operation of any charge registered under this section are modified it shall be the duty of the company to send to the registrar the particulars of such modification, and the provisions of this section as to registration of a charge shall apply to such modification of the charge as aforesaid."

Amendment of section 119, Act VII of 1913.

48. For sub-section (2) of section 119 of the said Act the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

"(2) Where a receiver or manager of the property of a company has been appointed, every invoice order for goods, or business letter issued by, or on behalf of the company, or the receiver or manager of the liquidator of the company, being a document on or in which the name of the company appears, shall contain a statement that a receiver or manager has been appointed.

(3) If default is made in complying with the requirements of this section, the company and every director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company and every liquidator of the company and every receiver or manager, who knowingly and wilfully authorises or permits the default, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees."

Amendment of section 120 Act VII of 1913.

49. Section 120 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (1) of that section and—

(a) in that section as so re-numbered, after the words " mortgage or charge " where they occur for the second time, the following words shall be inserted, namely :—

", or the omission to give intimation to the registrar of the payment or satisfaction of a debt for which a charge or mortgage was created ",

and

(b) to that section as so re-numbered the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

" (2) Where the Court extends the time for the registration of a mortgage or charge, the order shall not prejudice any rights acquired in respect of the property concerned prior to the time when the mortgage or charge is actually registered "

Substitution of new section for section 121 Act VII of 1913.

57. For section 121 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Registration of satisfaction of mortgage or charge.

"121. (1) It shall be the duty of the company to give intimation to the registrar of the payment or satisfaction of any charge or mortgage created by the company and requiring registration under section 100 within twenty-one days from the date of the payment or satisfaction thereof.

(2) The registrar shall on receipt of such intimation cause a notice to be sent to the mortgagee calling upon him to show cause, within a time (not exceeding fourteen days) to be fixed by such notice, why the payment or satisfaction of the charge or mortgage should not be recorded.

(3) The registrar shall if no satisfactory cause is shown or if satisfied that the debt for which any registered mortgage or charge was given has been paid or satisfied, order that a memorandum of satisfaction be entered on the register and shall if required furnish the company with a copy thereof."

Amendment of section 122, Act VII of 1913.

58. In sub-section (1) of section 122 of the said Act, clause (b) shall be re-lettered as clause (c) and the following clause shall be inserted as clause (b), namely: —

"(b) of any mortgage or charge registered under section 100 the debt in respect of which has been paid or satisfied; or"

Amendment of section 123, Act VII of 1913.

59. In sub-section (1) of section 123 of the said Act the word "limited" shall be omitted and after the words "property of the company" the words "and all floating charges on the undertaking or on any property of the company" shall be inserted.

Substitution of new section for section 130, Act VII of 1913.

60. For section 130 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Books to be kept by company and penalty for not keeping proper books.

"130. (1) Every company shall cause to be kept proper books of account with respect to—

(a) all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place;

(b) all sales and purchases of goods by the company;

(c) the assets and liabilities of the company.

(2) The books of account shall be kept at the registered office of the company or at such other place as the directors think fit, and shall at all times be open to inspection by the directors.

(3) If any person being a director of a company fails to take all reasonable steps to secure compliance by the company with the requirements of this section, or has by his own wilful act been the cause of any default by the company thereunder, he shall, in respect of each offence, be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding two thousand rupees:

Provided that a person shall not be sentenced to imprisonment for an offence under this section unless, in the opinion of the Court dealing with the case, the offence was committed wilfully."

Amendment of section 131, Act VII of 1913.

61. In section 131 of the said Act,—

(a) for sub-section (1) the following sub-section shall be substituted namely —

"(1) Every company shall once at least in every year cause the accounts to be balanced and cause to be prepared and laid before the company in general meeting at some date not later than eighteen months after the incorporation of the company and subsequently once at least in every calendar year a balance-sheet and profit and loss account or in the case of a company not trading for profit an income and expenditure

account for the period, in the case of the first account since the incorporation of the company and in any other case since the preceding account, made up to a date not earlier than the date of the meeting by more than nine months or in the case of a company incorporated outside India by more than twelve months

Provided that the registrar may for any special reason extend the period by a period not exceeding three months ";

(b) in sub-section (2), after the words " The balance-sheet " the words " and the profit and loss account " shall be inserted;

(c) in sub-sect on (3),—

(i) the words " other than a private company " shall be omitted, and

(ii) for the words " such balance-sheet as aforesaid " the words " such balance-sheet and profit and loss account as audited together with a copy of the auditors' report " shall be substituted, and

(d) sub-section (4) shall be omitted.

Insertion of new section 131A in Act VII of 1913.

55. After section 131 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Directors' report.

" 131A. (1) The directors shall make out and attach to every balance-sheet a report with respect to the state of the company's affairs, the amount, if any, which they recommend should be paid by way of dividend and the amount, if any, which they propose to carry to the Reserve Fund, General Reserve or Reserve Account shown specifically on the balance-sheet or to a Reserve Fund, General Reserve or Reserve Account to be shown specially in a subsequent balance-sheet.

(2) The report referred to in sub-section (1) may be signed by the chairman of the directors on behalf of the directors if authorised on that behalf by the directors

(3) The provisions of sub-section (4) of section 120 shall apply to any person being a director who is guilty of a default in complying with this section."

Amendment of section 132, Act VII of 1913.

56. To section 132 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

" (4) The profit and loss account shall include particulars showing the total of the amount paid whether as fees, percentages or otherwise to the manager, the managing agents, if any, and the directors respectively as remuneration for their services, and the total of the amount written off for depreciation "

Insertion of new section 132A in Act VII of 1913.

57. After section 132 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Balance-sheet to be up to be prefixed as to subsidiary companies.

" 132-A. (1) Where a company, in this section referred to as the holding company, holds shares either directly or through a nominee, in a subsidiary company or in two or more subsidiary companies, there shall be annexed to the balance-sheet of the holding company a statement signed by the persons by whom, in pursuance of section 133, the balance-sheet is signed stating how the profits and losses of the subsidiary company, or, where there are two or more subsidiary companies, the aggregate profits and losses of those companies, have been dealt with in or for the purposes of the accounts of the holding company, and in particular how and to what extent—

(a) provision has been made for the losses of a subsidiary company either in the accounts of that company or of the holding company or of both, and

(b) losses of a subsidiary company have been taken into account by the directors of the holding company in arriving at the profits and losses of the company as disclosed in its accounts:

Provided that it shall not be necessary to specify in any such statement the actual amount of the profits or losses of any subsidiary company or the actual amount of any part of any such profits or losses which has been dealt with in any particular manner

(2) If, in the case of a subsidiary company, the auditors' report on the balance-sheet of the company does not state without qualification that the auditors have obtained all the information and explanations they have required and that the balance-sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the company's affairs according to the best of their information and the explanations given to them and as shown by the books of the company, the statement, which is to be annexed as aforesaid to the balance-sheet of the holding company, shall contain particulars of the manner in which the report is qualified.

(3) For the purposes of this section the profits or losses of a subsidiary company dealt the profits or losses shown in any accounts of the subsidiary company made up to a date within the period in which the accounts of the holding company relate, or, if there are no such accounts of the subsidiary company available at the time when the accounts of the holding company are made up, the profits or losses shown in the last previous accounts of the subsidiary company which became available within that period.

(4) If for any reason the directors of the holding company are unable to obtain such information as is necessary for the preparation of the statement aforesaid, the directors who sign the balance-sheet shall so report in writing and their report shall be annexed to the balance-sheet in lieu of the statement."

Amendment of section 133, Act VII of 1913.

59. For sub-section (3) of section 133 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(3) If any balance-sheet is issued, circulated or published which does not comply with the requirements laid down by and under section 131, section 132, section 132A and this section, the company and every officer of the company who is knowingly a party to the default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees."

Amendment of section 136, Act VII of 1913.

60. In sub-section (2) of section 136 of the said Act, after the words "A copy of the statement" the words "together with a copy of the last audited balance-sheet" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 137, Act VII of 1913.

61. In section 137 of the said Act,—

(a) to sub-section (3) the following words shall be added, namely —

"and the Court may on the application of the registrar make an order on the company for production of such documents as in its opinion may reasonably be required by the registrar for his investigation and allow the registrar inspection thereof on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit";

and

(b) after sub-section (5) the following sub-sections shall be added, namely —

"(6) Where the registrar is of opinion on materials placed before him by any contributory or creditor that the business of a company is carried on to fraud of its creditors or in fraud of persons dealing with the company or for a fraudulent purpose, he may by written order call on the company for information or explanation on matters specified in the order within such time as he may specify in the order and the provisions of sub-sections (2), (3) and (5) of this section shall apply to such order.

(7) The provisions of this section shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to documents which a liquidator is required to file under this Act."

61. After section 139 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:— (section of new section 139A in Act VII of 1913.

"139A (1) If from any report made under section 138 it appears to the Local Government that any person has been guilty of any offence in relation to the company for which he is criminally liable, the Local Government shall refer the matter to such legal adviser as may be appointed in that behalf by the Local Government. Institution of prosecutions.

(2) If the officer or person to whom the matter is referred considers that the case is one in which a prosecution ought to be instituted, he shall cause proceedings to be instituted, and it shall be the duty of all officers and agents of the company, past and present (other than the accused in the proceedings), to give to him all assistance in connection with the prosecution which they are reasonably able to give.

(3) For the purpose of sub-section (2), the expression "agents" in relation to a company shall be deemed to include the bankers and solicitors of the company and any persons employed by the company as auditors, whether those persons are or are not officers of the company.

(4) Any director, manager or other officer of the company convicted as the result of a prosecution instituted under this section shall not without the leave of the Court be a director of or in any way whether directly or indirectly be concerned in or take part in the management of a company for a period of five years from the date of such conviction."

62. In section 141 of the said Act,— Amendment of section 141, Act VII of 1913.

(a) in sub-section (4), after the words "by the Local Government" the words "to the registrar and another copy" shall be inserted;

(b) to sub-section (5) the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that the expenses of and incidental to an investigation held in pursuance of clause (iv) of section 138 shall be paid out of the assets of the company and shall be recoverable as an arrear of land-revenue"; and

(c) after sub-section (5) the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(6) The registrar shall keep the copy of the report sent to him with the records of the company in his custody."

63. In section 146 of the said Act,— Amendment of section 146, Act VII of 1913.

(a) in sub-section (2), after clause (c) the following word and clause shall be added, namely:—

"and

(d) whether books of account have been kept by the company as required by section 130",

and

(b) after sub-section (3) the following sub-sections shall be added, namely:—

"(4) The auditors of a company shall be entitled to attend any general meeting of the company at which any accounts which have been examined or reported on by them are to be laid before the company and may make any statement or explanation they desire with respect to the accounts.

(5) If any auditor's report is made which does not comply with the requirements of this section, every auditor who is knowingly a party to the default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees."

64. To sub-section (2) of section 148 of the said Act the following proviso shall be added, namely:— Amendment of section 148, Act VII of 1913.

"Provided that in the case of any such company the trustees for holders of debentures shall have the right conferred by sub-section (1) on holders of preference shares and debentures of a company."

Amendment of section 153, Act VII of 1913.

61. Sub-section (3) of section 153 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (4) and the following shall be inserted as sub-section (3), namely:—

"(3) The Court may, at any time after an application has been made to it under this section, stay the commencement or continuation of any suit or proceeding against a company on such terms as it thinks fit and proper until the application is finally disposed of."

Insertion of new sections 153A and 153B in Act VII of 1913.

62. After section 153 of the said Act the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

Provisions for facilitating arrangements and compromises.

"153A. (1) Where an application is made to the Court under section 153 for the sanctioning of a compromise or arrangement proposed between a company and any such persons as are mentioned in that section, and it is shown to the Court that the compromise or arrangement has been proposed for the purposes of or in connexion with a scheme for the reconstruction of any company or companies or the amalgamation of any two or more companies, and that under the scheme the whole or any part of the undertaking or the property of any company concerned in the scheme (in this section referred to as a 'transferor company') is or is to be transferred to another company (in this section referred to as 'the transferee company'), the Court may, either by the order sanctioning the compromise or arrangement or by any subsequent order, make provision for all or any of the following matters:—

(a) the transfer to the transferee company of the whole or any part of the undertaking and of the property or liabilities of any transferor company;

(b) the allotting or appropriation by the transferee company of any shares, debentures, policies, or other like interests in that company which under the compromise or arrangement are to be allotted or appropriated by that company to or for any person;

(c) the continuation by or against the transferee company of any legal proceedings pending by or against any transferor company;

(d) the dissolution, without winding up, of any transferor company;

(e) the provision to be made for any persons who, within such time and in such manner as the Court directs, dissent from the compromise or arrangement;

(f) such incidental, consequential and supplemental matters as are necessary to secure that the reconstruction or amalgamation shall be fully and effectively carried out.

(2) Where an order under this section provides for the transfer of property or liabilities, that property shall, by virtue of the order be transferred to and vest in, and those liabilities shall, by virtue of the order, be transferred to and become the liabilities of, the transferee company, and in the case of any property, if the order so directs, freed from any charge which is by virtue of the compromise or arrangement to cease to have effect.

(3) Where an order is made under this section, every company in relation to which the order is made shall cause a certified copy thereof to be delivered to the registrar for registration within seven days after the making of the order, and if default is made in complying with this sub-section, the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

(4) In this sect on the expression 'property' includes property, rights and powers of every description, and the expression 'liabilities' includes duties

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 137, the expression 'company' in this section does not include any company other than a company within the meaning of this Act.

Power to acquire shares of shareholders dissenting from a scheme or contract approved by majority.

153B. (1) Where a scheme or contract involving the transfer of shares or any class of shares in a company (in this section referred to as 'the transferor company') to another company, whether a company within the meaning of this Act or not (in this section referred to as the 'transferee company') has within four months after the making of the offer in that behalf by the transferee company been approved by the holders of not less than nine-tenths in value of the shares affected, the transferee company may, at any time within two months after the expiration of the said four months, give notice in the prescribed manner to any dissenting shareholder that it desires to acquire his shares, and where such a notice is given the transferee company shall, unless on an application made by the dissenting shareholder within one month from the date on which the notice was given the Court thinks fit to order otherwise, be entitled and bound to acquire those shares on the terms on which under the scheme or contract the shares of the approving shareholders are to be transferred to the transferee company:

Provided that, where any such scheme or contract has been so approved at any time before the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936, the Court may by order, on an application made to it by the transferee company within two months after the commencement of that Act, authorise notice to be given under this section at any time within fourteen days after the making of the order, and this section shall apply accordingly, except that the terms on which the shares of the dissenting shareholder are to be acquired shall be such terms as the Court may by the order direct instead of the terms provided by the scheme or contract.

(2) Where a notice has been given by the transferee company under this section and the Court has not, on an application made by the dissenting shareholder, ordered to the contrary, the transferee company shall, on the expiration of one month from the date on which the notice has been given, or, if an application to the Court by the dissenting shareholder is then pending, after that application has been disposed of, transmit a copy of the notice to the transferor company and pay or transfer to the transferor company the amount or other consideration representing the price payable by the transferee company for the shares which by virtue of this section that company is entitled to acquire, and the transferor company shall thereupon register the transferee company as the holder of those shares.

(3) Any sums received by the transferor company under this section shall be paid into a separate bank account, and any such sums and any other consideration so received shall be held by that company on trust for the several persons entitled to the shares in respect of which the said sums or other consideration were respectively received.

(4) In this section the expression 'dissenting shareholder' includes a shareholder who has not assented to the scheme or contract and any shareholder who has failed or refused to transfer his shares to the transferee company in accordance with the scheme or contract."

Substitution of new section for section 154, Act VII of 1913.

87. For section 154 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Conversion of private company into public company.

"154. (1) If a company, being a private company, alters its articles in such manner that they no longer include the provisions which, under the provisions of clause (iii) of sub-section (1) of section 2, are required to be included in the articles of a company in order to constitute it a private company, the company shall as on the date of the alteration, cease to be a private company and shall, within a period of fourteen days after the said date, deliver to the registrar for registration a prospectus or a statement in lieu of prospectus in the form and containing the particulars set out in the Second Schedule.

(2) If default is made in complying with sub-section (1) of this section, the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

(3) Where the articles of a company include the provisions aforesaid but default is made in complying with any of those provisions, the company shall cease to be entitled to the privileges and exemptions conferred on private companies under the provisions contained in this Act, and thereupon the said provisions shall apply to the company as if it were not a private company:

Provided that the Court on being satisfied that the failure to comply with the conditions was accidental or due to inadvertence or to some other sufficient cause, or that on other grounds it is just and equitable to grant relief, may, on the application of the company or any other person interested and on such terms and conditions as seem to the Court just and expedient, order that the company be relieved from such consequences as aforesaid."

Amendment of section 163, Act VII of 1913.

88. Section 163 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (1) of that section and in the section as so re-numbered—

(a) in clause (i), for the words "by leaving the same" the words "by causing the same to be delivered by post or otherwise" shall be substituted; and

(b) the following sub-section shall be added, namely—

"(2) The demand referred to in clause (i) of sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have been duly given under the hand of the creditor if it is signed by an agent duly authorized on his behalf and in the case of a firm if it is signed by any one member of the firm on behalf of the firm."

Amendment of section 164 Act VII of 1913.

89. In section 166 of the said Act,—

(a) after the words "together or separately" the words "or by the registrar" shall be inserted; and

(b) after clause (a) of the proviso the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(aa) the registrar shall not be entitled to present a petition for winding up a company—

(i) unless the previous sanction of the Local Government has been obtained to the presentation of the petition, and

(ii) except on the ground that from the financial condition of the company as disclosed in its balance-sheet or from the report of an inspector appointed under section 139 it appears that the company is unable to pay its debts."

Amendment of section 170, Act VII of 1913.

90. To section 170 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(4) Where the Court makes an order for the winding up of a company it shall, except where a liquidator is appointed simultaneously, forthwith cause intimation thereof to be sent to the official receiver."

71. In section 171 of the said Act after the words "has been made" the words "or a provisional liquidator has been appointed" shall be inserted. Amendment of section 171, Act VII of 1913.

72. After section 171 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:— Insertion of new section 171A in Act VII of 1913.

"171A. (1) For the purposes of this Act, so far as it relates to the winding up of companies by the Court, the term 'official receiver' means the official receiver attached to the Court, or, if there is no such official receiver then such person as the Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, appoint for the purpose. Vacancy in the office of liquidator

(2) On the making of a winding up order, the official receiver shall become the official liquidator of the company and shall continue to act as such until his further continuance is terminated by an order of the Court.

(3) The official receiver shall as such official liquidator forthwith take into his custody and control all the books, documents and the assets of the company.

(4) The official receiver shall be entitled to such remuneration as the Court shall fix."

73. For sub-section (1) of section 172 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:— Amendment of section 172, Act VII of 1913.

"(1) On the making of a winding up order it shall be the duty of the petitioner in the winding up proceedings to file with the registrar a copy of the order within a month from the date of the making of the order, and the company may so file a copy."

74. In sub-section (1) of section 175 of the said Act, after the words "a person or persons" the words "other than the official receiver" shall be inserted. Amendment of section 175, Act VII of 1913.

75. To sub-section (2) of section 176 of the said Act the following words shall be added, namely:— Amendment of section 176, Act VII of 1913.

"and until the vacancy is so filled up the official receiver shall be and act as the official liquidator."

76. After section 177 of the said Act the following sections shall be inserted, namely:— Insertion of new sections 177A and 177B in Act VII of 1913.

"177A. (1) Where the Court has made a winding up order or appointed an official liquidator provisionally, there shall be delivered made out and submitted to the official liquidator a statement as to the affairs of the company verified by an affidavit and containing the following particulars, namely:— Statement of affairs to be made to the liquidator.

(a) the assets of the company, stating separately the cash balance in hand and at the bank, if any;

(b) the debts and liabilities;

(c) the names, residences and occupations of the creditors stating separately the amount of secured debts and unsecured debts, and in the case of secured debts particulars of the securities, their value and the dates when they were given;

(d) the debts due to the company and the names, residences and occupations of the persons from whom they are due and the amount likely to be realized therefrom.

(2) The statement shall be submitted and verified by one or more of the persons who are at the relevant date the directors and by the person who is at that date the secretary, manager or other chief officer of the company, or by such of the persons mentioned in this sub-section mentioned as the official liqui-

date, subject to the direction of the Court, may require to submit and verify the statement, that is to say, persons—

(a) who are or have been directors or officers of the company;

(b) who have taken part in the formation of the company at any time within one year before the relevant date;

(c) who are in the employment of the company, or have been in the employment of the company within the said year, and are in the opinion of the official liquidator capable of giving the information required;

(d) who are or have been within the said year officers of or in the employment of a company, which is, or within the said year was, an officer of the company to which the (the statement relates.

(3) The statement shall be submitted within fourteen days from the relevant date, or within such extended time as the official liquidator or the Court may for special reasons appoint.

(4) Any person making or concurring in making the statement and affidavit required by this section shall be allowed, and shall be paid by the official liquidator or provisional liquidator, as the case may be, out of the assets of the company, such costs and expenses incurred in and about the preparation and making of the statement and affidavit as the official liquidator may consider reasonable, subject to an appeal to the Court.

(5) If any person, without reasonable excuse, makes default in complying with the requirements of this section, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every day during which the default continues.

(6) Any person stating himself in writing to be a creditor or contributory of the company shall be entitled by himself or by his agent at all reasonable times, on payment of the prescribed fee, to inspect the statement submitted in pursuance of this section, and to a copy thereof or extract therefrom.

(7) Any person untruthfully so stating himself to be a creditor or contributory shall be guilty of an offence under section 182 of the Indian Penal Code and shall, on the application of the liquidator or of the official receiver, be punishable accordingly. XLV

(8) In this section the expression "the relevant date" means, in a case where a provisional liquidator is appointed, the date of his appointment, and, in a case where no such appointment is made, the date of the winding up order.

Statement by liquidator.

177B. (1) In a case where a winding up order is made, the official liquidator shall, as soon as practicable after receipt of the statement to be submitted under section 177A, and not later than six months from the date of the order, or in a case where the Court orders that no statement shall be submitted, as soon as practicable after the date of the order, submit a preliminary report to the Court—

(a) as to the amount of capital issued, subscribed, and paid up, and the estimated amount of assets and liabilities, giving separately under the heading of assets particulars of—

(i) cash and negotiable securities;

(ii) debts due from contributories;

(iii) debts due to and securities, if any, available to the company;

(iv) movable and immovable properties belonging to the company;

(v) unpaid calls; and

(b) if the company has failed, as to the causes of the failure; and

(c) whether in his opinion further inquiry is desirable as to any matter relating to the promotion, formation, or failure of the company, or the conduct of the business thereof.

(2) The official liquidator may also, if he thinks fit, make a further report, or further reports, stating the manner in which the company was formed and whether in his opinion any fraud has been committed by any person in its promotion or formation, or by any director or other officer of the company in relation to the company since the formation thereof, and any other matters which in his opinion it is desirable to bring to the notice of the Court."

Amendment of section 179, Act VII of 1913.

17. In section 179 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (1), after the word "liquidator" the words "whether appointed provisionally or not" shall be inserted; and

(b) for sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

(2) All the property and effects of the company shall be deemed to be in the custody of the Court as from the date of the order for the winding up of the company."

Insertion of new section 179A in Act VII of 1913.

18. After section 179 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Committee of inspection in compulsory winding up.

"179A. (1) The official liquidator shall within a month from the date of the order for the winding up of a company convene a meeting of the creditors of the company (as ascertained from the books and documents of the company) for the purpose of determining whether or not a committee of inspection shall be appointed to act with the liquidator, and who are to be members of the committee, if appointed.

(2) The official liquidator shall within a week from the date of the creditors' meeting convene a meeting of the contributories to consider the decision of the creditors and to accept the same with or without modifications.

(3) If the contributories do not accept the decision of the creditors in its entirety, it shall be the duty of the official liquidator to apply to the Court for directions as to whether there shall be a committee of inspection and, if so, what shall be the composition of the committee, and who shall be members thereof.

(4) A committee of inspection appointed under this section shall consist of not more than twelve members being creditors and contributories of the company or persons holding general powers-of-attorney from creditors or contributories in such proportions as may be agreed on by the meetings of creditors and contributories, or as, in case of difference, may be determined by the Court.

(5) The committee of inspection shall have the right to inspect the accounts of the official liquidator at all reasonable times.

(6) The committee shall meet at such times as they may from time to time appoint, and, failing such appointment, at least once a month, and the liquidator or any member of the committee may also call a meeting of the committee as and when he thinks necessary.

(7) The committee may act by a majority of their members present at a meeting, but shall not act unless a majority of the committee are present.

(8) A member of the committee may resign by notice in writing signed by him and delivered to the liquidator.

(9) If a member of the committee becomes bankrupt, or compounds or arranges with his creditors, or is absent from five consecutive meetings of the committee without the leave of those members who together with himself represent the creditors or contributories, as the case may be, his office shall thereupon become vacant.

(10) A member of the committee may be removed by an ordinary resolution at a meeting of creditors if he represents creditors, or of contributories if he represents contributories, of which seven days' notice has been given, stating the object of the meeting.

(11) On a vacancy occurring in the committee the liquidator shall forthwith summon a meeting of creditors or of contributories, as the case may require, to fill the vacancy, and the meeting may, by resolution, reappoint the same or appoint another creditor or contributory to fill the vacancy.

(12) The continuing members of the committee, if not less than two, may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the committee."

Amendment of section 182, Act VII of 1913.

79. Section 182 of the said Act shall be renumbered as sub-section (1) of that section and to the section as so renumbered the following sub-sect on shall be added, namely :—

"(2) Every official liquidator shall, at such times as may be prescribed but not less than twice in each year during his tenure of office, present to the Court an account of his receipts and payments as such liquidator.

(3) The account shall be in the prescribed form, shall be made in duplicate, and shall be verified by a declaration in the prescribed form.

(4) The Court shall cause the account to be audited in such manner as it thinks fit and for the purpose of the audit the liquidator shall furnish the Court with such vouchers and information as the Court may require, and the Court may at any time require the production of and inspect any books or accounts kept by the liquidator.

(5) When the account has been audited, one copy thereof shall be filed and kept by the Court, and the other copy shall be delivered to the registrar for filing, and each copy shall be open to the inspection of any creditor, or of any person interested."

Amendment of section 203, Act VII of 1913.

80. To section 203 of the said Act after clause (3) the following words shall be added, namely :—

"and the expression 'resolution for voluntarily winding up' when used hereafter in this Part means a resolution passed under clause (2), clause (3) or clause (5) of this section"

Amendment of section 204, Act VII of 1913.

81. In section 204 of the said Act, for the words "authorising the winding up" the words "for voluntarily winding up" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new sections for sections 207 to 219, Act VII of 1913.

82. For sections 207 to 219 of the said Act, both included, the following sections and headings shall be substituted, namely :—

Declaration of solvency.

"207 (1) Where it is proposed to wind up a company voluntarily, the directors of the company or, in the case of a company having more than two directors, the majority of the directors may, at a meeting of the directors held before the date on which the notices of the meeting at which the resolution for the winding up of the company is to be proposed are sent out, make a statutory declaration to the effect that they have made a full inquiry into the affairs of the company, and that, having so done, they have formed the opinion that the company will be able to pay its debts in full within a period, not exceeding twelve months, from the commencement of the winding up.

(3) A declaration made as aforesaid shall have no effect for the purposes of this Act unless it is delivered to the registrar for registration before the date mentioned in sub-section (1) of this section.

(4) A winding up in the case of which a declaration has been made and delivered in accordance with this section is in this Act referred to as a 'members' voluntary winding up' and a winding up in the case of which a declaration has not been made and delivered as aforesaid is in this Act referred to as a 'creditors' voluntary winding up'.

Members' voluntary winding up.

Provisions applicable to a members' voluntary winding up.

208. The provisions contained in section 208A to 208F, both inclusive, shall apply in relation to a members' voluntary winding up.

Power of company in general meeting to appoint liquidator.

208A. (1) The company in general meeting shall appoint one or more liquidators for the purpose of winding up the affairs and distributing the assets of the company, and may fix the remuneration to be paid to him or them.

(2) On the appointment of a liquidator all the powers of the directors shall cease, except so far as the company in general meeting, or the liquidator, sanctions the continuance thereof.

Power to fill vacancy in office of liquidator.

208B. (1) If a vacancy occurs by death, resignation or otherwise in the office of liquidator appointed by the company, the company in general meeting may, subject to any arrangement with its creditors, fill the vacancy.

(2) For that purpose a general meeting may be convened by any contributory or if there were more liquidators than one, by the continuing liquidators.

(3) The meeting shall be held in manner provided by this Act or by the articles or in such manner as may, on application by any contributory or by the continuing liquidators, be determined by the Court.

Power of liquidator to accept shares etc., as consideration for sale of property of company.

208C. (1) Where a company is proposed to be, or is in course of being, wound up altogether voluntarily, and the whole or part of its business or property is proposed to be transferred or sold to another company, whether a company within the meaning of this Act or not (in this section called 'the transferee company') the liquidator of the first-mentioned company (in this section called 'the transferor company') may, with the sanction of a special resolution of that company conferring either a general authority on the liquidator or an authority in respect of any particular arrangement, receive in compensation or part compensation for the transfer or sale, shares, policies, or other like interests in the transferee company, for distribution among the members of the transferor company, or may enter into any other arrangement whereby the members of the transferor company may, in lieu of receiving cash, shares, policies, or other like interests or in addition thereto, participate in the profits of or receive any other benefit from the transferee company.

(2) Any sale or arrangement in pursuance of this section shall be binding on the members of the transferor company.

(3) If any member of the transferor company who did not vote in favour of the special resolution expresses his dissent therefrom in writing addressed to the liquidator and left at the registered office of the company within seven days after the confirmation of the special resolution, he may require the liquidator either to abstain from carrying the resolution into effect or to purchase his interest at a price to be determined by agreement or by arbitration in manner hereinafter provided.

(3) If the liquidator elects to purchase the member's interest, the purchase money must be paid before the company is dissolved, and be raised by the liquidator in such manner as may be determined by special resolution.

(5) A special resolution shall not be invalid for the purposes of this section by reason that it is passed before or concurrently with a resolution for voluntary winding up or for appointing liquidators, but if an order is made within a year for winding up the company by or subject to the supervision of the Court, the special resolution shall not be valid unless sanctioned by the Court.

(6) The provisions of the Indian Arbitration Act, 1899, other than those restricting the application of the Act in respect of the subject-matter of the arbitration, shall apply to all arbitrations in pursuance of this section. IX of 1899.

Duty of liquidator to call general meeting at end of each year.

208D. (1) In the event of the winding up continuing for more than one year, the liquidator shall summon a general meeting of the company at the end of the first year from the commencement of the winding up and of each succeeding year, or as soon thereafter as may be convenient, and shall lay before the meeting an account of his acts and dealings and of the conduct of the winding up during the preceding year and a statement in the prescribed form containing the prescribed particulars with respect to the position of the liquidation.

(2) If the liquidator fails to comply with this section, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Final meeting and dissolution.

208E. (1) As soon as the affairs of the company are fully wound up, the liquidator shall make up an account of the winding up, showing how the winding up has been conducted and the property of the company has been disposed of, and thereupon shall call a general meeting of the company for the purpose of laying before it the account, and giving any explanation thereof.

(2) The meeting shall be called by advertisement specifying the time, place and object thereof, and published one month at least before the meeting in the manner specified in sub-section (1) of section 206 for publication of a notice under that sub-section.

(3) Within one week after the meeting, the liquidator shall send to the registrar a copy of the account, and shall make a return to him of the holding of the meeting and of its date, and if the copy is not sent or the return is not made in accordance with this sub-section the liquidator shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which the default continues.

Provided that, if a quorum is not present at the meeting, the liquidator shall, in lieu of the said return, make a return that the meeting was duly summoned and that no quorum was present thereat, and upon such a return being made the provisions of this sub-section as to the making of the return shall be deemed to have been complied with.

(4) The registrar on receiving the account and either of the returns mentioned in sub-section (3) shall forthwith register them and on the expiration of three months from the registration of the return the company shall be deemed to be dissolved:

Provided that the Court may, on the application of the liquidator or of any other person who appears to the Court to be interested, make an order deferring the date at which the dissolution of the company is to take effect for such time as the Court thinks fit.

(5) It shall be the duty of the person on whose application an order of the Court under this section is made, within twenty-one days after the making of the order, to deliver to the registrar a certified copy of the order for registration, and

if that person fails so to do he shall be liable in a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which the default continues.

Creditors' voluntary winding up.

Provisions applicable in a creditors' voluntary winding up.

209. The provisions contained in sections 209A to 209H, both inclusive, shall apply in relation to a creditors' voluntary winding up.

Meeting of creditors.

209A. (1) The company shall cause a meeting of the creditors of the company to be summoned for the day, or the day next following the day, on which there is to be held the meeting at which the resolution for voluntary winding up is to be proposed, and shall cause the notices of the said meeting of creditors to be sent by post to the creditors simultaneously with the sending of the notices of the said meeting of the company.

(2) The company shall cause notice of the meeting of the creditors to be advertised in the manner specified in sub-section (1) of section 209 for the publication of a notice under that sub-section.

(3) The directors of the company shall—

(a) cause a full statement of the position of the company's affairs together with a list of the creditors of the company and the estimated amount of their claims to be laid before the meeting of creditors to be held as aforesaid, and

(b) appoint one of their number to preside at the said meeting.

(4) It shall be the duty of the director appointed to preside at the meeting of creditors to attend the meeting and preside thereat.

(5) If the meeting of the company at which the resolution for voluntary winding up is to be proposed is adjourned and the resolution is passed at an adjourned meeting, any resolution passed at the meeting of the creditors, held in pursuance of sub-section (1) of this section shall have effect as if it had been passed immediately after the passing of the resolution for winding up the company.

(6) If default is made—

(a) by the company in complying with sub-sections (1) and (2),

(b) by the directors of the company in complying with sub-section (3),

(c) by any director of the company in complying with sub-section (4),

the company, directors or director, as the case may be, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees and, in the case of default by the company, every officer of the company who is in default shall be liable to the like penalty.

Appointment of liquidator.

209B. The creditors and the company at their respective meetings mentioned in section 209A may nominate a person to be liquidator for the purpose of winding up the affairs and distributing the assets of the company and if the creditors and the company nominate different persons the person nominated by the creditors shall be liquidator, and if no person is nominated by the creditors the person, if any, nominated by the company shall be liquidator:

Provided that in the case of different persons being nominated, any director, member or creditor of the company may, within seven days after the date on which the nomination was made by the creditors, apply to the Court for an order either directing that the person nominated as liquidator by the company shall be liquidator instead of or jointly with the person nominated by the creditors or appointing some other person to be liquidator instead of the person appointed by the creditors.

Appointment of committee of inspection

209C. The creditors at the meeting to be held in pursuance of section 209A or at any subsequent meeting may, if they think fit, appoint a committee of inspection consisting of not more than five persons, and if such a committee is appointed the company may, either at the meeting at which the resolution for voluntary winding up is passed or at any time subsequently in general meeting, appoint such number of persons as they think fit to act as members of the committee not exceeding five in number.

Provided that the creditors may, if they think fit, resolve that all or any of the persons so appointed by the company might not to be members of the committee of inspection and, if the creditors so resolve, the persons mentioned in the resolution shall not, unless the Court otherwise directs, be qualified to act as members of the committee, and on any application to the Court under this provision the Court may, if it thinks fit, appoint other persons to act as such members in place of the persons mentioned in the resolution.

Fixing of liquidators' remuneration and ceasing of directors' powers.

209D. (1) The committee of inspection, or if there is no such committee, the creditors may fix the remuneration to be paid to the liquidator or liquidators.

(2) On the appointment of a liquidator, all the powers of the directors shall cease, except so far as the committee of inspection, or if there is no such committee, the creditors sanction the continuance thereof.

Power to fill vacancy in office of liquidator

209E. If a vacancy occurs, by death, resignation or otherwise, in the office of a liquidator, other than a liquidator appointed by, or by the direction of, the Court, the creditors may fill the vacancy

Application of section 209B to a creditors' voluntary winding up.

209F. The provisions of section 209C shall apply in the case of a creditors' voluntary winding up as in the case of a members' voluntary winding up with the modification that the powers of the liquidator under the said section shall not be exercised except with the sanction either of the Court or of the committee of inspection.

Duty of liquidator to call meetings of company and of creditors at end of each year.

209G. (1) In the event of the winding up continuing for more than one year, the liquidator shall summon a general meeting of the company and a meeting of creditors at the end of the first year from the commencement of the winding up and of each succeeding year, or as soon thereafter as may be convenient, and shall lay before the meetings an account of his acts and dealings and of the conduct of the winding up during the preceding year and a statement in the prescribed form containing the prescribed particulars with respect to the position of the winding up

(2) If the liquidator fails to comply with this section, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Final meeting and dissolution.

209H. (1) As soon as the affairs of the company are fully wound up, the liquidator shall make up an account of the winding up showing how the winding up has been conducted and the property of the company has been disposed of and thereupon shall call a general meeting of the company and a meeting of the creditors for the purpose of laying the account before the meeting and giving any explanation thereof.

(2) Each such meeting shall be called by advertisement specifying the time, place and object thereof and published one month at least before the meeting in the manner specified in sub-section (1) of section 30C for the publication of a notice under that sub-section

(3) Within one week after the date of the meetings, or, if the meetings are not held on the same date, after the date of the later meeting, the liquidator shall send to the registrar a copy of the account, and shall make a return to him of the holding of the meetings and of their dates, and if the copy

is not sent or the return is not made in accordance with this sub-section the liquidator shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which the default continues:

Provided that, if a quorum is not present at either such meeting, the liquidator shall, in lieu of such return, make a return that the meeting was duly summoned and that no quorum was present thereat and upon such a return being made the provisions of this sub-section as to the making of the return shall, in respect of that meeting, be deemed to have been complied with.

(4) The registrar on receiving the account and in respect of each such meeting either of the returns mentioned in sub-section (3) shall forthwith register them, and on the expiration of three months from the registration thereof the company shall be deemed to be dissolved:

Provided that the Court may, on the application of the liquidator or of any other person who appears to the Court to be interested make an order deferring the date at which the dissolution of the company is to take effect for such time as the Court thinks fit.

(5) It shall be the duty of the person on whose application an order of the Court under this section is made, within ten days after the making of the order, to deliver to the registrar a certified copy of the order for registration, and if that person fails to do so he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which the default continues.

Members' or creditors' voluntary winding up.

Provisions applicable to every voluntary winding up.

210. The provisions contained in sections 211 to 218, both inclusive, shall apply to every voluntary winding up whether a members' or a creditors' winding up.

Distribution of property of Company.

211. Subject to the provisions of this Act as to preferential payments, the property of a company shall, on its winding up, be applied in satisfaction of its liabilities pari passu and, subject to such application, shall, unless the articles otherwise provide, be distributed among the members according to their rights and interests in the company.

Powers and duties of liquidator in voluntary winding up.

212. (1) The liquidator may—

(a) in the case of a members' voluntary winding up, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the company, and in the case of a creditors' voluntary winding up, with the sanction or either the Court or the committee of inspection, exercise any of the powers given by clauses (d), (e), (f) and (h) of section 179 to a liquidator in a winding up. The exercise by the liquidator of the powers given by this clause shall be subject to the control of the Court and any creditor or contributory may apply to the Court with respect to any exercise or proposed exercise of any of these powers;

(b) without the sanction referred to in clause (a), exercise any of the other powers by this Act given to the liquidator in a winding up by the Court;

(c) exercise the power of the Court under this Act of settling a list of contributories, and the list of contributories shall be prima facie evidence of the liability of the persons named therein to be contributories;

(d) exercise the power of the Court of making calls;

(e) summon general meetings of the company for the purpose of obtaining the sanction of the company by special or extraordinary resolution or for any other purpose he may think fit.

(3) The liquidator shall pay the debts of the company and shall adjust the rights of the contributories among themselves.

(4) When several liquidators are appointed, any power given by this Act may be exercised by such one or more of them as may be determined at the time of their appointment, or, in default of such determination, by any number not less than two.

Power of Court to appoint and remove liquidator in voluntary winding up.

213. (1) If from any cause whatever there is no liquidator acting, the Court may appoint a liquidator.

(2) The Court may, on cause shown, remove a liquidator and appoint another liquidator.

Notice by liquidator of his appointment.

214. (1) The liquidator shall, within twenty-one days after his appointment deliver to the registrar for registration a notice of his appointment in the form prescribed.

(2) If the liquidator fails to comply with the requirements of this section, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which the default continues.

Arrangement when binding on creditors.

215. (1) Any arrangement entered into between a company about to be, or in the course of being, wound up and its creditors shall, subject to the right of appeal under this section, be binding on the company if sanctioned by an extraordinary resolution and on the creditors if acceded to by three-fourths in number and value of the creditors.

(2) Any creditor or contributory may, within three weeks from the completion of the arrangement, appeal to the Court against it, and the Court may thereupon, as it thinks just, amend, vary or confirm the arrangement.

Power to apply to Court to have questions determined or powers exercised.

216. (1) The liquidator or any contributory or creditor may apply to the Court to determine any question arising in the winding up of a company, or in exercise, as respects the enforcing of calls, staying of proceedings or any other matter, all or any of the powers which the Court might exercise if the company were being wound up by the Court.

(2) The liquidator or any creditor or contributory may apply for an order setting aside any attachment, distress or execution put into force against the estate or effects of the company after the commencement of the winding up.

Such application shall be made—

(a) if the attachment, distress or execution is levied or put into force by a High Court, to such High Court, and

(b) if the attachment, distress or execution is levied or put into force in any other court to the court having jurisdiction to wind up the company.

(3) The court, if satisfied that the determination of the question or the required exercise of power or the order applied for will be just and beneficial, may accede wholly or partially to the application on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit, or may make such other order on the application as it thinks just.

Cost of voluntary winding up.

217. All costs, charges and expenses properly incurred in the winding up, including the remuneration of the liquidator, shall be payable out of the assets of the company in priority to all other claims.

Saving for rights of creditors and contributories.

218. The winding up of a company shall not bar the right of any creditor or contributory to have it wound up by the Court, but in the case of an application by a contributory, the Court must be satisfied that the rights of the contributories will be prejudiced by a voluntary winding up."

Amendment of section 236, Act VII of 1913.

83. In sub-section (1) of section 236 of the said Act,—

(a) in clause (c) the word " and " shall be omitted, and

(b) after clause (c) the following clauses shall be added, namely —

" (d) compensation payable to any officer or employee of the company under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923, and

VI of 1923.

(e) the expenses of any investigation held in pursuance of clause (iv) of section 138 of this Act."

Insertion of new section 230 A in Act VII of 1913.

84. After section 230 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely —

Disclaimer of property.

" 230A (1) Where any part of the property of a company which is being wound up consists of land of any tenure burdened with onerous covenants, of shares or stock in companies, of unprofitable contracts or of any other property that is unsaleable, or not readily saleable, by reason of its binding the possessor thereof to the performance of any onerous act, or to the payment of any sum of money, the liquidator of the company, notwithstanding that he had endeavoured to sell or has taken possession of the property, or exercised any act of ownership in relation thereto, may, with the leave of the Court and subject to the provisions of this section, by writing signed by him, at any time within twelve months after the commencement of the winding up or such extended period as may be allowed by the Court, disclaim the property:

Provided that, where any such property has not come to the knowledge of the liquidator within one month after the commencement of the winding up, the power under this section of disclaiming the property may be exercised at any time within twelve months after he has become aware thereof or such extended period as may be allowed by the Court.

(2) The disclaimer shall operate to determine, as from the date of disclaimer, the rights, interest and liabilities of the company, and the property of the company, in or in respect of the property disclaimed, but shall not, except so far as is necessary for the purpose of releasing the company and the property of the company from liability, affect the rights or liabilities of any other person.

(3) The Court, before or on granting leave to disclaim, may require such notices to be given to persons interested, and impose such terms as a condition of granting leave, and make such other order in the matter as the Court thinks just.

(4) The liquidator shall not be entitled to disclaim any property under this section in any case where an application in writing has been made to him by any person interested in the property requiring him to decide whether he will or will not disclaim, and the liquidator has not, within a period of twenty-eight days after the receipt of the application or such further period as may be allowed by the court, given notice to the applicant that he intends to apply to the Court for leave to disclaim, and in the case of a contract, if the liquidator, after such an application as aforesaid, does not within the said period or further period disclaim the contract, the company shall be deemed to have adopted it.

(5) The Court may, on the application of any person who is, as against the liquidator, entitled to the benefit or subject to the burden of a contract made with the company, make an order rescinding the contract on such terms as to payment by or to either party of damages for the non-performance of the contract, or otherwise as the Court thinks just, and any damages payable under the order to any such person may be proved by him as a debt in the winding up.

(c) The Court may, on an application by any person who either claims any interest in any disclaimed property or is under any liability not discharged by this Act in respect of any disclaimed property and on hearing any such persons as it thinks fit, make an order for the vesting of the property in or the delivery of the property to any persons entitled thereto, or to whom it may seem just that the property should be delivered by way of compensation for such liability as aforesaid, or a trustee for him, and on such terms as the court thinks just, and on any such vesting order being made, the property comprised therein shall vest accordingly in the person therein named in that behalf without any conveyance or assignment for the purpose:

Provided that, where the property disclaimed is of a leasehold nature, the court shall not make a vesting order in favour of any person claiming under the company whether as underlessee or as mortgagee by demise, including a chargee by way of legal mortgage, except upon the terms of making that person—

(a) subject to the same liabilities and obligations as those to which the company was subject under the lease in respect of the property at the commencement of the winding up; or

(b) if the Court thinks fit, subject only to the same liabilities and obligations as if the lease had been assigned to that person at that date;

and an order (if the case so requires) as to the delivery of the lease had comprised only the property comprised in the vesting order, and any mortgagee or underlessee declining to accept a vesting order upon such terms shall be excluded from all interest in and security upon the property, and if there is no person claiming under the company who is willing to accept an order upon such terms, the Court shall have power to vest the estate and interest of the company in the property in any person liable, either personally or in a representative character, and either alone or jointly with the company, to perform the lessee's covenants in the lease, freed and discharged from all estates, incumbrances and interests created therein by the company.

(7) Any person injured by the operation of a disclaimer under this section shall be deemed to be a creditor of the company to the amount of the injury, and may accordingly prove the amount as a debt in the winding up."

Amendment of section 232, Act VII of 1913.

35. In sub-section (1) of section 232 of the said Act, after the words "estate or effects" the words "or any sale held without leave of the court of any of the properties" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 235, Act VII of 1913.

36. In section 235 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (7), after the words "or of any creditor or contributory" the words "made within three years from the date of the first appointment of a liquidator in the winding up" shall be inserted; and

(b) sub-section (8) shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 237 in Act VII of 1913. Prosecution of delinquent directors.

37. For section 237 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

"237. (1) If it appears to the Court in the course of a winding up by, or subject to the supervision of, the Court that any past or present director, manager or other officer, or any member, of the company has been guilty of any offence in relation to the company for which he is criminally liable, the Court may, either on the application of any person interested in the winding up or of its own motion, direct the liquidator either himself to prosecute the offender or to refer the matter to the registrar.

(2) If it appears to the liquidator in the course of a voluntary winding up that any past or present director, manager or other officer, or any member, of the company has been guilty of any offence in relation to the company for which he is criminally liable, he shall forthwith report the matter to the registrar and shall furnish to him such information and give to him such access to and facilities for inspecting and taking copies of any documents, being information or documents in the possession or under the control of the liquidator relating to the matter in question, as he may require.

(3) Where any report is made under sub-section (2) to the registrar, he may, if he thinks fit refer the matter to the Local Government for further inquiry, and the Local Government shall if required investigate the matter and may, if they think it expedient, apply to the Court for an order conferring on any person designated by the Local Government for the purpose with respect to the company concerned all such powers of investigating the affairs of the company as are provided by this Act in the case of a winding up by the Court.

(4) If on any report to the registrar under sub-section (2) it appears to him that the case is not one in which proceedings ought to be taken by him, he shall inform the liquidator accordingly, and thereupon, subject to the previous sanction of the Court, the liquidator may himself take proceedings against the offender.

(5) If it appears to the Court in the course of a voluntary winding up that any past or present director, manager or other officer, or any member, of the company has been guilty as aforesaid, and that no report with respect to the matter has been made by the liquidator to the registrar, the Court may, on the application of any person interested in the winding up or of its own motion, direct the liquidator to make such a report, and on a report being made accordingly, the provisions of this section shall have effect as though the report has been made in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2).

(6) If, where any matter is reported or referred to the registrar under this section, he considers that the case is one in which a prosecution ought to be instituted, he shall place the papers before such legal adviser as may be appointed in that behalf by the Local Government and if advised to do so institute proceedings, and it shall be the duty of the liquidator and of every officer and agent of the company past and present (other than the defendant in the proceedings) to give him all assistance in connexion with the prosecution which he is reasonably able to give.

For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression 'agent' in relation to a company shall be deemed to include any banker or solicitor of the company and any person employed by the company as auditor, whether that person is or is not an officer of the company.

(7) If any person fails or neglects to give assistance in manner required by sub-section (6) the Court may, on the application of the registrar, direct that person to comply with the requirements of the said sub-section, and where any such application is made with respect to a liquidator, the Court may, unless it appears that the failure or neglect to comply was due to the liquidator not having in his hands sufficient assets of the company to enable him so to do, direct that the costs of the application shall be borne by the liquidator personally."

Insertion of new section 238 A in Act VII of 1913.

88. After section 238 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Penal provisions.

"238A. (1) If any person, being a past or present director, manager or other officer of a company which at the time of the commission of the alleged offence is being wound up, whether by or under the supervision of the Court or voluntarily, or is subsequently ordered to be wound up by the Court or subsequently passes a resolution for voluntary winding up—

(a) does not to the best of his knowledge and belief fully and truly discover to the liquidator all the property, real and personal, of the company, and how and to whom and for what consideration and when the company disposed of any part thereof, except such part as has been disposed of in the ordinary way of the business of the company; or

(b) does not deliver up to the liquidator, or as he directs, all such part of the real and personal property of the company as is in his custody or under his control, and which he is required by law to deliver up; or

(c) does not deliver up to the liquidator, or as he directs, all books and papers in his custody or under his control belonging to the company and which he is required by law to deliver up, or

(d) within twelve months next before the commencement of the winding up or at any time thereafter conceals any part of the property of the company to the value of one hundred rupees or upwards or conceals any debt due to or from the company; or

(e) within twelve months next before the commencement of the winding up or at any time thereafter fraudulently removes any part of the property of the company to the value of one hundred rupees or upwards; or

(f) makes any material omission in any statement relating to the affairs of the company, or

(g) knowing or believing that a false debt has been proved by any person under the winding up, fails for the period of a month to inform the liquidator thereof, or

(h) after the commencement of the winding up prevents the production of any book or paper affecting or relating to the property or affairs of the company, or

(i) within twelve months next before the commencement of the winding up or at any time thereafter, conceals, destroys, mutilates or falsifies, or is privy to the concealment, destruction, mutilation or falsification of any book or paper affecting or relating to the property or affairs of the company, or

(j) within twelve months next before the commencement of the winding up or at any time thereafter makes or is privy to the making of any false entry in any book or paper affecting or relating to the property or affairs of the company, or

(k) within twelve months next before the commencement of the winding up or at any time thereafter fraudulently parts with, alters or makes any omission in, or is privy to the fraudulent parting with, altering or making any omission in, any document affecting or relating to the property or affairs of the company, or

(l) after the commencement of the winding up or at any meeting of the creditors of the company within twelve months next before the commencement of the winding up, attempts to account for any part of the property of the company by fictitious losses or expenses; or

(m) has within twelve months next before the commencement of the winding up or at any time thereafter, by any false representation or other fraud, obtained any property for or on behalf of the company on credit which the company does not subsequently pay for, or

(n) within twelve months next before the commencement of the winding up or at any time thereafter, under the false pretence that the company is carrying on its business, obtains on credit, for or on behalf of the company, any property which the company does not subsequently pay for; or

(o) within twelve months next before the commencement of the winding up or at any time thereafter pawns, pledges or disposes of any property of the company which has been obtained on credit and has not been paid for, unless such pawning, pledging or disposing is in the ordinary way of the business of the company, or

(p) is guilty of any false representation or other fraud for the purpose of obtaining the consent of the creditors of the company or any of them to an agreement with reference to the affairs of the company or to the winding up,

he shall be punishable, in the case of the offences mentioned respectively in clauses (m), (n) and (o) of this sub-section, with imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, and, in the case of any other offence, with imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years:

Provided that it shall be a good defence to a charge under any of clauses (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (o), if the accused proves that he had no intent to defraud, and to a charge under any of clauses (h), (i) and (p), if he proves that he had no intent to conceal the state of affairs of the company or to defeat the law.

(2) Where any person pawns, pledges or disposes of any property in circumstances which amount to an offence under clause (o) of sub-section (1) every person who takes in pawn or pledge or otherwise receives the property knowing it to be pawned, pledged or disposed of in such circumstances as aforesaid, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years.

(3) For the purposes of this section, the expression "director" shall include any person in accordance with whose directions or instructions the directors of a company have been accustomed to act."

Amendment of section 243, Act VII of 1913.

89. In section 243 of the said Act—

(a) in sub-section (1)—

(i) for the words "at such intervals as may be prescribed" the words "once in each year and at intervals of not more than twelve months" shall be substituted, and

(ii) for the words "file with the registrar" the words "file in Court or with the registrar, as the case may be" shall be substituted, and

(b) after sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be added, namely —

"(4) When the statement is filed in Court a copy shall simultaneously be filed with the registrar and shall be kept by him along with the other records of the company."

Insertion of new section 244-A in Act VII of 1913.

90. After section 244 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Payments of liquidator into bank.

"244A. (1) Every liquidator of a company which is being wound up by the Court shall, in such manner and at such times as may be prescribed, pay the money received by him into the Imperial Bank of India:

Provided that if the registrar is satisfied that for the purpose of carrying on the business of the company or of obtaining advances or for any other reason it is for the advantage of the creditors or contributories that the liquidator should have an account with any other bank, the registrar may authorise the liquidator to make his payments into or out of such other bank as the registrar may select and thereupon those payments shall be made in the prescribed manner.

(2) If any such liquidator at any time retains for more than ten days a sum exceeding five hundred rupees or such other amount as the Local Government may in any particular case authorise him to retain, then, unless he explains the retention to the satisfaction of the Local Government he shall pay interest on the amount so retained in excess at the rate of twenty per cent per annum and shall be liable to disallowance of all or such part of his remuneration as the Local Government may think just and to be removed from his office by the Local Government and shall be liable to pay any expenses occasioned by reason of his default

(3) A liquidator of a company which is being wound up by the Court shall not pay any sums received by him as a liquidator into his private banking account."

Amendment of section 249, Act VII of 1913.

91. In sub-section (1) of section 246 of the said Act, after the words "Courts subordinate thereto," the words "for the holding of meetings of creditors and members in connexion with proceedings under section 153 of this Act," shall be inserted.

Insertion of new section 249 A in Act VII of 1913.

92. After section 249 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely —

Enforcing submission of returns and documents to registrar.

"249A. (1) If a company, having made default in complying with any provision of this Act which requires it to file with, deliver or send to the registrar any return, account or other document, or to give notice to him of any matter, fails to make good the default within fourteen days after the service of a notice on the company requiring it to do so, the Court may, on an application made to the Court by any member or creditor of the company or by the registrar, make an order directing the company and any officer thereof to make good the default within such time as may be specified in the order.

(2) Any such order may provide that all costs of and incidental to the application shall be borne by the company or by any officers of the company responsible for the default.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be taken to prejudice the operation of any enactment imposing penalties on a company or its officers in respect of any such default as aforesaid."

Amendment of section 271, Act VII of 1913.

93. To section 271 of the said Act, the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(3) Where a company incorporated outside British India which has been carrying on business in British India, ceases to carry on business in British India it may be wound up as an unregistered company under this Part, notwithstanding that it has been dissolved or otherwise ceased to exist as a company under or by virtue of the laws of the country under which it was incorporated."

Amendment of section 277, Act VII of 1913.

94. For sub-section (3) of section 277 of the said Act and the proviso thereto the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(3) Every company to which this section applies shall in every calendar year make out a balance-sheet in such form, and containing such particulars and including such documents, as under the provisions of this Act it would, if it had been a company within the meaning of this Act, have been required to make out and lay before the company in general meeting, and deliver for registration a copy of that balance-sheet

to the registrar of the province in which the company has its principal place of business; and, if any such balance-sheet is not written in the English language, the company shall annex to it a certified translation thereof."

Insertion of new sections 277A to 277D in Act VII of 1913.

93. In Part X of the said Act, after section 277, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

Restriction on issue and offer for sale of shares.

"277A. (1) It shall not be lawful for any person—

(a) to issue, circulate or distribute in British India any prospectus offering for subscription shares in or debentures of a company incorporated or to be incorporated outside British India whether the company has or has not established, or when formed will or will not establish, a place of business in British India, unless—

(i) before the issue, circulation or distribution of the prospectus in British India a copy thereof, certified by the chairman and two other directors of the company as having been approved by resolution of the managing body, has been delivered for registration to the registrar;

(ii) the prospectus states on the face of it that the copy has been so delivered;

(iii) the prospectus is dated; and

(iv) the prospectus otherwise complies with this Part; or

(b) to issue to any person in British India a form of application for shares in or debentures of such a company or intended company as aforesaid, unless the form is issued with a prospectus which complies with this Part:

Provided that this provision shall not apply if it is shown that the form of application was issued in connexion with a *bona fide* invitation to a person to enter into an underwriting agreement with respect to the shares or debentures.

(2) This section shall not apply to the issue to existing members or debenture-holders of a company of a prospectus or form of application relating to shares in or debentures of the company, whether as applicant for shares or debentures will or will not have the right to renounce in favour of other persons, but, subject as aforesaid, this section shall apply to a prospectus or form of application whether issued on or with reference to the formation of a company or subsequently.

(3) Where any document by which any shares in or debentures of a company incorporated outside British India are offered for sale to the public would, if the company concerned had been a company within the meaning of this Act, have been deemed by virtue of section 924 to be a prospectus issued by the company, that document shall be deemed to be, for the purposes of this section, a prospectus issued by the company.

(4) An offer of shares or debentures for subscription or sale to any person whose ordinary business or part of whose ordinary business it is to buy or sell shares or debentures, whether as principal or agent, shall not be deemed an offer to the public for the purposes of this section.

(5) Any person who is knowingly responsible for the issue, circulation or distribution of any prospectus, or for the issue of a form of application for shares or debentures in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand rupees.

(5) In this section and in section 277D, the expressions 'prospectus,' 'shares' and 'debentures' have the same meanings as when used in relation to a company incorporated under this Act.

Requirements as to prospectus.

277B. (1) In order to comply with this Part a prospectus, in addition to complying with the provisions of sub-clauses (ii) and (iii) of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 277A, must—

(a) contain particulars with respect to the following matters, namely:—

(i) the objects of the company;

(ii) the instrument constituting or defining the constitution of the company;

(iii) the enactments, or provisions having the force of an enactment, by or under which the incorporation of the company was effected;

(iv) an address in British India where the said instrument, enactments or provisions, or copies thereof, and if the same are in a foreign language a translation thereof in the English language certified in the prescribed manner, can be inspected;

(v) the date on which and the country in which the company was incorporated;

(vi) whether the company has established a place of business in British India and, if so, the address of its principal office in British India;

Provided that the provisions of sub-clauses (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) of this clause shall not apply in the case of a prospectus issued more than two years after the date at which the company is entitled to commence business;

(b) subject to the provisions of this section, state the matters specified in section 93 and set out the reports specified in that section:

Provided that—

(i) where any prospectus is published as a newspaper advertisement, it shall be a sufficient compliance with the requirement that the prospectus must specify the objects of the company if the advertisement specifies the primary object with which the company was formed, and

(ii) in section 93 of this Act, a reference to the articles of the company shall be deemed to be a reference to the constitution of the company.

(2) Any condition requiring or binding any applicant for shares or debentures to waive compliance with any requirement of this section, or purporting to affect him with notice of any contract, document, or matter not specifically referred to in the prospectus, shall be void.

(3) In the event of non-compliance with or contravention of any of the requirements of this section, a director or other person responsible for the prospectus shall not incur any liability by reason of the non-compliance or contravention, if—

(a) as regards any matter not disclosed, he proves that he was not cognizant thereof; or

(b) he proves that the non-compliance or contravention arose from an honest mistake of fact on his part, or

(c) the non-compliance or contravention was in respect of matters which, in the opinion of the Court dealing with the case, were immaterial or were otherwise such as ought, in the opinion of that Court, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, reasonably to be excused:

Provided that in the event of failure to include in a prospectus a statement with respect to the matters specified in section

(3), no director or other person shall incur any liability in respect of the failure unless it be proved that he had knowledge of the matters not disclosed.

(4) Nothing in this section shall limit or diminish any liability which any person may incur under the general law or this Act, apart from this section.

Registration of charges.

277C. The provisions of sections 108 to 117, both inclusive, and 120 to 125 both inclusive, shall extend to charges on properties in British India which are created and to charges on property in British India which is acquired after the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936, by a company incorporated outside British India which has an established place of business in British India.

Notice of appointment of receiver.

277D. The provisions of sections 118 and 119 shall mutatis mutandis apply to the case of all companies incorporated outside British India but having an established place of business in British India."

Insertion of new sections 277E, 277F, 277G, 277H, 277I, 277J and 277K, as part X A of Act VII of 1913.

60. After Part X of the said Act as amended by this Act the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"PART X A.

Banking Companies.

Definition of banking company.

277E. A 'banking company' means a company which carries on as its principal business the accepting of deposits of money on current account or otherwise, subject to withdrawal by cheque, draft or order, notwithstanding that it engages in addition in any one or all of the following forms of business, namely —

(1) the lending or advancing of money with or without security;

(2) discounting, buying, selling or dealing in bills of exchange, promissory notes or other marketable securities, drafts, coupons, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, certificates, scrip and other instruments or securities whether transferable or negotiable or not;

(3) the buying or selling of foreign exchange;

(4) the granting and issuing of letters of credit or circular notes;

(5) acquiring, holding, issuing on commission, underwriting and dealing with stocks, funds, shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, securities and investments of all kinds;

(6) buying, selling and dealing in bullion and specie;

(7) negotiating loans and advances;

(8) receiving valuables for safe custody;

(9) the collecting and transmitting of money and securities;

(10) transacting pecuniary agency business on commission and entering into contracts of indemnity, suretyship or guarantee with specific security or otherwise;

(11) the administration of estates for any purpose, whether as executor, trustee or otherwise;

(12) the borrowing of money for the purpose of the bank's business and the giving of security for money so borrowed by pledging the assets or otherwise;

(13) the clearing and warehousing of goods;

(14) the management of loan issues;

(15) the selling and realising of all property, whether movable or immovable, which may in any way come into the possession of the bank in satisfaction or part satisfaction of any of its claims, and the acquisition and holding of, and generally dealing with any right, title or interest in any property,

movable or immovable which may form part of the bank's security for any loan or advance or may be connected with any such security, and

(16) generally, the doing of all such matters and things as may be incidental or subsidiary to the transaction of the various forms of business herein specified.

Limitation of acquisition of banking company.

277F. (1) No company formed after the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936, for the purpose of carrying on business as a banking company or which uses as part of the name under which it proposes to carry on business the word 'bank', 'banker' or 'banking' shall be registered under this Act, unless the memorandum limits the objects of the company to the carrying on of some or all of the forms of business specified in section 277 E.

(2) No banking company shall after the commencement of the said Act carry on any form of business other than those specified in section 277 E:

Provided that the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, specify in addition to the businesses set forth in clauses (1) to (16) of section 277E other forms of business which it may be lawful under this section for a banking company to engage in.

Banking company not to act as managing agents.

277G. No banking company incorporated under this Act after the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936, shall employ a managing agent for the management of the company.

Restriction on commencement of business by banking company.

277H. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 103, no banking company incorporated under this Act after the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936 shall commence business, unless shares have been allotted to an amount sufficient to yield a sum of at least fifty thousand rupees as working capital and unless a duly verified declaration signed by the directors and the manager that such a sum has been raised has been filed with the registrar.

Reserved fund.

277I. (1) Every banking company shall, after the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936, maintain a reserve fund.

(2) Every banking company shall out of the declared profits of each year and before any dividend is declared transfer a sum equivalent to not less than two and a half per cent of its paid up capital to the reserve fund until the amount of the said fund is equal to the paid up capital.

(3) A banking company shall invest the amount standing to the credit of its reserve fund in Government securities or in securities mentioned or referred to in section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882.

21 of 1882.

Cash reserve.

277J. (1) Every banking company shall maintain by way of cash reserve in cash a sum equivalent to at least one and a half per cent of the time liabilities and five per cent of the demand liabilities of such company and shall file with the registrar monthly and every month a statement of the amount so held on the Friday of each week with particulars of the time and demand liabilities on each such day.

(2) Nothing in this section or in section 277 I shall apply to a scheduled bank as defined in clause (c) of section 2 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

II of 1934.

(3) If default is made in complying with the requirements of this section or of section 277 I, every director or other officer of the company who is knowingly a party to the default shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees for every day during which the default continues.

Power of Court to stay proceedings.

277K. (1) The Court may, on the application of a banking company which is temporarily unable to meet its obligations make an order staying the commencement or continuance of all actions and proceedings against the company for a fixed period of time on such terms and conditions as it shall think fit and proper and may from time to time extend the period.

(2) An such application shall be maintainable unless accompanied by a report of the registrar.

(3) The registrar shall for the purposes of his report be entitled at the cost of the company to investigate the financial conditions of the company and for such purpose to have the books and documents of the company examined by an auditor."

Insertion of new sections 282A and 282B in Act VII of 1913.

97. After section 282 of the said Act the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

Penalty for wrongful withholding of property.

"282 A. Any director, manager or other officer or employee of a company who improperly obtains possession of any property of a company, or having any such property in his possession wrongfully withholds it or wilfully applies it to purposes other than those expressed or directed in the articles and authorized by this Act, shall, on the complaint of the company or any creditor or contributory thereof be punishable with fine not exceeding one thousand rupees and may be ordered by the Court trying the offence to deliver up or refund within a time to be fixed by the Court any such property improperly obtained or wrongfully withheld or wilfully misapplied or in default to suffer imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years.

Penalty for non-compliance with provisions of section 282B.

282 B. (1) All moneys or securities deposited with a company by its employees in pursuance of their contracts of service with the company shall be kept by the company in a special safe deposit account to be opened by the company for the purpose in the Imperial Bank of India and no portion thereof shall be utilized by the company except for the purposes agreed to in the contract of service.

(2) Where a provident fund has been constituted by a company for its employees or any class of its employees, such fund shall be a trust for the benefit of those employees or that class of employees, and the moneys of the fund shall be invested only in securities mentioned or referred to in clauses (a) to (e) of section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882.

of 1882.

(3) An employee shall be entitled on request made in this behalf to the company to see the bank's receipt for any money or security such as is referred to in sub-section (1) deposited by him with the company.

(4) Any director, manager or other officer of the company who knowingly contravenes or permits or authorises the contravention of the provisions of this section shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees."

Amendment of First Schedule to Act VII of 1913.

98. In the First Schedule to the said Act, in Table A,—

(a) in regulation 50, the words "by at least three members" shall be omitted;

(b) in regulation 66, for the words "seventy-two hours" the words "forty-eight hours" shall be substituted;

(c) in regulation 78, after the word "directors", where it occurs for the second time, the brackets and words "(not being directors appointed otherwise than by the members in general meeting)" shall be inserted, and

(d) in regulation 105, after the words "in general meeting" the words "of which ten days' notice has been given" shall be added.

Substitution of new Schedule for the Second Schedule, Act 7 II of 1913

92. For the Second Schedule to the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

(See section 96.)

THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913.

STATEMENT IN LIEU OF PROSPECTUS

filed by

LIMITED,

pursuant to section 96 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913.

Intended for filing by

The nominal share capital of the company.	Rs.
Divided into	Shares of Rs. each. shares of Rs. each. shares of Rs. each.
Amount (if any) of share capital which consists of redeemable preference shares.	shares of Rs. each.
The date on or before which those shares are, or are liable, to be redeemed.	
Names, descriptions and addresses of directors or proposed directors and managers (if proposed managers, and any previous in the articles, or in any contract, as to appointment of and remuneration payable to directors or managers).	
If the share capital of the company is divided into different classes of shares, the right of voting at meetings of the company conferred by, and the rights in respect of capital and dividends attached to, the several classes of shares respectively.	
Number and amount of shares and debentures agreed to be issued as fully or partly paid up otherwise than in cash.	1. ——shares of Rs. fully paid. 2. ——shares upon which Rs. per share credited as paid. 3. Debentures Rs. 4. Consideration
Names and addresses of vendors of property purchased or acquired, or proposed to be purchased or acquired by the company Amount (in cash shares or debentures) payable to each separate vendor.	
Amount (if any) paid or payable (in cash or shares or debentures) for any such property, specifying amount (if any) paid or payable for goodwill.	Total purchase price . Rs. Cash . Rs. Shares . Rs. Debentures . Rs. Goodwill . Rs.
Amount (if any) paid or payable as commission for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions for any shares or debentures in the company; or	Amount paid. Amount payable.
Rate of the commission.	Rate per cent.

The number of shares, if any, which persons have agreed for a consideration to subscribe absolutely	
Estimated amount of preliminary expenses.	Rs. .....
Amount paid or intended to be paid to any promoter, and the consideration for the payment.	Name of promoter ..... Amount Rs. Consideration.—
Dates of, and parties to every material contract (except contracts entered into in the ordinary course of the business intended to be carried on by the company or contracts, other than contracts appointing or fixing the remuneration of a managing director or managing agent, entered into more than two years before the delivery of this statement).	
Time and place at which the contracts or copies thereof may be inspected.	
Names and addresses of the auditors of the company (if any).	
Full particulars of the nature and extent of the interest of every director in the promotion of or in the property proposed to be acquired by the company or, where the interest of such a director consists in being a partner in a firm, the nature and extent of the interest of the firm, with a statement of all sums paid or agreed to be paid to him or to the firm in cash or shares or otherwise, by any person either to induce him to become, or to qualify him as, a director or otherwise for services rendered by him or by the firm in connection with the promotion or formation of the company	
If it is proposed to acquire any business, the amount, as certified by the persons by whom the accounts of the business have been audited, of the net profits of the business in respect of each of the three financial years immediately preceding the date of this statement provided that, in the case of a business which has been carried on for less than three years and the accounts of which have only been made up in respect of two years or one year the above requirement shall have effect as if references to two years or one year (as the case may be) were substituted for references to three years, and in any such case the statement shall state how long the business to be acquired has been carried on.	

(Signatures of the persons whose names as directors or proposed directors, or of their agents authorised in writing).

Dated

100. In the Third Schedule to the said Act, in Form F,—

(1) under the heading "CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES"—

(a) under the item "CAPITAL"—

(i) for the sub-item "Issued Capital ..... shares of Rs. ..... each" the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Issued Capital—

(a) Shares issued as fully paid up pursuant to any contract without payment being received in cash— ..... shares of Rs. .. each

(b) Shares issued for payment in cash— ..... shares of Rs. .. each

(ii) for the sub-item "Amount called up at Rs. ..... per share" the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Paid up Capital—

(a) Amount called up at Rs. ..... per share

(b) Calls unpaid at Rs. ..... per share—

(i) due from directors or managing agents

(ii) due from others";

Amendment of Third Schedule, Act VII of 1913.

(c) after the item "Secured Term Or Permanent Fund" the following item shall be inserted as subject—
"Guarantees, stating the nature of security";

(d) for the item "Loans Or Monies on Mortgage Or Other Securities", "Loans against or secured (stating the nature of security)" and "Loans, overdrafts" the following shall be substituted, namely :—
"Loans—
(a) Secured—
(i) Loans on mortgages or charges
(ii) Loans on debentures
(iii) Loans from Banks, stating the nature of security
(iv) Others secured loans, stating the nature of security
(b) Unsecured—
(i) Loans from Banks
(ii) Fixed deposits
(iii) Short term loans
(iv) Advances by Directors or Managers and Managing Agents
(v) Interest outstanding
(vi) Liabilities in subsidiary companies";

(e) under the item "Guarantees Liabilities", in the sub-item "Moneys for which the Company is contingently liable" the following brackets and words shall be added, namely :—
"(showing separately the amount of any guarantees given by the company on behalf of directors or officers of the company)";

(3) under the heading "PROPERTY AND ASSETS"—
(i) in the bracketed words under the item "Fixed Capital Expenditure", after the words "original cost" the words "and the additions thereto and deductions therefrom during the year" shall be inserted;
(ii) in the bracketed words under the item "Bank Debts" the following words shall be added, namely :—
"and in the case of a Bank debt due by a firm or a member of a firm including the accounts of the Bank to be separately stated";
(iii) in the bracketed words under the item "Advances" the following words shall be added, namely :—
"showing separately—
(a) loans given to subsidiary companies
(b) loans, including temporary advances made at any time during the year to directors or managers of the company or to any company in which a director or manager of the company holds the position of director or manager, stating the maximum amount outstanding at any one time during the year under this head";
and

(4) for the brackets and words in the item "Investments" the following brackets and words shall be substituted, namely :—
"(It distinguishing—
(i) Investments in Government and Trust securities
(ii) Investments in shares debentures or bonds in industrial concerns showing separately shares fully paid up and shares partly paid up, and in the case of the latter stating separately the amount paid up, and the amount liable on call)
(iii) Investments in shares, debentures or bonds in subsidiary companies, and
(iv) Immovable properties
showing the mode of valuation, e.g., cost or market-value and noting the interest (if any) of any director or manager in any investment)".

STATEMENT OF OBJECTIONS AND REASONS

For some considerable time Government has had under consideration the revision of the law relating to companies.

2. Substantial material has accumulated in the form of communications and suggestions from Local Governments, public bodies and individuals, supplemented by publications in the press, indicating unanimity of opinion that the Indian Companies Act requires fairly extensive changes. The opinion received discloses a demand for power to deal with mushroom and fraudulent companies, for changes in the provisions relating to the issue and contents of prospectuses, for increased disclosure to shareholders of the financial position of companies and for increased rights to shareholders in connection with the management of companies, for modification of the present law applicable to managing agents, for changes in the provisions applicable to winding up, for special provisions to govern banking companies and for numerous other improvements.

3. The Indian Companies Act, 1913, was based on the English Companies Consolidation Act of 1908 and followed generally the provisions of that Act. Its revision in order to overtake subsequent developments in the law is overdue.

4 The English Act of 1908 was examined by a committee presided over by Lord Wrenbury in 1918, and again by a committee presided over by Mr. Greene, K.C., in 1926. The latter committee made extensive recommendations many of which were subsequently incorporated with or without modifications in the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1929. The guidance afforded by that Act is now available in the task of revising the company law of British India.

5 In September 1934, the Government of India placed a lawyer with experience in the administration of company law on special duty to examine the material collected and to make proposals for the amendment of the Indian law. These proposals were further discussed by a small committee of business experts specially convened for the purpose. Out of these proposals and discussions there have crystallised the amendments now proposed.

6 The revision of the law in England took the form of a consolidating Act which completely replaced the Act of 1908. This course has not been followed here. The rearrangement adopted in the new English Act has attracted unfavourable criticism to an extent which has not encouraged its adoption, and there are manifest advantages in retaining the form of the revised Indian Act with the administration of which the Courts are now familiar, even though the additions to it by this Bill are extensive.

7 In the amendments proposed, the lines followed in the overhaul of the English law have in accordance with the policy followed in the past been adopted in the amendments now proposed where the problems dealt with are problems common to India and England. India has however problems peculiar to itself, for example, those connected with the managing agency system.

8. The special provisions relating to banking companies have been included, because there is no immediate prospect of legislation dealing solely with this subject being undertaken. The recommendations of the Central Banking Enquiry Committee have been carefully considered in drafting these provisions.

N. N. SIRCAR.

NEW DELHI,
The 4th March 1936.

NOTES ON CLAUSES.

Clause 2.—The introduction of certain new terms in the Act has rendered further definitions necessary. The revised definition of "private company" follows the definition in section 26 of the English Act.

Clause 3 provides the sanction for enforcing observance of the provisions of section 4

Clause 4 applies to a memorandum the requirements laid down by section 9 of the English Act for articles

Clause 5—The alteration made is suggested by the wording of section 17 of the English Act.

Clause 6—In certain decisions it has been doubted whether in the absence of express provision in the memorandum a company is competent to alter its objects so as to enable it to perform the acts here referred to. Section 6 of the English Act makes express provision for this purpose and has been adopted by this clause.

Clause 7—It is desired to make generally applicable certain provisions usually made by the articles of properly managed companies as to pole absence of restrictions on form of proxies retirement of directors by rotation inspection of accounts, details shown in profit and loss accounts and the giving of notice to members. This clause makes the adoption of the model regulations on this subject contained in Table A compulsory

Clause 8.—The amendment limits, on the lines of section 22 of the English Act, the liability of a member of a company under alterations made to the memorandum after he has become a member of the company.

Clause 9 follows section 24 of the English Act in providing that the memorandum should show all changes made therein.

Clause 10 follows section 18 of the English Act in limiting the exemptions now enjoyed by certain associations formed not for profit.

Clause 11 follows section 90 of the English Act in requiring an index of the names of members of a company in certain cases.

Clause 12.—Sub-section (1) of section 22 does not clearly show when the first list of members is to be prepared if a company is incorporated towards the end of a year. The words "first or only ordinary general meeting" have also given rise to confusion. The amendment is designed to remove this uncertainty and confusion.

Clause 13.—The Act does not lay down the procedure for the transfer of shares and this is generally provided for in the articles of the company. Undue restrictions upon transfers and undue delay in registering transfers are not uncommon. The section now introduced while leaving a discretion with the directors to refuse transfer requires for a transfer application either by the transferor or the transferee notice by the transferee in the case of an application by the transferee, the use of the proper instrument of transfer required by the company in the case of an application by the transferee, and notice within a limited time to a proposed transferee. It also prescribes the time limit within which an objection by a transferee may be made or a refusal to register a transfer must be communicated.

Clause 14.—Under the English law it is a misfeasance on the part of directors knowingly to allot shares to an infant, while shares held by an infant by an order of Court and shares held by a lunatic can only be transferred pursuant to an order in lunacy. The proposed new section aims at preventing such person from coming into possession of shares.

Clause 15 follows the English Act, section 96, sub-section (2), in laying down a time limit within which a requirement by a member must be complied with.

Clause 16 provides a time limit for a rectification of the register of members ordered by the Court.

Clause 17.—The issue of bearer share warrants is not compatible with the premium contained in new section 2 (1) (13) (a). Section 43 should not, therefore, apply to private companies.

Clause 18.—The Act at present allows alteration of capital to be effected by the directors and requires only an alteration involving subdivision of shares to be made in general meeting. One consequence is that the registrar's office has no record of alterations of capital made by directors. This clause brings the law into accord with section 50 of the English Act.

Clauses 19 and 20.—The utilisation of the funds of a company in the purchase of its own shares has the result of reducing its capital and is prohibited by sub-section (1) of section 55. The prohibition is circumvented in some cases by advancing money out of the company's funds to nominees who acquire the shares. The proposed section 54A follows section 45 of the English Act in forbidding this subterfuge. Sub-section (1) of existing section 55 is transferred to the new section now introduced.

Clause 21.—The new section introduced reproduces section 61 of the English Act.

Clause 23.—The existing section of the Act does not lay down any time within which the registered office is to be set up or notice of its situation or any change of its situation is to be given. This clause adopts section 62 of the English Act.

Clause 21.—Compare section 112 of the English Act and clause 12 of this Bill.

Clause 24.—The new section follows generally the lines of section 115 of the English Act. It extends the obligation to hold a statutory general meeting to all companies having a share capital. "Two days" has been substituted for "seven days" as the period for which the report is to be in the hands of members under sub-section (*c*), and further requirements have been added by sub-sections (*f*) and (*g*) of sub-section (3). Provision has also been introduced authorising certification of the report by the chairman of the directors.

Clause 25.—Compare section 114, sub-section (1), of the English Act.

Clause 26.—The new section is based on section 116 of the English Act, but whereas that section allows of its provisions being overridden by the provisions made in the articles of the company, the section here makes certain provisions such as those governing the notice to be given for special resolution, the manner of service of notices, the number of members entitled to demand a poll and the form of proxy instruments incapable of variation.

Clause 27 amends section 81 of the Act on the lines of section 117 of the English Act, that is to say, it abolishes the necessity for the confirmation of a special resolution by a second general meeting, but requires 21 days notice to be given of the meeting at which the special resolution is passed.

Clause 28.—The object of this amendment is to secure the correctness of the records preserved in the registrar's office.

Clause 29 follows section 121 of the English Act.

Clause 30 increases the minimum number of directors of a company.

Clause 31.—This amendment is intended to secure greater independence to the directors by limiting the number of nominated or *ex officio* directors.

Clause 32.—The first amendment slightly widens the application of the section, the second makes it applicable to companies which have no separate articles of association of their own but adopt Table A; the third renders it inapplicable to companies which began as private companies.

Clause 33.—The clause introduces certain new sections for the control of directors. Section 86A repeals section 142 of the English Act. Section 86B follows sect on 134 of the English Act in controlling the practice of directors assigning their responsibilities. Section 86C follows section 152 of the English Act. Section 86D prohibits or limits the making of loans to directors and provides that any loans made shall be disclosed in the balance-sheet, the form of which as laid down in the Third Schedule has been correspondingly amended by clause 100. Section 86E prevents directors from holding offices of profit under the company while section 86F disqualifies them from acting as trustees for debenture holders. Section 86G follows section 143 of the English Act by requiring directors' remuneration to be disclosed. Section 86H and section 86I include in the Act provision for removal of or vacation of office by directors instead of leaving these matters to be provided for in the articles by some such regulations as regulation 86 and regulation 77 of Table A.

Clause 34.—The substituted section 87 follows section 144 of the English Act. It provides that the register of directors and managers shall be kept corrected and shall be open to inspection.

Clause 35.—The clause introduces a series of new sections dealing with managing agents. Section 87A limits the term for which they may be appointed and may continue to act without reappointment. Section 87D provides for their removal, controls the transfer of office by them, prohibits assignment of their remuneration and gives

the company certain powers of control over them. Section 87C lays down the method by which the remuneration of managing agents shall be fixed in companies other than insurance companies. Section 87D makes provision in respect of managing agents, similar to that made by new section 94B in respect of directors for controlling loans by the company to its managing agents. Section 87E controls the making of loans between companies under the same management. Sections 87F, 87G and 87H introduce further provisions for control of managing agents.

Clause 36 inserts a time limit within which the information required by section 94C is to be given to members of a company.

Clause 37 provides that copies of contracts by agents of the company in which the company is an undisclosed principal shall be sent to the directors and auditors in advance.

Clause 38 provides for the disclosure in the prospectus of a company of certain details, indicated in the amendments contained in the clause, which have not hitherto been required to be so disclosed.

Clause 39 inserts a penalty for the issue of a prospectus which fails to comply with the provisions of section 93.

Clause 40 introduces section 38 of the English Act by which a document containing an offer of shares is to be deemed a prospectus.

Clause 41 introduces the provisions of section 39 of the English Act and is aimed at discouraging flotation of companies with insufficient capital.

Clause 42.—The amendment excludes forfeited shares subsequently reissued from the purview of the section.

Clause 43.—The amendment is consequential.

Clause 44 inserts section 47 and section 48 of the English Act.

Clause 45.—Under the existing provisions of the Act a charge or mortgage created over movable property of the company other than book debts or the uncalled share capital need not be registered. The first amendment requires such charges or mortgages to be registered with certain qualifications. The second amendment is designed to affect transferees with notice as from the date of registration.

Clause 46 inserts section 81 of the English Act.

Clause 47 provides for the registration of charges when modified.

Clause 48 inserts the provisions of section 336 of the English Act.

Clauses 49, 50 and 51.—Section 121 of the Act as it stands empowers the registrar on proof of satisfaction of a mortgage or charge to record the satisfaction in the register. It is not, however, obligatory on a company or the mortgagee to have such satisfaction recorded, and the records of the registrar may accordingly remain incomplete. The amendments made by these clauses remedy this defect.

Clause 52.—It has been doubted whether the provisions of section 123 apply to floating charges in view of the fact that such charges do not affect property until the charges are crystallised. The amendment makes the intention of the section clear.

Clause 53 substitutes section 122 of the English Act for the existing section.

Clause 55 introduces the substance of sub-section (1) of section 123 of the English Act and makes the section applicable to all companies.

Clause 54 inserts the provisions contained in sub-section (2) of section 123 of the English Act regarding the report by the directors.

Clause 56 introduces a provision requiring disclosure in the profit and loss account, now made compulsory by clause 54, of certain information of importance to shareholders.

Clause 57 adopts the provisions of section 126 of the English Act.

Clause 58 applies the penalty provided by sub-section (1) of section 131 of the existing Act to defaults under that section and sections 132 and 132A.

Clause 59.—The amendment is consequential.

Clause 60.—The first amendment provides for intervention by the Court to secure production of documents for the information of the registrar. The second extends the powers of the registrar and makes the section applicable to documents required by a liquidator.

Clause 61 introduces provisions based on section 146 of the English Act.

Clause 62 provides *inter alia* for charging the expenses of an investigation undertaken in consequence of a report by the registrar to the company itself.

Clause 63 supplements the duties of auditors and gives them power of attending meetings to explain the accounts.

Clause 64 gives the trustees for debenture-holders the right to receive and inspect the balance-sheets and auditors' reports.

Clause 65 allows stay of suits while a compromise or arrangement between a company and its creditors is pending.

Clause 66 inserts sections 154 and 155 of the English Act dealing with arrangements and reconstructions.

Clause 67 substitutes a section in the terms of section 27 of the English Act for the existing section.

Clause 68 amends the provisions relating to the manner of serving on a company a demand for payment of debts.

Clause 69 gives power to the registrar to apply for the winding up of a company and defines the circumstances in which the power may be exercised.

Clause 70 provides that notice of a Court's order for winding up shall be sent to the official receiver.

Clause 71.—Under the existing law it is only after a winding up order has been made that proceedings against a company are stayed. The amendment follows the English Act in providing that the appointment of a provisional liquidator should operate as a stay.

Clause 72.—Inconvenience has been experienced through the office of official liquidator remaining vacant after a winding up order has been made. This clause is designed to secure that a public official shall automatically become the liquidator until some other person is appointed by the Court and can undertake the work.

Clause 73.—Under section 173, as it stands, the duty of filing with the registrar a copy of the winding up order is laid on the company. It is now laid on the petitioner.

Clauses 74, 75 and 77 are consequential on clause 71.

Clause 76 inserts sections 181 and 182 of the English Act.

Clause 78.—The new section 179A is based on section 129 of the English Act.

Clause 79.—The sub-sections added to section 182 reproduce section 183 of the English Act.

Clauses 80 and 81.—The amendments are consequential.

Clause 82 substitutes for 18 sections of the existing Act dealing with the winding up of companies the provisions of sections 230 to 255 of the English Act. New section 217E corresponding to section 253 of the English Act, has however been slightly expanded.

Clause 83.—It is equitable that compensation payable under the Workmen's Compensation Act should not be treated as an ordinary debt provable in the winding up but should have priority. This view is taken in England. The expenses of an investigation held in pursuance of clause (iv) of section 136 are now charged to the company, vide clause 62.

Clause 81 inserts section 207 of the English Act which gives a liquidator power corresponding to that of a trustee in bankruptcy to disclaim land burdened with covenants, unprofitable contracts and property which is unsaleable.

Clause 82.—The existing section has been construed as not covering sales held after the winding up. The amendment is designed to forbid such sale.

Clause 83.—Sub-section (*f*) of the existing section by applying to an application under the section the limitation imposed on a suit allows delinquent directors in many cases to evade their civil liabilities. The amendment allows three years for the making of an application dating from the first appointment of a liquidator.

Clause 87 substitutes the more adequate provisions of section 277 of the English Act for existing section 237.

Clause 88 follows section 211 of the English Act in providing for the punishment of offences antecedent to or in the course of a winding up.

Clause 89 provides that the interim report of the liquidator shall be submitted to the Court or the registrar, as the case may be, but that a copy should in any case be given to the registrar and defines the times when the report shall be made. The form, and the particulars to be contained in these statements are prescribed by the High Courts, which have followed rules 193 to 195 of the English Companies (Winding Up) Rules, and have prescribed a form similar to the English form 92 drawn up under these Rules.

Clause 90 inserts a section based on section 194 of the English Act requiring the liquidator to lodge moneys received during a winding up in the Imperial Bank and prohibiting him from paying any such moneys into his private accounts.

Clause 91 rectifies an omission in the rule making powers of High Courts.

Clause 92 reproduces section 195 of the English Act dealing with the enforcement of the duty of a company to submit returns and documents to the registrar.

Clause 93 inserts the provisions contained in section 338 (2) of the English Act providing for the winding up of companies incorporated outside British India.

Clause 94 inserts the provisions of section 347 of the English Act and requires the balance-sheets of companies incorporated outside British India to comply with the same requirements as those of companies registered in British India.

Clause 95.—New sections 277A and 277B reproduce sections 354 and 355 of the English Act and regulate the issue of prospectuses on behalf of companies incorporated outside British India. Sections 277C and 277D follow section 90 of the English Act in making applicable to such companies the provisions of the Act which relate to registration of charges and registration of the appointment of a receiver

Clause 96 inserts a new Part containing special provisions applicable to banking companies. Section 277E defines what a "banking company" is. Section 277F restricts the activities of such companies to ordinary banking transactions. Section 277G forbids for the future the employment of managing agents. Section 277H ensures adequate working capital before business is commenced. Sections 277I and 277J require, respectively, a reserve fund and an adequate cash reserve to be maintained. Section 277K gives effect to the recommendations of the Central Banking Enquiry Committee that provision should be made for a moratorium to save from liquidation a banking company in temporary difficulties.

Clause 97 introduces a new section penalising misapplication of the property of a company by an officer or employee and a section designed to prevent misuse of securities lodged with a company by its employees under their contracts of service, and to safeguard provident funds.

Clause 38 makes amendments in certain of the model regulations in Table A which under the amendment made by clause 7 must be adopted by all companies.

Clause 39 substitutes for the existing form of a statement in lieu of prospectus the form now contained in the English Act.

Clause 160 incorporates in the form of balance-sheet the additional particulars which are considered necessary to make that the balance-sheet shall fully disclose the position of the company's affairs.

The following Bill* was introduced in the Legislature Assembly on the 23rd March 1936:—

L.A. BILL No. 9 OF 1936.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, for certain purposes.

Whereas it is expedient further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:— 32 of 1934.

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Tariff (Amendment) Act, 1936.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, appoint in this behalf.

Amendment of First Schedule, Act XXXII of 1934.

2. In the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934,— 32 of 1934.

(a) after Item 46 (5) the following item shall be inserted, namely:—

"46 (6) ..	STAPLE FIBRE ..	Preferential rates.	15 per cent of ad valorem or 3 annas per lb., whichever is higher	5 per cent of ad valorem or 4 annas per lb., which-ever is higher	..	..";

(b) in Item 47 for the entry in the second column the following entry shall be substituted, namely —

"SILK YARN including thrown silk warps and yarn spun from silk waste or noils, but excluding sewing thread.",

(c) in Item 47 (1), for the entry in the second column the following entry shall be substituted, namely:

"SILK SEWING THREAD"

(d) for Item 49 (1) the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

"49 (1) -	Piece-goods or Bunjdle consisting of not more than 4 of the following articles—					
	(a) of materials liable to duty under Item 46 (3), 46 (4), or 46 (5) not exceeding 24 yards in length.	Preferential rates.	30 per cent. ad valorem	25 per cent ad valorem	..	..
	(b) of materials liable to duty under Item 46, 46 (1), 46 (2) or 46 (5), not exceeding 24 yards in length.	Preferential rates.	30 per cent ad valorem.	25 per cent ad valorem.	..	.
	(c) of other materials not exceeding 6 yards in length	Preferential rates.	35 per cent ad valorem.	25 per cent ad valorem.	..	..";

and

---

* The Governor General has been pleased to accord the sanction required by section 67 (2) of the Government of India Act.

(c) in Item 81 (2), for entry in the second column the following entry shall be substituted, namely —

'Cotton knitted articles, including apparel made of cotton interlocking material, cotton underclothes, knitted or woven, and cotton socks and stockings.'

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The object of the Bill is to give effect to certain amendments which it is proposed to make in the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934.

2. *Staple fibre.*—In paragraph 97 of its Report on the Woollen Textile Industry, the Tariff Board has recommended that staple fibre be admitted free as other raw materials or should not at any rate pay a higher duty than foreign cotton. The Indian Central Cotton Committee and the Industrial Intelligence and Research Bureau are considering the possibilities of manufacturing staple fibre from short staple cotton grown in India. But until staple fibre can be produced on a commercial scale in India it is considered desirable to encourage the development by the Indian mills of the technique of spinning and weaving this new material by a reasonable reduction in the import duty leviable on it. Under Article 11 read with Schedule G of the Ottawa Trade Agreement, imports from the United Kingdom of artificial silk manufactures other than yarn piece-goods and thread for sewing are entitled to a preference of 10 per cent. It is accordingly proposed that the existing duty of 25 per cent *ad valorem* be reduced as follows:—

On imports from the United Kingdom.	11 per cent *ad valorem* or 8 ans per lb., whichever is higher.
On imports from other countries.	25 per cent *ad valorem* or 1 anna per lb. whichever is higher.

The minimum specific duties correspond very closely in their *ad valorem* incidence to the alternative *ad valorem* duties.

3. *Fents.*—There have been widespread complaints that the existing concessional rate of import duty on fents of non-British manufacture has called into existence an import trade in spurious fents which constitutes a threat to the scheme for the protection of the cotton textile industry. Import statistics tend to show that the complaints are well-founded, and it is proposed to remove that threat by raising the duty on fents of non-British origin to the same rate as is applicable to the fabrics of which they are composed and at the same time reducing the permissible length of artificial silk fents, the imports of which particularly have been stimulated by concessional treatment.

4. *Cotton knitted apparel.*—The Bill also seeks to give effect to the recommendation contained in paragraph 134 of the Report of the Tariff Board on the Woollen Textile Industry, namely that the protective duty now applicable to cotton knitted hosiery should be extended to all cotton knitted apparel.

5. *Spun silk yarn.*—When the protective duties on raw silk and silk manufactures were originally imposed, it was thought that spun silk yarn being a product of waste silk was not in effective competition with Indian silk. The statistics of imports over the past two years have shown that the competitive value of spun silk was underestimated. It is proposed therefore to make spun silk yarn subject to the same rate of duty as pure silk yarn.

ZAFRULLAH KHAN.

NEW DELHI,
The 18th March 1936.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 23rd March 1936 :—

L. A. BILL No. 10 OF 1936.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Railways Act, 1890, for certain purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Railways Act, 1890, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows :— of 1890.

1. This Act may be called the Indian Railways (Amendment) Act, 1936. Short title.

2. Section 68 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (hereinafter referred to as said Act) shall be renumbered as sub-section (1) of that section and in the section as so re-numbered the following sub-section shall be added, namely :— of 1890. Amendment of section 68, Act IX of 1890.

"(2) A railway servant when granting the permission referred to in sub-section (1) may, if requested in this behalf by the railway administration, grant to the passenger a certificate that the passenger has been permitted to travel in such carriage upon condition that he subsequently pays the fare payable for the distance to be travelled."

3. For section 112 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely — Substitution of new section for section 112, Act IX of 1890.

"112 (1) If a person enters in contravention of section 68 any carriage on a railway, he shall, unless he satisfies the Court that he had no intention to defraud the railway administration, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to two months, or with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees in addition to the amount of the single fare for any distance he may have travelled. Travelling or attempting to travel without proper pass or ticket.

(2) If a person uses or attempts to use a single pass or single ticket which has already been used on a previous journey, or, in the case of return ticket, a half thereof which has already been so used, he shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to two months, or with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees in addition to the amount of the single fare for any distance he may have travelled.

(3) Any railway servant authorized by the railway administration in this behalf or any other person whom such railway servant may call to his aid may remove from a carriage a person found travelling therein without having a proper pass or ticket with him, unless he then and there pays the fare and the excess charge which he is liable to pay under the provisions of section 113."

4. In section 113 of the said Act,— Amendment of section 113, Act IX of 1890.

(a) to sub-section (2) the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that the excess charge referred to in sub-section (1) and in sub-section shall not be payable if the passenger has with him a certificate issued under sub-section (2) of section 68.";

and

(b) after sub-section (3) the following sub-section shall be added, namely —

"(4) An application made under sub-section (1) shall contain a statement, certified as correct by the railway servant, of the sum payable by the passenger, and such statement shall, unless the contrary is proved by proof that the sum so stated is recoverable from the passenger."

Amendment of section 131, Act 15 of 1890.

5. In section 131 of the said Act,—

(i) in sub-section (2), after the figures "101" the figures "112" shall be inserted, and after the word, brackets and figure "sub-section (2)" the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"or if a person fails or refuses to pay any excess charge or other sum demanded under section 113 and there are reasonable grounds for believing that except by his arrest he cannot be placed before a Magistrate without undue delay, trouble or expense,"]

and

(ii) to sub-section (6) the following words shall be added, namely:—

"or in the case of a person arrested on failure to satisfy a demand made under section 113, before the Magistrate to whom the application under sub-section (5) of section 113 is to be made".

Amendment of section 132, Act 15 of 1890.

6. In sub-section (3) of section 132 of the said Act the words "or fails or refuses to pay any excess charge or other sum demanded under section 113" shall be omitted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Bill is intended to permit of more effective and deterrent action being taken than is possible under the existing law when persons are found travelling by railway without proper tickets. Although Railways have provided an elaborate and expensive organization for the check of tickets both at stations and in trains, the number of cases detected of passengers travelling without proper tickets has tended to increase, and the amount recovered from them approximates to the amount spent on the organization for check in trains. Experience has shown that any expenditure incurred on additional checks by the appointment of more travelling ticketa checkers results in an increase of revenue proportionate to the increased expenditure. This indicates to some extent the seriousness of the evil which, it has been estimated, causes a loss of about 50 lakhs annually.

2 The sections of the Act under which action can be taken at present are 112 and 113. The former refers to cases in which there is intent to defraud a Railway and the latter to cases where there is no such intent. In cases in which action is taken under section 112 the onus of proving intent to defraud rests on the railway staff, the discharge of which is not always practicable. It is proposed, therefore that the onus of proving that there was no intent to defraud should rest on the person found travelling without a proper ticket. The penalty of a fine extending to Rs. 100 prescribed under section 112 has proved, in practice, to be ineffective and the Bill therefore provides for a sentence of imprisonment to be inflicted.

3. Most cases in which passengers found travelling without proper tickets are, however, dealt with under section 113 under which a passenger is liable to pay in addition to the fare due an excess charge equal to the amount of the fare but not exceeding the maximum provided in section 113, sub-section (3). The maximum excess charge in the case of a third class passenger is one rupee when he is detected before he has notified his liability, and two annas otherwise. A passenger who declines to pay the amount demanded can, under the present law, only be asked to give his name and address. If these are disbelieved, arrangements have to be made to hand the man over to the police to be placed before a magistrate. In many cases, such passengers are found to have no assets and are discharged. Where a distress warrant is issued against any person, the results are usually quite incommensurate with the time, trouble and expense involved in court proceedings, etc., as the amount payable is frequently not realised. To deal effectively with such cases it is necessary that railway servants should be empowered to arrest such persons as refuse to pay the charges due if there is reason to believe that it will not be possible to get them

to appear before a magistrate without undue delay, trouble or expense. Provision for this has been made in the proposed amendment to section 151 of the Act.

ZAFRULLAH KHAN.

New Delhi,
The 14th March 1936.

The following Report of the Select Committee on the Bill further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (*Amendment of section 51, etc.*), for certain purposes, was presented to the Legislative Assembly on the 26th March 1936 :—

Papers I to III.

We, the undersigned, members of the Select Committee to which the Bill further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for certain purposes, was referred, have considered the Bill and the papers noted in the margin, and have now the honour to submit this our Report, with the Bill as amended by us annexed thereto.

We have made certain small formal alterations in the wording of the Bill in order to bring it into conformity with the established drafting practice, and we have corrected a printing error.

Clause 2.—The insertion of the words "where the decree is for the payment of money" corrects an oversight in the drafting of the Bill. The omission of these words would make the proviso applicable to detention ordered under rule 32 of Order XXI in enforcement of a decree for the specific performance of a contract, a result at variance with the object of the Bill which is stated to be the protection of honest debtors.

The insertion of the word "dishonestly" is necessary to substitute (ii) of clause (a) of the proposed proviso to section 51 of the Code, because an honest transfer made after the institution of the suit might have the effect of obstructing the execution of the decree though no such intention was present in the mind of the judgment-debtor. We have also inserted a new clause (*a*) permitting the Court to order detention when the judgment-debt is for a sum for which the debtor was responsible in a fiduciary capacity.

We have inserted a reference to "custom having the force of law" in the *Explanation* in consequence of the known existence of certain customs in the Punjab which should be taken into account, and we have substituted the word "attachment" for the word "sale" because while there may be attachment without sale there cannot be sale without attachment.

Clause 4.—We have increased from ten to fifteen days the period during which the judgment-debtor may under the proviso to rule 40 of Order XXI be left in the custody of an officer of the Court.

2. The Bill was published as follows:—

In English.

Gazette.	*Date.*
Gazette of India	15th February 1936.
Fort St. George Gazette	25th February, 1936.
Bombay Government Gazette	9th April 1936.
Calcutta Gazette	7th March 1936.
United Provinces Gazette	23rd March 1936.
Punjab Government Gazette	20th March, 3rd and 10th April, 1936.
Burma Gazette	3rd March, 1936.
Central Provinces Gazette	14 March, 1936.
Assam Gazette	29th February 1936.
Bihar and Orissa Gazette	6th March, 1936.
Coorg Official Gazette	1st April, 1936.
Sind Official Gazette	9th April, 1936.
North-West Frontier Gazette	23rd and 30th March, and 6th April, 1936.

In the Vernaculars.

Province.	*Language.*	*Date.*
Madras	Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese, Malayalam, Hindustani	23rd April, 1936.
Bombay	Marathi, Gujarati	30th April, 1936.
Burma	Burmese	18th April, 1936.
Central Provinces	Marathi	3rd April 1936.
Sind	Hindi, Sindhi	13th April, 1936.
		15th March, 1936.
		18th April, 1936.

3 We think that the Bill has not been so altered as to require re-publication, and we recommend that it be passed as now amended.

N. N. SIRCAR.
H. D. CRAIK.
F. NOYCE.
M. ANANTHASAYANAM AYYANGAR.
MUHD. AHMAD KAZMI.
KHUSHAID MOHD.
* LAL CHAND.
* M. GHIASUDDIN.
M. ASAF ALI.
† LALCHAND NAVALRAI.

New Delhi,
The 23rd March 1936.

NOTE OF DISSENT.

We want to make a little alteration in proviso to clause 3, as we feel that by using the words 'or otherwise' after the word 'affidavit,' we are practically giving the Court the same discretion which is sought to be taken away by substitution of the word 'shall' for 'may' in the main clause. In order to safeguard the judgment-debtor against affidavits by unscrupulous money-lenders we wish to delete the words 'or otherwise' and substitute the words 'and other reliable evidence' in their place.

LAL CHAND.
M. GHIASUDDIN.

The 24th March 1936.

MINUTE OF DISSENT.

Rothwa'nam for helping the debtor class should not be carried too far to ignore the difficulties of the creditor.

The scope of the Bill should be restricted to the recommendation of the Royal Commission on on Labour regarding its applicat on to the case of industrial workers in receipt of wages less than Rs. 100 a month only. The burden of proof on the questions involved in the Bill should be on the debtor in the first instance as he is called upon to show cause why he should not be committed to civil prison and also on the inability to pay is peculiarly within his knowledge.

The discretion of the Judge should not be much interfered with as he is sure to apply his mind to each individual case on its own merits. Invariably Judges do issue notice required by sub-rule 1 of rule 37—Order 21 of the Code of Civil Procedure, but the proposed proviso to clause 3 should exempt issue of notice also in the case when there is an attempt on the part of the debtor to dispose of his property.

The 25th March 1936.

LALCHAND NAVALRAI.

* Subject to a minute of dissent.

† Subject to a minute of dissent.

L.A. BILL No. 9 OF 1936

(AS AMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.)

(The words underlined indicate the amendments suggested by the Select Committee.)

A Bill further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for certain purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows — V of 1908.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Code of Civil Procedure (Amendment) Act, 1936.

Addition of proviso to section 51, Act V of 1908.

2. To section 51 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (hereinafter referred to as the said Code), the following proviso shall be added, namely:— V of 1908.

"Provided that where the decree is for the payment of money execution by detention in prison shall not be ordered unless,

after giving the judgment-debtor an opportunity of showing cause why he should not be committed to prison, the Court, for reasons recorded in writing, is satisfied—

(a) that the judgment-debtor, with the object or effect of obstructing or delaying the execution of the decree,—

(i) is likely to abscond or leave the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, or

(ii) has, after the institution of the suit in which the decree was passed, dishonestly transferred, concealed, or removed any part of his property, or committed any other act of bad faith in relation to his property, or

(b) that the judgment-debtor has, or has had since the date of the decree, the means to pay the amount of the decree or some substantial part thereof and refuses or neglects or has refused or neglected to pay the same, or

(c) that the decree is for a sum for which the judgment-debtor was bound to act in a fiduciary capacity, or

Explanation.—In the calculation of the means of the judgment-debtor for the purposes of clause (b), there shall be left out of account any property which, by or under any law in relation having the force of law for the time being in force, is exempt from attachment in execution of the decree."

Amendment of rule 37, Order XXI in the First Schedule, Act V of 1908.

5. In sub-rule (1) of rule 37 of Order XXI in the First Schedule to the said Code, for the word "may" * * * the word "shall" shall be substituted, and to the sub-rule the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that such notice shall not be necessary if the Court is satisfied by affidavit or otherwise, that, with the object or effect of delaying the execution of the decree, the judgment-debtor is likely to abscond or leave the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court."

Repeal of rule 40, Order XXI in the First Schedule, Act V of 1908, and insertion of new rule in place thereof.

6. For rule 40 of Order XXI in the First Schedule to the said Code together with any alterations therein or additions thereto made under section 122 of the said Code the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

Proceedings on non-appearance of judgment-debtor in obedience to notice or on appearance when arrested.

"40. (1) When a judgment-debtor appears before the Court in obedience to a notice issued under rule 37, or is brought before the Court after being arrested in execution of a decree for the payment of money, the Court shall proceed to hear the decree-holder and take all such evidence as may be produced by him in support of his application for execution, and shall then give the judgment-debtor an opportunity of showing cause why he should not be committed to the civil prison.

(2) Pending the conclusion of the inquiry under sub-rule (1) the Court may, in its discretion, order the judgment-debtor to be detained in the custody of an officer of the Court or release him on his furnishing security to the satisfaction of the Court for his appearance when required.

(3) Upon the conclusion of the inquiry under sub-rule (1) the Court may, subject to the provisions of section 51 and to the other provisions of this Code, make an order for the detention of the judgment-debtor in the civil prison and shall in that event cause him to be arrested if he is not already under arrest:

Provided that in order to give the judgment-debtor an opportunity of satisfying the decree, the Court may, before making the order of detention, leave the judgment-debtor in the custody of an officer of the Court for a specified period not exceeding fifteen days or release him on his furnishing security to the satisfaction of the Court for his appearance at the expiration of the specified period if the decree be not meanwhile satisfied.

(4) A judgment-debtor released under this rule may be re-arrested

(5) When the Court does not make an order of detention under sub-rule (4), it shall disallow the application and, if the judgment-debtor is under arrest, direct his release."

The following Report of the Second Select Committee on the Bill further to amend the Cantonments Act, 1924, for certain purposes, was presented to the Legislative Assembly on the 7th April, 1930 :—

Fasciculi 3 and 4

We, the undersigned, members of the Select Committee to which the Bill further to amend the Cantonments Act, 1924, for certain purposes, as reported by the Select Committee, was referred, have considered the Bill and the papers noted in the margin, and have now the honour to submit this our Report, with the Bill as amended by us annexed thereto.

Clause 3.—We have introduced a power to defer the operation of the amendments made by the Bill in order that where preliminary action such as the making of rules or the preparation or publication of lists of voters has to be taken a possible source of embarrassment may be avoided.

Clause 5.—In new section 12 we have altered sub-section (3) so as to allow of Government paying more than half the salary of an Executive Officer, and we have made a necessary provision for the payment of salaries during the transitional period which must elapse before the new arrangements can be established. Sub-section (4) has been expanded to provide that the Executive Officer shall also be the Secretary of Committees of the Board. In new section 13, by a proviso to sub-section (1), we have given power to the Governor General in Council to alter the classification of cantonments in order to meet the difficulty apprehended in the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan that owing to the military duties and frequent movements of military personnel it might not always be possible or convenient to supply members for a more numerous Board. We have also altered the wording of clause (c) of sub-sections (2), (4) and (5) so as to provide, when read with the amendments made by clause 6 of the Bill to sect on 20 of the Act, for the possibility that the Officer Commanding the station might in certain circumstances not be the most suitable officer to act as President of the Board.

Clause 5.—The amendments here made are necessary consequential amendments which were overlooked when the Bill was last dealt with in Select Committee.

Clause 6.—The alteration is consequential on the changes made in clause 5(c) of sub-sections (2), (4) and (5) of new section 13 inserted by clause 5.

Clause 16.—We have altered the proposed section 18A to provide that the Health Officer and the Executive Engineer shall be ex officio members of the Bazaar Committee instead of leaving them to be nominated. At the same time we have provided that all the elected members of the Board shall be members of such Committees, so that there will always be a non-official majority. The words "purposes connected with" have been inserted to make it clear that the extent of the powers to be entrusted to the Committee must rest constitutionally with the Board as a whole, and there will always be certain functions relating to bazaars such as the imposing of taxes and the making of regulations which must remain with the full Board. We trust however that steps will be taken to ensure that real powers and responsibilities are conferred upon Bazaar Committees. We have also provided that the Vice-President of the Board shall be the Chairman of the Bazaar Committee.

Clause 18.—In the Bill as it emerged from the previous Select Committee certain consequential changes rendered necessary in sections 61, 62 and 63 of the Act by the amendment of section 60 were overlooked. This clause now makes these consequential changes.

Clause 19.—In the new sub-sections inserted in section 191 of the Act, we have omitted sub-section (1) as unnecessary and have rearranged and re-numbered the other sub-sections. The minor changes in the wording of these sub-sections need no explanation.

Clause 48.—The alteration made in new section 183A provides that the period specified for the completion of building operations shall date from the commencement of the work instead of from the time of sanctioning the operations.

Clause 56.—We consider that if a Board has not taken action under section 185 of the Act while the erection or reception of a building is in progress, a time limit should be fixed after completion of such erection or reception for the Board to take action. We have amended the clause to provide for a time limit of 6 months. We have also excluded from the provisions as to compensation any compensation for building operations continued after the order of the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, to discontinue them has been received.

Clause 58.—We have omitted the first proviso to sub-section (2) of proposed section 234A in consideration of the facts (1) that in certain municipalities no rates are charged directly for water-supply and (2) that the criterion laid down might be unreasonable where a small municipality perhaps exceptionally situated was near a large cantonment. We have, however, retained the provision requiring the rate charged in adjacent municipalities to be taken into consideration, and we have provided that the Board shall not make a profit from retailing bulk supplies of water obtained from the Military Engineer Services. We have also altered the wording of sub-section (2) to avoid any possible confusion arising from the use of the word "rate" between the rest of the bulk supply and the *tax* or *rate* at which it is paid for by individuals. The alteration in the method of fixing the payments to be made for bulk supplies renders sub-section (2-A) unnecessary.

Clause 60.—We have provided for the exemption from distraint of the tools of artizans, following in this respect the Code of Civil Procedure.

2. The Bill was published as follows:—

In English.

Gazette.	Date
Gazette of India	6th April, 1935.
Fort St. George Gazette	15th October, 1935.
Bombay Government Gazette	21st November, 1935.
Calcutta Gazette	21st November, 1935.
United Provinces Gazette	30th November, 1935.
Punjab Government Gazette	22nd 29th November and 6th December 1935.
Burma Gazette	13th October 1935.
Central Provinces Gazette	10th April, 1935.
Assam Gazette	9th October, 1935.
Bihar and Orissa Gazette	25th October, 1935.
Coorg District Gazette	2nd December, 1935.
Gazette of India	23rd November, 1935.
North West Frontier Gazette	30th November 1935.

In the Vernaculars.

Province.	Language	Date.
Bombay ...	Marathi ...	19th December 1935.
	Gujarathi ...	
	Kanarese ...	12th December 1935
Sind ...	Sindhi ...	24th November 1935.

3. We think that the Bill has not been so altered as to require re-publication, and we recommend that it be passed as now amended

N. N. SIRCAR.
G. R. F. TOTTENHAM.
KHAN SAHIB
MANGAL SINGH
N. V. GADGIL.
SHAM LAL.
MAJOR NAWAB AHMAD NAWAZ KHAN.

The 7th April 1936.

L.A. BILL No. 23 OF 1935.

[As amended by the Second Select Committee.]

(Words printed in italics indicate the amendments suggested by the First Select Committee. Words underlined or shaded indicate the amendments suggested by the Second Select Committee.)

A Bill further to amend the Cantonments Act, 1924, for certain purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Cantonments Act, 1924, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows :— II of 1924.

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Cantonments (Amendment) Act, 1935.

(2) It shall come into force at once, but the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, direct either generally or in respect of a particular cantonment that a specified section or sections shall not take effect until such date as he may by a like notification appoint in this behalf.

Amendment of section 2, Act II of 1924.

2. In section 2 of the Cantonments Act, 1924 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), II of 1924.

(a) for clause (xi) the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

" (xi) ' building ' means a house, outhouse, stable, latrine, shed, hut * or other *roofed* structure whether of masonry, brick, wood, mud, metal or other material and any part thereof, and includes a wall and a wall (other than a boundary wall not exceeding eight feet in height and not abutting on a street) but does not include a tent or other portable and temporary shelter; ";

(b) clause (x) *shall be omitted*,

(c) after clause (xi) the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

" (xia) ' *unfilled consumer* ' *means a person in a cantonment who is exempt from the Defence Services Estimates and is authorized by general or special order of the Governor General in Council to secure a supply of water for domestic purposes from the Military Engineer Services or the Public Works Department on such terms and conditions as may be specified in the order*; ";

(d) clause (xv) shall be omitted,

(e) after clause (xx) the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

" (xxa) ' Military Estates Officer ' means the officer appointed by the Governor General in Council to perform the duties of the Military Estates Officer under rules made under clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (2) of section 280; ",

(f) in clause (xxi),—

(i) in paragraph (a), after the words " Air Force Act," the words and figure " or the Indian Air Force Act, 1932," shall be inserted, and

(ii) to paragraph (b) the words " or the Indian Air Force Act, 1932 " shall be added;

(g) after clause (xxxii) the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

" (xxxiii) a person is deemed to reside in a cantonment if he maintains therein a house or a portion of a house which is at all times available for occupation by himself or his family * * even though he may himself reside elsewhere, provided that he has not abandoned all intention of again occupying such house either by himself or his family. * * ",

(b) in clause (xxxvi) for the words "passage or open space" the words "or passage" shall be substituted,

(c) in clause (xxxvii), the word "and" occurring at the end shall be omitted, and

(d) after clause (xxxix) the following word and clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"and

(xl) 'year' means the year commencing on the first day of April.".

Amendment of section 9, Act II of 1924.

3. *In section 9 of the said Act, for the words "specified in the notification in which there is no Board" the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—*

"(a) *situated within the limits of a Presidency-town, or*

(b) *in which the Board is superseded under section 53,*"

Substitution of new sections for sections 10 to 14, Act II of 1924.

4. *For sections 10 to 14 of the said Act the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—*

Cantonment Board and Executive Officer.

"10. *For every cantonment there shall be a Cantonment Board and an Executive Officer.*

Incorporation of Cantonment Board.

11. *Every Board shall, by the name of the place by reference to which the cantonment is known, be a body corporate having perpetual succession and a common seal with power to acquire and hold property both movable and immovable and to contract and shall, by the said name, sue and be sued.*

Appointment of Executive Officer.

12. (1) *The Executive Officer of every cantonment shall be appointed by the Governor-General in Council or by such person as the Governor-General in Council may authorise in this behalf, from the Service of Executive Officers constituted by rules made under section 20:*

Provided that an Executive Officer appointed before the commencement of the Cantonments (Amendment) Act, 1936, shall, unless the Governor-General in Council otherwise directs in any case, be deemed to have been duly appointed in accordance with this sub-section.

(2) Not less than half the cost of the salary of the Executive Officer shall be paid by Government and the balance from the cantonment fund:

Provided that the salary of an Executive Officer appointed before the commencement of the Cantonments (Amendment) Act, 1936, shall, until the Governor-General in Council otherwise directs, continue to be paid from the source from which it was being paid at the commencement of the said Act.

(3) The executive Officer shall be the Secretary of the Board and of every committee of the Board, but shall not be a member of the Board or of any such committee.

Constitution of Cantonment Boards.

13. (1) *Cantonments shall be divided into three classes, namely:—*

(i) *Class I Cantonments, in which the civil population exceeds ten thousand;*

(ii) *Class II Cantonments, in which the civil population exceeds two thousand five hundred, but does not exceed ten thousand; and*

(iii) *Class III Cantonments, in which the civil population does not exceed two thousand five hundred:*

Provided that the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, place in Class II any cantonment in the North-West Frontier Province or in British Baluchistan which if it were situated elsewhere would be a Class I Cantonment, or place in Class III any such cantonment which if it were situated elsewhere would be a Class II Cantonment.

(2) For the purpose of sub-section (2), the civil population shall be calculated in accordance with the latest official census, or, if the Governor General in Council, by general or special order, so directs, in accordance with a special census taken for the purpose.

(3) In Clause I Cantonments, the Board shall consist of the following members, namely:—

(a) the Officer Commanding the station or, if the Governor General in Council so directs in respect of any cantonment, such other military officer as may be nominated in his place by the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command;

(b) a Magistrate of the first class nominated by the District Magistrate;

(c) the Health Officer;

(d) the Executive Engineer;

(e) four military officers nominated by name by the Officer Commanding the station by order in writing.

(f) such number of members elected under this Act as is equal to the number of members constituted or nominated by or under clauses (b) to (e).

(4) In Class II Cantonments, the Board shall consist of the following members, namely:—

(a) the Officer Commanding the station or, if the Governor General in Council so directs in respect of any cantonment, such other military officer as may be nominated in his place by the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command;

(b) a Magistrate of the first class nominated by the District Magistrate;

(c) the Health Officer;

(d) the Executive Engineer;

(e) (i) in cantonments of which the civil population exceeds seven thousand five hundred three military officers,

(ii) in cantonments of which the civil population exceeds five thousand but does not exceed seven thousand five hundred two military officers,

(iii) in cantonments of which the civil population does not exceed five thousand, one military officer, nominated by name by the Officer Commanding the station by order in writing;

(f) such number of members elected under this Act as is equal to the number of members constituted or nominated by or under clauses (b) to (e)

(5) In Class III Cantonments, the Board shall consist of the following members, namely:—

(a) the Officer Commanding the station or, if the Governor General in Council so directs in respect of any cantonment, such other military officer as may be nominated in his place by the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command;

(b) one military officer nominated by name by the Officer Commanding the station by order in writing;

(c) one member elected under this Act.

(6) The Officer Commanding the station may, if he thinks fit, with the sanction of the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, nominate in place of any military officer whom he is empowered to nominate under clause (c) of sub-section (3), clause (c) of sub-section (4) or clause (b) of sub-section (5), any person whether in the service of the Government or not, who is ordinarily resident in the cantonment or in the vicinity thereof.

(7) Every election or nomination of a member of a Board and every vacancy in the membership thereof shall be notified by the Local Government in the local official Gazette.

Power to vary constitution of Boards in special circumstances.

14. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 13, if the the Governor General in Council is satisfied—

(a) that, by reason of military operations, it is necessary, or

the after consultation with the Local Government, that, for the administration of the cantonment, it is desirable, in any case to substitute a Board in any cantonment under this section, the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make a declaration to that effect.

(2) *Upon the making of a declaration under sub-section (1), the Board in the cantonment shall consist of the following members, namely:—*

(a) *the Officer Commanding the station;*

(b) *one military officer nominated by name by the Officer Commanding the station by order in writing;*

(c) *one member, not being a person in the service of the Government, nominated by the Officer Commanding the station.*

(3) *Every nomination of a member of a Board constituted under this section, and every vacancy in the membership thereof, shall be notified by the Local Government in the local official Gazette.*

(4) *The term of office of a Board constituted by a declaration under sub-section (1) shall not ordinarily extend beyond one year:*

Provided that the Governor General in Council may, from time to time, by a like declaration, extend the term of office of such a Board by any period not exceeding one year at a time:

Provided also that the Governor General in Council shall forthwith direct that the term of office of such a board shall cease if, in the opinion of the Governor General in Council, the reasons stated in the declaration whereby such Board was constituted, or its term of office was extended, have ceased to exist.

(5) *When the term of office of a Board constituted under this section has expired or ceased, the Board shall be replaced by the former Board which, but for the declaration, under sub-section (1), would have continued to hold office, or, if the term of office of such former Board has expired, by a Board constituted under section 13."*

Amendment of section 15, Act XI of 1924.

5. In section 15 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-sections (1) and (4), for the words, brackets and figure " sub-section (2) of section 14 " the words, brackets and figure " sub-section (2) of section 13 " shall be substituted, and

(b) to sub-section (2) the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

" Provided that the Governor General in Council may, when satisfied that it is necessary in order to avoid administrative difficulty, extend the term of office of all the elected members of a Board by such period, not exceeding one year, as he thinks fit ".

Amendment of section 20, Act XI of 1924.

6. In section 20 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (1), after the words " Officer Commanding the station " where they first occur, the words " if a member of the Board " shall be inserted; and

(b) for sub-section (2) the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—

" (2) Where the Officer Commanding the station is not a member of the Board, the military officer nominated in his place under clause (b) of sub-section (2), sub-section (4) of sub-section (2) of section 13 shall be President of the Board.

(3) In every Board in which there is more than one elected member there shall be a Vice-President elected by the elected members only and from among their number."

Amendment of section 21, Act II of 1923.

7. *For sub-section (1) of section 21 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—*

"(1) *The term of office of a Vice-President shall be three years or the residue of his term of office as a member, whichever is less.*"

Amendment of section 25, Act II of 1923.

8. *In clause (a) of the proviso to section 25 of the said Act, the words "where there is a Board" shall be omitted.*

Amendment of section 26, Act II of 1923.

9. *In sub-section (1) of section 26 of the said Act,—*

(a) *the words, brackets and figures "Where a Board is to be constituted in any cantonment, otherwise than in accordance with the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 14," shall be omitted; and*

(b) *for the words "The Cantonment Authority" the following shall be substituted, namely,—*

"*The Board or, where a Board has not been constituted for the first time in any place declared by notification under sub-section (1) of section 3 to be a cantonment, the Officer Commanding the station,*".

* * * *

Amendment of section 27, Act II of 1923.

10. In section 27 of the said Act,—

(a) In sub-section (2),—

* * * *

(i) *in sub-clause (iii) of clause (b), for the words "is a graduate" the words "has passed the Matriculation or other equivalent examination" shall be substituted, and* ;

(ii) *in clause (c), for the word "during" the word "for" shall be substituted; and*

(b) in sub-section (3),—

(i) in clause (v) after the word "transportation" the words "for an offence which is declared by the Governor General in Council to be such as to unfit him to become an elector" shall be inserted, and for the word "under" the words "in consequence of proceedings taken under section 109 or section 110 of" shall be substituted, and

* * * *

(ii) after the "proviso, the following proviso shall be added, namely,—

"Provided further that any disqualification incurred by a person under clause (v) shall terminate on the lapse of three years from the expiry of the sentence or order.".

* * * *

Amendment of section 28, Act II of 1923.

11. In section 28 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (1), for the words "a stipendiary Magistrate or a military officer or soldier" the words "a person in the military or civil service of the Crown in India" shall be substituted;

(b) in sub-section (2),—

(i) *in clause (a), for the words "the Cantonment Authority" the following shall be substituted, namely,—*

"*a Board or an authority which, before the commencement of the Cantonments (Amendment) Act, 1936, exercised and performed the powers and duties of a Cantonment Authority under this Act;*" and

(ii) after clause (*d*), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*dd*) is an officer or servant, permanent or temporary, of a *Board*; or".

* * * *

12. After sub-section (*f*) of section 35 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(*g*) Every person applying for employment as a servant of a Board shall, if he is related by blood or marriage to any member of the Board or to any person not being a menial servant, in receipt of remuneration from the Board, certify the fact and the nature of such relationship to the appointing authority before the appointment is made, and if he has failed to do so, his appointment shall be voided but without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done by him."

Amendment of section 38, Act II of 1924.

13. *In section 39 of the said Act*,—

(*a*) *in sub-section (1)*,—

(*i*) *after the word* "Board," *where it occurs first, the words* "*in which there is more than one elected member*" *shall be inserted*, *and*

(*ii*) *the proviso shall be omitted*; *and*

(*b*) *after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely*:—

"(2A) *The quorum necessary for the transaction of business at a meeting of a Board constituted under sub-section (2) of section 13 or under sub-section (1) of section 14, shall be two.*".

Substitution of new section 40 in Act II of 1924.

Presiding Officer.

14. *For section 40 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely*:—

"*40. In the absence of*—

(*a*) *both the President and the Vice-President from any meeting of a Board in which there is more than one elected member*,

(*b*) *the President from a meeting of a Board constituted under sub-section (2) of section 13 or sub-section (1) of section 14, the members present shall elect one from among their such number to preside.*"

Amendment of section 41, Act II of 1924.

15. In sub-section (2) of section 41 of the said Act, for the words "and the District Magistrate" the words "the District Magistrate and the Military Estates Officer" shall be substituted.

* * * * *

Insertion of new section 43A in Act II of 1924. Committees for Bazars.

16. *After section 43 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely*:—

"43A. (1) *Every Board constituted under section 13 in a Class I Cantonment or Class II Cantonment shall appoint a committee consisting of the elected members of the Board*, the Health Officer and the Executive Engineer *for purposes connected with the administration of such areas in the cantonment as the Governor-General in Council may*, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, *declare to be bazar areas*, *and may delegate its powers and duties to such committee in the manner provided in clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 43.*

(2) The Vice-President of the Board shall be the Chairman of the committee appointed under sub-section (1)."

Amendment of section 45, Act II of 1924.

17. In section 45 of the said Act,—

(*a*) *in sub-section (1)*,—

(*i*) *in sub-clause (ii) of clause (a), for the words* "*either of the said authorities*" *the words* "*the Board or by such other local authority*" *shall be substituted*; *and*

(*ii*) *in clause (b)*,—

(*1*) *after the words* "*with the previous sanction of*" *the words* "*the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, and*" *shall be inserted*;

(*2*) *for the words* "*authorities in contracting*" *the words* "*Board and by such other local authority*" *shall be substituted*, *and*

(*3*) *for the words* "*said authorities*" *the words* "*Board and such other local authority*" *shall be substituted*; *and*

(ii) in *sub-section (4)*, *for* the word "authorities" the *words* "Board and *other local authority*" *shall be substituted.*

Insertion of new section 45A in Act II of 1924. Report on administration.

18. After section 45 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

"45A. Every Board shall, as soon as may be after the close of the year and not later than the date fixed in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, submit to the Governor-General in Council through the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, a report on the administration of the cantonment during the preceding financial year, in such form and containing such details as the Governor-General in Council may direct. The comments, if any, of the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, on such report shall be communicated by him to the Board which shall be allowed a reasonable time to furnish a reply thereto, and the comments together with the reply, if any, shall be forwarded to the Governor-General in Council along with the report."

Amendment of section 46, Act II of 1924.

19. In section 46 of the said Act, the words "The Governor-General in Council or" occurring at the beginning shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 47 Act II of 1924.

20. In section 49 of the said Act, for the words "under section 47" the words "under section 46 or section 47" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 48, Act II of 1924.

21. *In section 48 of the said Act,*—

(a) *in clause (b) of sub-section (1), after the words* "*cancel the suspension or*" *the words* "*after giving the Board a reasonable opportunity of showing cause why such direction should not be made,*" shall be inserted, and

(b) *for clause (c) of sub-section (2) the following clause shall be substituted, namely*:—

"(c) *after giving the Board a reasonable opportunity of showing cause why such direction should not be made, direct that the decision shall not be carried into effect or that it shall be carried into effect by the Board with such modifications as he may specify.*"

Substitution of new section 50 in Act II of 1924. General power of taxation.

22. *For section 50 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely* :—

"50. (1) The Board may, with the previous sanction of the local Government, impose in any cantonment any tax which, under any enactment for the time being in force, may be imposed in any municipality in the province wherein such cantonment is situated:

Provided that, where the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council is required to the imposition of any tax in a municipality, such sanction shall also be required to its imposition in a cantonment.

(2) *Any tax imposed under this section shall take effect from the date of its notification in the local official Gazette.*"

Substitution of new sections for sections 61, 62 and 63, Act II of 1924. Framing of preliminary proposals.

23. For sections 61, 62 and 63 of the said Act the following sections shall be substituted, namely :—

"61. When a resolution has been passed by the Board proposing to impose a tax under section 60, the Board shall in the manner prescribed in section 255 publish a notice specifying—

(a) the tax which it is proposed to impose,

(b) the persons or classes of persons to be made liable and the description of the property or other taxable thing or circumstance in respect of which they are to be made liable; and

(c) the rate at which the tax is to be levied.

62. (1) Any inhabitant of the cantonment may, within thirty days from the publication of the notice under section 61, submit to the Board an objection in writing to all or any of the proposals contained therein and the Board shall take any object on into consideration and pass orders thereon by special resolution. Objections and diposal thereof.

(2) If the Board decides to modify its proposals or any of them, it shall re-publish the modified proposals in the manner provided by section 61 indicating that the proposals are in modification of the proposals previously published, and the provisions of sub-section (1) of this section shall apply to such modified proposals.

(3) When the Board has finally settled the proposals it shall submit them along with the objections, if any, made in connection, therewith to the Local Government through the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command.

63. The Local Government may authorise the Board to impose the tax either in the original form or, if any objection has been submitted, in that form or any such modified form as it thinks fit." Imposition of tax.

24. In sub-section (1) of section 65 of the said Act, for the words "from the Secretary of State in Council or from" the words "granted by or on behalf of the Secretary of State in Council or" shall be substituted. Amendment of section 65, Act II of 1924.

* * * * Amendment of section 66, Act II of 1924.

25. *In sub-section (1) of section 66 of the said Act, the words* "where there is a *Board*" *shall be omitted, and for the word* "*thereof*" the words "*of the Board*" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 71, Act II of 1924.

26. In section 71 of the said Act,—

(a) for sub-section (1) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) The *Board* may amend the assessment list at any time—

(a) by inserting or omitting the name of any person whose name ought to have been or might to be inserted or omitted, or

(b) by inserting or omitting any property which ought to have been or ought to be inserted or omitted, or

(c) by altering the assessment on any property which has been erroneously valued or assessed through fraud, accident or mistake whether on the part of the *Board* or of the assessment Committee or of the assessee, or

(*d*) by re-valuing or re-assessing any property the value of which has been increased or

(*e*) in the case of a tax payable by an occupier, by changing the name of the occupier:

Provided that no person shall by reason of any such amendment become liable to pay any tax or increase of tax in respect of any period prior to the commencement of the year in which the assessment is made"; and

(b) after sub-section (1) the following sub-section shall be inserted as sub-section (1*a*), namely:—

"(1*a*) Before making any amendment under sub-section (1) the *Board* shall give to any person affected by the amendment notice of not less than one month that it proposes to make the amendment."

27. To section 73 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be added, namely:— Amendment of section 73, Act II of 1924.

"(3) the Executive Officer shall record every transfer on devolution of title notified to him under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) in the assessment list and other tax registers of the *Board*."

28. In section 75 of the said Act after the word "owner" the words "or occupier" shall be inserted. Amendment of section 75, Act II of 1924.

29. In section 76 of the said Act, the words "other than a bill enhancement" shall be omitted; and in sections 76 and 77 of the said Act,— Amendment of sections 76 and 77, Act II of 1924.

(a) for the word "sixty" the word "sixty" shall be substituted;

(b) the words "during any year" shall be omitted; and
(c) the words "and payable in respect of that year" shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 82, Act II of 1924.

30. To sub-section (2) of section 82 of the said Act, the words "and shall give a receipt specifying the items seized" shall be added.

Amendment of proviso to Act II of 1924.

31. *In the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 84 of the said Act,* the words "*there is a Board and*" *shall be omitted*

Amendment of section 93, Act II of 1924.

32. In sub-section (1) of section 93 of the said Act,—

(a) after the words "wherever it may be found" the words "in the cantonment" shall be inserted, and
(b) after the words "any movable property of" the words "or standing timber, growing crops or grass belonging to" shall be inserted

* * * *

Amendment of section 103, Act II of 1924.

33. In section 103 of the said Act,—

(a) *after the word "fair" in each place where it occurs,* the words "or mela" shall be *inserted*; *and*
(b) *at the end,* the following proviso shall be added, namely:—
"Provided that, where the sum written off in favour of any one person exceeds fifty rupees, the sanction of the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, shall be first obtained."

Amendment of section 107, Act II of 1924.

34. In * * sub-section (3) of section 107 of the said Act, for the words "Local Government," where they occur for the first time, the words "Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command" shall be substituted.

* * * *
* * * *

Amendment of section 114, Act II of 1924.

35. *In sub-section (1) of section 114 of the said Act,* the words "*where there is a Board,*" *in both places where they occur, and the* words "or, *where there is no Board, be issued by the Officer Commanding the station and be sealed with the Official seal of the Cantonment Authority*" *shall be omitted.*

Amendment of section 116, Act II of 1924.

36. In clause (a) of section 116 of the said Act, after the word "maintaining" the words "or painting" shall be inserted.

* * * *

Amendment of section 126, Act II of 1924.

37. In section 126 of the said Act,—

(a) after the word "owner" the words "or part-owner or person claiming to be the owner or part-owner thereof, or, failing any of them, the occupier" shall be inserted, and
(b) for the words "protect or enclose" the word "or to protect or to enclose" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 138, Act II of 1924.

38. *In clause (d) of sub-section (2) of section 138 of the said Act,* the words "where there is no *Board*" *shall be omitted.*

Amendment of section 162, Act II of 1924.

39. *In sub-section (2) of section 162 of the said Act,* the words "*or, where there is no Board, the Officer Commanding the station,*" *shall be omitted*

Amendment of section 166, Act II of 1924.

40. *In sub-section (2) of section 166 of the said Act,* the words, "*or where there is no Board, the Officer Commanding the station,*" *shall be omitted*

Amendment of section 171, Act II of 1924.

41. In *clause (b) of sub-section (1)* of section 171 of the said Act * * after the word "dispensary" the words "or veterinary hospital" shall be inserted."

Amendment of section 173, Act II of 1924.

42. In section 173 of the said Act, after the words "may receive medical" the words "or surgical" shall be inserted

Amendment of section 174, Act II of 1924.

43. In section 174 of the said Act, after the word "medical" the words "or surgical" shall be inserted

* * * *

Insertion of new section 178A of Act II of 1919. Sanction for building.

44. In Chapter XI of the said Act, before section 179, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"178A. No land shall be used as a site for the erection of a building in any cantonment and no person shall erect or re-erect a building on any land in a cantonment, except with the previous sanction of the *Board*, nor otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter and of the rules and bye-laws made under the Act relating to the erection and re-erection of buildings."

Amendment of section 179, Act II of 1919.

45. In sub-section (1) of section 179 of the said Act, for the words "give notice" the words "apply for sanction by giving notice" shall be substituted.

* * * *

Amendment of section 181, Act II of 1919.

46. For sub-sections (2), (3) and (4) of section 181 of the said Act, the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) The *Board* may refuse to sanction the erection or re-erection of any building, other or grounds sufficient in the opinion of the *Board* affecting the particular building, or in pursuance of a general scheme sanctioned by the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, restricting the erection or re-erection of buildings within specified limits for the prevention of overcrowding or in the interests of persons residing within such limits or for any other public purpose.

(3) The *Board*, before sanctioning the erection or re-erection of a building on land which is under the management of the Military Estates Officer, shall refer the application to the Military Estates Officer for ascertaining whether there is any objection on the part of *Government* to such erection or re-erection; and the *Military Estates Officer* shall return the application together with his report thereon to the Board within thirty days after it has been received by him.

(4) The *Board* may refuse to sanction the erection or re-erection of any building on land on which it is proposed to erect or re-erect the building is *Government property* and the consent of *Government* has not been obtained, or if the title to the land is in dispute between the person applying for sanction and the Government.

* * *

(5) If the *Board* decides to refuse to sanction the erection or re-erection of the building, it shall communicate in writing the reasons for such refusal to the person by whom notice was given.

(6) Where the Board neglects or omits, for one month after the receipt of a valid notice, to make and to deliver to the person who has given the notice any order of any nature specified in this section, and such person thereafter by a written communication sent by registered post to the *Board* calls the attention of the Board to the neglect or omission, then, if such neglect or omission continues for a further period of fifteen days from the date of such communication the Board shall be deemed to have given sanction to the erection or re-erection, as the case may be, unconditionally:

Provided that, in any case to which the provisions of * * sub-section (5) apply, the period of one month herein specified shall be reckoned from the date on which the Board has * * received the *report* referred to in that sub-section."

Amendment of section 183, Act II of 1919.

47. In section 183 of the said Act, for the words "without fresh sanction obtained in the manner hereinbefore provided" the words "unless the Board on application made thereto has allowed an extension of that period" shall be substituted

Insertion of new section 183A in Act II of 1924. Period for completion of building.

48. After section 183 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"183A. A *Board*, when sanctioning the erection or re-erection of a building as hereinbefore provided, shall specify a reasonable period after the work has commenced within which the erection or re-erection is to be completed, and, if the erection or re-erection is not completed within the period so fixed, it shall not be continued thereafter without fresh sanction obtained in the manner hereinbefore provided unless the *Board* on application made therefor has allowed an extension of that period:

Provided that not more than two such extensions shall be allowed by the *Board* in any case."

Amendment of section 184, Act II of 1924.

49. To clause (*c*) of section 184 of the said Act the words "or has been suspended by the Officer Commanding-in-Chief the Command, under clause (*b*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 52" shall be added.

Amendment of section 185 Act II of 1924.

50. Section 185 of the said Act shall be renumbered as sub-section (*1*) of that section and—

(a) in that section as so re-numbered,—

(i) after the words "in any such case" the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"or in any other case in which the Board considers that the erection or re-erection of a building is an offence under section 184, within six months of the completion of such erection or re-erection"; and

(ii) the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided further that the *Board* shall not, without the previous concurrence of the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, accept any sum by way of composition under the foregoing proviso in respect of any building on land which is not under the management of the *Board*."; and

(b) to that section as so renumbered the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(*2*) A *Board* shall by notice in writing direct the owner, lessee or occupier of any land in the cantonment to stop the erection or re-erection of a building in any case in which the order under section 181 sanctioning the erection or re-erection has been suspended by the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, under clause (*b*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 52, and shall in any such case in like manner direct the demolition or alteration, as the case may be, of the building or any part thereof as erected or re-erected where the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, thereafter directs that the order of the *Board* sanctioning the erection or re-erection of the building shall not be carried into effect or shall be carried into effect with modifications specified by him:

Provided that the *Board* shall pay to the owner of the building compensation for any loss actually incurred by him in consequence of the demolition or alteration of any building which has been erected or re-erected prior to the date on which the order of the Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, has been communicated to him."

Amendment of Section 186 Act II of 1924

51. In section 186 of the said Act,—

(a) in clause (*c*), the word "and" shall be omitted; and

(b) after clause (*d*), the following clauses shall be added, namely :—

"(*e*) the circumstances in which a mosque, temple or church or other sacred building may be erected or re-erected ; and

(*f*) with reference to the erection or re-erection of buildings, or of any class of building, all or any of the following matters, namely :—

(i) the line of frontage where the building abuts on a street ;

(ii) the space to be left about the building to secure free circulation of air and facilities for scavenging and for the prevention of fire ;

(iii) the materials and method of construction to be used for external and party-walls, roofs and floors ;

(iv) the position, the material and the method of construction of fire-places, chimneys, drains, latrines, privies, urinals and cess-pools,

(v) height and slope of the roof above the uppermost floor upon which human beings are to live or cooking operations are to be carried on ;

(vi) the level and width of the foundation, the level of the lowest floor and the stability of the structure ;

(vii) the number and height of the storeys of which the building may consist ;

(viii) the means to be provided for egress from the building in case of fire ;

(ix) the safeguarding of wells from pollution ; or

(x) the matter to and method of construction to be used for godowns intended for the storage of foodgrains in excess of fifty maunds in order to render them rat proof."

Amendment of section 193, Act IV of 1884.

82. After sub-section (2) of section 193 of the said Act, the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(3) When a number has been affixed to any building under sub-section (1), the owner of the building shall maintain the number in order, and shall replace it if removed or defaced, and if he fails to do so the Board may by notice in writing require him to replace it."

Amendment of section 197, Act II of 1924.

83. *In sub-section (1) of section 197 of the said Act the words "if any," shall be omitted.*

Amendment of section 210, Act II of 1924.

84. In section 210 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (2),—

(i) in clause (*g*), the word "and", where it occurs for the second time, shall be omitted; and

(ii) after clause (*g*) the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"and

(*h*) barbers and keepers of shaving saloons."

(b) in sub-section (3) for the words "for one year" the words "until the end of the year in which it is issued" shall be substituted, and

(c) in sub-section (4), *after the word "fees" the words "; not exceeding the cost of granting the licences," shall be inserted.*

Amendment of section 215, Act IV of 1884.

85. *In sub-section (2) of section 215 of the said Act, the words "of a Board" shall be omitted.*

Amendment of section 230, Act II of 1924.

86. In section 223 of the said Act for the words "this section and in section 234" the words "this Chapter" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 234, Act II of 1924.

87. *In section 234 of the said Act, after the word "apply" the following shall be inserted, namely :—*

"*and in which the Board is not receiving a bulk supply of water under section 234A.*"

Insertion of new ss. 234A and 234B in Act II of 1924. Supply of water from Government water supply to the Board.

59. After section 234 of the said Act, the following sections shall be inserted, namely :—

"234A. (1) Where in any cantonment there is a water-supply such as is referred to in subsection (1) of section 233, the *Board* may receive *from the Military Engineer Services* or *the Public Works Department*, as *the case may be*, at such point or points as may be agreed upon between the *Board* and the Officer, a supply of water adequate to the requirements for domestic use of all persons in the cantonment other than entitled consumers.

(2) *Any supply of water received under sub-section* (1) shall be a *bulk supply*, *and the Board* shall make such payments to the Officer for all water so received as may be agreed upon between the *Board* and the Officer, or, in default of such agreement, as may be determined by the Governor General in Council to be reasonable having regard to the actual cost of supplying the water in the cantonment and the rate charged for water in any adjacent municipality :

Provided that, notwithstanding anything contained in *this Act, the Board shall not charge for the supply to persons in the cantonment of water received by the Board under this section a rate calculated to produce more than* the sum of the payments made to the Officer for water received and the actual cost of the supply thereof by the Board to consumers.

(3) If any dispute arises between the *Board* and the Officer regarding the amount of water adequate to the requirements of persons in the cantonment other than entitled consumers, the dispute shall be referred to the Governor General in Council whose decision shall be final.

Functions of the Board in relation to distribution of bulk supply.

234B. Where under the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 234A a bulk supply of water is received by the *Board*, the *Board* shall be solely responsible for the supply of water to all persons in the cantonment other than entitled consumers, and the provisions of this Act shall apply as if such bulk supply were a source of public water-supply under the control of the *Board* and as if the communications from and connexions with such bulk supply for the purpose of supplying water to such persons were a system of water-supply established and maintained by the *Board*."

Amendment of sec. 251, Act II of 1924.

60. *In clause* (c) *of section* 251 *of the said Act*, the words "where there is a *Board*," and the words "where there is no *Board*, by the *Executive Officer*, or" shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 259, Act II of 1924. Method of recovery

61. For section 259 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

"259. (1) Notwithstanding anything elsewhere contained in this Act, arrears of any tax and any other money recoverable by a *Board* under this Act may be recovered together with the cost of recovery either by suit or, on application to a Magistrate having jurisdiction in the cantonment or in any place where the person from whom such tax or money is recoverable may for the time being be residing, by the distress and sale of any movable property of, or standing timber, growing crops or grass belonging to, such person which is within the limits of such Magistrate's jurisdiction, and shall, if

payable by the owner of any property as such, be a charge on the property until paid:

Provided that the tools of artisans shall be exempt from such distress or sale.

(3) An application to a Magistrate under sub-section (1) shall be in writing and shall be signed by the President or Vice-President of the Board or by the Executive Officer, but shall not require to be personally presented."

Amendment of section 252, Act II of 1924.

81. In clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 252 of the said Act, the words "who shall be person liable to pay taxes in the cantonment and ordinarily resident therein or in the immediate vicinity thereof" shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 276, Act II of 1924.

82. Section 280 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (2) of that section, and to the said section as so re-numbered the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(2) No offence made punishable under this Act shall be tried by any Magistrate or by any Bench, if such Magistrate or any of the Magistrates composing the Bench is a member of the Board."

Amendment of section 276, Act II of 1924.

83. *In section 276 of the said Act, the words "or authority appointed under sub-section (2) of section 10" shall be omitted.*

Amendment of section 277, Act II of 1924.

84. In sub-section (1) of section 277 of the said Act, for the words "the Cantonment Authority", where they occur for the second time, the words "other party to the proceedings" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 280, Act II of 1924.

85. In sub-section (2) of section 280 of the said Act,—

(a) after clause (c) the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

"(cc) the constitution of a Service of Executive Officers and the appointment, control, supervision, conditions of service, pay and allowances, suspension, removal, dismissal and punishment of the members thereof;" and

(b) clause (dd) shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 284, Act II of 1924.

86. In sub-section (2) of section 285 of the said Act, for the words "for sale to the public" the words "and shall be sold to the public at cost price supply, or in collections at the option of the purchaser" shall be substituted.

Insertion of new section 285A in Act II of 1924.

87. After section 285 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Control of Governor General in Council over Local Government.

"285A. *The Local Government shall be under the superintendence, direction and control of the Governor General in Council in all matters referred to in this Act.*"

Amendment of Schedule V, Act II of 1924.

88. In Schedule V to the said Act,—

(a) in column 3, to the words "Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command", wherever they appear, the following words shall be added, namely :—

", or other authority authorised in this behalf by the Governor General in Council"; and

(b) in column 4 against section 193, for the words "Thirty days from date of refusal" the words "Thirty days from the date on which the refusal shall have been communicated to the person applying for sanction" shall be substituted.

Substitution of "Board" for "Cantonment Authority" throughout Act II of 1924.

90. *In the said Act, for the expressions "Cantonment Authority's", "Cantonment Authorities" and "Cantonment Authority's", wherever they occur, the words "Board", "Boards" and "Board's", respectively, shall be substituted.*

The following Bill* was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 8th April, 1936:—

L.A. BILL, No. 11 OF 1936.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, for certain purposes.

Whereas it is expedient further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; it is hereby enacted as follows:— XXXII of 1934.

Short title. 1. This Act may be called the Indian Tariff (Second Amendment) Act, 1936.

Amendment of First Schedule, Act XXXII of 1934. 2. In the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934— XXXII of 1934.

(a) for Items Nos. 10 (1) and 10 (2), the following items shall be substituted, namely:—

"10 (1)	WHEAT	Protective	Re. 1 per cwt.	March 31st, 1937
10 (2)	BROKEN RICE	Protective	Twelve annas per Indian maund of 82 2/7 lbs. avoirdupois weight.	March 31st, 1937."

and

(b) for Item No. 12 (1) the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

"12 (1)	WHEAT FLOUR	Protective	Re. 1 per cwt.	March 31st, 1937."

It is hereby declared that it is expedient in the public interest that the provisions of clause 2 of this Bill shall have immediate effect under the Provisional Collection of Taxes Act, 1931. XVI of 1931

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Since the passing of the Indian Tariff (Amendment) Act, 1935, the Government of India have maintained a careful watch on the position of rice and wheat in India and other world markets. They are satisfied that in the interests of the Indian rice-grower the existing duty of twelve annas per maund on broken rice should continue for a further period of one year. As regards wheat, they have come to the conclusion that the continuance of the operation of the import duty for another year is essential in the interests of the Indian wheat-grower. The statistical position, however, has shown further improvement and it is consequently proposed to continue the import duty on wheat and wheat flour at a reduced rate of Re. 1 per cwt. for another year.

ZAFRULLAH KHAN.

NEW DELHI,
The 4th April 1936.

The following Bill* was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 8th April, 1936:—

L.A. BILL No. 12 OF 1936.

A Bill further to extend the operation of the Salt (Additional Import Duty) Act, 1931.

Whereas it is expedient further to extend the operation of the Salt (Additional Import Duty) Act, 1931; it is hereby enacted as follows:— XIV of 1931

Short title. 1. This Act may be called the Salt Additional Import Duty (Extending) Act, 1936.

* The Governor-General has been pleased to accord the sanction required by section 67 (2) of the Government of India Act.

XIV of 1931. 2. In sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Salt (Additional Import Duty) Act, 1931, (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), for the figures "1936" the figures "1938" shall be substituted. Amendment of section 1, Act XIV of 1931.

3. In sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, for the word "two" the word "one" shall be substituted. Amendment of section 3, Act XIV of 1931.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Bill is to continue the Salt (Additional Import Duty) Act, 1931, for two more years, subject to a reduction of the rate of duty to 2½ annas.

2. This reduction is a continuation of the process which was begun in 1933, when the rate of duty was lowered from 4½ annas to 2½ annas. It is considered that this step can be taken without detriment to the indigenous producers of salt particularly in the absence —temporary though it may possibly be—of competition from Italian sources.

3. The Indian salt industry has complained that it has been unduly handicapped by the uncertainty created by the practice, hitherto followed, of renewing the Act only on a year to year basis. On this occasion, it is proposed to meet this complaint to some extent by making the reduced duty last for at any rate two years instead of the usual one.

4. It is not proposed that the buying in price should be further reduced at present. There is reason to believe that the competition between Indian sources is now keen enough to provide reasonable security against the exaction of unduly high profits from the consumer particularly in view of the reduction of duty now proposed, while, on the other hand, recent experience has shown that there may be quite legitimate advances of price in Calcutta owing to changes in freight rates.

P. J. GRIGG.

NEW DELHI,
The 30th March 1936.

The following Bill* was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 9th April, 1936:—

I.A BILL No. 13 OF 1936.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903, for certain purposes.

XX of 1903. Whereas it is expedient further to amend the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903 for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Indian Tea Cess (Amendment) Act, 1936.

(*2*) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, appoint in this behalf.

Amendment of section 2, Act XX of 1903.

2. In section 2 of the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act),—

(*a*) in clause (*a*), for the words "the Collector of the district" the words "a Collector of Land Customs as defined in clause (*c*) of section 2 of the Land Customs Act, 1924" shall be substituted;

I XLV of 1924.

(*b*) in clause (*b*), for the word "by" the words "by an order" shall be substituted; and

* The Governor-General has been pleased to extend the sanction required by section 67 (2) of the Government of India Act.

(c) for clause (c) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(c) 'the Board' means the Indian Tea Market Expansion Board constituted under section 4";

Amendment of section 3, Act 12 of 1903.

3. Section 3 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (1) of that section, and—

(a) in the said section as renumbered, for the words "the rate of twelve annas per hundred pounds or at such lower rate as the Governor General in Council may, on the recommendation of the Tea Cess Committee" the following words shall be substituted, namely:—

"such rate not exceeding one rupee and eight annas per hundred pounds as the Governor General in Council may, on the recommendation of the Board";

and

(b) in the said section as renumbered the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(2) The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, direct that a customs duty at the like rate shall be levied and collected on all tea produced in India and taken by land from British India to any place beyond the limits of British India."

Amendment of section 4, Act 12 of 1903.

4. In section 4 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (1), for the words "a Committee" the words "a body to be called the Indian Tea Market Expansion Board" shall be substituted;

(b) in sub-section (2),—

(i) for the word "twenty" the word "twenty-five" shall be substituted; and

(ii) for clauses (a), (b) and (c) the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—

"(a) two on the recommendation of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, one on the recommendation of the Madras Chamber of Commerce, and one on the recommendation of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry;

(b) seven on the recommendation of the Indian Tea Association, Calcutta, two on the recommendation of the Assam Branch of the Indian Tea Association and two on the recommendation of the Surma Valley Branch of the Indian Tea Association;

(c) two on the recommendation of the United Planters Association of Southern India, one on the recommendation of the Dooars Planters Association, one on the joint recommendation of the Darjeeling Planters Association and the Terai Planters Association and one on the recommendation of the Indian Tea Planters Association, Jalpaiguri, and

(d) one on the recommendation of the Government of Bengal to represent tea planters in Northern Bengal who are Indians, two on the recommendation of the Government of Assam to represent tea planters in Assam who are Indians and one on the recommendation of the Government of Madras to represent tea planters in Southern India who are Indians."

Amendment of section 5, Act 12 of 1903.

5. In section 5 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (2), for the words "teas produced in India" the word "tea" shall be substituted, and

(h) after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(3) The Board may, subject to the provisions of any rules made under section 7, borrow on the security of the tea cess for any purpose for which it is authorised under sub-section (2) to expend its funds

Provided that the total amount borrowed shall not at any time exceed five lakhs of rupees and that no loan shall be taken which is repayable later than ten months from the date of the loan."

Amendment of sect. 7, Act IX of 1903.

6. In sub-section (3) of section 7 of the said Act,—

(a) in clause (b), the word "and" where it occurs for the second time shall be omitted; and

(b) after clause (c) the following clause shall be inserted, namely —

"(d) the conditions subject to which the Board may incur expenditure outside India for the promotion of the interests of the tea industry, and

(e) the conditions subject to which the Board may exercise its borrowing powers."

Amendment of section 8, Act IX of 1903.

7. In section 8 of the said Act, for the figures "1903" the figures "1936" shall be substituted.

General.

8. In the preamble and throughout the said Act for the word "Committee" and for the words "Tea Cess Committee", wherever they occur, the word "Board" shall be substituted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The Indian Tea Cess Act was amended last year in order to raise the maximum rate of cess leviable from 8 annas to 12 annas per 100 lbs. of tea exported. That amendment was admittedly an emergency measure dictated by the necessity of providing additional funds for propaganda purposes and it was recognised that the Act required amendment in other respects. In the course of the debate on the amending Bill an undertaking was given that a more comprehensive measure would be brought forward. The present Bill seeks to give effect to that undertaking.

2. The more important amendments which are now proposed are as follows:—

(a) that the designation of the Committee administering the Cess funds be changed to "The Indian Tea Market Expansion Board"—a description which sets out more specifically the nature of the activities of the Committee,

(b) that the strength of the Committee be increased from 20 to 25 in order to permit of greater representation of Indian tea interests;

(c) that, in order to provide finance for continuous propaganda in the non-exporting season the Committee be given power to borrow, subject to the limitations set out in the Bill,

(d) that, the objects for which the cess may be expended be so defined as to permit of the participation of the Indian Committee in joint propaganda together with the two other important tea producing countries of the world,

(e) that in order to provide adequate funds for propaganda purposes the maximum rate of cess leviable be raised from annas 12 to Re. 1-8-0 per 100 lbs.

3. These proposals have been accepted by all Local Governments and Indian States concerned in the production of tea and carry with them the overwhelming support of the tea growing industry in India. A very large majority of the commercial bodies which have been consulted have also expressed themselves in favour of the proposed amendments.

ZAFRULLAH KHAN.

New Delhi
The 30th March 1936.

The following Bill* was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 6th April, 1936:—

L.A. BILL No. 24 OF 1936.

A Bill to amend the Indian Aircraft Act, 1934, for a certain purpose.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Indian Aircraft Act, 1934, for the purpose hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows — XXII

Short title. 1. This Act may be called the Indian Aircraft (Amendment) Act, 1936.

Insertion of new section 8A in Act XXII of 1934. 2. After section 8 of the Indian Aircraft Act, 1934 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the following section shall be inserted, namely: — XXII

Power of Governor General in Council to make rules for protecting the public health.

"8A. The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, make rules for the prevention of danger arising to the public health by the introduction or spread of any infectious or contagious disease from aircraft arriving at or being at any aerodrome and for the prevention of the conveyance of infection or contagion by means of any aircraft leaving an aerodrome and in particular and without prejudice to the generality of this provision may make, with respect to aircraft and aerodromes or any specified aerodrome, rules providing for any of the matters for which rules under sub-clauses (i) to (viii) of clause (p) of sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908, may be made with respect to vessels XV of and ports."

Amendment of section 10 in Act XXII of 1934. 3. In section 10 of the said Act, for the words and figure "or section 8" the words, figures and letter "section 8 or section 8A" shall be substituted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

Under section 6 (1) (p) of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908), Local Governments are empowered to make rules for the prevention of danger arising to public health by the introduction and the spread of any infectious or contagious disease from vessels arriving at, or being in, any sea port and for the prevention of the conveyance of infection or contagion by means of any vessel sailing from any such port. The development of air traffic has made it necessary to establish similar control over incoming and outgoing aircraft and as a first step in this direction a whole-time Health Officer has recently been appointed at the Karachi Air Port. There is, however, no provision of present law under which rules laying down and authorising the action to be taken by such an officer can be made. The absence of any such provision is a serious drawback and may, any moment, prove a source of great embarrassment especially as conditions in India are favourable to the spread of yellow fever and there is a risk, as a result of the rapid development of air traffic, of this disease being introduced into India from Africa by the entry of an infected person or infected insect, if adequate measures are not taken to prevent it. The Government of India have therefore, come to the conclusion that it is desirable to amend the Indian Aircraft Act, 1934 (XXII of 1934), so as to enable the Governor General in Council to make the necessary rules. The Bill is designed to provide for the carrying out of the requisite amendments.

G. G. JAITPAL.

New Delhi,
The 2nd April 1936.

* The Governor-General has been pleased to accord the sanction required by section 67 (2) of the Government of India Act.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 8th April, 1936:—

L.A. BILL No. 15 OF 1936

A Bill further to amend the Indian Mines Act, 1923, for certain purposes.

IV of 1923. Whereas it is expedient further to amend the Indian Mines Act, 1923 for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Mines (Amendment) Act, 1936.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, appoint in this behalf.

IV of 1923. Amendment of section 19, Act IV of 1923.

2. (1) In section 19 of the Indian Mines Act, 1923 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), after sub-section (1) the following sub-section shall be deemed to be inserted, namely:—

"(1A) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions contained in sub-section (1), the Chief Inspector or the Inspector may, in any area to which the Governor General in Council may by notification in the *Gazette of India* declare that this sub-section applies, by order in writing addressed to the owner, agent or manager of a mine,—

(a) prohibit the extraction or reduction of pillars in any part of the mine if, in his opinion, such operations is likely to cause the crushing of pillars or the premature collapse of any part of the workings or otherwise endanger the mine, or if in his opinion, adequate provisions against the outbreak of fire has not been made by providing for the sealing off and isolation of the part of the mine in which such operation is contemplated and for restricting the area that might be affected by a fire, or

(b) limit to such dimensions as he considers reasonable the galleries that may be driven in the mine,

and the provisions of sub-sections (3), (4), (5) and (6) shall apply to an order made under this sub-section as they apply to an order made under sub-section (2)."

(2) The section shall have effect for two years only from the commencement of this Act.

Amendment of section 29, Act IV of 1923.

3. In section 29 of the said Act,—

(a) in clause (m), for the words "providing for" the word "regulating" shall be substituted; and

(b) for clause (p) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(p) for providing against explosions or ignitions or irruptions of or accumulations of water in mines and against danger arising therefrom, and for prohibiting, restricting or regulating the extraction of coal in circumstances likely to result in or to aggravate irruptions of water or ignitions in mines,".

Insertion of new section 30A in Act IV of 1923.

4. After section 30 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Power of the Governor General in Council to require rescue stations to be established.

"30A. The Governor General in Council may require groups of specified mines to establish central rescue stations and may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, make regulations under this section prescribing the position, equipment and maintenance of such rescue stations and providing for the allocation of the cost of the establishment and upkeep thereof among mines served by such stations, and for the recovery from owners or agents of mines of sums payable on account of such cost."

Insertion of new sect. 31A in Act IV of 1923.

Power to make regulations without previous publication.

5. After section 31 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

"31A. Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) (*a*) and (*b*) of section 31, regulations under clause (*h*) to (*q*) inclusive of section 29 may be made without previous publication and without previous reference to Mining Boards, if the Governor General in Council is satisfied that for the prevention of apprehended danger or the speedy remedy of conditions likely to cause danger it is necessary so making such regulations to dispense with the delay that would result from such publication and reference :

Provided that any regulations so made shall not remain in force for more than two years from the making thereof."

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Recent events and enquiries have indicated the urgent need of taking further measures to ensure safety in coal mines, more particularly in respect of danger from fires. The proposals in the Bill which are explained in the Notes on Clauses are designed to secure this end.

New Delhi,
The 31st March 1930.

E. NOTCE.

NOTES ON CLAUSES.

Clause 2 seeks to enlarge the powers at present vested in the Inspector to issue orders applicable to individual mines where danger is apprehended. Any orders made under this section by an Inspector will be subject to appeal to the Chief Inspector and in all cases the right of appeal to a Committee is provided. The powers are granted temporarily and can be limited to particular areas. It is intended that the whole question of danger from fires in mines should be subjected to expert examination before the period of two years expires.

Clause 3 seeks to enlarge in certain respects the power, vested in the Governor General in Council, to make regulations for safety purposes.

Clause 4 is designed to secure that central rescue stations will be established where they are required.

Clause 5 is designed to enable safety regulations to be made promptly when necessary. Under the present law, not only is previous publication necessary in all cases, but such publication can only be made after the draft has been referred to all the Mining Boards concerned and they have had the opportunity of expressing their views. It is proposed that regulations so made shall be of a temporary character. They will, normally be superseded by regulations made in the ordinary way.

The following Report of the Select Committee on the Bill further to amend the Indian Mines Act, 1923, for certain purposes, was presented to the Legislative Assembly on the 10th April, 1930.—

We the undersigned, members of the Select Committee to which the Bill further to amend the Indian Mines Act, 1923, for certain purposes was referred, have considered the Bill and have now the honour to submit this our Report, with the Bill as amended by us annexed thereto.

2. *Clause 3.*—We have chosen rather to insert the word "regulating" after the words "providing for" than to substitute it for those words in order to emphasise the existence of a power to order mines, if necessary to instal ventilation systems where these do not

rect. We have substituted the word "minerals" for the word "coal" since the Act applies to mines generally and not merely to coal mines.

Clause 4.—The formation and training of rescue brigades is at present governed by rules made by the Local Government under section 30 of the Act. In view of the provisions now introduced into the Act empowering the Governor General in Council to require the setting up of central rescue stations, it appears appropriate that the regulations of these brigades should also be transferred to the Governor General in Council. Greater uniformity will thus be secured, and no difficulty will arise if a group of mines served by one central rescue station includes mines situated in more than one province.

Clause 5 (previously clause 1).—We have recast this clause in consequence of the decision referred to in our comments on clause 4. We have also provided that the regulations made under the new section may deal with the control at central rescue stations. Some members of the Committee desire to see representatives of the persons employed in mines associated with the control of the rescue stations that may be established.

Clause 6 (formerly clause 5).—We have added to the clauses of section 29 of the Act under which emergency regulations may be made clause (i) which deals with the regulation of the storage and use of explosives.

We observe from the Notes on Clauses appended to the Bill that it is intended that the whole question of risings from fires in mines should be subjected to expert examination in the near future. We consider that the terms of reference to the examining body should be somewhat wider than the words quoted suggest, and should certainly include an examination of the methods of storing and using explosives.

3. The Bill was published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 11th April, 1936.

4. We think that the Bill has not been so altered as to require re-publication, and we recommend that it be passed as now amended.

N. N. SIRCAR.
F. NOYCE.
*G. MORGAN.
A. J. DASH.
*S. M. JOSHI.
*V. V. GIRI.
A. H. GHUZNAVI.
*N. G. RANGA.
MOHAMMAD AHMAD KAZMI.
RAM NARAYAN SINGH.

NEW DELHI,
The 26th April 1936.

* Subject to a note.

NOTES.

I presume that the control and management of rescue stations contemplated in Clause 4 (new Section 20A) is to be left so far as possible to the industry itself, but before finally agreeing to this Clause, I should like an assurance from Government that this is so.

2. With the adoption of the new regulations there is also the possibility that colliery owners will receive claims for compensation from landlords. The point does not appear to have been mentioned and it seems desirable that the new legislation should be so framed as to give every possible safeguard to colliery owners against claims for compensation. I hope Government will be able to give an assurance to the industry on this point.

G. MORGAN.

We would like that the whole question of the safety in mines should be the subject of investigation by the Committee proposed to be appointed. We would like all causes—direct and indirect—of accidents in mines to be thoroughly investigated and would like all remedies to prevent them suggested. We would also like the Committee to consider the question of the provisions for the proper enforcement of the Act and the Regulations and the adequacy of inspection.

We would like that the Committee should include adequate representation of miners.

N. M. JOSHI.
V. V. GIRI.
N. G. RANGA.

L.A. BILL No. 16 OF 1936.

[As amended by the Select Committee]

Words underlined indicate the amendments suggested by the Committee.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Mines Act, 1923 for certain purposes.

IV of 1923.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Mines Act, 1923, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Mines (Amendment) Act, 1936.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, appoint in this behalf.

Amendment of section 19, Act IV of 1923.

IV of 1923.

2 (1) In section 19 of the Indian Mines Act, 1923 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), after sub-section (1) the following sub-section shall be deemed to be inserted, namely:—

"(1A) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions contained in sub-section (1), the Chief Inspector or the Inspector may, in any mine to which the Governor General in Council may by notification in the *Gazette of India* declare that this sub-section applies, by order in writing addressed to the owner, agent or manager of a mine,—

(a) prohibit the extraction or reduction of pillars in any part of the mine if, in his opinion, such operation is likely to cause the crushing of pillars or the premature collapse of any part of the workings or otherwise endanger the mine, or if, in his opinion, adequate provision against the outbreak of fire has not been made by providing for the sealing off and isolation of the part of the mine in which such operation is contemplated and for restricting the area that might be affected by a fire; or

(b) limit to such dimensions as he considers reasonable the galleries that may be driven in the mine;

and the provisions of sub-sections (3), (4), (5) and (6) shall apply to an order made under this sub-section as they apply to an order made under sub-section (2)."

(2) This section shall have effect for two years only from the commencement of this Act.

Amendment of section 20, Act IV of 1923.

3 In section 20 of the said Act,—

(a) in clause (*m*), after the words "providing for" the words "and regulating" shall be inserted, and

(b) for clause (*n*) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*n*) for providing against explosions or ignitions of inflammable gas or accumulations of water in mines and